- 9. Solve the following
- a. Write a program to fill a circle using Flood Fill Algorithm.
- b. Write a program to fill a circle using Boundary Fill Algorithm.
 - a. Write a program to fill a circle using Flood Fill Algorithm.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<dos.h>
void flodfill(int x,int y,int f,int o)
{
int c;
c=getpixel(x,y);
 if(c==o)
 {
 setcolor(f);
 putpixel (x,y,f);
 delay(10);
 flodfill(x+1,y,f,o);
 flodfill(x,y+1,f,o);
```

```
flodfill(x+1,y+1,f,o);
 flodfill(x-1,y-1,f,o);
 flodfill(x-1,y,f,o);
 flodfill(x,y-1,f,o);
 flodfill(x-1,y+1,f,o);
 flodfill(x+1,y-1,f,o);
 }
}
void main()
{
int gd=DETECT,gm;
initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\tc\\bgi");
rectangle(50,50,100,100);
flodfill(51,51,4,0);
getch();
}
```

b. Write a program to fill a circle using Boundary Fill Algorithm.

```
Solution:-
#include<graphics.h>
```

```
#include<dos.h>
#include<conio.h>
void boundaryFill8(int x, int y, int fill color,int
boundary color)
{
  if(getpixel(x, y) != boundary color && getpixel(x, y) !=
fill color)
  {
    putpixel(x, y, fill_color);
    boundaryFill8(x + 1, y, fill_color, boundary_color);
    boundaryFill8(x, y + 1, fill color, boundary color);
    boundaryFill8(x - 1, y, fill color, boundary color);
    boundaryFill8(x, y - 1, fill_color, boundary_color);
    boundaryFill8(x - 1, y - 1, fill color, boundary color);
    boundaryFill8(x - 1, y + 1, fill color, boundary color);
    boundaryFill8(x + 1, y - 1, fill color, boundary color);
    boundaryFill8(x + 1, y + 1, fill color, boundary color);
  }
}
```

```
void main()
{
  int gd = DETECT, gm;
  initgraph(&gd, &gm, "c:\\Turboc3\\bgi");
  // Rectangle function
  rectangle(50, 50, 100, 100);
  // Function calling
  boundaryFill8(55, 55, 4, 15);
  delay(10000);
  getch();
/*closegraph function closes the graphics mode and
deallocates all memory allocated by graphics system .*/
  closegraph();
}
```