JavaScript Profiling and Optimization on V8

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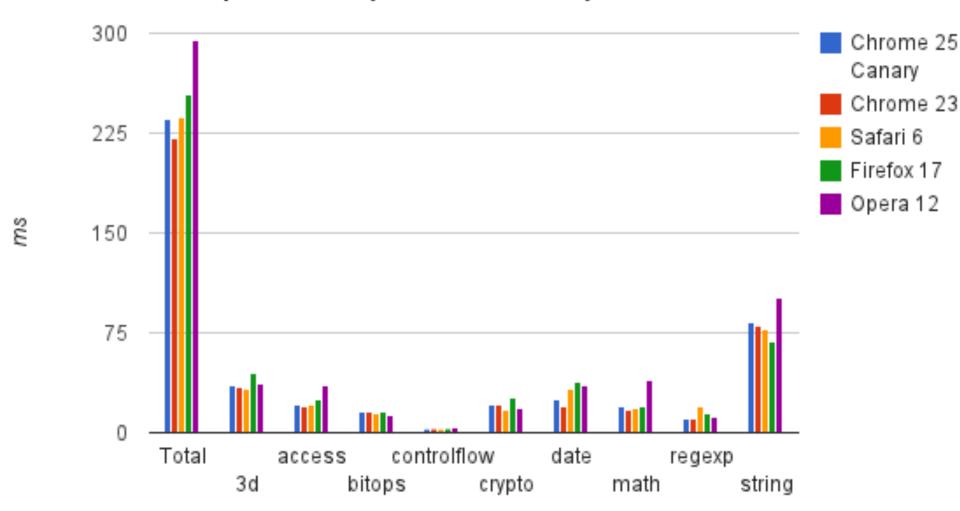
About JavaScript

ECMAScript

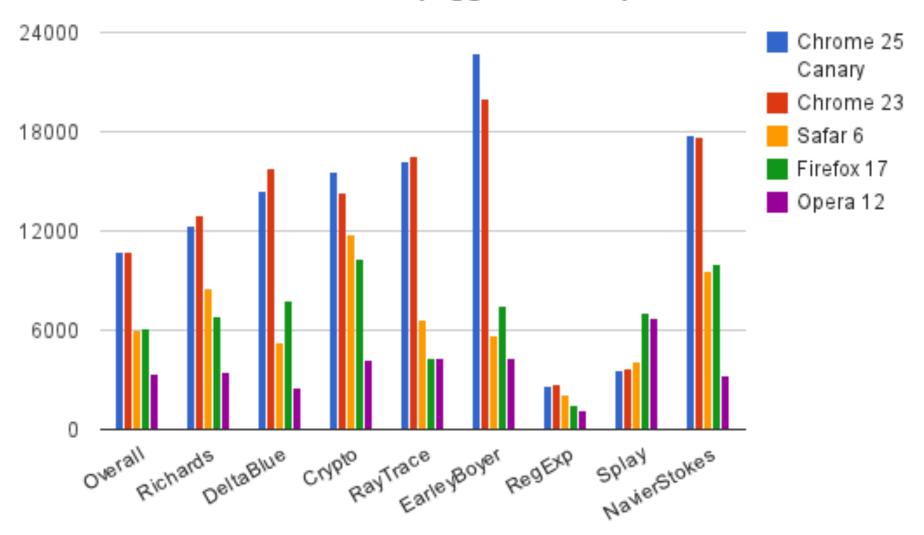
 Used in Adobe Flash, Mac OS Dashboard widgets, Yahoo! widgets, browser bookmarklets, etc.

 Client-side scripting, DOM manipulation, Ajax

SunSpider 0.9.1 (smaller is better)



V8 Benchmark Suite v7 (bigger is better)



V8

Open source JS engine by Google

Written in C++ and used in Chrome



Implements ECMAScript (ECMA-262, 5E)

- Can run standalone or embedded in any C+ + applications
- Designed to be fast and efficient, like a V8 engine should be

What makes V8 so fast?

