CS-341 Computer Organization

Dr. Vickery Spring 2001

Administrivia

- Textbook
 - Tanenbaum, Structured Computer Organization, Fourth
 - Probably different next semester
- QC Online for course material
 - Need Vanguard account
 - Be sure to enter correct email address
- Two midterm exams and a final
- Contact me by email: vickery@gc.edu
- Office hours in SB A-222
 - Tuesdays and Fridays after class.

Assignments for Week 1

- Units of Measure Web Page
 - Link is on course Page
- Read Chapter 1
 - Von Neumann Architecture
 - Moore's Law
 - Microprogramming: hw/sw interface
 - Exercises 1, 2, 5, 10, 12

Computer Architecture

- Processors (Central and I/O)
 - CPU datapath
- Memory Hierarchy
 - Registers, Cache, Main, Secondary
- I/O Devices
- Busses
- Clocks

Clocks and State Changes

- A *clock* is a signal that repeats at regular intervals.
 - The repetition rate is measured in *Hertz* (Hz).
 - The repetition interval is the reciprocal of the rate, and is measured in seconds.
 - Use powers of ten for measuring these.
 - 1 MHz = 1 * 10° = 1,000,000 pulses per second
 1 msec = 1 * 10³ = 0.001 seconds per pulse
- Each clock pulse causes the CPU to change its
 - Datapath cycle: Connect two registers to the ALU, perform an operation, and return the result to a register.
 - All in one clock cycle.

Measuring Processor Speed

- Time to execute a program is the product of:
 - Instructions per program
 - Average number of clock pulses to execute an instruction
 - Clock pulse period (interval)
- Sec/Prog = Instr/Prog * Pulses/Instr * Sec/Pulse