Follow this link to view the full presentation, with animated (scans)

https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/10Z646nL0SNAtWqknQ7BCpWcpevJxT_GHyK5vZl9EGXo

Another Philips Pulseq Interpreter from basics to pTx



ISMRM Virtual Meeting - 17 November 2023Thomas Roos

Pulseq is like music

While Philips invented CDs...

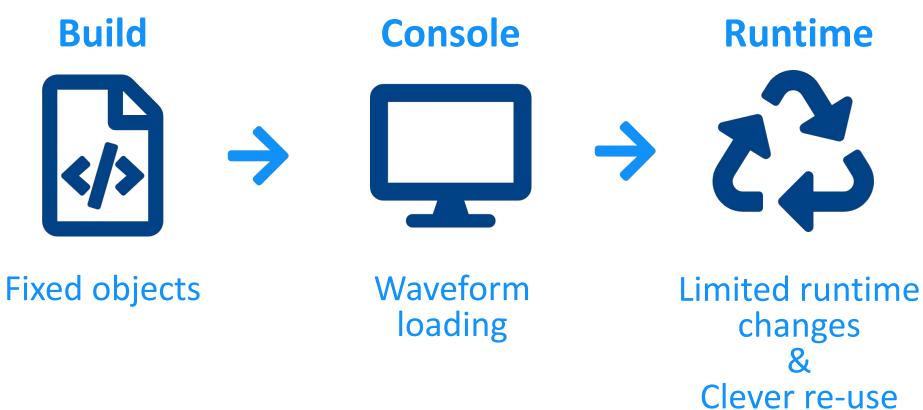


Philips MRI scanners are no CD players



Why is Pulseq challenging?

Philips platform is too optimised - or is it?





Aim

Compatible

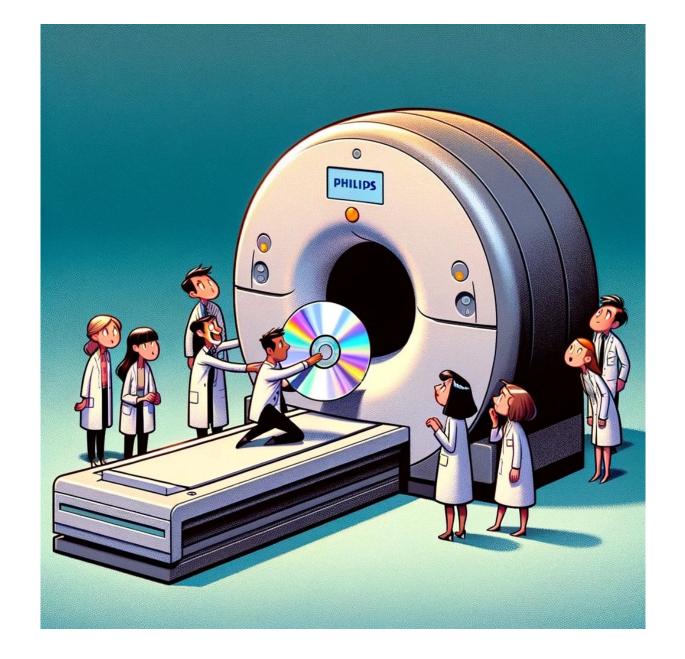
→ Current sequences & timing

Generic & easy

- → No conversions
- → Runs .seq directly
- → No required labels, etc

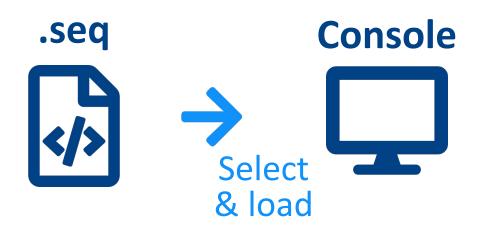
Accurate

→ No timing changes





Architecture





Runtime



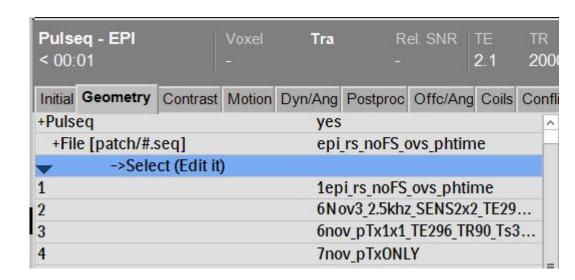
Modifies dummy sequence

to convert

Pulseq blocks to

Philips 'blocks'





