Entropy and Mutual Information in a Bernoulli Process

Computational Neuroscience Notes

1 Entropy of a Bernoulli Random Variable

The entropy H(F) of a Bernoulli random variable F with probability P(F = 1) = p is given by:

$$H(F) = -p\log_2 p - (1-p)\log_2(1-p) \tag{1}$$

Given:

$$p = 0.1$$
, $P(F = 0) = 1 - 0.1 = 0.9$

Substituting values:

$$H(F) = -(0.1\log_2 0.1 + 0.9\log_2 0.9) \tag{2}$$

Using logarithm values:

$$\log_2 0.1 \approx -3.3219$$
, $\log_2 0.9 \approx -0.152$

$$H(F) = -(0.1 \times (-3.3219) + 0.9 \times (-0.152))$$

$$= -(-0.33219 - 0.1368)$$

$$= 0.33219 + 0.1368$$

$$= 0.469$$

Thus, the entropy H(F) is approximately:

$$H(F) \approx 0.469$$
 bits

2 Mutual Information Between Stimulus S and Neuron Firing F

The mutual information between the stimulus S and the neuron firing F is given by:

$$MI(S,F) = H(F) - H(F|S)$$
(3)

2.1 Step 1: Compute P(F = 1)

Using the law of total probability:

$$P(F=1) = P(F=1|S=1)P(S=1) + P(F=1|S=0)P(S=0)$$
 (4)

Given:

$$P(S=1) = 0.1, \quad P(S=0) = 0.9$$

$$P(F=1|S=1) = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5, \quad P(F=1|S=0) = \frac{1}{18} \approx 0.0556$$

$$P(F = 1) = (0.5 \times 0.1) + (0.0556 \times 0.9)$$
$$= 0.05 + 0.05$$
$$= 0.1$$

Thus, from our previous result:

$$H(F) \approx 0.469$$
 bits

2.2 Step 2: Compute H(F|S)

The conditional entropy is given by:

$$H(F|S) = P(S=1)H(F|S=1) + P(S=0)H(F|S=0)$$
(5)

Each term is computed as:

$$H(F|S=i) = -P(F=1|S=i)\log_2 P(F=1|S=i) - P(F=0|S=i)\log_2 P(F=0|S=i)$$
(6)

2.2.1 Compute H(F|S = 1)

$$H(F|S=1) = -(0.5\log_2 0.5 + 0.5\log_2 0.5) \tag{7}$$

Since $\log_2 0.5 = -1$,

$$H(F|S=1) = -(0.5 \times (-1) + 0.5 \times (-1))$$

= 1.0

2.2.2 Compute H(F|S = 0)

$$H(F|S=0) = -(0.0556\log_2 0.0556 + 0.9444\log_2 0.9444)$$
 (8)

Approximating:

$$\log_2 0.0556 \approx -4.17$$
, $\log_2 0.9444 \approx -0.0815$

$$H(F|S=0) = -(0.0556 \times (-4.17) + 0.9444 \times (-0.0815))$$

= -(-0.232 - 0.0769)
= 0.309

2.2.3 Compute H(F|S)

$$H(F|S) = (0.1 \times 1.0) + (0.9 \times 0.309)$$
$$= 0.1 + 0.278$$
$$= 0.378$$

2.3 Step 3: Compute MI(S, F)

$$MI(S, F) = H(F) - H(F|S)$$

= 0.469 - 0.378
 ≈ 0.091

Thus, the closest value for the mutual information MI(S, F) is:

0.091 bits