# ACADEMIC REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS

# R22 REGULATIONS CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS)

# II B.Tech. Computer Science and Engineering

Applicable to batches admitted in the First year from 2022-23 onwards



### CVR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

An UGC Autonomous Institution with NAAC Grade 'A'

(Approved by AICTE & Govt. of Telangana and

Affiliated to JNT University, Hyderabad)

Vastunagar, Mangalpalli (V), Ibrahimpatan (M),

Ranga Reddy Dist., Pin - 501 510

#### CVR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

#### **VISION**

➤ To be a state of the art institution of engineering in pursuit of excellence, in the service of society.

#### **MISSION**

- > To excel in providing quality education at undergraduate and graduate levels.
- > To encourage research and innovation.
- > To provide infrastructure and facilities to meet the latest technological needs.
- > To establish Centres of Excellence through active interaction with industry.
- > To nurture students towards holistic development with human values and ethics.

# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

#### **VISION**

Towards a Global Knowledge Hub, striving continuously in pursuit of excellence in Education, Research, Consultancy, and Technological services to society.

#### **MISSION**

- 1. To produce the best quality Computer Science & Engineering professionals by imparting quality training, hands-on experience and value education.
- 2. To strengthen links with industry through partnerships and collaborative developmental works.
- 3. To attain self-sustainability and overall development through Research, Consultancy, and Development activities.
- 4. To extend technical expertise to other technical institutions of the region and play a lead role in imparting technical education.
- 5. To inculcate work ethics and commitment in students for their future endeavors to serve society.

#### **PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs):**

- **PEO 1 : Employability:** Computer Science & Engineering graduates will acquire the capability to apply their knowledge and skills to solve various kinds of computational engineering problems.
- **PEO 2 : Professionalism**: Graduates will inculcate a professional attitude, interdisciplinary approach, ethics, and ability to relate computer engineering issues with social awareness.
- **PEO 3 : Managerial skills:** Graduates will possess managerial skills to face challenges in the profession by working harmoniously in a team with effective communication skills.
- **PEO 4 : Continuous learning:** Graduates will continue to learn and adapt in a world of constantly evolving technologies and pursue research towards academic excellence.

**PEO 5 : Adaptability:** Graduates of Computer Science & Engineering will have soft skills to adapt to the diverse global environment.

#### PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs):

- **PO1: Engineering knowledge:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- **PO2: Problem analysis:** Identity, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using the first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- **PO3:** Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- **PO4:** Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- **PO5:** Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- **PO6:** The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- **PO7:** Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- **PO8:** Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- **PO9:** Individual and teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- **PO10: Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

- **PO11: Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- **PO12: Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

#### PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs):

- **PSO1:** Successfully design and implement algorithmic paradigms by using efficient programming language constructs, formal tools, and frameworks.
- **PSO2:** Develop scalable and reliable distributed applications and data analytics pipelines by employing industry-agnostic technologies and secure software engineering models.
- **PSO3:** Adapt cloud computing ecosystems and machine learning algorithms to develop smart and sustainable solutions complying the ethics of society and eventually emerge as entrepreneurs.



#### CVR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(An UGC Autonomous Institution) Vastunagar, Mangalpalli, Ibrahimpatan-501510

#### ACADEMIC REGULATIONS-2022 B.Tech. PROGRAMMES

(Effective for the students admitted into I-year from the Academic Year 2022-23 onwards)

## 1.0 <u>Under-Graduate Degree Programme in Engineering & Technology (B.Tech.:</u> Undergraduate Programme (UGP) in Engineering & Technology (E&T))

CVR College of Engineering is an autonomous institution under the University Grants Commission, affiliated to Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad. The College offers 4-Year (8- Semesters) **Bachelor of Technology** (B.Tech.) Degree Programme, under Academic Regulations-2022(R22) with **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)** with effect from the Academic Year **2022-23** onwards, in the following Branches of Engineering:

Table-1

S. No.	Branch
1	Civil Engineering (CE)
2	Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)
3	Computer Science and Engineering – Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (CSE-AI&ML)
4	Computer Science and Engineering – Cyber Security (CSE-CS)
5	Computer Science and Engineering – Data Science (CSE-DS)
6	Electronics and Communication Engineering (ECE)
7	Electrical and Electronics Engineering (EEE)
8	Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering (EIE)
9	Information Technology (IT)
10	Mechanical Engineering (ME)

#### 2.0 Eligibility for Admission

#### 2.1 Category - A (70% of the sanctioned seats):

Admission to the UGP under Category–A are made by the Convener TS EAMCET based on the merit rank obtained by the qualifying candidate at an Entrance Test TS EAMCET conducted by Telangana State Government.

#### 2.2 Category – B (30% of the sanctioned seats):

Admissions to the UGP under Category–B are made by the Management of the College and ratified by Telangana State Council of Higher Education (TSCHE) based on the merit rank of TS EAMCET / Marks in the Qualifying examination (Intermediate / Class XII) as prescribed in relevant G.Os. from time to time.

**2.3** The medium of instruction for the entire UGP in Engineering & Technology will be in **ENGLISH** only.

#### 3.0 B.Tech. Programme (UGP) Structure

- 3.1 A student after securing admission shall complete the B.Tech. programme in a minimum period of four academic years (8 semesters), and a maximum period of eight academic years (16 semesters) starting from the date of commencement of the first-year first semester, failing which the student shall forfeit seat in B.Tech. course. Each student shall secure 160 credits (with CGPA ≥ 5) required for the completion of the undergraduate program and award of the B.Tech. degree.
- **3.2** UGC/AICTE/JNTUH specified Definitions/Descriptions are adopted appropriately for various terms and abbreviations used in these Academic Regulations/ Norms, which are listed below.

#### 3.2.1 Semester Scheme

Each UGP is of 4 Academic Years (8 Semesters), with the year being divided into two Semesters of 22 weeks (≥ 90 instructional days) each, each Semester having - 'Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE)' and 'Semester End Examination (SEE)'. Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Credit Based Semester System (CBSS) as denoted by UGC, and Curriculum / Course Structure as suggested by the AICTE are followed.

#### 3.2.2 Credit Courses

All subjects/ courses are to be registered by the student in a semester to earn credits which shall be assigned to each subject/ course in an L: T: P: C (lecture periods: tutorial periods: practical periods: credits) structure based on the following general pattern.

Table-2

1 Hour Lecture/Theory course per week (L)	1 credit
1 Hour Tutorial per week (T)	1 credit
2 Hour Practical/Laboratory course per week (P)	1 credit
3 Hours Practical/ Laboratory course per week (P)	1.5 credit

Courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization Lab are mandatory courses. These courses will not carry any credits.

#### 3.2.3 Subject / Course Classification

All subjects/ courses offered for the undergraduate programme in E&T (B.Tech. degree programmes) are broadly classified as follows. The College has followed almost all the guidelines issued by JNTUH/AICTE/UGC.

Table-3

S. No.	Broad Course Classification	Course Group/ Category	Course Description
1	Foundation	BS – Basic Sciences	Includes Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry subjects
2	Courses (FC)	ES - Engineering Sciences	Includes Fundamental Engineering Subjects
3		HS – Humanities and Social Sciences	Includes subjects related to Humanities, Social Sciences and Management
4	Core Courses (CoC)	PC – Professional Core Courses	Includes core subjects related to the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.

5	Elective Courses (EC)	PE – Professional Electives	Includes Elective subjects related to the Parent Discipline/ Department/ Branch of Engineering
6		OE – Open Electives	Elective subjects include inter-disciplinary subjects or subjects in an area outside the parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
7	Core Courses	Project Work	B.Tech. Project or UG Project or UG Major Project or Project Stage I & II
8		Industry Training/ Internship/ Industry Oriented Mini- project/ Mini- Project/ Skill Development Courses	Industry Training/ Internship/ Industry Oriented Mini-Project/ Mini-Project/ Skill Development Courses
9		Seminar	Seminar/ Colloquium based on core contents related to parent discipline/ department/ branch of Engineering.
10	Minor Courses	-	1 or 2 Credit Courses (subset of HS)
11	Mandatory Courses (MC)	-	Mandatory Courses (non-credit)

#### 3.2.4 Induction Programme (Mandatory Course)

An Induction Programme is conducted as per the guidelines given by the AICTE at the beginning of the first semester of the first year, as presented in the Course Structure.

#### 4.0 Course Registration

- **4.1** A 'Faculty Advisor or Counselor' shall be assigned to a group of 20 students, who will advise him about the UGP, its Course Structure, and Curriculum, and Choice/Option for Subjects/Courses, based on their competence, progress, pre-requisites, and interest.
- 4.2 Academic Section of the College invites filled 'Registration Forms' from students apriori (before the beginning of the Semester), through 'ON-LINE SUBMISSIONS', ensuring 'DATE and TIME Stamping'. The ON-LINE Registration requests for any 'CURRENT SEMESTER' shall be completed BEFORE the commencement of SEEs (Semester End Examinations) of the 'PRECEDING SEMESTER'.
- 4.3 A student can apply for ON-LINE Registration ONLY AFTER obtaining the 'WRITTEN APPROVAL' from the Faculty Advisor, which should be submitted to the College Academic Section through the Head of the Department. A copy of the same shall be retained by the Head of the Department, the Faculty Advisor, and the students.
- A student may be permitted to register for all the subjects/ courses in a semester as specified in the course structure with the maximum additional subject (s)/course (s) limited to 6 Credits (any 2 elective subjects), based on **progress** and SGPA/ CGPA, and completion of the '**pre-requisites'** as indicated for various subjects/ courses, in the department course structure and syllabus contents.
- 4.5 Choice for 'additional subjects/ courses, not more than any 2 elective subjects in any Semester, must be clearly indicated, which needs the specific approval and signature of the Faculty Advisor/Mentor/HOD.
- 4.6 If the student submits ambiguous choices or multiple options or erroneous entries during ON-LINE Registration for the Subject (s) /Course(s) under a given/ specified Course Group/ Category as listed in the Course Structure, only the first mentioned Subject / Course in that Category will be taken into consideration.

- 4.7 Subject / Course options exercised through ON-LINE Registration are final and CANNOT be changed, or interchanged; further, alternate choices will not be considered. However, if the Subject/ Course that has already been listed for Registration by the Head of the Department in a Semester could not be offered due to any unforeseen or unexpected reasons, then the student shall be allowed to have an alternate choice either for a new Subject (subject to the offering of such a Subject) or for another existing Subject (subject to availability of seats), which may be considered. Such alternate arrangements will be made by the Head of the Department, with due notification and a time-framed schedule, within the **FIRST WEEK** from the commencement of class work for that Semester.
- 4.8 Dropping of Subjects / Courses may be permitted, ONLY AFTER obtaining prior approval from the Head of the Department (subject to retaining minimum Credits), 'within 15 Days of Time' from the beginning of the current Semester.
- **4.9 Open Electives**: The students must choose two Open Electives (OE-I & II) from the list of Open Electives given by other departments. However, the student can opt for an Open Elective subject offered by his own (parent) department, if the student has not registered and not studied that subject under any category (Professional Core, Professional Electives, Mandatory Courses etc.) offered by parent department in any semester. Open Elective subjects already studied should not repeat/should not match with any category (Professional Core, Professional Electives, Mandatory Courses etc.) of subjects even in the forthcoming semesters.
- **4.10 Professional Electives**: The students must choose **five** Professional Electives (PE-I to V) from the list of professional electives given.

#### 5.0 Subjects/ courses to be offered

- **5.1** A subject/ course may be offered to the students, **only if** a minimum of 15 students opt for it.
- 5.2 More than **one faculty member** may offer the **same subject** (lab/ practical may be included with the corresponding theory subject in the same semester) in any semester. However, the selection of choice for students will be on a **first come first served** basis and CGPA criterion' (i.e., the first focus shall be on early **online entry** from the student for registration in that semester, and the second focus, if needed, will be on CGPA of the student).
- 5.3 If more entries for registration of a subject come into the picture, then the Head of the Department concerned shall decide, whether to offer such a subject/course for **two** (or multiple) sections.
- 5.4 In case of options coming from students of other departments/ branches/ disciplines (not considering **open electives**), first **priority** shall be given to the student of the 'parent department'.

#### **6.0** Attendance requirements:

- A student shall be eligible to appear for the Semester End Examinations, if the student acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects/ courses (including attendance in mandatory courses like Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization Lab) for that semester.

  Two periods of attendance for each theory subject shall be considered if the student appears for the mid-term examination of that subject.
- 6.2 Shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above, and below 75%) in each semester may be condoned by the college academic committee on genuine and valid grounds, based on the student's representation with supporting evidence.
- **6.3** A stipulated fee shall be payable for condoning of shortage of attendance.
- 6.4 Shortage of attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in NO case be condoned.

- 6.5 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to take semester end examinations of that semester. They get detained and their registration for that semester shall stand canceled, including all academic credentials (internal marks etc.,) of that semester. They will not be promoted to the next semester. They may seek re-registration for all those subjects registered in that semester in which the student is detained, by seeking re-admission into that semester as and when offered; if there are any professional electives and/ or open electives, the same may also be re-registered if offered. However, if those electives are not offered in later semesters, then alternate electives may be chosen from the same set of elective subjects offered under that category.
- **6.6** A student fulfilling the attendance requirement in the present semester shall not be eliqible for readmission into the same class.