Images



Philips encoding

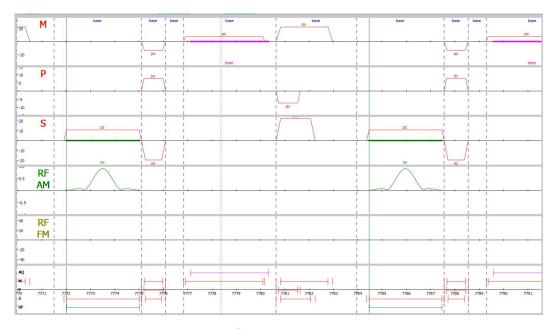
Recon







Playing: a gradient echo



Pulseq Native

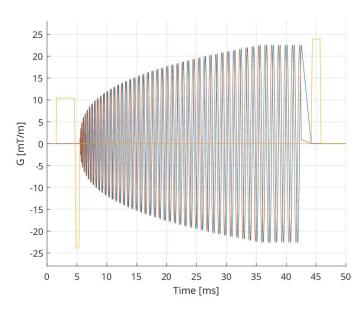
One of the second seco

Pulseq & Native GRE using Philips Achieva 7T version R5.4

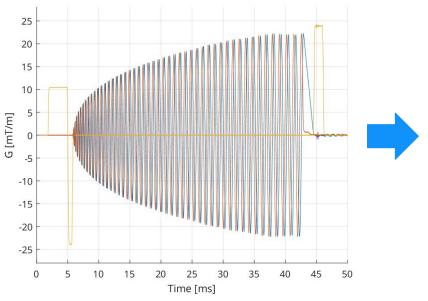




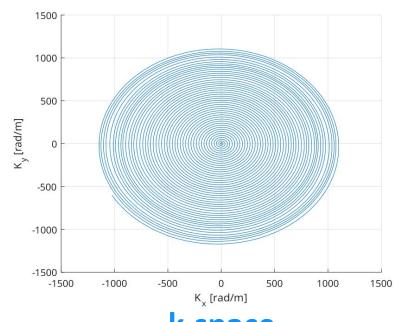
Playing: a spiral readout



Requested in .seq



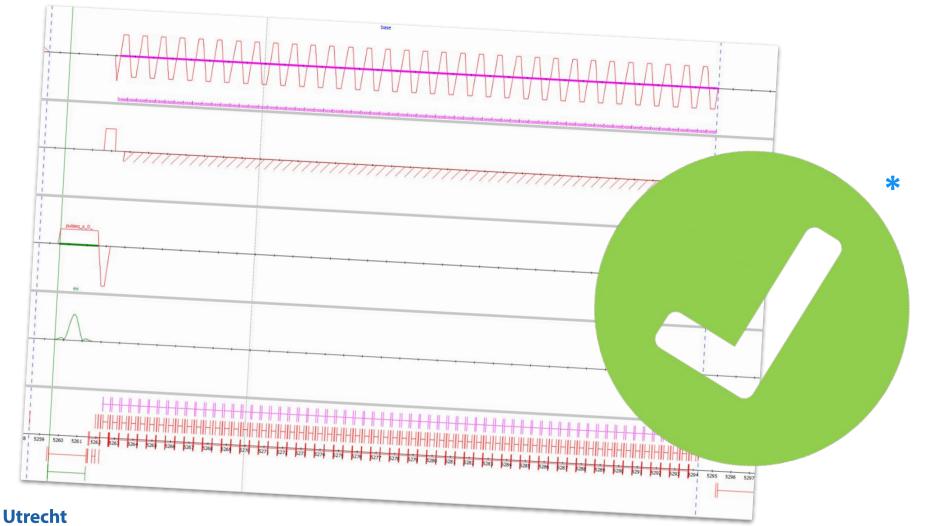
Measured using Skope



k-space trajectory



Playing: an EPI?!



