

## 2 Homework: Simulating Hodgkin-Huxley Neurons

In this homework we will simulate the [Hodgkin-Huxley \(HH\) model](#) of action potential generation in the squid giant axon. The equations describing the HH dynamics with a resting potential of -70 mV are replicated here:

$$C_m \frac{dV}{dt} = -I_{Na} - I_K - I_L + I_{ext} \quad (1)$$

$$I_{Na} = g_{Na} m^3 h (V - E_{Na}) \quad (2)$$

$$I_K = g_K n^4 (V - E_K) \quad (3)$$

$$I_L = g_L (V - E_L) \quad (4)$$

1

with parameters:

$$\begin{aligned} C_m &= 1 \mu F/cm^2 \\ E_{Na} &= 45 mV; & g_{Na} &= 120 mS/cm^2 \\ E_K &= -82 mV; & g_K &= 36 mS/cm^2 \\ E_L &= -59.387 mV; & g_L &= 0.3 mS/cm^2 \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

where the dynamics of gating variables are:

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = \alpha_m(V) (1 - m) - \beta_m(V) m \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \alpha_h(V) (1 - h) - \beta_h(V) h \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{dn}{dt} = \alpha_n(V) (1 - n) - \beta_n(V) n \quad (8)$$

and is determined by the rate functions (all rates in units 1/ms and voltages in mV):

$$\alpha_m(V) = 0.1 (V + 45)/(1 - \exp(-(V + 45)/10)) \quad (9)$$

$$\beta_m(V) = 4 \exp(-(V + 70)/18) \quad (10)$$

$$\alpha_h(V) = 0.07 \exp(-(V + 70)/20) \quad (11)$$

$$\beta_h(V) = 1/(1 + \exp(-(V + 40)/10)) \quad (12)$$

$$\alpha_n(V) = 0.01 (V + 60)/(1 - \exp(-(V + 60)/10)) \quad (13)$$

$$\beta_n(V) = 0.125 \exp(-(V + 70)/80) \quad (14)$$

1. Plot  $\alpha_m$ ,  $\beta_m$ ,  $\alpha_h$ ,  $\beta_h$ ,  $\alpha_n$ , and  $\beta_n$  as functions of membrane voltage  $V$ , for  $V$  from -90 to +70 mV.
2. Start with just the leak current  $I_L$ , leaving out  $I_{Na}$  and  $I_K$ . (You do not need the gating variables  $m$ ,  $h$ , and  $n$  since they are only involved with  $I_{Na}$  and  $I_K$ ). The differential equations become:

$$C_m \frac{dV}{dt} = -I_L + I_{ext}$$

3. Now add  $I_{Na}$ ,  $I_K$ , and their gating variables  $m$ ,  $h$ , and  $n$  to observe spiking. Plot the membrane voltage  $V$  and the gating variables  $n$ ,  $m$ , and  $h$  as a function of time  $t$ . Use the same injected current  $I_{ext}$  setup as in part 2.2.

Increase the amount of injected current further. What happens as you increase the current? What happens when you go above  $160 \mu A/cm^2$ ?

*Note:* Make sure to find an appropriate set of initial conditions by running the model with no injected current until it reaches a steady-state.

4. What is the approximate **threshold potential** (the minimum **voltage** which causes the neuron to spike)? How would you modify the HH parameters and equations to increase the threshold potential (and thus increase the amount of injected current  $I_{ext}$  required for spiking)?