#### 7.0 Academic Requirements

The following academic requirements must be satisfied, in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in Item No. **6**.

- 7.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (14 marks out of 40 marks) in the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE), not less than 35% (21 marks out of 60 marks) in the Semester End Examination, and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100 marks) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together; in terms of letter grades, this implies securing 'P' grade or above in that subject/ course.
- 7.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to Real-time Research Project (or) Field Based Research Project (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship (or) Seminar if the student secures not less than 40% marks (i.e., 40 out of 100 allotted marks) in each of them. The student is deemed to have failed, if he (i) does not submit a report on Industry Oriented Mini Project/Internship, or (ii) does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in Real-time Research Project (or) Field Based Research Project (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship evaluations.

A student may reappear once for each of the above evaluations when they are scheduled again; if the student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, the student has to reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

#### 7.3 Promotion Rules

Table-4

S. No.	Promotion	Conditions to be fulfilled
1	First-year first-semester to the first-year second-semester	Regular course of study of the first-year of the first- semester.
2	First-year second-semester to the second-year first-semester	(i) Regular course of study of first-year second-semester.
		(ii) Must have secured at least 20 credits out of 40 credits i.e., 50% credits up to the first-year second-semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
3.	Second-year first-semester to the Second-year second-semester	Regular course of study of second-year first-semester

4	Second-year second-semester to Third-year first- semester	(i) Regular course of study of second-year second-semester.
		(ii) Must have secured at least 48 credits out of 80 credits i.e., 60% credits up to second-year second-semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
5	Third-year first-semester to Third-year second-semester	Regular course of study of Third-year first-semester.
6	Third-year second-semester to Fourth-year first-semester	(i) Regular course of study of Third-year second-semester.
		(ii) Must have secured at least 72 credits out of 120 credits i.e., 60% credits up to Third-year second-semester from all the relevant regular and supplementary examinations, whether the student takes those examinations or not.
7	Fourth-year first-semester to Fourth-year second-semester	Regular course of study of Fourth-year first-semester.

- 7.4 A student (i) shall register for all courses/subjects covering 160 credits as specified and listed in the course structure, (ii) fulfill all the attendance and academic requirements for 160 credits, (iii) earn all 160 credits by securing SGPA ≥ 5.0 (in each semester), and CGPA ≥ 5 (at the end of 8 semesters), (iv) passes all the mandatory courses, to successfully complete the undergraduate programme. The performance of the student in these 160 credits shall be considered for the calculation of the final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) and shall be indicated in the grade card/marks memo of the IV-year II semester.
- 7.5 If a student registers for 'extra subjects' (in the parent department or other departments/branches of Engineering) other than those listed subjects totaling 160 credits as specified in the course structure of his department, the performances in those 'extra subjects' (although evaluated and graded using the same procedure as that of the required 160 credits) will not be considered while calculating the SGPA and CGPA. For such 'extra subjects' registered, the percentage of marks and letter grade alone will be indicated in the grade card/marks memo as a performance measure, subject to completion of the attendance and academic requirements as stated in regulations items 6 and 7.1 7.4 above.
- **7.6** A student eligible to appear in the Semester End Examination for any subject/course but absent from it or failed (thereby failing to secure **'P'** grade or above) may reappear for that subject/ course in the supplementary examination as and when conducted. In such cases, internal marks (CIE) assessed earlier for that subject/ course will be carried over and added to the marks to be obtained in the SEE supplementary examinations for evaluating performance in that subject.
- 7.7 A student detained in a semester due to a shortage of attendance may be readmitted in the same semester in the next academic year for the fulfillment of academic requirements. The academic regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable. Further, no grade allotments or SGPA/ CGPA calculations will be done for the entire semester in which the student has been detained.
- **7.8** A student detained **due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next academic year only after acquiring the required number of academic credits.** The academic regulations under which the student has been readmitted shall be applicable to him.
- 8.0 Evaluation Distribution, and Weightage of Marks
- 8.1 The performance of a student in every subject/course (including practicals and Project Stage I & II) will be evaluated for 100 marks each, with 40 marks allotted for CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and 60 marks for SEE (Semester End-Examination).

- 8.2 In CIE, for theory subjects, during a semester, there shall be two mid-term examinations. Each Mid-Term examination consists of two parts i) Part A for 10 marks, ii) Part B for 20 marks with a total duration of 2 hours as follows:
  - 1. Mid Term Examination for 30 marks:
    - a. Part A: Objective/quiz paper for 10 marks.
    - b. Part B: Descriptive paper for 20 marks.

The objective/quiz paper is set with multiple choice, fill-in the blanks and match the following type of questions for a total of 10 marks. The descriptive paper shall contain 6 full questions out of which, the student must answer 4 questions, each carrying 5 marks. The **average of the two Mid Term Examinations** shall be taken as the final marks for Mid Term Examination (for 30 marks).

The remaining 10 marks of Continuous Internal Evaluation are distributed as:

- 2. Assignment for 5 marks. (**Average of 2 Assignments** each for 5 marks)
- 3. Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject for 5 marks.

While the first mid-term examination shall be conducted on 50% of the syllabus, the second mid-term examination shall be conducted on the remaining 50% of the syllabus.

Five (5) marks are allocated for assignments (as specified by the subject teacher concerned). The first assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the first midterm examination, and the second assignment should be submitted before the conduct of the second mid-term examination. The average of the two assignments shall be taken as the final marks for assignment (for 5 marks).

Subject Viva-Voce/PPT/Poster Presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the subject concerned for 5 marks before II Mid-Term Examination.

The student, in each subject, shall have to earn 35% of marks (i.e., 14 marks out of 40 marks) in CIE, 35% of marks (i.e., 21 marks out of 60) in SEE, and Overall, 40% of marks (i.e., 40 marks out of 100 marks) both CIE and SEE marks put together.

The student is eligible to write the Semester End Examination of the concerned subject if the student scores  $\geq$  35% (14 marks) of 40 Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) marks.

In case, the student appears for the Semester End Examination (SEE) of the concerned subject but not scored a minimum 35 % of CIE marks (14 marks out of 40 internal marks), his/her performance in that subject in SEE shall stand canceled inspite of appearing the SEE.

There is NO Computer Based Test (CBT) for R22 regulations.

The details of the Semester End Examination question paper pattern are as follows:

- **8.2.1** The Semester End Examinations (SEE), for theory subjects, will be conducted for 60 marks consisting of two parts viz. i) **Part- A** for 10 marks, ii) **Part- B** for 50 marks.
  - Part-A is compulsory that consists of ten sub-questions from all units carrying equal marks.
  - ➤ Part-B consists of five questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carrying 10 marks each. Each of these questions is from a unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an "either" "or" choice, which means that there will be two questions from each unit and the student should answer either of the two questions.
  - > The duration of the Semester End Examination is 3 hours.
- **8.2.2** For the subject, Computer Aided Engineering Graphics, the Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) and Semester End Examinations (SEE) evaluation patterns are same as for other theory subjects.
- **8.3** For practical subjects there shall be a Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) during the semester for 40 marks and 60 marks for the Semester End Examination. Out of the 40 marks for internal evaluation:

- 1. A write-up on the day-to-day experiment in the laboratory (in terms of aim, components/procedure, expected outcome) which shall be evaluated for 10 marks.
- 2. **10 marks for viva-voce (**or) tutorial (or) case study (or) application (or) poster presentation of the course concerned.
- 3. Internal practical examination conducted by the laboratory teacher concerned shall be evaluated for 10 marks.
- 4. The remaining 10 marks are for the Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software /Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of the laboratory course and before the semester end practical examination.

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the cluster / other colleges which will be decided by the examination branch of the University.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

- 1. 10 marks for write-up
- 2. 15 for experiment/program
- 3. 15 for evaluation of results
- 4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
- 5. 10 marks for viva-voce on the concerned laboratory course.
- > The student, in each subject, shall have to earn 35% of marks (i.e., 14 marks out of 40 marks) in CIE, 35% of marks (i.e., 21 marks out of 60) in SEE and Overall 40% of marks (i.e., 40 marks out of 100 marks) both CIE and SEE marks put together.

The student is eligible to write the Semester End Examination of the concerned subject if the student scores  $\geq$  35% (14 marks) of 40 Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) marks.

In case the student appears for the Semester End Examination (SEE) of the concerned subject but has not scored a minimum of 35% of CIE marks (14 marks out of 40 internal marks), his performance in that subject in SEE shall stand cancelled inspite of appearing for the SEE.

**8.4** The evaluation of courses having ONLY internal marks in II Year II Semester is as follows:

II Year II Semester *Real-Time (or) Field-based Research Project* course: The internal evaluation is for 50 marks, and it shall take place during the I Mid-Term examinations and II Mid-Term examinations. The average marks of two Mid-Term examinations are the final 50 marks. The student shall have to earn 40%, i.e., 20 marks out of 50 marks from an average of the two examinations. There shall be NO external evaluation. The student is deemed to have failed if he (i) does not submit a report on the Project, or (ii) does not make a presentation of the same before the internal committee as per schedule, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in this course.

8.5 There shall be an Industry training (or) Internship (or) Industry oriented Mini-project (or) Skill Development Courses (or) Paper presentation in a reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project in collaboration with an industry of their specialization. Students shall register for this immediately after II-Year II Semester Examinations and pursue it during summer vacation/semester break & during III Year without affecting regular course work. Internship at a reputed organization (or) Skill development courses (or) Paper presentation in a reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project shall be submitted in a report form and presented before the committee in the III-year II semester before Semester End Examination. It shall be evaluated for 100 external marks. The committee consists of an External Examiner, the Head of the Department, a Supervisor of the Industry Oriented Mini Project (or) Internship, etc., an Internal Supervisor, and a Senior Faculty Member of the Department. There shall be NO internal marks for Industry Training (or) Internship (or) Mini-Project (or) Skill Development Courses (or) Paper Presentation in a reputed journal (or) Industry Oriented Mini Project.

- 8.6 The UG project shall be initiated at the end of the IV Year I Semester and the duration of the project work is one semester. The student must present Project Stage I during the IV Year I Semester before II Mid examinations, in consultation with his supervisor, the title, objective, and plan of action of his Project work to the departmental committee for approval before the commencement of the IV Year II Semester. Only after obtaining the approval of the departmental committee, the student can start his project work.
- **8.7** UG project work shall be carried out in two stages: Project Stage I for approval of the project before Mid-II examinations in the IV Year I Semester and Project Stage II during the IV Year II Semester. Students must submit a project work report at the end of the IV Year II Semester. The project shall be evaluated for 100 marks before the commencement of the SEE Theory examinations.
- **8.8** For Project Stage I, the Departmental Committee consisting of the Head of the Department, the project supervisor, and a senior faculty member shall approve the project work to begin before the II Mid-Term examinations of the IV Year I Semester. The student is deemed to be not eligible to register for the Project work if he does not submit a report on Project Stage I or does not make a presentation of the same before the evaluation committee as per schedule.

A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation when it is scheduled again; if he fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he must reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

**8.9** For Project Stage–II, the external examiner shall evaluate the project work for 60 marks and the internal project committee shall evaluate it for 40 marks. Out of 40 internal marks, the departmental committee consisting of the Head of the Department, the Project Supervisor and a Senior Faculty Member shall evaluate the project work for 20 marks and the Project Supervisor shall evaluate for 20 marks. The topics for Industry Oriented Mini Project/ Internship/SDC etc. and the main Project shall be different from the topic already taken. The student is deemed to have failed if he (i) does not submit a report on the Project, or (ii) does not make a presentation of the same before the External Examiner as per schedule, or (iii) secures less than 40% marks in the sum total of the CIE and SEE taken together.

For conducting viva-voce of the project, the Dean-Academics selects an external examiner from the list of experts in the relevant branch submitted by the Head of the Department.

A student who has failed may reappear once for the above evaluation when it is scheduled again; if a student fails in such 'one reappearance' evaluation also, he must reappear for the same in the next subsequent semester, as and when it is scheduled.

**8.10** A student shall be given only a one-time chance to re-register for a maximum of two subjects in a semester:

If the internal marks secured by a student in the Continuous Internal Evaluation marks for 40 (Sum of average of two mid-term examinations consisting of Objective & descriptive parts, Average of two Assignments & Subject Viva- voce/PPT/ Poster presentation/ Case Study on a topic in the concerned subject) are less than 35% and failed in those subjects.

A student must re-register for the failed subject(s) for 40 marks within four weeks of the commencement of the classwork in the next academic year.

In the event of the student taking this chance, his Continuous Internal Evaluation marks for 40 and Semester End Examination marks for 60 obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled.

- **8.11** For mandatory courses of Environmental Science, Constitution of India, Intellectual Property Rights, and Gender Sensitization lab, a student has to secure 40 marks out of 100 marks (i.e. 40% of the 100 marks allotted) in the Continuous Internal Evaluation for passing the subject/course. These marks should also be submitted along with the internal marks of other subjects.
- **8.12** No marks or letter grades shall be allotted for mandatory/non-credit courses. Only Pass/Fail shall be indicated in Grade Card.

