

Homework 2, TCSS 333B Spring 2016

Due: Friday, April 29, 9:00 a.m.

OBJECTIVE

The objective of this assignment is to give you more practice with Unix, with using 2D arrays, and with binary representation of data.

ASSIGNMENT SUBMISSION

To get credit for this assignment, you must

- ✓ complete Unix tutorial (25%)
- ✓ write a program in C (75%)
- ✓ submit your files through Canvas exactly as instructed (naming, compatibility, etc.)
- ✓ submit your assignment on time

UNIX TUTORIAL

Go to Code Academy website (<https://www.codecademy.com/courses/learn-the-command-line>) and complete the other two modules from *Learn the Command Line* tutorial: *Redirecting Input and Output* and *Configuring the Environment*. After you complete both tutorials, take a snapshot that shows your name and either the completed course or the two tutorials - upload to Canvas as jpg, gif, png or pdf. Your file is to be named `<yournetid>_badges2.<extension>`. If you can find some other way of showing completed lessons that includes your name, you may take a snapshot of some other screen.

C PROGRAM

Problem Statement

Create a program that reads 24-bit bmp files and generates new versions of the original image. The new versions to be supported are:

- a copy of the original in sepia
- a blurred copy of the original
- a copy of the original mirrored horizontally
- a copy of the original rotated by 180 degrees (note – this is not the same as flipping)

You need to follow the algorithms explained below while processing the images.

Your program is to prompt for the name of the input file and its pixel dimensions. Your program has to run exactly as shown below and follow the same input format. Note that although a file will have a bmp extension, a user will only enter the part of the name that precedes it; then the user is to be prompted for height and width (in this order).

This is a sample run of the program:

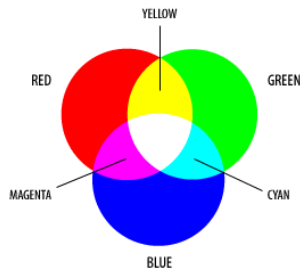
```
---
Enter the filename: test1
Enter height and width (in pixels): 160 240
Done. Check the generated images.
---
```

Note that the generated files should be named as

```
copy1.bmp
copy2.bmp
copy3.bmp
copy4.bmp
```

BMP files

A 24-bit bmp file is capable of storing 2d images. A file consists of a 54 byte header and the rest of the file is pixel information. Each pixel is represented by 3 bytes, where each byte contains the information for blue, green, and red hues – in this order. Each hue can be of value 0..255, where 0 signifies the complete lack of that color, while 255 signifies its full saturation. New colors are generated by mixing different intensities of this basic color palette. All together $256^3 = 16,777,216$ colors can be represented using this scheme.



Note that the image height and width in pixels correspond to how we store information in a 2D array.

		width										
		0	1	2	3	4	5	N			
height	0	Pixel 1 B	Pixel 1 G	Pixel 1 R	Pixel 2 B	Pixel 2 G	Pixel 2 R		Pixel X B	Pixel X G	Pixel X R
	1											
											
	M											

A sample file `bmpchange.c` is provided to show how to read and write such files, and how blue and green components of each picture could be switched. You are to use this file as the basis of your program.

A few small bmp test files are provided with this homework.

Pixel Manipulation Algorithms

Sepia Algorithm

For each pixel calculate its new BGR values using the formula:

$$\text{new_blue_value} = \text{blue_value} * 0.131 + \text{green_value} * 0.534 + \text{red_value} * 0.272$$

$$\text{new_green_value} = \text{blue_value} * 0.168 + \text{green_value} * 0.686 + \text{red_value} * 0.349$$

$$\text{new_red_value} = \text{blue_value} * 0.189 + \text{green_value} * 0.769 + \text{red_value} * 0.393$$

If any of the new values > 255, adjust to 255

Blur Algorithm

For each pixel calculate its new BGR values as an average of itself and its immediate neighbors, as shown in the example below. For pixels at the boundary, leave their original values.

Red Pixel Values Before

5	6	100
255	200	100
5	6	100
255	200	100

Red Pixel Values After

5	6	100
255	86	100
5	135	100
255	200	100

Horizontal Mirror

For each row in old image

- Copy the first half of the row as is
- Copy the first half of the row reversed

Before

a	b	c
d	e	f
g	h	i
j	k	l

After

a	b	a
d	e	d
g	h	g
j	k	j

Before

a	b	c	m
d	e	f	n
g	h	i	o
j	k	l	p

After

a	b	b	a
d	e	e	d
g	h	h	g
j	k	k	j

180 Rotation

180 degree rotation means that each column is reversed and each row is reversed.

Before

a	b	c
d	e	f
g	h	i
j	k	l

After

l	k	j
i	h	g
f	e	d
c	b	a

Before

a	b	c	d
e	f	g	h
i	j	k	l
m	n	o	p

After

p	o	n	m
l	k	j	i
h	g	f	e
d	c	b	a

Other Specs

- Your program is to be contained in a single c file named <netid>_hw2.c
- Your program has to follow basic stylistic features, such as proper indentation (use whitespaces, not tabs), meaningful variable names, etc.
- Overall, your program is to use at most two 2D variable length arrays: one that contains the original image and the other that contains the copy of the image
- Use memcpy to copy the matrix
- **Your program must compile in gcc gnu 90 – programs that do not compile will receive a grade of 0**
- Your program has to follow basic stylistic features, such as proper indentation (use whitespaces, not tabs), whitespaces, meaningful variable names, etc.
- Your program should include the following comments:
 - Your name at the top
 - Comments explaining your logic
 - If your program does not run exactly as shown above, explain at the top how to run your program – you will not receive full credit but at least you may receive some credit rather than none

Extra Credit (15%)

Provide some other interesting and relatively complex manipulation of the original image – explain in comments at the top of your code. Simple color manipulation does not qualify for extra credit. In order to earn extra credit, image manipulation needs to either involve a relatively complex algorithm that manipulates colors or provide size related scaling that requires adjustments to the image header.

Program Submission

On or before the due date, use the link posted in Canvas next to Assignment 2 to submit your tutorial snapshot and your C code. Make sure you know how to do that before the due date since late assignments will not be accepted. Valid documentation file formats are: pdf, jpg, gif, png. Valid program format: a single file .c