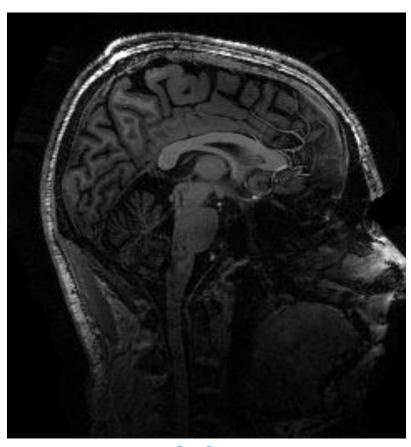


Playing: a MP-RAGE

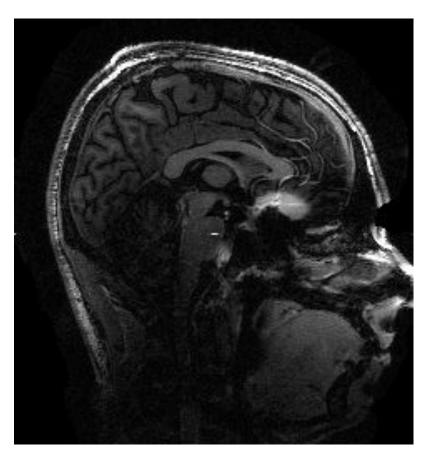
Philips Achieva 7T

1mm³ resolution

2x2 SENSE 3min



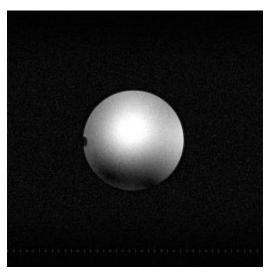
Philips sequence



Pulseq sequence



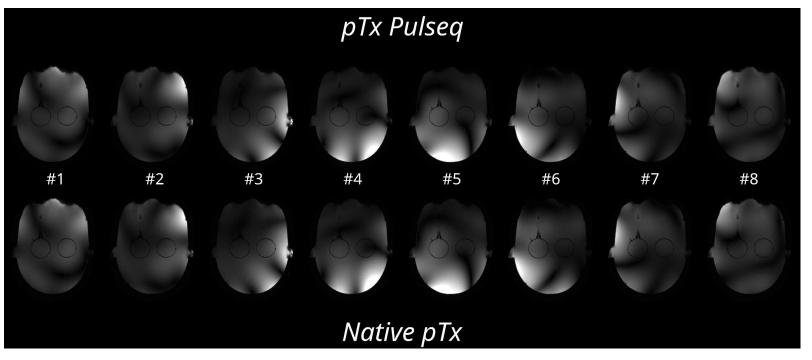




Let's make Universal Pulses, Truly Universal!











pTx-Pulseq

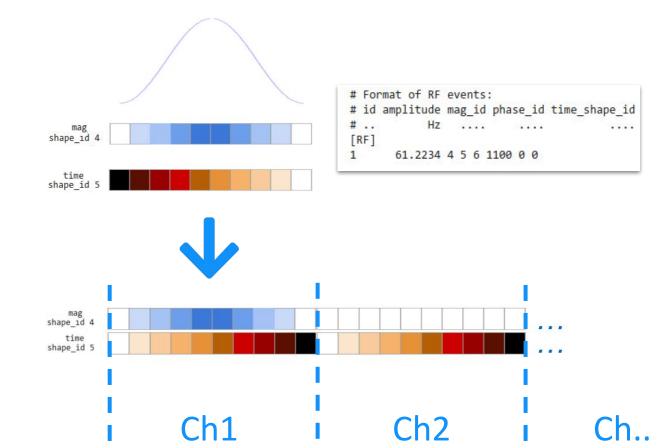
Full pTx

- Magnitude & phase

Backwards compatible

- No changes to MATLAB toolbox
- Current interpreter reads ch1

Repeating time-points for the different channels





```
tx_pattern = [ 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ]; % Only Tx #1

rf_singleTx = rf; % Start with regular RF pulse

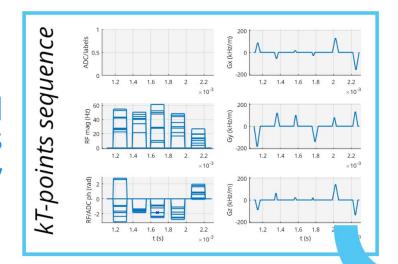
rf_singleTx.signal = reshape(rf.signal' .* tx_pattern, 1, []);

rf_singleTx.t = repmat(rf.t, 1, num_tx);
```

