# Week 6

#### **Quarto for Data Communication**

#### R Package jmpwashdata

For this analysis we will use the jmpwashdata R Package Dickinson (2021). The package contains all data compiled by the WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme (JMP).

```
library(jmpwashdata)
library(tidyverse)
library(gt)
library(ggthemes)
```

#### World Bank income groups

We will also use the World Bank income classification for 218 countries. This data was downloaded and stored as an XLSX file using an R script in src.

```
income_groups_df <- read_rds(here::here("data/wb-income-groups.rds"))</pre>
```

#### **Basic Sanitation & GDP**

Data for the most recent year, basic sanitation in urban areas, calculate urban population, and join income groups.

```
# Perform data manipulation operations on the jmp_wld_sanitation data frame
jmp_wld_sanitation_gdp_income <- jmp_wld_sanitation |>
    # Filter the rows where the year column is equal to the maximum year value
    filter(year == max(year)) |>
    # Select the columns from name to prop_u and the san_bas_u column
```

```
select(name:prop_u, san_bas_u) |>
# Create a new column named pop_u
mutate(pop_u = pop_n * 1000 * prop_u / 100) |>
# Drop the pop_n and prop_u columns
select(-pop_n, -prop_u) |>
# Perform a left join with the income_groups_df data frame
left_join(income_groups_df) |>
# Drop the rows that have missing values in the san_bas_u & income_group cols
drop_na(san_bas_u, income_group)
```

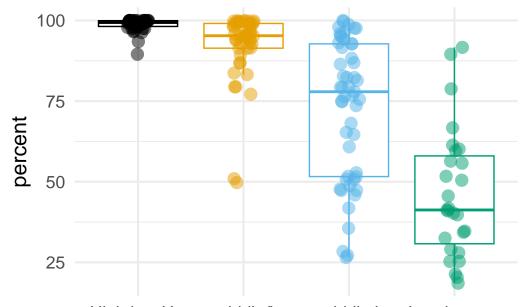
#### **Basic Sanitation Uganda**

```
# Create a vector of color codes
color_scale_sanitation <- c("#8cce8f", "#fff381", "#ffda5a", "#ffbc02")</pre>
# Create a vector of sanitation indicators
fct_sanitation <- c("basic", "limited", "unimproved", "open defecation")</pre>
# Perform data manipulation operations on the jmp_wld_sanitation data frame
jmp_uga_sanitation <- jmp_wld_sanitation |>
  # Filter the rows where the iso3 column is equal to "UGA" and the year column
  # is equal to 2000 or 2020
 filter(iso3 == "UGA") |>
  filter(year == 2000 | year == 2020) |>
  # Select the name, iso3, year, and columns from san bas n to san od n
  select(name, iso3, year, san_bas_n:san_od_n) |>
  # Reshape the data frame from wide to long format
  pivot_longer(cols = san_bas_n:san_od_n,
               names_to = "indicator",
               values to = "percent") |>
  # Rename the indicator column based on the values of the san_bas_n to san_od_n
  # columns
  mutate(indicator = case_when(
    indicator == "san bas n" ~ "basic",
    indicator == "san_lim_n" ~ "limited",
    indicator == "san_unimp_n" ~ "unimproved",
    indicator == "san_od_n" ~ "open defecation"
  )) |>
  # Convert the indicator column to a factor with levels specified by the
  # fct_sanitation vector
```

```
mutate(indicator = factor(indicator, level = fct_sanitation))
```

#### Income

**?@fig-sani-bas-u-income** is a box- and jitterplot of countries with percentages of populations with access to basic sanitation in 2020 grouped by income classifications.



High incoloreper middle Linconcern emiddle incolorew income

Figure 1: Access to sanitation (urban) in 2020 by income classification.

## Regions

Table 1 below shows urban sanitation indicators for global regions in 2020.

Table 1: urnab sanitation indicators for global regions,

	basic	limited	${\bf unimproved}$	open defecation
Central and Southern Asia	79%	17%	3%	1%
Eastern and South-Eastern Asia	95%	3%	2%	1%
Europe and Northern America	99%	1%	1%	0%
Latin America and the Caribbean	93%	4%	3%	0%
Northern Africa and Western Asia	95%	2%	2%	0%
Oceania	71%	9%	17%	3%
Sub-Saharan Africa	46%	32%	17%	5%
Fragile or Extremely Fragile	62%	22%	13%	3%
Least Developed Countries	48%	29%	20%	4%
Landlocked Developing Countries	62%	22%	14%	2%
Small Island Developing States	83%	10%	5%	2%
World	88%	8%	3%	1%

### Uganda

Figure 2 below shows the sanitation ladder for Uganda.

# Uganda: sanitation ladder (national)

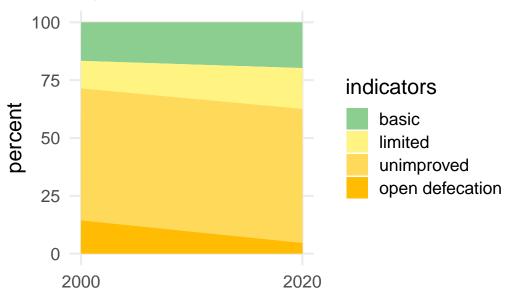


Figure 2: Sanitation indicators for Uganda on a national level.

Dickinson, Nicolas. 2021. "Jmpwashdata: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme Water and Sanitation Data."