## CS 3530: Assignment 2b

Fall 2023

## Exercise 2.9 (10 points)

#### **Problem**

Give a context-free grammar that generates the language

$$A = \{a^i b^j c^k | i = j \text{ or } j = k \text{ where } i, j, k \ge 0\}.$$

For all CFGs, describe the role that each rule performs as well as giving the actual rule.

### Solution

splits into two CFGs, one for each 'or'

$$S \to S1|S2$$

i = j, so this CFG generates equal number of a's and b's

$$S1 \rightarrow S1c|E|\varepsilon$$

$$E \to aEb|\varepsilon$$

j = k, so this CFG generates equal number of b's and c's

$$S2 \rightarrow aS2|F|\varepsilon$$

$$F \to bFc|\varepsilon$$

either S1 or S2 can be used to generate a string using the language.

# Exercise 2.5be (10 points)

#### **Problem**

Give informal descriptions and state diagrams of pushdown automata for the languages in Exercise 2.4.

- **b.**  $\{w|w \text{ starts and ends with the same symbol}\}$
- **e.**  $\{w|w=w^R, \text{ that is, } w \text{ is a palindrome}\}$

#### **Solution**

$$a = 0, \varepsilon \to 0$$

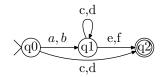
$$b=1, \varepsilon \to 1$$

$$c = 0, \varepsilon \to \varepsilon$$

$$d=1, \varepsilon \to \varepsilon$$

$$\begin{split} e &= 1, 1 \to \varepsilon \\ f &= 0, 0 \to \varepsilon \\ g &= \varepsilon, \varepsilon \to \varepsilon \\ h &= \varepsilon, \varepsilon \to "dollar sign" \\ i &= \varepsilon, "dollar sign" \to \varepsilon \end{split}$$

b.



e.