#### 9.0 Grading Procedure

- **9.1** Grades will be awarded to indicate the performance of students in each Theory Subject, Laboratory/Practicals/ Industry-Oriented Mini Project/Internship/SDC, and Project Stage. Based on the percentage of marks obtained (Continuous Internal Evaluation plus Semester End Examination, both taken together) as specified in item 8 above, a corresponding letter grade shall be given.
- **9.2** As a measure of the performance of a student, a 10-point absolute grading system using the following letter grades (as per UGC/AICTE guidelines) and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed:

Table-5

% of Marks Secured in a Subject/Course (Class Intervals)	Letter Grade (UGC Guidelines)	Grade Points
Greater than or equal to 90%	S (Outstanding)	10
80 and less than 90%	A+ (Excellent)	9
70 and less than 80%	A (Very Good)	8
60 and less than 70%	B+ (Good)	7
50 and less than 60%	B (Average)	6
40 and less than 50%	P (Pass)	5
Below 40%	F (FAIL)	0
Absent	АВ	0

- **9.3** A student who has obtained an **`F'** grade in any subject shall be deemed to have **'failed'** and is required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the Semester End Examination, as and when offered. In such cases, internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- 9.4 To a student who has not appeared for an examination in any subject, 'AB' grade will be allocated in that subject, and he is deemed to have 'Failed'. A student will be required to reappear as a 'supplementary student' in the Semester End Examination, as and when offered next. In this case also, the internal marks in those subjects will remain the same as those obtained earlier.
- **9.5** A letter grade does not indicate any specific percentage of marks secured by the student, but it indicates only the range of percentage of marks.
- **9.6** A student earns Grade Point (GP) in each subject/ course, based on the letter grade secured in that subject/ course. The corresponding Credit Points (CP) are computed by multiplying the grade point with credits for that particular subject/ course.

#### Credit Points (CP) = Grade Point (GP) x Credits .... For a course

- **9.7** A student passes the subject/ course only when **GP** ≥ **5** ('**P**' **grade or above**)
- **9.8** The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated by dividing the sum of Credit Points ( $\Sigma$ CP) secured from all subjects/ courses registered in a semester, by the total number of credits registered during that semester. SGPA is rounded off to **two** decimal places. SGPA is thus computed as

$$SGPA = \frac{(\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i G_i)}{(\sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i)}$$
 ... For each semester

where 'i' is the subject indicator index (considering all subjects in a semester), 'N' is the number of subjects '**registered'** for the semester (as specifically required and listed

under the Course Structure of the parent department),  $C_i$  is the no. of credits allotted to the  $i^{th}$  subject, and  $G_i$  represents the Grade Points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for that  $i^{th}$  subject.

9.9 The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is a measure of the overall cumulative performance of a student in all semesters considered for registration. The CGPA is the ratio of the total Credit Points secured by a student in all registered courses (of 160) in all semesters, and the total number of credits registered in all the semesters. CGPA is rounded off to two decimal places. CGPA is thus computed from the I year II semester onwards at the end of each semester as per the formula

$$CGPA = \frac{\left(\sum_{j=1}^{M} c_{j}G_{j}\right)}{\left(\sum_{j=1}^{M} c_{j}\right)}$$
 ...... For all N semesters registered

#### (i.e., up to and inclusive of N semesters, $N \ge 2$ ),

where 'M' is the **total** no. of subjects (as specifically required and listed under the Course Structure of the parent department) the student has '**registered**' i.e., from the  $1^{\text{st}}$  semester onwards up to and inclusive of the  $8^{\text{th}}$  semester, 'j' is the subject indicator index (takes into account all subjects from 1 to 8 semesters),  $C_j$  is the number of credits allotted to the  $j^{\text{th}}$  subject, and  $G_j$  represents the Grade Points (GP) corresponding to the letter grade awarded for the  $j^{\text{th}}$  subject. After registration and completion of I year I semester, the SGPA of that semester itself may be taken as the CGPA, as there are no cumulative calculations.

#### Illustration of calculation of SGPA:

Course/Subject	Credits	Letter Grade	Grade Points	Credit Points
Course 1	4	Α	8	4 x 8 = 32
Course 2	4	S	10	4 x 10 = 40
Course 3	4	Р	5	4 x 5 = 20
Course 4	3	В	6	3 x 6 = 18
Course 5	3	A+	9	3 x 9 = 27
Course 6	3	Р	5	3 x 5 = 15
	21			152

$$SGPA = 152/21 = 7.24$$

#### Illustration of Calculation of CGPA up to 3rd Semester:

Semester	Course/ Subject Title	Credits Allotted	Letter Grade Secured	Corresponding Grade Point (GP)	Credit Points (CP)
I	Course 1	3	Α	8	24
I	Course 2	3	S	10	30
I	Course 3	3	В	6	18
I	Course 4	4	Α	8	32
I	Course 5	3	A+	9	27
I	Course 6	4	Р	5	20
II	Course 7	4	В	6	24
II	Course 8	4	Α	8	32
II	Course 9	3	Р	5	15
II	Course 10	3	S	10	30

II	Course 11	3	B+	7	21
II	Course 12	4	В	6	24
II	Course 13	4	Α	8	32
II	Course 14	3	S	10	30
III	Course 15	2	Α	8	16
III	Course 16	1	Р	5	5
III	Course 17	4	S	10	40
III	Course 18	3	B+	7	21
III	Course 19	4	В	6	24
III	Course 20	4	Α	8	32
III	Course 21	3	B+	7	21
	Total Credits	69		Total Credit Points	518

#### CGPA = 518/69 = 7.51

The calculation process of CGPA illustrated above will be followed for each subsequent semester until 8<sup>th</sup> semester. The CGPA obtained at the end of 8<sup>th</sup> semester will become the final CGPA secured for entire B.Tech. programme.

- **9.10** For merit ranking or comparison purposes or any other listing, **only** the **'rounded off'** values of the CGPAs will be used.
- **9.11** SGPA and CGPA of a semester will be mentioned in the semester Memorandum of Grades if all subjects of that semester are passed in first attempt. Otherwise, the SGPA and CGPA shall be mentioned only on the Memorandum of Grades in which sitting he passed his last exam of subjects of that semester. However, mandatory courses will not be taken into consideration.

#### 10.0 Passing Standards

- **10.1** A student shall be declared successful or 'passed' in a semester, if he secures a  $GP \ge 5$  ('**P'** grade or above) in every subject/course in that semester (i.e. when the student gets an  $SGPA \ge 5.0$  at the end of that particular semester); and he shall be declared successful or 'passed' in the entire undergraduate programme, only when he gets a  $CGPA \ge 5.00$  ('**P'** grade or above) for the award of the degree as required.
- 10.2 After the completion of each semester, a grade card or grade sheet shall be issued to all the registered students of that semester, indicating the letter grades and credits earned. It will show the details of the courses registered (course code, title, number of credits, grade earned, etc.) and credits earned. There is NO exemption of credits in any case.

#### 11.0 Declaration of results

- **11.1** Computation of SGPA and CGPA are done using the procedure listed from 9.6 to 9.9.
- **11.2** For final percentage of marks equivalent to the computed final CGPA, the following formula may be used.

% of Marks = (Final CGPA 
$$- 0.5$$
) x 10

#### 12.0 Award of Degree

**12.1** A student who registers for all the specified subjects/ courses as listed in the Course Structure and secures the required number of 160 credits (with CGPA  $\geq$ 5.0), within 8 academic years from the date of commencement of the first academic year, shall be declared to have '**qualified'** for the award of B.Tech. degree in the branch of Engineering selected at the time of admission.

- **12.2** A student who qualifies for the award of the degree as listed in item 12.1 shall be placed in the following classes:
- **12.2.1** A student with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) > 8.00 and fulfilling the following conditions shall be placed in **`First Class with Distinction'**. However, he
  - (i) Should have passed all the subjects/courses in **'First Appearance'** within the first 4 academic years (or 8 sequential semesters) from the date of commencement of first year first semester.
  - (ii) Should not have been detained or prevented from writing the Semester End Examinations in any semester due to shortage of attendance or any other reason.

A student not fulfilling any of the above conditions with final CGPA > 8 shall be placed in **`First Class'.** 

- **12.2.2** Students with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme)  $\geq$  7.0 but <8.00 shall be placed in **'First Class'.**
- **12.2.3** Students with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme)  $\geq$  6.00 but <7.00, shall be placed in '**Second Class'**.
- **12.2.4** All other students who qualify for the award of the degree (as per item 12.1), with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) ≥ 5.00 but < 6, shall be placed in `Pass Class'.
- **12.2.5** A student with final CGPA (at the end of the undergraduate programme) < 5.00 will not be eligible for award of degree.
- **12.3** Students fulfilling the conditions listed under item 12.2.1 alone will be eligible for award of **'Gold Medal'**.

#### 12.4 Award of 2-Year B.Tech. Diploma Certificate

- 1. A student is awarded 2-Year UG Diploma Certificate in the concerned engineering branch on completion of all the academic requirements and earning all 80 credits (within 4 years from the date of admission) up to B. Tech. II Year II Semester if the student wants to exit the 4-Year B. Tech. programmme and requests for the 2-year B.Tech (UG) Diploma Certificate.
- 2. Once a student opts for and is awarded 2-Year UG Diploma Certificate, the student will be permitted to join in B. Tech. III Year I Semester and continue for completion of remaining years of study for 4-Year B. Tech. Degree ONLY in the next academic year along with the next batch of students. However, if any student wishes to continue study after opting for exit, he/she should register for the subjects/courses in III Year I Semester before the commencement of classwork for that semester.
- 3. The students, who exit the 4-Year B. Tech. program after II Year of study and wish to re-join the B.Tech. programmme, must submit the 2-Year B. Tech. (UG) Diploma Certificate awarded to him, subject to the eligibility for completion of Course/Degree.
- 4. A student may be permitted to take one year break after completion of II Year II Semester or B. Tech. III Year II Semester (with permission from the Principal of the college well in advance) and can re-enter the course in the next Academic Year in the same college and complete the course on fulfilling all the academic credentials within a stipulated duration i.e., double the duration of the course (Ex. within 8 Years for the 4-Year program).

#### 13.0 Withholding of results

**13.1** If the student has not paid the fees to the College at any stage or has dues pending due to any reason whatsoever, or if any case of indiscipline is pending, the result of the

student may be withheld, and the student will not be allowed to go into the next higher semester. The award or issue of the degree may also be withheld in such cases.

#### 14.0 Transitory Regulations

- A. For students detained due to shortage of attendance:
  - A Student who has been detained in the I year of R18 Regulations due to lack of attendance shall be permitted to join I year I Semester of R22 Regulations and he is required to complete the study of B.Tech. programme within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the date of first admission in I Year.
  - 2. A student who has been detained in any semester of II, III, and IV years of R18 Regulations for want of attendance, shall be permitted to join the corresponding semester of R22 Regulations and is required to complete the study of B.Tech. within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the date of the first admission in I Year. The R22 Academic Regulations under which a student has been readmitted shall be applicable to that student from that semester. See rule (C) for further Transitory Regulations.
- B. For students detained due to shortage of credits:
  - 3. A student of R18 Regulations who has been detained due to lack of credits, shall be promoted to the next semester of R22 Regulations only after acquiring the required number of credits as per the corresponding regulations of his/her first admission. The total credits required are 160 including both R18 & R22 Regulations. The student is required to complete the study of B.Tech. within the stipulated period of eight academic years from the year of first admission. The R22 Academic Regulations are applicable to a student from the year of readmission. See rule (C) for further Transitory Regulations.
- C. For readmitted students in R22 Regulations:
  - 4. A student who has failed in any subject under any regulation has to pass those subjects under the same regulations.
  - 5. The maximum number of credits that a student acquires for the award of a degree, shall be the sum of the total number of credits secured in all the regulations of his/her study including R22 Regulations. There is NO exemption of credits in any case.
  - 6. If a student is readmitted to R22 Regulations and has any subject with 80% of the syllabus common with his/her previous regulations, that particular subject in R22 Regulations will be substituted by another subject to be suggested by the College.

Note: If a student readmitted to R22 Regulations has not studied any subjects/topics in his/her earlier regulations of study which is a prerequisite for further subjects in R22 Regulations, the Heads of Departments concerned shall conduct remedial classes to cover those subjects/topics for the benefit of the students.

#### 15.0 Student Transfers

- (a) There shall be no branch transfers after completion of the admission process.
- (b) A student seeking transfer to CVR College of Engineering from other Institutions affiliated to the JNTUH, after obtaining necessary permission from the State Government/ University must pass all the subjects at the previous institution.
- (c) In case the student has failed in any subject, he has to take equivalent subject offered by this college and get a Pass grade. He should also obtain a Pass grade in those subjects of this college which the student has not studied at the previous institution, up to that semester when transfer was effective.