- Fast property access
- Dynamic machine code
- Efficient garbage collection

Fast Property Access

JS is a dynamic language

Hidden class vs. dictionary lookup

High degree of structure-sharing

Fast Property Access

- JS is a dynamic language
- Hidden class vs. dictionary lookup

High degree of structure-sharing

Hidden Class

Created dynamically behind the scene

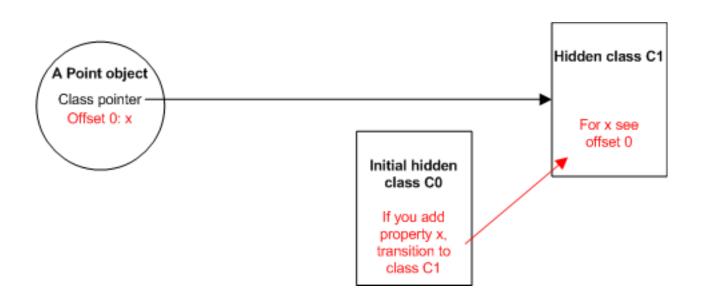
Changed when a new property is added

```
function Point(x, y) {
  this. x = x;
  this. y = y;
}
```

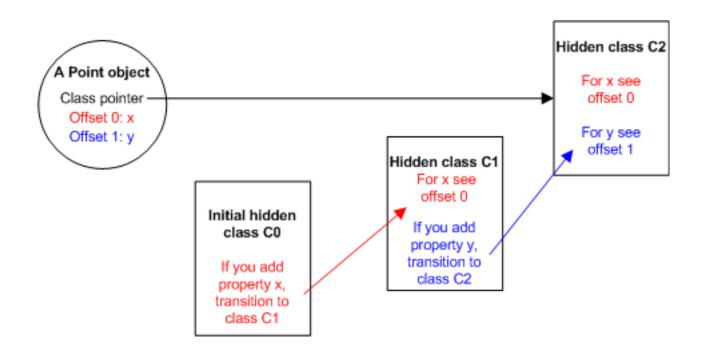
```
function Point(x, y) {
  this. x = x;
  this. y = y;
}
```



```
function Point(x, y) {
  this. x = x;
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}
```



```
function Point(x, y) {
  this.x = x;
  this.y = y;
}
```



Advantages of using hidden class

No dictionary lookup for property access

Enable V8 to use inline caching

Inline Cache (IC)

- Caches type-dependent code
- Needs to validate type assumptions
- Changed at runtime

Dynamic Machine Code

- Directly compiled into machine code
- No intermediate byte code or interpreter
- Inline caching for correct prediction on hidden classes

Efficient Garbage Collection

Stops program execution

- Processes only part of the object heap
- Accurate objects and pointers locating in memory to avoid memory leaks

V8 Compilation Process

1. Base compiler

2. Runtime profiler

3. Optimizing compiler

4. Deoptimization support

1. Base Compiler

 A full compiler to generate machine code upon execution

No assumption about types at compilation time

Uses ICs to retrieve types at runtime

Fast, but not optimized

2. Runtime Profiler

Sampling every milliseconds

• In preparation for the optimization

- 3. Optimizing Compiler
- SSA form

- Loop-invariant code motion
- Common subexpression elimination
- Linear-scan register allocation

Function inlining

- 4. Deoptimization Support
- What if overly optimistic?
- An opportunity to 'bail-out'
- Easily observed with the profiler

JavaScript is Slow

Problem:

Compute the 25,000th prime

Algorithm:

For x = 1 to infinity: if x not divisible by any member of an initially empty list of primes, add x to the list until we have 25,000

[2012 Google I/0]

The Contenders

C++

class Primes {
 public:
 int getPrimeCount() const { return prime_count; }
 int getPrime(int i) const { return primes[i]; }
 void addPrime(int i) { primes[prime_count++] = i; }

 bool isDivisibe(int i, int by) { return (i % by) == 0; }

 bool isPrimeDivisible(int candidate) {
 for (int i = 1; i < prime_count; ++i) {
 if (isDivisibe(candidate, primes[i])) return true;
 }
 return false;
 }

 private:
 volatile int prime_count;
 volatile int primes[25000];
 };int main() {
 Primes p;
 }
}</pre>

int c = 1:

c++;

while (p.getPrimeCount() < 25000) {
 if (!p.isPrimeDivisible(c)) {</pre>

printf("%d\n", p. getPrime(p. getPrimeCount()-1));

p. addPrime(c);

