

# Sample Exam 1 with Answers(Chapters 1 to 5)

Each question worth 20%

Name \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) What is displayed when the following instructions are executed:

```
System.out.print("yes");
System.out.print("no")
System.out.println("maybe");
System.out.println(10/3);
System.out.println("10/3");
System.out.println(10%3);
System.out.println("bert" + 3 + 5);
System.out.println("bert" + (3 + 5));
System.out.println(3 + 5 + "bert");
System.out.println(100*10/10*10);
```

```
yes
no
maybe
3
1
bert35
bert8
8bert
1000
```

- 2) Write a Java program that displays hello ten times, each on a separate line.

```
class Q12
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
            System.out.println("hello");
    }
}
```

- 3) Write a Java program that displays the odd numbers between 1 and 999, inclusive except for the odd numbers between 223 and 333, inclusive. Use only one loop.

```
class Q13
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        for (int i = 1; i <= 999; i++)
        {
            if (i < 223 && i > 333)
                System.out.println(i);
        }
    }
}
```

- 4) Write a Java program that contains a `main` method and two `getGrade` methods. One version of `getGrade` has a single `int` parameter; the other has two `int` parameters. The first version of `getGrade` returns the letter grade that corresponds to the test score it is passed. Test scores and their corresponding letter grades are as follows:

Test Score	Letter Grade
90-100	A
80-89	B
70-79	C
65-69	D
0-64	F

For example, the call of `getGrade` in the following statement should return (not display) the `char` value 'B':

```
char grade = getGrade(81);
```

The second version of `getGrade` is passed two test scores. It returns the grade that corresponds to the average of the two test scores it is passed. It should

- 1) determine the average of the two numbers it is passed;
- 2) call the first version of `getGrade`, passing it the average to get the corresponding letter grade;
- 3) return the letter grade it gets in step 2.

`main` should call `getGrade` three times, once passing it 64, once passing it 99, and once passing it both 73 and 91. For each call, `main` should display the score or scores and the corresponding letter grade obtained from `getGrade`. The display produced by `main` should look like this:

```
64 gets the grade F
99 gets the grade A
73 and 91 gets the grade B
```

```
class Q14
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        for (int i = 1; i <= 999; i++)
        {
            if (i < 223 && i > 333)
                System.out.println(i);
        }
    }
    public static int grade(int g)
    {
        int avg;
        if (g >= 90)
            return 'A';
        else
            if (g >= 80)
                return 'B';
        else
            if (g >= 70)
                return 'B';
    }
}
```

```

        else
        if (g >= 65)
            return 'B';
        else
            return 'F';
    }
    public static int grade(int g1, int g2)
    {
        int avg;
        avg = (g1+g2)/2;
        return grade(avg);
    }
}

```

- 5) Write a program that prompts for and then reads in a non-negative two-digit integer. Your program should then call a method named `displayDigits` passing it the integer read in. `displayDigits` should display each digit of the integer it is passed on a separate line, labeled as shown below. For example, if `displayDigits` is passed 57, `displayDigits` should display

```

First digit  = 5
Second Digit = 7

```

*Hint:* use the / and % operators to isolate the individual digits.

```

import java.util.Scanner;
class Q15
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int x;
        Scanner kb = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter two-digit number");
        x = kb.nextInt();
        System.out.println("First digit  = " + x/10);
        System.out.println("Second digit = " + x%10);
    }
}

```