- (d) For such of those transferred students with backlogs, the college will provide one chance to write the internal examinations in the failed subject and/or subject not studied in the curriculum of this college.
- (e) Further, though the students have passed some of the subjects at the earlier institutions, if the same subjects are prescribed in different semesters of CVR College of Engineering, the students must study those subjects in spite of the fact that those subjects are repeated.
- (f) Equivalent subjects will be notified by the college if required, on case-to-case basis as received from the University/as decided by the college. However, in case of Professional Electives and Open Electives, student has to opt for a subject among the subjects listed under each of the electives, as the case may be.
- (g) For the completed semesters which the student studied previously at another institution/under a different scheme, Grade Points will be awarded as per the College rules and CGPA calculated after clearing backlogs, if any.

#### **16.0** Scope

- **16.1** The academic regulations should be read as a whole, for the purpose of any interpretation.
- **16.2** In case of any doubt or ambiguity in interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice Chancellor/Principal is final.
- **16.3** The College may change or amend the academic regulations, course structure or syllabi at any time, and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all students with effect from the dates notified by the college.
- **16.4** Where the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".

#### **MALPRACTICES RULES**

#### **DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS**

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the student:	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in the examination hall, any paper, notebook, programmable calculator, cell phone, pager, palm computer, or any other form of the material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the student is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the student which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other student orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any student or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the students involved. In the case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the student is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The hall ticket of the student is to be canceled.
3	Impersonates any other student in connection with the examination.	The student who has been impersonated shall be expelled from the examination hall. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original student who has been impersonated shall be canceled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) that already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to academic regulations in connection with the forfeiture of the seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

4	Smuggles in the answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to academic regulations in connection with the forfeiture of the seat.
5	Uses objectionable, abusive, or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6	Refuses to obey the orders of the chief superintendent/assistant—superintendent/any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walkout or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in-charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the college campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In the case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the student(s) has (have) already appeared in and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The students also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In the case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police, and a police case is registered against them.
7	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears off the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all the other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all Semester End Examinations. The continuation of the course by the student is subject to the academic regulations in connection with the forfeiture of seat.

8	Possesses any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9	If a student of the college, who is not a student for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clauses 6 to 8.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The student is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the college will be handed over to the police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has already appeared for including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11	Copying is detected based on internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the student has appeared for including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12	If any malpractice is detected which is not included in clauses 1 to 11, it shall be reported to the Dean-Academics for further action to award suitable punishment.	

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#### CVR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

#### II B.Tech. Computer Science and Engineering

I Semester Course Structure

Regulations: R22-CBCS

#### With effect from the Academic Year 2023-24 Onwards

S No.	Course Code	Name of the Course	Cate	g	iods per Week	Credits	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks			Page No.
			0,	L	T/P/D		Internal	External	Total	110.
1	22HS203	Computer Oriented Statistical Methods	BS	3	1	4	40	60	100	3
2	22IT201	Digital Electronics	ES	3	0	3	40	60	100	5
3	22EE205	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering	ES	3	0	3	40	60	100	7
4	22CS201	Discrete Mathematics	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	9
5	22CS202	Object Oriented Programming through Java	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	11
			Practica	S						
6	22EE233	Electrical & Electronics Engineering Lab	ES	0	2	1	40	60	100	13
7	22CS231	Object Oriented Programming through Java Lab	PC	0	3	1.5	40	60	100	14
8	22DT231	Data Visualization Lab	PC	0	3	1.5	40	60	100	16
			Tot	al 15	9	20	320	480	800	
	Total			s	24					
9	22HS231/281	Gender Sensitization Lab	МС	0	2	0	100	0	100	17

#### Service Courses of II B.Tech. I Semester Course Structure

**Regulations: R22-CBCS** 

#### With effect from the Academic Year 2023-24 Onwards

S No.	Course Code	Name of the Course	Categ ory	Periods per Week		Credits	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks			Page No.
			0.7	L	T/P/D		Internal	External	Total	140.
1	22CS201	Discrete Mathematics (CSE- AI&ML, CSE-CS, CSE-DS and IT)	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	9
2	22CS202	Object Oriented Programming through Java (CSE-AI&ML, CSE- CS, CSE-DS and IT)	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	11
3	22CS203/253	Database Management Systems (CSE-AI&ML, CSE-CS and CSE- DS)	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	23
	Practicals									
1	22CS231	Object Oriented Programming through Java Lab (CSE-AI&ML, CSE- CS, CSE-DS and IT)	PC	0	3	1.5	40	60	100	14
2	22CS232/282	Database Management Systems Lab (CSE-AI&ML, CSE-CS and CSE-DS)	PC	0	2	1	40	60	100	31

Note: Lecture Hours (L), Tutorials (T), Practicals (P), Drawing (D) & Credits (C)

HS: Humanities & Sciences BS: Basic Sciences ES: Engineering Sciences

PC: Professional Core MC: Mandatory Course

#### **CVR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**

#### II B.Tech. Computer Science and Engineering

**II Semester Course Structure** 

Regulations: R22-CBCS With effect from the Academic Year 2023-24 Onwards

S No.	Course Code	Name of the Course	Categ ory	Periods per Week		Credits	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks			Page No.
			Oly	L	T/P/D		Internal	External	Total	140.
1	22CS251	Computer Organization and Architecture	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	19
2	22CS252	Advanced Data Structures through Java	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	21
3	22CS253/203	Database Management Systems	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	23
4	22CS254	Software Engineering	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	25
5	22IT252	Operating Systems	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	27
		Prac	ticals							
6	22CS281	Advanced Data Structures through Java Lab	PC	0	2	1	40	60	100	29
7	22CS282/232	Database Management Systems Lab	PC	0	2	1	40	60	100	31
8	22CS283	Operating System and Assembly Language Programming Lab	PC	0	2	1	40	60	100	34
9	22CS284	Real-Time/Field-Based Research Project	PC	0	4	2	50	0	50	
	Total				10	20	370	480	850	
	Total Hours				25					
10	22HS251/201	Constitution of India	MC	3	0	0	100	0	100	36

## Service Courses of II B.Tech. II Semester Course Structure II Semester Course Structure

Regulations: R22-CBCS With effect from the Academic Year 2023-24 Onwards

S No.	Course Code	Name of the Course	Categ ory	Periods per Week		Credits	Scheme of Examination Maximum Marks			Page No.
			0.,	L	T/P/D		Internal	External	Total	140.
1	22CS252	Advanced Data Structures through Java (CSE-AI&ML, CSE- CS, CSE-DS and IT)	PC	3	0	3	40	60	100	21
Practicals										
1	22CS281	Advanced Data Structures through Java Lab (CSE-AI&ML, CSE- CS, CSE-DS and IT)	PC	0	2	1	40	60	100	29

Note: Lecture Hours (L), Tutorials (T), Practicals (P), Drawing (D) & Credits (C)

HS: Humanities & Sciences BS: Basic Sciences ES: Engineering Sciences

PC: Professional Core MC: Mandatory Course

Course Code: 22HS203

#### **COMPUTER ORIENTED STATISTICAL METHODS**

(Common to CSE & IT)

Instruction: 3 Periods/weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: 1Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 4Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

#### Course Objectives: By studying this course students will be able

- 1. To introduce the concepts of Probability and statistics.
- 2. To learn how to apply Probability and Statistics to solve engineering problems.
- 3. To keep a balance between theory and methodology.
- 4. To show the applications of Probability and Statistics in engineering with examples.
- 5. To learn the concepts of stochastic processes and Markov chains.

#### Unit I - Probability

Sample Space, Events, Counting Sample Points, Probability of an Event, Additive Rules, Conditional Probability, Independence and the Product Rule, Bayes' Rule.

**Random Variables and Probability Distributions:** Concept of a Random Variable, Discrete Probability Distributions, Continuous Probability Distributions.

#### Unit II - Expectation and Discrete Distributions

**Expectation:** Mean of a Random Variable, Variance and Covariance of Random Variables, Means and variances of Linear combinations of Random Variables, Chebyshev's Theorem, the definition of bivariate random variables, Concepts and applications of correlation and regression.

Discrete Probability Distributions: Binomial Distribution, Poisson distribution.

#### Unit III - Continuous Probability Distributions and Sampling Distributions

**Continuous Probability Distributions:** Uniform Distribution, Normal Distribution, Areas under the Normal curve, Applications of the Normal Distribution, Normal approximation to Binomial Distribution.

**Fundamental Sampling Distributions:** Random Sampling, Some important statistics, Sampling Distribution, Sampling Distribution of Mean, variance (Chi-square, t, F distribution) (without proof), Central Limit Theorem.

#### **Unit IV - Sample Estimation & Tests of Hypotheses**

**Sample Estimation:** Introduction, Statistical Inference, Classical Methods of Estimation, Prediction Intervals.

**Statistical Hypotheses:** General Concepts, Null Hypothesis, Alternate Hypothesis, Type-I and Type-II errors, critical region, level of Significance, Power of the Test, One-tailed and Two-tailed tests, calculation of p-value.

**Single sample:** Large sample tests concerning single mean and single proportion. Two samples: Large sample tests concerning two means, two proportions and large sample tests concerning variances.

#### Unit V - Stochastic Processes and Markov Chains

Introduction to Stochastic Processes- Markov process, Transition Probability, Transition Probability Matrix, First order and Higher order Markov processes, n-step transition probabilities, Markov chain, Steady state condition, Markov analysis.

#### Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student acquires the ability to

- CO 1 : Compute Probabilities using theorems in probability and probability distributions. CO 2 : Formulate and solve problems involving random variables and apply statistical
  - methods for analyzing experimental data.
- CO 3 : Apply the tools in Probability and Statistics in Engineering.
- CO 4 : Apply the concept of estimation of parameters and testing of hypothesis about the parameters to case studies.
- CO 5 : Correlate the concepts of one unit to the concepts of other units.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists, Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H. Myers, Sharon L. Myers, Keying Ye, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition Pearson Publishers, 2011.
- 2. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, S C Gupta and V K Kapoor, Khanna Publications, 2002.
- 3. Operations Research, S.D.Sharma, Kedarnath and Ramnath Publishers, Meerut, Delhi, 2002.

#### References:

- 1. Fundamentals of Probability and Statistics for Engineers, James T.T. Soong, John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, 2004.
- 2. Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists, Sheldon M Ross, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Academic Press, 2014.
- 3. Probability and Statistics for Engineers, Miller and Freund's, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Educations, 2015.

Course Code: 22IT201

#### **DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**

(Common to CSE and IT)

Instruction: 3 Periods / weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: -Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 3Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To impart basic properties of Boolean algebra and to simplify Boolean functions.
- 2. To design fundamental components of a computer such as multiplexers and registers using combinatorial and sequential circuits.
- To impart skill set to translate Boolean functions into modular programmable components.

#### UNIT - I: Boolean Algebra and Logic Gates

Digital Systems, Binary Numbers, Number base conversions, Octal and Hexadecimal Numbers, complements, Signed binary numbers, Binary codes, Binary Storage and Registers, Binary logic.

Basic Definitions, Axiomatic definition of Boolean Algebra, Basic theorems and properties of Boolean algebra, Boolean functions, canonical and standard forms, other logic operations, Digital logic gates, Integrated circuits.

#### UNIT - II: Gate - Level Minimization

The map method, Four-variable map, Five-Variable map, product of sums simplification, Don't-care conditions, NAND and NOR implementation using Two-level implementations, Exclusive – OR function, Quine-McClusky Method – Row and Colum Dominance.

#### **UNIT - III: Combinational Logic**

Combinational Circuits, Analysis procedure, Design procedure, Binary Adder-Subtractor, Decimal Adder, Binary multiplier, magnitude comparator, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers.

#### **UNIT - IV: Sequential Logic**

Sequential circuits, latches, Flip-Flops, Analysis of clocked sequential circuits, state Reduction and Assignment, Design Procedure. Registers, shift Registers, Ripple counters, synchronous counters, other counters.

#### **UNIT - V: Memories and Asynchronous Sequential Logic**

Introduction, Random-Access Memory, Memory Decoding, Error Detection and correction, Readonly memory, Programmable logic Array, programmable Array logic, Sequential Programmable Devices.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO 1 : Understand and master different number systems and realize the binary operations of Boolean algebra using logic gates.
- CO 2 : Solve gate-level minimization problems using K-map and Quine-Mc Cluskey methods.
- CO 3 : Analyze a given combinational circuit and design a new optimized circuit for a given specification.
- CO 4 : Analyze a given sequential circuit and design an optimal circuit to implement a memory element or a counter.
- CO 5 : Realize Programmable logic elements used in the design of processors and embedded systems.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Digital Design M. Morris Mano, 5th edition, Pearson Education/PHI, 2013.
- Digital Principles and Applications Albert Paul Malvino Donald P. Leach, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, TATA McGraw-Hill, 2014.

#### **References:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Logic Design, Roth, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Thomson.
- 2. Switching and Logic Design, C.V.S. Rao, Pearson Education
- 3. Digital Principles and Design Donald D.Givone, Tata McGraw-Hill, Edition.
- 4. Fundamentals of Digital Logic and Microcomputer Design, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, M. Rafiquzzaman JohnWiley.

