Three-year overview for the visual arts

This is a process/media-based overview plan, in which drawing, painting and printmaking are seen as core activities to be covered every year, and the processes/media groups of collage with fabric and fibre, modelling/casting/carving, and construction/assemblage are focused on for one year each. The cross-curricula processes are taught in conjunction with other relevant subjects.

subjects.										
_	CORE PROCESSES		FOCUS PROCESSES							
Drawing	Painting	Printmaking	Collage	Fabric and Fibre						
Use a range	Use a range of the	Use a range of the	Use a range of papers, including:	Weaving options:						
drawing materials,	following:	following:	• torn paper,	• paper;						
such as:	• paints – such	stamps or	• cut paper,	• card/frame looms;						
• pencils or pens,	as tempera,	leaves;	magazine pages,	• range of fibres, such as flax, wool, raffia;						
• chalk,	acrylic,	polystyrene or	• made papers,	range of techniques, such as tukutuku, taniko,						
• felt-tip pens,	watercolour,	ball-point pen;	 commercial papers, 	plaiting.						
• charcoal,	dye; • painting tools	PVA glue and atring.	• tissues,	Other and and the second						
• coloured pencils,	- such as	string;	 corrugated card. 	Stitchery options:						
 'Aquarel' pencils, 	brushes, card,	monoprints;		simple embroidered stitches;						
• crayons,	sponges,	card or collage	Use other materials, such as:	• sewn collage;						
oil pastels,	rollers;	relief;	• natural materials – for example, leaves, bark,	appliqué.						
• oil sticks,	• painting	screen prints;	feathers;	Febrie treatment entiane.						
chalk pastels,	surfaces –	lino or wood cuts single colour	• fabric.	Fabric treatment options:						
 Indian ink. 	such as paper,	single colour and multi-	Llos different techniques including:	painting and drawing onto fabric; betild:						
11	card, hessian,	coloured;	Use different techniques, including:	batik; sinting and fabric for every label winter						
Use specific	canvas,	bamboo and	• flat collage;	printing onto fabric – for example, block prints and person prints:						
techniques,	hardboard, 3D	'Perspex'	 relief (raised) pictures; 	and screen prints;						
including:	forms;	etching;	mosaic.	dyeing fabric;						
• crayon or pastel,	• styles - such	• repeated		soft sculpture; wearable arts;						
 layering and blending, 	as	patterns – such		wearable arts,paper making.						
limited colour	impressionist,	as tapa, fabric		• paper making.						
	pointillism,	design, and								
range,crayon and dye,	cubist;	border patterns;								
or pastel and	• genres – such	marbling.								
dye,	as still-life,	3								
crayon or pastel	portraiture,									
sgraffito,	landscape,									
crayon or dye	seascape;									
and Indian ink,	• techniques –									
 crayon batik. 	such as									
o diayon balik.	blending,									
	under-painting,									
	dry-brush work,									
	over-painting,									
	detailing, limited									
	palette.									
Reference Ministry of	Reference: Ministry of	Reference: Ministry of	Reference: Ministry of Education (2001) Fabric and Fibre –	Reference: Ministry of Education (2001) Fabric and Fibre –						
Reference: Ministry of Education (2001) <i>Drawing</i>	Education (2001) Painting	Education (2001)	exploring the Visual Arts in Years 1–6. Wellington: Learning Media	exploring the Visual Arts in Years 1–6. Wellington: Learning Media						
- exploring the Visual Arts	 exploring the Visual Arts in Years 1–6. Wellington: 	Printmaking – exploring the Visual Arts in Years 1–6.								
in Years 1–6. Wellington: Learning Media	Learning Media	Wellington: Learning Media								
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			Modelling, casting, and carving						
			Dough and clay options: Papier maché options:						
			• relief tiles;		paper strips,				
			 three-dimensional (3 	D) models/sculntures:	• paper surps,				
			 pinch pots, coiled wo 		• relief,				
			 finishing techniques – for example, oxidising 		applied over 3D armatures.				
		005	and glazing;		applied over 3D atmatures.				
			• firing.		Casting:				
		7	• Illing.		• plaster.				
			Carving materials:		• plaster.				
			• clay,						
			• wood.						
			bone.		1				
				o (2001) Sculpture – exploring the Vis	 sual Arts in Years 1–6. Wellington: Learning Media				
			Construction/ Assemblage						
			Make:	go	Materials options:				
			• puppets,		 flat and rolled paper, 				
			 mobiles, dioramas models. Create armatures, such as for: kites, masks, totems, vehicles, animals models. 		 plain and corrugated card, 				
					• used boxes,				
					• wood,				
		06			• wire,				
		\mathbf{O}			• cane,				
		3			junk/found items,				
					natural materials.				
			Reference: Ministry of Education (2001) Sculpture – exploring the Visi		ual Arts in Years 1–6. Wellington: Learning Media				
CROSS-CURRICULA PROCESSES:	Design and make		Graphics	Illustration	Photography and	Computer-			
					video	generated art			
The following processes are taught in	Design and make		Graphics options:	Illustration options:	Photography and video	Computer-generated			
conjunction with the technology,	options:		signs,	 book illustrations, 	options:	art options:			
English, and ICT (information and	• tools,		 symbols, 	 cartoon strips, 	 making and using 	 slide shows, 			
communication technologies)	• toys,		 emblems, 	 storyboards for 	pin-hole cameras;	 animation. 			
curriculum programmes.	 containers, 		banners.	videos,	 producing video 				
Potenzanos Ministry of Education (2002) Positive	 furniture, 			flip books.	sequences.				
Reference: Ministry of Education (2002) Design – exploring the Visual Arts in Years 1–6. Wellington:	• books,								
Learning Media	 jewellery. 								
Drawing is us	ed to develop ideas for	all	the processes and to	l record/develop the stage	s of making artworks				
Drawling is us	ca to acvelop lacas for	CIII	ine processes, and to	record/develop the stage	S of making artworks. —				