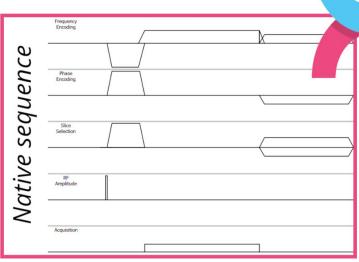
Hybrid sequence

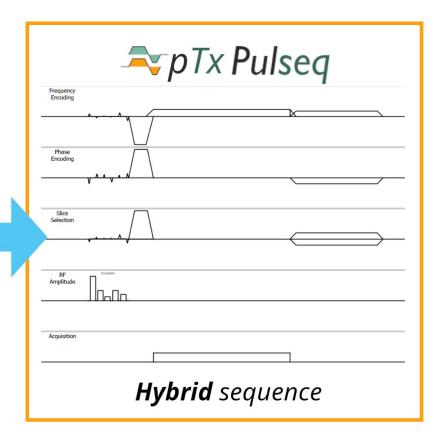
Best of both worlds

Pulseq Features Flexibility



Native
Optimizations
Recon
Accessibility





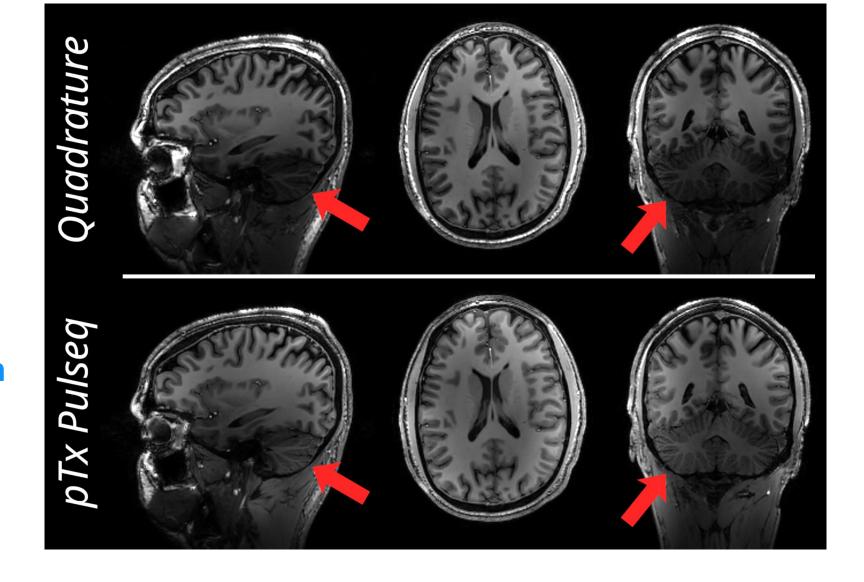


Playing: *Hybrid pTx-Pulseq*

1mm³ resolution

R=4 using CS

On-scanner reconstruction





Safety checks

During scan:

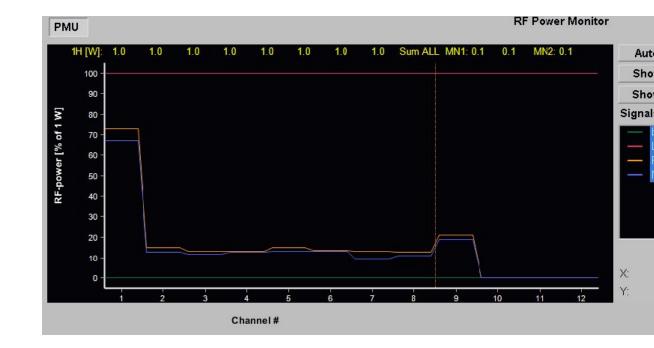
- SAR (average power)
- System specs (slew, strength)
- System safety (grad temp)

Using Pulseq:

- PNS (MATLAB model)
- Gradient resonances

To be implemented:

- SAR prediction
- Gradient temp prediction





Current state

Highlights

- Timing flexibility
- Full pTx
- Hybrid sequences



Next steps

- Improve simulations
- Add labels to data
- On-scanner recon of Pulseq encoding
- Off-center FOV



Acknowledgement





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and the rest!



Spinoza Centre for Neuroimaging