Course Code: 22EE205

#### **BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

(Common to CSE & IT)

Instruction:3 Periods/weekContinuous Internal Evaluation:40 MarksTutorial:-Semester End Examination:60 MarksCredits:3Semester End Exam Duration:3 Hours

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Learn the basics of various fundamental laws, analysis of electrical circuits, and study the nature of ac quantities.
- 2 : To study the construction, functioning of different types of electrical machines and their performance.
- 3 : To study the working and applications of various electronic devices.

#### Unit I - Network analysis

Ohm's law, basic circuit components, power and energy calculations, types of elements, Kirchhoff's laws. Resistive, inductive andcapacitive networks, series and parallel circuits, star delta and delta star transformation. Mesh and Nodal Analysis. Principle of superposition, Simple problems.

#### **Alternating Quantities**

Basic definitions: frequency, average values and RMS values of alternating currents and voltage, form factor and peak factor.

#### **Unit II - DC Machines**

Construction of dc machines, DC Generator- working and principle of operation, EMF equation, types of DC Generators. DC Motor - working and principle of operation, types of dc motor, torque equation, losses and efficiency calculations. Simple problems.

#### **Unit III - Transformers**

Principles of operation, Constructional Details, Ideal Transformer and Practical Transformer, Losses, Transformer Test, Efficiency and Regulation Calculations

**3-Phase Induction Machines:** Principle of operation of induction motor, Torque, Slip, Slip – torque characteristics – applications.

#### **Unit IV - Diode Applications**

Rectifiers – Half wave, Full wave and Bridge rectifiers, introduction to filters, Capacitor filter, Zener Diode characteristics Voltage regulationusing Zener Diode, Varactor Diode.

#### **Unit V - Transistor Biasing and Amplifiers**

Need for Biasing, operating point, Bias stability, DC load line, Fixed Bias, Voltage divider Bias, Principal of operation of CE Amplifier.

#### **Components of LT Switchgear:**

Switch Fuse Unit (SFU), MCB, Earthing, Types of Batteries.

#### Course outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- CO 1 : Identify basic circuit components and solve basic electrical and electronic problems using different principles.
- CO 2 : Understand the construction and working of different types of DC machines and calculate the losses and efficiency.
- CO 3 : Understand the Construction and working principle of AC machines and their applications in real time.
- CO 4 : Analyze and design different types of diodes and rectifiers.
- CO 5 : Study different protection devices and basics transistor circuits.

#### **Textbooks:**

- Principles of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, V.K.Mehta, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, S.Chand & Co, 2014.
- Electronics Devices and Circuits, S Salivahanan & N SureshKumar, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill, 2017.

#### References:

- 1. Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering-S. K.Bhattacharya, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson Education India, 2017.
- Basic Electrical Engineering, D Kothari, I Nagrath, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.
- 3. Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering, J. B. Gupta, S.K.Kataria & Sons, 2013.
- 4. Electronics Devices and Circuits, R.L. Boylestand and Louis Nashelsky, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2006.

Course Code: 22CS201

#### **DISCRETE MATHEMATICS**

(Common to CSE, CSE-AI&ML, CSE-CS, CSE-DS and IT)

Instruction: 3 Periods/weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: -Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 3Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To inculcate mathematical thinking and problem-solving skills in Logic, Relations, and Inferences.
- 2. To expose students to a wide variety of mathematical concepts that are used in Computer Science based on Number Theory and Combinatorics.
- 3. To represent real-world problems over Graphs and solve similarity and traversal related problems.

#### **Unit I - Mathematical Logic**

Statements and notations, connectives, Well Formed Formulas, Truth tables, tautology, equivalence implication, Normal forms, Predicative logic, Quantifiers, universal quantifiers, Free & Bound variables.

#### Unit II - Inference and Relations

Rules of inference, Consistency, Proof by contradiction, Automatic Theorem proving, and Applications.

Properties of binary Relations, Equivalence, Transitive closure, Compatibility & Partial ordering Relations, Lattice and its properties, Hasse Diagram. Recursive functions, and Applications.

#### **Unit III - Algebraic structures**

Algebraic systems Examples and general properties, semi-groups and Monoids, Groups, subgroups, Homomorphism & Isomorphism, and Applications

#### **Unit IV - Elementary Combinatorics and Recurrence Relations**

The principle of inclusion and exclusion, Binomial Coefficients, Binomial & Multinomial theorems, Pigeon hole principle, and its applications.

Generating Functions-Generating Functions of sequences, calculating the coefficient of generating function and applications. Recurrence Relations- Homogeneous and non-homogeneous, and their solutions.

#### Unit V - Graph Theory

Basic Concepts, Isomorphism and Subgraphs, Planar Graphs, Euler's Formula, Multi-graphs and Euler Circuits, Hamiltonian Graphs, Chromatic Numbers, The Four-Color Problem.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO 1 : Apply formal logic proofs and/or informal, but rigorous, logical reasoning to evolve theoretical proofs to real problems, such as predicting the behavior of software or solving problems such as puzzles.
- CO 2 : Apply the logical notations to define and reason about fundamental mathematical concepts such as sets, and relations and exercise the guidelines for constructing valid arguments. A representation of a partially ordered set such as a lattice as a directed graph.

- CO 3 : Define Group properties and construct simple functions that preserve the algebraic structures over groups.
- CO 4 : Solve counting problems efficiently by applying the principle of inclusion and exclusion and solve recurrence relations.
- CO 5 : Characterize edge preserving similarity between two graphs and verify the Eulerian property of graphs.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, J.P. Tremblay, and R. Manohar, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 2008.
- 2. Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists & Mathematicians, J.L. Mott., A. Kandel and T.P. Baker, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Prentice Hall, 2009.

#### References:

- 1. Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Kenneth H.Rosen, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, TMH, 2015.
- 2. Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics- An Applied Introduction, Ralph P. Grimaldi, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 3. Elements of Discrete Mathematics A computer Oriented Approach, C L Liu, and D P Mohapatra, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.

Course Code: 22CS202

#### **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA**

(Common to CSE, CSE -AI&ML, CSE-CS, CSE-DS and IT)

Instruction : 3Periods / week Continuous Internal Evaluation : 40 Marks
Tutorial : - Semester End Examination : 60 Marks
Credits : 3 Semester End Exam Duration : 3 Hours

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand and apply various object-oriented programming features like abstraction, encapsulation, inheritance and polymorphism to solve various computing problems using Java language.
- 2. To identify, define and implement exception handling and multi-threading mechanisms in application domains.
- To design and develop GUI applications using AWT & Swings and Understanding of the new features.

#### Unit I - Introduction to Java and Building Blocks of Java

**Basics of Java-** History/Background of Java, Java Buzzwords, Java Virtual Machine and Byte code, Java Environment setup, Java Program structure, Data Types, Variables- Scope and Life Time, Operators, Expressions, Type Conversions and Type casting, Conditional statements and Control statements, Simple Java Programs, javac and java command flags.

**OOP Concepts –I:** Encapsulation- Classes and Objects, Classes: Class structure, class components, Objects: Object declaration, Reference variables, Constructors - default Constructor, Parameterized Constructors, Constructor overloading, this keyword and its uses, arrays concept, static modifier, access modifiers, Wrapper classes.

**Methods** - Passing parameters to methods - Passing primitive types and Passing Objects, getters and setters, Method Overloading, Command line arguments, garbage collection-java.lang.System.gc(), finalize(). **String Handling** - String class, String APIs, String Buffer and String Builder classes.

#### Unit II - OOP Concepts -II

**Inheritance**- Inheritance concept, super class and subclass relationship, Object class, principle of substitution, effect of access modifiers on inheritance. Usage of super (field, method, constructor) and final(field, class, method) keywords.

**Polymorphism-** method overriding, Dynamic method dispatch, Abstract classes and Interfaces - Abstract classes - concept, usage, Interfaces - declaration, implementation, components of an interface, extending interfaces.

**Packages** – package access, CLASSPATH, package access rules, sealed classes, hidden classes, Introduction to Java standard library and Java documentation.

#### Unit III - Dealing exceptions and I/O

**Exception Handling:** Fundamentals of exception handling, benefits of exception handling, Exception types, Termination or presumptive models, Uncaught exceptions, using try and catch, multiple catch clauses, nested try statements, exception hierarchy, throw, throws and finally, built in Exceptions, Custom exceptions, Throwable Class.

**Java I/O-**Byte streams, character streams, Scanner class, Console class, Serialization and Serializable interface, File class.

#### Unit IV - Multithreading and Modules

**Multithreading-**Fundamentals, Thread Life Cycle, Ways of creating threads - Thread class and Runnable interface, Thread priorities, creating multiple threads, core methods of Thread class, Thread Synchronization, inter thread communication.

**Annotations-** Annotation Basics, specifying a Retention Policy, the Annotated Element Interface, Using Default Values, Marker Annotations, Single – Member Annotations.

**Modules:** Module Basics-module, exports, require, transitive, java.base and the Platform Modules, Unnamed Module, Specific Module.

#### **Unit V - GUI Development**

**AWT -** Basics of GUI Programming, Event handling – Delegation event model, event sources, event listeners, event classes, adapter classes: nested classes and interfaces, anonymous inner classes handling keyboard and mouse events.

**Swing**- MVC Architecture, Containers, components, layout managers, frames and windows, panels, buttons, checkboxes, radio buttons, combo boxes, lists, labels, color choosers, file choosers, text fields, text areas, tool tips.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, student should be able to

- CO 1 : Design and implement object-oriented concepts like encapsulation, abstraction and data hiding using programming constructs offered by java language.
- CO 2 : Realize the power of inheritance, interfaces, and packages.
- CO 3 : Understand and demonstrate the concepts of exception handling and java io streams.
- CO 4 : Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of multi-threading, annotations, and modules in Java.
- CO 5 : Design and develop java applications using AWT & Swings and make use of the advanced features for providing solutions to real world problems.

#### **Textbooks:**

- Java: The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, 11<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill Education, Oracle Press, 2019.
- 2. Head First Java, Kathy Sierra and Bert Bates, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, O'Reilly Media, 2005.

#### References:

- Core Java Volume I- Fundamentals, Cay S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Prentice Hall, 2012.
- 2. Core Java Volume II- Advanced Features, Cay S. Horstmann and Gary Cornell,  $9^{\rm th}$  edition, Prentice Hall, 2013.

Course Code: 22EE233

# **ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB**

(Common to CSE & IT)

Instruction:2 Periods / weekContinuous Internal Evaluation:40 MarksTutorial:-Semester End Examination:60 MarksCredits:1Semester End Exam Duration:3 Hours

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1 : Students analyze various electrical parameters and different theorems.
- 2 : Students can understand working and operation of different electrical machines.
- 3 : Students learn working and applications of various semiconductor devices.

#### **List of the Experiments:**

#### Part-A

# (Any 5 experiments from below given list)

- 1. Verification of Superposition principle with Resistive load
- 2. Verification of voltage division and current division in series & parallel circuits
- 3. Magnetization characteristics of D. C Shunt generator.
- 4. Swinburne's Test on DC shunt machine (Predetermination of efficiency of a given DC shunt machine working as motor and generator).
- 5. O. C & S. C tests on Single-phase transformer. (Predetermination of efficiency and regulation at given power factors and determination of Equivalent circuit)
- 6. Measurement of RMS and average values of AC quantities.

#### Part-B

# (Any 5 experiments from below given list)

- 1. Zener diode characteristics
- 2. Rectifier without filters (HWR and FWR)
- 3. Rectifier with filters (HWR and FWR)
- 4. Bridge rectifier
- 5. Design of Voltage divider bias Circuit
- 6. Frequency response of Common Emitter Amplifier

## Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO 1 : Understand and verify superposition principle.

CO 2 : Determine currents and voltages in parallel and series circuits.

CO 3 : Analyze the performance characteristics of various electrical machines.

CO 4 : Design Rectifier circuits.

CO 5 : Understand the basic transistor biasing techniques.

#### **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA LAB**

(Common to CSE, CSE -AI&ML, CSE-CS, CSE-DS and IT)

Instruction : 3 Periods/week Continuous Internal Evaluation : 40 Marks
Tutorial : - Semester End Examination : 60 Marks
Credits : 1.5 Semester End Exam Duration : 3 Hours

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To set up the necessary environment for running java applications.
- 2. To implement the basic concepts of object-oriented programming.
- 3. To implement the practical aspects of exception handling, multithreading mechanisms and Java I/O.
- 4. To be able to design and implement applications using GUI components.