JavaScript

```
function Primes() {
  this.prime count = 0;
  this. primes = new Array (25000);
  this.getPrimeCount = function() { return this.prime count; }
  this.getPrime = function(i) { return this.primes[i]; }
  this.addPrime = function(i) {
    this.primes[this.prime count++] = i;
  this. isPrimeDivisible = function(candidate) {
    for (var i = 1; i \le this.prime count; ++i) {
      if ((candidate % this.primes[i]) == 0) return true;
    return false;
};function main() {
  p = new Primes();
  var c = 1:
  while (p.getPrimeCount() < 25000) {
    if (!p. isPrimeDivisible(c)) {
      p. addPrime(c);
    c++;
  print(p. getPrime(p. getPrimeCount()-1));
main();
```

```
class Primes {
   public:
     int getPrimeCount() const { return prime_count; }
     int getPrime(int i) const { return primes[i]; }
     void addPrime(int i) { primes[prime count++] = i; }
     bool isDivisibe(int i, int by) { return (i % by) == 0; }
     bool isPrimeDivisible(int candidate) {
       for (int i = 1; i < prime count; ++i) {
         if (isDivisibe(candidate, primes[i])) return true;
       return false;
   private:
     volatile int prime count;
     volatile int primes[25000];
   };int main() {
     Primes p;
     int c = 1:
     while (p. getPrimeCount() < 25000) {
       if (!p. isPrimeDivisible(c)) {
         p. addPrime(c);
       c++;
     printf("%d\n", p.getPrime(p.getPrimeCount()-1));
```

```
function Primes() {
     this.prime count = 0;
     this. primes = new Array (25000);
     this.getPrimeCount = function() { return this.prime count; }
     this.getPrime = function(i) { return this.primes[i]; }
     this. addPrime = function(i) {
       this.primes[this.prime count++] = i;
     this.isPrimeDivisible = function(candidate) {
       for (var i = 1; i <= this.prime_count; ++i) {
         if ((candidate % this.primes[i]) == 0) return true;
       return false:
   };function main() {
     p = new Primes();
     var c = 1:
     while (p. getPrimeCount() < 25000) {
       if (!p. isPrimeDivisible(c)) {
         p. addPrime(c);
       c++:
     print (p. getPrime (p. getPrimeCount ()-1));
  }main();
```

The Results

% time d8 primes.js287107

real 0m15.584s user 0m15.612s sys 0m0.073s JavaScript

C++ is about 5x faster than JavaScript

Inline Caches

Candidate % this.primes[i]
No calls in this code

Inline Caches

```
Candidate % this.primes[i]
this.primes[i]
```

- ->call LoadIC_Initialize
- \rightarrow call 0x311286e0
- -> move eax, [edi+0fx]

Logging What Gets Optimized

Command:

./out/ia32.release/d8 --trace-opt samples/ primes.js

Log name of optimized functions to stdout: addPrime, IsPrimDivisible, main...

Profiling the JavaScripts

```
./out/ia32.release/d8 samples/primes.js --
prof
287107
```

./tools/mac-tick-processor v8.log

Profiling the JavaScripts

Statistical profiling result from v8.log, (10868 ticks, 81 unaccounted, 0 excluded). [JavaScript]:

```
ticks
         total
                 nonlib
                           name
   1254
          11.5%
                  11.5%
                         LazyCompile: *main samples/primes. js:18
           8.8%
    959
                          LazyCompile: MOD native runtime. js:238
                   8.8%
    643
           5.9%
                         Stub: CEntryStub
                   5.9%
           4.3%
    468
                          KeyedLoadIC: A keyed load IC from the snapshot
           3.6%
    388
                          Stub: BinaryOpStub MOD Alloc SMI+Oddball
                   3.6%
           0.0%
                   0.0%
                         LazyCompile: ~Primes. isPrimeDivisible samples/primes. js:10
\lceil C++ \rceil:
  ticks
          total
                 nonlib
                           name
  3274
          30.1%
                  30.1%
                         atanhl$fenv access off
  1301
          12.0%
                  12.0%
                         v8::internal::Runtime NumberMod
    979
           9.0%
                   9.0%
                         v8::internal::Heap::NumberFromDouble
```

```
Statistical profiling result from v8.log, (10868 ticks, 81
  unaccounted, 0 excluded).
[JavaScript]:
   ticks
        total
                nonlib
                          name
   1254
         11.5% 11.5% LazyCompile: *main samples/primes.js:
  18
                        LazyCompile: MOD native runtime. js:238
   959
          8.8%
                   8.8%
   643
          5.9%
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                        Stub: CEntryStub
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          4.3%
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                        KeyedLoadIC: A keyed load IC from the
  snapshot
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   388
          3.6%
                   3.6%
  +0ddball
                        LazyCompile: ~Primes.isPrimeDivisible
                  0.0%
  samples/primes.js:10
[C++]:
                nonlib
   ticks
         total
                          name
  3274
                        _atanh1$fenv_access_off
         30. 1% 30. 1%
                        v8::internal::Runtime_NumberMod
   1301
                 12.0%
         12.0%
                         v8::internal::Heap::NumberFromDouble
   979
           9.0%
                   9.0%
```

Something is Wrong with the Code

```
this.isPrimeDivisible = function(candidate) {
      for (\text{var } i = 1; i \leq \text{this.prime count}; ++i) {
        if ((candidate % this.primes[i]) == 0) return true;
      return false:
    Profiling Again
/out/ia32.release/d8 samples/primes.js --
  prof
287107
```

