

Sample Exam 1 (Chapters 1 to 5)

Each question worth 20%

Name _____

- 1) What is displayed when the following instructions are executed:

```
System.out.print("yes");  
System.out.print("no")  
System.out.println("maybe");  
System.out.println(10/3);  
System.out.println("10/3");  
System.out.println(10%3);  
System.out.println("bert" + 3 + 5);  
System.out.println("bert" + (3 + 5));  
System.out.println(3 + 5 + "bert");  
System.out.println(100*10/10*10);
```

- 2) Write a Java program that displays hello ten times, each on a separate line.

- 3) Write a Java program that displays the odd numbers between 1 and 999, inclusive except for the odd numbers between 223 and 333, inclusive. Use only one loop.

- 4) Write a Java program that contains a `main` method and two `getGrade` methods. One version of `getGrade` has a single `int` parameter; the other has two `int` parameters. The first version of `getGrade` returns the letter grade that corresponds to the test score it is passed. Test scores and their corresponding letter grades are as follows:

Test Score	Letter Grade
90-100	A
80-89	B
70-79	C
65-69	D
0-64	F

For example, the call of `getGrade` in the following statement should return (not display) the `char` value 'B':

```
char grade = getGrade(81);
```

The second version of `getGrade` is passed two test scores. It returns the grade that corresponds to the average of the two test scores it is passed. It should

- 1) determine the average of the two numbers it is passed;
- 2) call the first version of `getGrade`, passing it the average to get the corresponding letter grade;
- 3) return the letter grade it gets in step 2.

`main` should call `getGrade` three times, once passing it 64, once passing it 99, and once passing it both 73 and 91. For each call, `main` should display the score or scores and the corresponding letter grade obtained from `getGrade`. The display produced by `main` should look like this:

```
64 gets the grade F
99 gets the grade A
73 and 91 gets the grade B
```

- 5) Write a program that prompts for and then reads in a non-negative two-digit integer. Your program should then call a method named `displayDigits` passing it the integer read in. `displayDigits` should display each digit of the integer it is passed on a separate line, labeled as shown below. For example, if `displayDigits` is passed 57, `displayDigits` should display

```
First digit  = 5
Second Digit = 7
```

Hint: use the `/` and `%` operators to isolate the individual digits.