#### **Lab Problems:**

- 1. a. Write a program to implement the different types of operators, to perform the following tasks: comparison of values, simple arithmetic, bit–wise operations.
  - b. Write a program to check and print the grade of a student when the score is given as an integer. Use a switch statement. Rewrite the program to use a sequence of if-else statements.
  - c. Write a program to demonstrate the command-line arguments.
- 2. a. Write a program to demonstrate the task of overloading of constructors and methods.
  - b. Write a program to understand the concept of type casting.
- 3. a. Use an array of integers and find the sum and average of the elements of that array.
  - b. Practice further programs on the usage of arrays.
- 4. a. Write a program to utilize both standard and custom packages. The program should reflect the usage of packages in a correct manner, along with the purpose of access modifiers.
  - b. Write a program to use gc() method of both System and Runtime classes. Experiment with other methods of those classes.
- 5. a. write a program using the hierarchy of employees in a university.
  - b. Write a program to understand polymorphic invocation of methods, while overriding the methods. Use an employee base class and manager sub class; override the computeSalary() method to illustrate the concept.
  - c. Develop an application that uses inheritance. Use the class Account and then subclass it into different account types. Then making use of Customer and Employee classes to develop the application to reflect the nature of banking operations. Use minimum operational sequence.
- 6. a. Demonstrate the use of abstract classes. Write a Person abstract class and then subclass that into Student and Faculty classes. Use appropriate fields and methods.
  - b. Write a program to demonstrate the usage of interfaces.
- 7. a. Write a program to understand the full capability of String class. Implement as many methods as required. Consult API documentation to read through the methods.
  - b. Write programs using StringBuffer and StringBuilder library classes.
- 8. a. Write a program to demonstrate the usage of try and associated keywords. Introduce bugs into the program to raise exceptions and then catch and process them.
  - b. Learn how to create and use custom exceptions.
  - c. Experiment on using various methods of Throwable, Exception classes and Practice on chaining the exceptions.
- 9. a. Using byte streams, write a program to both read from and write to files.
  - b. Using FileReader and FileWriter, write a program to perform file copying and any other suitable operations.
  - c. Write a Java Program that displays the number of characters, lines and words in a text file.
- 10. a. Use the classes StringTokenizer, StringReader and StringWriterto write a program to find the capabilities of these classes.
  - b. Write a program to demonstrate enumerations and usage of Assertions.
  - c. Demonstrate assertions through simple programs.
- 11. a. Write programs to illustrate the use of Thread class and Runnable interface.

- b. Write a program to show the assignment of thread priorities.
- c. Write a program to synchronize threads. Use Producer and Consumer problem to illustrate the concept.
- 12. a. Create simple advanced calculator, which checks whether a number is prime, calculates the sum of 'N' prime numbers, checks whether a number is even, and calculates the sum of 'N' even and odd numbers using modules.
  - b. Write a java program to perform the operations: sort and search on an array of integers and define the following: i. Simple Junit testcases ii. Multiple testcases iii. Suite test
- 13. a. Write a program to design a frame and control its various display properties.
  - b. Write a program to understand the Keyboard and Mouse Events using adapter classes.
- 14. a. Write a program to demonstrate any layout manager. Use a suitable application.
  - b. Write a GUI based application to demonstrate the usage of various javax.swing components and the corresponding event handling techniques.

# Course Outcomes: At the end of the course a student should be able to

- CO 1 : Implement object-oriented concepts like encapsulation, data hiding, and abstraction using programming constructs offered by java language.
- CO 2 : Develop java programs to realize the power of inheritance, interfaces, and packages.
- CO 3 : Develop java programs to demonstrate the concepts of exception handling and I/O streams.
- CO 4 : Implement java applications using a multithreading mechanism and understand the power of modules.
- CO 5 : Use graphical user interfaces to create Frames for providing solutions to real-world problems.

- 1. Java: The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, 10<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill Education, Oracle Press, 2017.
- 2. Head First Java, Kathy Sierra and Bert Bates, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, O'Reilly Media, 2005.
- 3. https://junit.org/junit5/docs/current/user-guide/#running-tests-junit-platform-runner.

Course Code: 22DT231

## **DATA VISUALIZATION LAB**

(Common to CSE, CSE-CS, CSE-DS & IT)

Instruction: 3 Periods/weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: -Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 1.5Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Understand the various types of data, apply and evaluate the principles of data visualization.
- 2. Acquire skills to apply visualization techniques to a problem and its associated dataset.

## **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Understanding Data types & creating respective charts at Univariate, Bivariate and Multivariate.
- 2. Creating dashboards for effective data visualization.
- 3. Acquiring and plotting data.
- 4. Statistical Analysis such as Multivariate Analysis, PCA, LDA, Correlation regression and analysis of variance.
- 5. Financial analysis using Clustering, Histogram and HeatMap.
- 6. Time-series analysis stock market.
- 7. Visualization of various massive dataset Finance Healthcare Census Geospatial.
- 8. Visualization on streaming dataset (Stock market dataset, weather forecasting).
- 9. Market-Basket Data analysis-visualization.
- 10. Text visualization using web analytics

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- CO 1: Identify the different data types, visualization types to bring out the insight.
- CO 2: Relate the visualization towards the problem based on the dataset to analyze and bring outvaluable insight on a large dataset.
- CO 3: Demonstrate the analysis of a large dataset using various visualization techniques and tools.
- CO 4: Identify the different attributes and showcasing them in plots. Identify and create various visualizations for geospatial and table data.
- CO 5: Ability to create and interpret plots using R/Python.

- 1. Robert Spence "Information visualization Design for interaction", Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2007.
- Alexandru C. Telea, "Data Visualization: Principles and Practice," A. K. Peters Ltd, 2008.

Course Code: 22HS231/281

#### **GENDER SENSITIZATION LAB**

(Mandatory Course) (Common to all Branches)

Instruction : 2 Periods/week Sessional Marks : 100

Credits : 0

# **Course Description:**

This course offers an introduction to Gender Studies, an interdisciplinary field that asks critical questions about the meanings of sex and gender in society. The primary goal of this course is to familiarize students with key issues, questions and debates in Gender Studies, both historical and contemporary. It draws on multiple disciplines – such as literature, history, economics, psychology, sociology, philosophy, political science, anthropology and media studies – to examine cultural assumptions about sex, gender, and sexuality.

This course integrates analysis of current events through student presentations, aiming to increase awareness of contemporary and historical experiences of women, and of the multiple ways that sex and gender interact with race, class, caste, nationality and other social identities. This course also seeks to build an understanding and initiate and strengthen programmes combating gender-based violence and discrimination. The course also features several exercises and reflective activities designed to examine the concepts of gender, gender-based violence, sexuality, and rights. It will further explore the impact of gender-based violence on education, health and development.

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. : To develop students' sensibility with regard to issues of gender in contemporary India.
- 2. : To provide a critical perspective on the socialization of men and women
- 3. : To introduce students to information about some key biological aspects of genders
- 4. : To expose the students to debates on the politics and economics of work
- 5. : To help students reflect critically on gender violence and to support a sustainable gender-equal society.

# Unit I - Understanding Gender

Introduction: Definition of Gender-Basic Gender Concepts and Terminology-Exploring Attitudes towards Gender-Construction of Gender-Socialization: Making Women, Making Men -Preparing for Womanhood. Growing up Male. First lessons in Caste.

# **Unit II Gender Roles and Relations**

Two or Many? -Struggles with Discrimination-Gender Roles and Relations-Types of Gender Roles-Gender Roles and Relationships Matrix-Missing Women-Sex Selection and Its Consequences-Declining Sex Ratio. Demographic Consequences-Gender Spectrum: Beyond the Binary

# Unit III - Gender and Labour

Division and Valuation of Labour-Housework: The Invisible Labor- "My Mother doesn't Work." "Share the Load."-Work: Its Politics and Economics -Fact and Fiction. Unrecognized and Unaccounted work.

-Gender Development Issues-Gender, Governance, and Sustainable Development- Gender and Human Rights-Gender and Mainstreaming

#### Unit IV - Gender-Based Violence

The Concept of Violence- Types of Gender-based Violence-Gender-based Violence from a Human Rights Perspective-Sexual Harassment: Say No!-Sexual Harassment, not Eve-teasing- Coping with Everyday Harassment- Further Reading: "Chupulu".

Domestic Violence: Speaking Out: Is Home a Safe Place? -When Women Unite [Film]. Rebuilding Lives. Thinking about Sexual Violence Blaming the Victim-"I Fought for my Life...."

#### Unit V Gender and Culture

Gender and Film-Gender and Electronic Media-Gender and Advertisement-Gender and Popular Literature- Gender Development Issues-Gender Sensitive Language-Gender and Popular Literature - Just Relationships: Being Together as Equals

Mary Kom and Onler. Love and Acid just do not Mix. Love Letters. Mothers and Fathers. Rosa Parks-The Brave Heart.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- CO 1 : Students will have developed a better understanding of important issues related to gender in contemporary India.
- CO 2 : Students will be sensitized to basic dimensions of the biological, sociological, psychological and legal aspects of gender.
- CO 3 : Students will attain a finer grasp of the biological spheres of gender in our society and how to counter it.
- CO 4 : Students will acquire insight into the gendered division of labor and its relation to politics and Economics.
- CO 5 : Students will develop a sense of appreciation for women in all walks of life and contribute to establish an egalitarian society.

# Textbook:

1. Towards a World of Equals: A Bilingual Textbook on Gender, A. Suneetha, Uma Bhrugubanda, Duggirala Vasanta, Rama Melkote, Vasudha Nagaraj, Asma Rasheed, Gogu Shyamala, Deepa Sreenivas and Susie Tharu, Telugu Academy, Telangana Government, 2015.

## **COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE**

Instruction: 3 Periods/weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: -Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 3Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

Pre-requisite: A Course on "Digital Electronics".

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. The purpose of the course is to introduce principles of computer organization and basic architectural concepts.
- 2. It begins with the basic organization, design, and programming of a simple digital computer and introduces simple register transfer language to specify various computer operations.
- Topics include computer arithmetic, instruction set design, microprogrammed control unit, pipelining and vector processing, memory organization and I/O systems, and multiprocessors.

#### Unit I

**Digital Computers**: Introduction, Block diagram of Digital Computer, Definition of Computer Organization, Computer Design, and Computer Architecture.

**Register Transfer Language and Micro operations**: Register Transfer language, Register Transfer, Bus and memory transfers, Arithmetic Micro operations, logic micro-operations, shift micro-operations, Arithmetic logic shift unit.

**Basic Computer Organization and Design**: Instruction codes, Computer Registers Computer instructions, Timing and Control, Instruction cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, Input-Output and Interrupt.

# **Unit II**

**Microprogrammed Control**: Control memory, Address sequencing, microprogram example, design of control unit.

**Central Processing Unit:** General Register Organization, Instruction Formats, Addressing modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, and Program Control.

## **Unit III**

**Data Representation:** Data types, Complements, Fixed Point Representation, Floating Point Representation.

**Computer Arithmetic:** Addition and subtraction, multiplication Algorithms, Division Algorithms, Floating-point Arithmetic operations. Decimal Arithmetic unit, Decimal Arithmetic operations.

## **Unit IV**

**Input-Output Organization:** Input-Output Interface, Asynchronous data transfer, Modes of Transfer, Priority Interrupt, Direct Memory Access.

**Memory Organization:** Memory Hierarchy, Main Memory, Auxiliary memory, Associate Memory, Cache Memory.

# Unit V

Reduced Instruction Set Computer: CISC Characteristics, RISC Characteristics.

**Pipeline and Vector Processing:** Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction Pipeline, RISC Pipeline, Vector Processing, Array Processor.

**Multi Processors:** Characteristics of Multiprocessors, Interconnection Structures, Interprocessor arbitration, Inter-processor communication and synchronization, Cache Coherence.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

CO1 : Understand the basics of instruction sets and their impact on processor design.
CO2 : Demonstrate an understanding of the design of the functional units of a digital computer system.

CO3 : Evaluate cost performance and design trade-offs in designing and constructing a computer processor including memory

CO4 : Design a pipeline for consistent execution of instructions with minimum hazards.

CO5 : Recognize and manipulate representations of numbers stored in digital computers.

#### **Textbooks:**

1. Computer System Architecture – M. Morris Mano, Third Edition, Pearson/PHI, 2014.

- Computer Organization Carl Hamacher, Zvonks Vranesic, SafeaZaky, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Mc Graw Hill, 2011.
- 2. Computer Organization and Architecture William Stallings 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson/PHI, 2002.
- 3. Structured Computer Organization Andrew S. Tanenbaum, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, PHI/Pearson, 2013.

#### ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES THROUGH JAVA

(Common to CSE, CSE -AI&ML, CSE-CS, CSE-DS and IT)

Instruction: 3 Periods / weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: --Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 3Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the importance of generic programming, Java's collection framework and functional programming.
- 2. To implement various basic data structures like stacks, queues, linked lists etc. using user defined generic classes and java's collection classes.
- 3. To learn various data structures for implementing dictionaries.

## **Unit I - Generics and Functional Programming**

**Generics:** Introduction to Generics, simple Generics examples, Generic Types, Generic methods, Bounded Type Parameters and Wild cards, Inheritance & Sub Types, Generic super class and sub class, Type Inference, Restrictions on Generics.

**Functional Programming:** Functional Interfaces – Function, BiFunction, Predicate, and Supplier, Lambda Expression Fundamentals, Block Lambda Expressions, Passing Lambda Expressions as Arguments, Lambda Expressions and Exceptions, Variable Capture, Method References.

## Unit II - 1D and 2D Collections & Stream API

**1D Collection:** 1D Collection Interfaces: Collection, Set, List, NavigableSet, SortedSet, Queue, Deque. 1D Collection Classes-Hash Set, Linked HashSet, TreeSet, ArrayList, LinkedList.