./tools/mac-tick-processor v8.log

Profiling Again

```
[JavaScript]:
  ticks
         total
                 nonlib
                          name
  1426
                         LazyCompile: *main samples/primes-2.js:18
          99.4%
                  99.4%
      5
           0.3%
                   0.3%
                         LazyCompile: *Primes.isPrimeDivisible samples/primes-2.js:
   10
[C++]:
  ticks
          total
                 nonlib
                          name
           0.1%
                   0.1%
                         v8::internal::StaticVisitorBase::GetVisitorId
      1
           0.1%
                         v8::internal::Runtime_FunctionSetName
                   0.1%
           0.1%
                   0.1%
                         v8::internal::Map::LookupDescriptor
      1
           0.1%
                   0.1%
                         v8::internal::LAllocator::TraceAlloc
```

```
[JavaScript]:
                nonlib
  ticks total
                         name
         99.4% 99.4%
  1426
                       LazyCompile: *main samples/primes-2.js:
  18
     5
                  0.3% LazyCompile: *Primes.isPrimeDivisible
  samples/primes-2. js:10
[C++]:
  ticks
        total nonlib
                         name
          0.1%
                  0.1%
  v8::internal::StaticVisitorBase::GetVisitorId
                  0.1% v8::internal::Runtime_FunctionSetName
          0.1%
     1
          0.1%
                  0.1%
                       v8::internal::Map::LookupDescriptor
     1
          0.1%
                  0.1% v8::internal::LAllocator::TraceAlloc
```

Runtime

time v8 primes-2.js 287107

real 0m1.829s

user 0m1.827s

sys 0m0.010s

Optimize Your Algorithm

```
this.isPrimeDivisible = function(candidate) {
   for (var i = 1; i < this.prime_count; ++i) {
   var current_prime = this.primes[i];
    if (current_prime * current_prime > candidate) {
      return false;
    }
   if ((candidate % current_prime) == 0) return true;
   }
   return false;
}
```

Optimize Your Algorithm

time v8 primes-3.js

287107

real 0m0.044s

user 0m0.038s

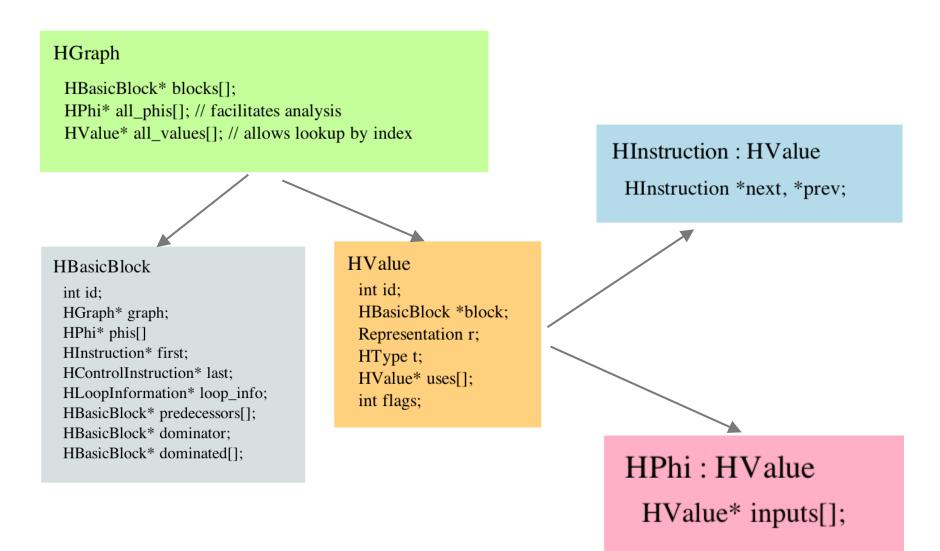
sys 0m0.004s

Crankshaft

Hydrogen-SSA in Crankshaft [Wingolog]

- 1. To permit inlining. Inlining is truly the mother of all optimizations, in that it permits more optimizations to occur.
- 2. To facilitate loop-invariant code motion and common subexpression elimination.

SSA Data Structures



Optimization Proposal

- More sophisticated algorithms in determining the 'hot code': frequency alone might not be the best way to define 'hot'
 - Use counter instead of sampling every millisecond
- Phi node insertion optimization

Conclusion

 Chrome with V8 engine outperforms other browsers in most benchmarks, especially V8 benchmarks

- Hidden classes introduces inline caching and type assumption
- Use run-time profiling to optimize hot code, and do nothing if the profiler decided it's not hot