

Tarefa básica

$$1-a) \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \cdot 5 - 1 \cdot 3 = 10 - 3 = 7 //$$

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = -2 \cdot 6 - 3 \cdot -4 = -12 - (-12) = 0 //$$

$$c) \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 4 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & -2 & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 3 - (-7) = 10 //$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} 3 \cdot 1 \cdot -2 = -6 & 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 1 \\ -1 \cdot -1 \cdot 1 = 1 & 4 \cdot -1 \cdot 3 = -12 \\ 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 = 8 & -2 \cdot 2 \cdot -1 = 4 \end{array}$$

$$-6 + 1 + 8 = 3 \quad | \quad 1 - 12 + 4 = -7$$

Final

$$d) \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 3 & 2 & -1 & 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} = \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 3 & 2 & -1 & 3 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} = 36 - 16 = 20$$

$$3 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 = 36 \quad | \quad 1 \cdot 3 \cdot -1 = -3$$

$$2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 2 \quad | \quad 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 = 3$$

$$-1 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = -2 \quad | \quad 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 16$$

$$36 + 2 - 2 = 36 \quad | \quad -3 + 3 + 16 = 16$$

$$a) \quad A = \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} -3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} = -27 \quad \text{Letra } A$$

$$-3 \cdot -3 \cdot -3 = -27$$

$$0 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$0 \cdot 0 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$-27 + 0 + 0 = -27$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccc|ccc}
 3 & x & 1 & x & & & & \\
 & 3 & x & 4 & =-3 & & & \\
 & 1 & 3 & 3 & & & & \\
 \hline
 & & & & & x & 1 & x & x & 1 \\
 & & & & & 3 & x & 4 & 3 & x \\
 & & & & & 1 & 3 & 3 & 1 & 3
 \end{array}$$

$$x \cdot x \cdot 3 = 3x^2$$

$$1 \cdot x \cdot x = x^2$$

$$1 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 = 4$$

$$3 \cdot 4 \cdot 1 = 12x$$

$$x \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 9x$$

$$3 \cdot 3 \cdot 1 = 9$$

$$3x^2 + 9x + 4 - (x^2 + 12x + 9) = -3$$

$$3x^2 + 9x + 4 - x^2 - 12x - 9 + 3 = 0$$

$$2x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$$

$$\Delta = (-3)^2 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$$

$$\begin{array}{l|l} X = 9 + 16 & X = 3 \pm 5 \\ X = 25 & 4 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} -X' = \frac{-2 \cdot 2}{4 \cdot 2} = -1 \\ X'' = \frac{8}{4} = 2 \end{array}$$

Letra (E)

$$5) A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -4 \\ 1 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad e \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{11} = 2 - 3 = -1$$

$$a_{12} = 2 - 6 = -4$$

$$a_{21} = 4 - 3 = 1$$

$$a_{22} = 4 - 6 = -2$$

$$a_{31} = 6 - 3 = 3$$

$$a_{32} = 6 - 6 = 0$$

$$a_{11} = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$a_{12} = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$a_{13} = 3 - 1 = 2$$

$$a_{21} = 1 - 2 = -1$$

$$a_{22} = 2 - 2 = 0$$

$$a_{23} = 3 - 2 = 1$$

$0 + 4 = 4$	$0 + 2 = 2$	$0 + 0 = 0$
$-1 + 0 = -1$	$1 + 0 = 1$	$3 + 0 = 3$
$-2 + (-4) = -6$	$2 + (-2) = 0$	$6 + 0 = 6$

$$AB = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -6 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -6 & 4 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$4 \cdot 1 \cdot 6 = 24$	$6 \cdot 2 \cdot -1 = -12$	$-12 - (-12) = 0$
$-6 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 = -36$		
$24 + (-36) = -12$		Letra (C)

6) $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ e $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

$2 + 0 + 0 = 2$ $-1 + -1 + 0 = -2$
 $-2 + 0 + -2 = -4$ $1 + 1 + 0 = 2$

$AB = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad 2 \cdot 2 - -2 \cdot -1 = -4$
 Letra (D)