**2D Collection**: 2D Collection Interfaces-Map, NavigableMap, SortedMap, 2D Collection Classes-HashMap, LinkedHashMap, TreeMap.

**Stream API:** Stream basics, Stream Interface, Intermediate operations – map(), filter(), distinct(), sorted(), limit(), skip(), Terminal operations – forEach(), reduce(), collect(), min(), max(), count().

#### **Unit III - Dictionaries**

Introduction: Dictionary definition, Dictionary ADT.

#### **Dictionaries Implementation-I:**

**Linear List Representation:** Basics of linear list, implementation of sorted list using user defined generic classes and, LinkedList Collections class.

**Hashing:** basics, closed hashing – linear probing, quadratic probing, double hashing, rehashing, extendible hashing and their implementation, open hashing-separate chaining and its implementation using user defined generic classes.

**Binary Search Trees:** definition and basics, implementation of operations-searching, non-recursive traversals, insertion and deletion using user defined generic classes.

# **Unit IV - Dictionaries Implementation-II**

**AVL Tree:** definition, the height of an AVL tree, representation, operations-rotations, insertion, searching, deletion and, their implementation using Java's Collection framework.

Red-Black Binary search trees: definition, insertion, deletion, and search operations.

## Unit V - B-Trees and Priority Queues

**B-Tree**: B-Tree of order m, the height of a B-Tree, searching, insertion, and deletion operations.

**Priority Queue:** definition, max and min heaps, realizing priority queues using heaps, operations-insertion, deletion, and their implementation using user-defined generic classes, heap sort and its implementation using user-defined generic classes.

# Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- CO 1 : Realize the power of generics and functional programming in java.
- CO 2 : Understand Java's Collection class hierarchy and also know the power of data processing using streams.
- CO 3 : Implement dictionaries using linear lists, hashing & binary search tree and compare their performances.
- CO 4 : Implement dictionaries using an AVL tree and red, black tree.
- CO 5 : Understand the advantages of B-trees and Priority Queues.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Java: The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, 10<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill Education, Oracle Press, 2017.
- 2. Data Structures and Problem-Solving Using Java, Mark A. Weiss, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2009.

- 1. Data Structures and Algorithms in Java, Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Michael H. Goldwasser, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Wiley Publications, 2014.
- 2. Data Structures, Algorithms, And Applications in Java, Sartaj Sahni, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Universities Press, 2005.
- 3. Data Structures: Abstraction and Design Using Java, Elliot B. Koffman, Paul A. T.Wolfgang. 2<sup>nd</sup> second Edition, Wiley publications, January 2010.
- 4. Head First Java, Kathy Sierra and Bert Bates, 2nd edition, OREILLY publications, 2005.

Course Code: 22CS253/203

#### **DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**

(Common to CSE, CSE-AI&ML, CSE-CS and CSE-DS)

Instruction: 3 Periods/weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: -Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 3Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

## **Course Objectives:**

1 : To introduce the role of database management systems in an organization.

2 : To represent real-world scenarios using E-R diagrams.

3 : To model the database using relations avoiding redundancies.

4 : To learn transaction management and concurrency protocols to ensure data

consistency.

5 : To understand the database file organization system and database recovery

techniques.

#### Unit I - Introduction to DBMS

History of DBMS, Concepts, and overview of DBMS, Data models - ERmodel, Relational model, Levels of Abstraction in DBMS, Database Languages, Architecture of DBMS, Data Base Users and Administrators.

## **ER-Model**

Database design and ER model, ER modeling Constructs, Additional features of ER Model, Class Hierarchies, Aggregation, Conceptual Design with ER model, Case study: ER design for Large Enterprises.

# Unit II - Relational Algebra and Calculus

Introduction to the relational model, Logical Database Design- ER to Relational, Relational Algebra - Selection and Projection, Set operations, Renaming, joins, Examples of Relational Algebra Relational Calculus- Tuple relational Calculus, Domain relational calculus.

# **Introduction to Structured Query Language**

Form of Basic SQL Query, Examples of Basic SQL Queries, Introduction to Nested Queries, Correlated Nested Queries, Set Comparison Operator-Aggregate Operators, NULL values and Comparison using Null values, Logical connectivity's – AND, OR and NOT, OUTER Joins, Disallowing NULL Values.

## Unit III - PL/SQL

Data Types, Declaration of Variables, Strings, Control Conditional Statements, Functions, Procedures, Cursors, and Triggers.

# **Schema Refinement**

Introduction to schema refinement, Problems caused by decomposition, Functional dependencies (FDs) and reasoning about FDs, Normal Forms (NF) – 1NF, 2NF, 3NF and BCNF, Properties of Decomposition, Schema Refinement in Data Base Design, Case studies using Normal Forms

## **Unit IV - Transaction Management**

Transaction concept & state, Implementation of atomicity and durability, Concurrent executions of atransaction, Serializability and Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for serializability, Lock-Based Protocols, Graph-Based Protocol, Timestamp-Based Protocols, Validation-Based, Protocols, Multiple Granularity.

#### Unit V - Database File Organization and Recovery

## **Data Base File Organization**

Data on External storage, File Organization and Indexing, Cluster Indexes, Primary, and secondary indexes, Index data structures, Hash-based indexing - Static hashing and Extensible Hashing, Tree based indexing - Indexed Sequential Access Methods (ISAM), B+ Trees: A Dynamic Index structure.

# **Database Recovery**

Recovery and Atomicity, Log-based Recovery, and Recovery with the concurrent transaction.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the students should be able to

database in case of crashes.

- CO 1 : Demonstrate an understanding of database management system components and features. Design E-R Model torepresent real-world database application scenarios.
- CO 2 : Demonstrate a mathematical approach towards querying a database using relational algebra and relational calculus and implement using SQL.
- CO 3 : Convert E-R Model to a relational Model and design a proper relational database while eliminating anomalies.
- CO 4 : Demonstrate the role of transaction management and concurrency control protocols.

  CO 5 : Demonstrate an understanding of database file organization and recovery of the

# Textbooks:

- Database System Concepts, A.Silberschatz, H.F. Korth, S.Sudarshan, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, TMH, 2003.

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B.Navathe, 7<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Database Systems: The Complete Book by Hector Garcia- Molina, Jeffery D.Ullman, Jennifer Widom, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- Database Management System Oracle SQL and PL/SQL, P.K.Das Gupta, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, PHI, 2013.

## **SOFTWARE ENGINEERING**

Instruction : 3 Periods/week Continuous Internal Evaluation : 40 Marks
Tutorial : - Semester End Examination : 60 Marks
Credits : 3 Semester End Exam Duration : 3 Hours

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. The aim of the course is to provide an understanding of the working knowledge of the techniques for understanding the requirements, design, testing and quality management of large software development projects.
- 2. Topics include process models, software requirements, software design, UML diagrams, software testing, software process/product metrics, risk management, and quality management.

#### Unit - I

**Introduction to Software Engineering**: The evolving role of software, changing nature of software, software myths. **A Generic view of process**: Software engineering- a layered technology, a process framework, the capability maturity model integration (CMMI). **Process models**: The waterfall model, Spiral model and Agile methodology.

# Unit - II

**Software Requirements:** Functional and non-functional requirements, user requirements, system requirements, interface specification, the software requirements document.

**Requirements engineering process**: Feasibility studies, requirements elicitation and analysis, requirements validation, requirements management.

# Unit - III

**Design Engineering**: Design process and design quality, design concepts, the design model. Creating an architectural design: software architecture, data design, architectural styles and patterns, architectural design, conceptual model of UML, basic structural modeling, class diagrams, sequence diagrams, collaboration diagrams, use case diagrams, component diagrams.

# Unit - IV

**Testing Strategies:** A strategic approach to software testing, test strategies for conventional software, black-box and white-box testing, validation testing, system testing, the art of debugging.

Metrics for Process and Products: Software measurement, metrics for software quality.

# Unit - V

**Risk management:** Reactive Vs proactive risk strategies, software risks, risk identification, risk projection, risk refinement, RMMM. **Quality Management:** Quality concepts, software quality assurance, software reviews, formal technical reviews, statistical software quality assurance, software reliability, the ISO 9000 quality standards.

## Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- CO 1 : Understand the need for software engineering and use of different software process models for different types of projects.
- CO 2 : Translate end-user requirements into system and software requirements, using e.g. UML, and structure the requirements in a Software Requirements Document (SRD).
- CO 3 : Identify and apply appropriate software architectures to carry out high level design of a system and be able to carry out detailed design using different UML diagrams.
- CO4 : Develop a strategic approach to testing and debugging. Will have experience and/or awareness of testing and debugging problems. Be able to apply metrics to assess software quality.
- CO5 : Identify software risks and apply RMMM. Be able to conduct formal technical reviews on artifacts during different stages of software development to improve quality of the artifacts.

#### Textbooks:

- 1. Software Engineering, A practitioner's Approach- Roger S. Pressman, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 2014.
- 2. Software Engineering- Sommerville, 10<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2017.

- 1. The unified modeling language user guide Grady Booch, James Rambaugh, Ivar Jacobson, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 2. Software Engineering, an Engineering approach- James F. Peters, Witold Pedrycz, John Wiley, 2019.
- 3. Software Engineering principles and practice- Waman S Jawadekar, The McGraw-Hill Companies, 2004.
- 4. Fundamentals of object-oriented design using UML Meiler page-Jones: Pearson Education, 1999.

Course Code: 22IT252

## **OPERATING SYSTEMS**

(Common to CSE, CSE -AI&ML, CSE-CS, CSE-DS and IT)

Instruction: 3 Periods / weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: -Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 3Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

## **Prerequisites:**

1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures".

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Introduce operating system concepts (i.e., processes, threads, scheduling, synchronization, deadlocks, memory management, file and I/O subsystems and protection).
- 2. Introduce the issues to be considered in the design and development of operating system.
- 3. Introduce basic Unix commands, system call interface for process management, interprocess communication and I/O in Unix.

# Unit I - Operating System Introduction

**Operating System - Introduction**, Structures - Simple Batch, Multiprogrammed, Time-shared, Personal Computer, Parallel, Distributed Systems, Real-Time Systems, System components, Operating System services, System Calls.

**Process -** Process concepts and scheduling, Operations on processes, Cooperating Processes, Threads. Process related system calls – fork, exit, wait and exec.

# Unit II - CPU Scheduling, Process Management and Synchronization

CPU Scheduling - Scheduling Criteria, Scheduling Algorithms, Multiple - Processor Scheduling.

**Process Management and Synchronization** - The Critical Section Problem, Synchronization Hardware and Software, Semaphores, and Classical Problems of Synchronization, Critical Regions, Monitors.

# Unit III - Interprocess Communication Mechanisms and Deadlocks

**Interprocess Communication Mechanisms:** IPC between processes on a single computer system, IPC between processes on different systems, using pipes, FIFOs, message queues, shared memory.

**Deadlocks** - System Model, Deadlocks Characterization, Methods for Handling Deadlocks, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance, Deadlock Detection, and Recovery from Deadlock.

# Unit IV - Memory Management and Virtual Memory

**Memory Management and Virtual Memory** - Logical versus Physical Address Space, Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with Paging, Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms.

# Unit V - File System Interface and Operations

**File System Interface and Operations** -Access methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File System Structure, Allocation methods, Disk scheduling algorithms, Free-space Management. Usage of open, create, read, write, close, Iseek, stat, ioctl system calls.

# Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1 : Understand the role of Operating System with its function and services.
- CO2 : Compare various algorithms used for CPU scheduling and apply various concepts related to concurrency and synchronization to solve problems.
- CO3 : Understand the inter process communication mechanism and resolve deadlock in a multi-programmed environment.
- CO4 : Understand the concepts of virtual memory and how it is realized in systems
- CO5 : Differentiate and Demonstrate file systems, directory structures and their implementation issues.

## Textbooks:

- Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 8<sup>th</sup> edition, John Wiley, 2017.
- 2. Advanced programming in the UNIX environment, W.R. Stevens, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Pearson education, 2013.

- 1. Operating Systems- Internals and Design Principles, William Stallings, 5<sup>th</sup> edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
- 2. Operating System A Design Approach- Croley, TMH.
- 3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S. Tanenbaum 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson/PHI
- 4. UNIX programming environment, Kernighan and Pike, PHI/ Pearson Education

#### ADVANCED DATA STRUCTURES THROUGH JAVA LAB

(Common to CSE, CSE -AI&ML, CSE-CS, CSE-DS and IT)

Instruction : 2 Periods / week Continuous Internal Evaluation : 40 Marks
Tutorial : - Semester End Examination : 60 Marks
Credits : 1 Semester End Exam Duration : 3 Hours

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To implement generic programming and Java's collection framework.
- 2. To apply Java's collection framework for implementing basic data structures like stacks, queues, linked lists, etc.
- 3. To understand the concepts of functional programming, lambda expressions and streams.
- To implement dictionaries using advanced data structures like Binary search trees, and AVL trees.

