1 The SVD and the Rank of a Matrix

Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ with SVD $A = U\Sigma V^T$ and define $\operatorname{rank}(A) :=$ "number of positive singular values". Show that A is invertible $\iff \operatorname{rank}(A) = n$.

Solution:

$$\begin{split} \operatorname{rank}(A) &= n &\Leftrightarrow \sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_n \neq 0 \\ &\Leftrightarrow \Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_1 & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & \sigma_n \end{pmatrix} \text{ is invertible with } \Sigma^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sigma_1} & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\sigma_n} \end{pmatrix} \\ &\Leftrightarrow A = U \Sigma V^T \text{ invertible with } A^{-1} = (U \Sigma V^T)^{-1} = V \Sigma^{-1} U^T. \end{split}$$