

# CS 3530: Assignment 7f

Fall 2023

## Problem 7.22 (20 points)

### Problem

Let  $\text{DOUBLE-SAT} = \{\phi \mid \phi \text{ has at least two satisfying assignments}\}$ . Show that  $\text{DOUBLE-SAT}$  is NP-complete.

*Hint:* Consider a reduction from SAT or 3SAT.

*Note:* In order to receive credit for this assignment, you must complete the full NP-completeness proof process outlined in previous assignments.

1.  $\text{DOUBLE-SAT} \in \text{NP}$

A certificate for  $\text{DOUBLE-SAT}$  will be two Boolean values  $t_1$ , and  $t_2$ .

The verifier will check if both  $t_1$ , and  $t_2$  are satisfactory. If they are accept, else reject

2. Showing reduction from SAT to  $\text{DOUBLE-SAT}$

the function  $f$  which maps an instance of SAT to  $\text{DOUBLE-SAT}$  works as follows:  $\phi' = \phi \wedge (x_1 \vee x_2)$

$x_1$  and  $x_2$  are new variables they do not appear in  $\phi$

if  $\phi$  is unsatisfiable then  $\phi'$  is as well because we have only conducted an additional item.

but if  $\phi$  has some satisfying assignment  $t$ , then  $\phi$  has at least three satisfying assignments corresponding to the three different ways of extending  $t$  to the new variables  $x_1$ , and  $x_2$

Since we know SAT is NP-hard, we can conclude  $\text{DOUBLE-SAT}$  is also NP-hard because we provided a reduction between the two.

Since  $\text{DOUBLE-SAT}$  is NP, and NP-hard it must also be NP-complete