# Lab problems:

- 1. Write a java program to demonstrate the use of bounded type parameters and wild card arguments.
- 2. Write a java program that returns the value of pi using the lambda expression.
- 3. Write a java program that takes a string as parameter and calculates the reverse of the string using lambda expression.
- 4. Write a java program to implement iterators on Array List and LinkedList.
- 5. a) Implement a Generic stack to deal with Integer, Double and String data using user-defined arrays and linked lists.
  - b) Implement a Generic queue to deal with Integer, Double and String data user-defined arrays and linked lists.
- 6. a) Write a Java program to implement Generic stack using Array List Collection class.
  - b) Write a Java program to implement Generic stack using LinkedList Collection class.
- 7. a) Write a Java program to implement Generic queue using ArrayList Collection class.
  - b) Write a Java program to implement Generic queue using LinkedList Collection class.
- 8. Write a Java program to demonstrate the use of the following Collection classes.
  - a. HashSet
- b. LinkedHashSet
- c. TreeSet
- 9. Write a java program to create a class called Person with income, age, and name as its members. Read set A of persons from a user and compute the following sets:
  - i) Set B of persons whose age > 60
  - ii) Set C of persons whose income < 10000 and iii) B Λ C
- 10. Write a Java program to demonstrate the use of the following Collection classes.
  - a. HashMap b. Link
- b. LinkedHashMap
- c. TreeMap
- 11. Create a class Product(id, name, price, type, rating) and perform the following operations using stream:
  - i) Find all the products having rating between 4 and 5.
  - ii) Find first n products having price > 10000.
  - iii) Find the number of products under each type(map containing type and count).
  - iv) Find average rating of products with type = "Electronics".
- 12. Write a Java program to implement Sorted Chain.
- 13. Write a Java program to implement Separate Chaining
- 14. Write a Java program to implement Linear Probing.
- 15. Implement BST using Collection API, and use recursive procedures to implement inOrder, preOrder and postOrder traversals.
- 16. Implement AVL tree using Collection API.
- 17. Implement priority queues with max Heap tree using Collection API.
- 18. Implement heap sort with max Heap tree using Collection API.

# Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, student should be able to

- CO 1 : Understand the power of generics and functional programming.
- CO 2 : Implement hashing, sets, stacks and queues using collection classes in java.util package and process the data using streams.
- CO 3 : Implement dictionaries using various data structures like sorted list, and hashing.
- CO 4 : Implement dictionaries using various height-balanced trees and also analyze the advantages and disadvantages of height-balanced trees.
- CO 5 : Understand the importance of Priority Queues and their applications.

- 1. Java: The Complete Reference, Herbert Schildt, 10<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw-Hill Education, Oracle Press, 2017.
- 2. Data Structures and Problem Solving Using Java, Mark A. Weiss, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 3. Data Structures and Algorithms in Java, Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Michael H. Goldwasser, 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Wiley Publications, 2014.

Course Code: 22CS232/282

## **DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LAB**

(Common to CSE, CSE -AI&ML, CSE-DS & CSE-CS)

Instruction : 2 Periods / week Continuous Internal Evaluation : 40 Marks
Tutorial : -- Semester End Examination : 60 Marks
Credits : 1.0 Semester End Exam Duration : 3 Hours

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the relational model.
- 2. Analyze database requirements and determine the entities involved in the system and their relationship to each other.
- 3. Understand logical design of the database modeling concepts such as E-R diagrams.
- 4. Demonstrat SQL DML/DDL commands to insert and manipulate the database.
- 5. Understand procedures, functions and triggers in PL/SQL.

**Database Description:** This lab enables the students to practice the concepts learnt in the subject DBMS by developing a database for an example - **Boat reservation by the sailor** and -employee data maintenance in an organization whose description is as given below. The student is expected to practice the designing, developing and querying a database in the context of reserving a boat and employee data maintenance. Students are expected to use - MySq database.

**"Boat reservation by the sailor"** is a schema with several boats which could be reserved depending on color and availability on a particular day. The sailor reserves the boat on a particular day y registering himself with a rating. The sailor is identified by sailor id, boats are identified by boat id and reservation is uniquely identified by sailor id, boat id and day.

**"Employee data maintenance in an organization":** In any organization, we need to maintain the data of employees categorized into department as per the salary. The scheme contains employee, department and sal grade tables which are identified by employee id, department id and range of salary respectively.

#### 1. E-R Model

Analyze the problem carefully and come up with the entities in it. Identify what data has to be persisted in the database. This contains the entities, attributes etc. Identify the primary keys for all the entities. Identify the other keys like candidate keys, partial keys, if any.

# Boat reservation by the sailor:

#### **Entities:**

- 1. SAILORS
- 2. BOATS
- 3. RESERVES

# **PRIMARY KEY ATTRIBUTES:**

- 1. SID (SAILOR ENTITY)
- 2. BID (BOATS Entity)
- 3. SID, BID, DAY (RESERVES ENTITY)

# **Employee data maintenance in an organization Entities:**

- 1. EMPLOYEE
- 2. DEPT
- 3. SALGRADE

#### **PRIMARY KEY ATTRIBUTES:**

- 1. EID (EMPLOYEE ENTITY)
- 2. DID (DEPT Entity)
- 3. LOWSAL AND HIGHSAL (SALGRADE ENTITY)

# 2. Concept design with E-R Model

Relate the entities appropriately. Apply cardinalities for each relationship. Identify strong entities and weak entities (if any). Indicate the type of relationships (total / partial). Try to incorporate generalization, aggregation, specialization etc. wherever required for

- 1) Boat reservation by the sailor
- 2) Employee data maintenance in an organization

#### 3. Relational Model

Represent all the entities (Strong, Weak) in tabular fashion. Represent relationships in a tabular fashion. There are different ways of representing relationships as tables based on the cardinality. Represent attributes as columns in tables or as tables based on the requirement. Different types of attributes (Composite, Multi valued, and Derived) have different way of representation.

## **SAILORS**

SID	SNAME			RATING	AGE			
EMPLOYEE								
EID	ENAME	DID	SAL	DESIGNATION	MGRNUM	DOJ	AGE	

# 4. Normalization

Database normalization is a technique for designing relational database tables to minimize duplication of information and, in so doing, to safeguard the database against certain types of logical orstructural problems, namely data anomalies. For example, when multiple instances of a given piece of information occur in a table, the possibility exists that these instances will not be kept consistent when the data within the table is updated, leading to a loss of data integrity. A table that is sufficiently normalized is less vulnerable to problems of this kind, because its structure reflects the basic assumptions for when multiple instances of the same information should be represented by a single instance only.

Perform do the second and third normal forms for sailors and Employee databases if required.

# 5. Installation of Mysql and practicing DDL commands

Installation of MySql. In this week student will learn Creating databases, How to create tables, altering the database, dropping tables and databases if not required. Students will also try truncate, rename commands etc.

# 6. Practicing DML commands

DML commands are used to for managing data within schema objects. Some examples:

- 1) SELECT retrieve data from the a database
- 2) INSERT insert data into table
- 3) UPDATE updates existing data within a table
- 4) DELETE deletes all records from a table, the space for the records remain

## 7. Querying - I

In this week students are going to practice queries (along with sub queries) using ANY, ALL, IN, Exists, NOT EXISTS, UNION, INTERSECT, Constraints etc.

# 8. Querying - II

Students are going to practice queries using Aggregate functions (COUNT, SUM, AVG, and MAX and MIN), GROUP BY, HAVING and Creation and dropping of Views.

# 9. Triggers

In this week students are going to work on Triggers. Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger. Practice triggers using the above database.

#### 10. Procedures

In this session students will learn Creation of stored procedure, Execution of procedure and modification of procedure. Practice procedures using the above database.

## 11. Cursors

In this week students will learn to declare a cursor that defines a result set. Open the cursor to establish the result set. Fetch the data into local variables as needed from the cursor, one row at a time. Close the cursor when done.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course, student should be able to:

- CO1 : Analyze database requirements and determine the entities involved in the system and their relationship to each other.
- CO2 : Design E-R Model to represent database application scenarios.
- CO3 : Convert/transform the E-R Model to relational tables, populate relational database and formulate SQL queries on data.
- CO4: Improve the database design by normalization.
- CO5 : Implement PL/SQL procedures, function, triggers and cursors.

- Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, TMH, 2003.
- 2. Introduction to SQL, Rick F.VanderLans, 4th edition, Pearson education, 2007.
- 3. Oracle PL/SQL, B.Rosenzweig and E.Silvestrova, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Pearson education, 2002.

## OPERATING SYSTEM AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING LAB

Instruction: 2 Periods/weekContinuous Internal Evaluation: 40 MarksTutorial: -Semester End Examination: 60 MarksCredits: 1Semester End Exam Duration: 3 Hours

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To provide an understanding of the design aspects of operating system concepts through simulation
- 2. To introduce system call interface for process management, inter-process communication and I/O in Unix
- 3. To enable students gain hands on experience on Assembly Language Programming on 8086

# **List of Experiments:**

- 1. Implement shell commands such as cp, ls, chmod, ls -ls using the I/O system calls of UNIX/LINUX operating system.
  - (open, read, write, close, fcntl, seek, stat, opendir, readdir)
- 2. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU Scheduling algorithms:
  - a) FCFS b) SJF.
- 3. Write C programs to simulate the following CPU Scheduling algorithms:
  - a) Round Robin b) priority.
- 4. Write a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for Deadlock Avoidance and Prevention.
- 5. Write C programs to illustrate the following IPC mechanisms.
  - a) pipes b) FIFOs
- 6. Write C program to illustrate the Message Queues IPC mechanism.
- 7. Write C program to illustrate the Shared Memory IPC mechanism.
- 8. Write a C program to implement the Producer–Consumer problem using semaphores using UNIX/LINUX system calls (pthread library API is optional).
- 9. Write an ALP in 8086 add, subtract and multiply two 16-bit unsigned numbers.
- 10. Write an ALP in 8086 to implement ASCII Adjust and decimal adjust instructions.
- 11. Write an ALP to pack two digits into a Byte.
- 12. Write an ALP to Count number of 1's and number of 0's present in the binary representation of a given number.
- 13. Implement the following string manipulation functions using appropriate registers.
  - a) Copy a string b) Lower to upper case c) Reverse a string d) Palindrome.
- 14. Write an ALP to Count no of even and odd numbers from the given array of numbers.
- 15. Write a program to check whether a given number is Positive or Negative number.
- 16. Write an ALP to sort the given array of numbers.
- 17. Write C programs to simulate Paging memory management techniques.
- 18. Write C programs to simulate Segmentation memory management techniques.

Note: Programs 1 to 16 are mandatory and 17, and 18 are optional.

# Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

CO1 Write programs using I/O System calls for implementing file operations

CO2 Simulate and implement operating system concepts such as scheduling, deadlock management, and memory management.

: Implement and realize the semantics of synchronous and asynchronous Inter -CO3 Process communication models.

: Demonstrate the memory segmentation and implement the programming

model of Intel 8086 processor

CO5 : Realise the data and string manipulation instructions

#### References:

CO4

- 1. Operating System Principles- Abraham Silberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th edition, John Wiley, 2006.
- 2. Advanced Programming in the Unix Environment, W.R.Stevens, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, *Pearson* education, 2015.
- 3. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles, William Stallings, 5th edition, Pearson Education/PHI, 2005.
- 4. Advance Microprocessors and Peripherals A.K.Ray and K.M.Bhurchandani, TMH, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2013.
- 5. Microprocessors and Interfacing D.V.Hall, TMGH, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2006.

Course Code: 22HS251/201

## **CONSTITUTION OF INDIA**

(Mandatory Course) (Common to all Branches)

Instruction : 3 Periods/week Sessional Marks : 100

Credits : 0

# Course Objectives: Students will be able to

1 : Understand the history and making of the Indian Constitution.2 : Recognize the Philosophy of the Indian Constitution and Preamble

3 : Identify the importance of fundamental rights as well as fundamental duties.
4 : Understand the functioning of organs of governance and local administration
5 : Learn composition and activities of Election Commission and institutional bodies.

#### Unit I

**History of Making of the Indian Constitution:** The meaning of constitutional Government, the roots of the constituent Assembly of India, Composition of the proposed constituent Assembly. History of Drafting Committee

#### Unit II

**Philosophy of the Indian Constitution:** Salient features of Indian Constitution, Preamble of the Constitution. Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties - Fundamental Rights-Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duties.

# **Unit III**

**Organs of Governance**: Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

# **Unit IV**

**Local Administration:** District's Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO of Municipal Corporation. Panchayat raj:Introduction, PRI: Zila Panchayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Panchayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

# Unit V

**Election Commission:** Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners. State Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

CO 1 : Understand and explain the significance of Indian Constitution as the fundamental law of the land.

CO 2 : Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India. Exercise his

fundamental rights in proper sense at the same time identifies his responsibilities in national building.

CO 3 : Analyze the organs of governance and District's Administration head CO 4 : Analyse the Local Administration: District's and Village Administration

CO 5 : Understand Election Commission Process and Institutional Bodies for the welfare

of SC/ST/OBC and women.

## **Textbooks:**

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication, 2015.
- 2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7<sup>th</sup> Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.