☆ Star 546

I've compiled a list of essential Vim commands that I use every day. I have then given a few instructions on how to make Vim as great as it should be, because it's painful without configuration.

Essentials

Cursor movement (Normal/Visual Mode)

- h j k l Arrow keys
- w / b Next/previous word W / B - Next/previous word (space separated)
- e / ge Next/previous end of word
- 0 / \$ Start/End of line
- First non-blank character of line (same as 0w)

Editing text

- i / a Start insert mode at/after cursor
- I / A Start insert mode at the beginning/end of the line
- O / O Add blank line below/above current line
- Esc or Ctrl+[Exit insert mode
- d Delete • dd - Delete line
- c Delete, then start insert mode • CC - Delete line, then start insert mode

Operators

- Operators also work in Visual Mode • d - Deletes from the cursor to the movement location
- C Deletes from the cursor to the movement location, then starts insert mode
- y Copy from the cursor to the movement location
- - Unindent one level

• > - Indent one level

• You can also combine operators with motions. Ex: d\$ deletes from the cursor to the end of the line.

Marking text (visual mode)

- v Start visual mode
- V Start linewise visual mode • Ctrl+v - Start visual block mode
- Esc or Ctrl+[Exit visual mode

Clipboard

- yy Yank (copy) a line
- p Paste after cursor
- P Paste before cursor
- dd Delete (cut) a line
- x Delete (cut) current character
- X Delete (cut) previous character
- d / c By default, these copy the deleted text

• :w - Write (save) the file, but don't quit

Exiting

- :wq Write (save) and quit
- :q! Quit and throw away changes

• :q - Quit (fails if anything has changed)

Search/Replace

- /pattern Search for pattern • ?pattern - Search backward for pattern
- n Repeat search in same direction • N - Repeat search in opposite direction
- :%s/old/new/g Replace all old with new throughout file (gn is better though)
- :%s/old/new/gc Replace all old with new throughout file with confirmations

General

- u Undo
- Ctrl+r Redo

Advanced

Cursor movement

- Ctrl+d Move down half a page
- Ctrl+u Move up half a page
- Go forward by paragraph (the next blank line)
- Go backward by paragraph (the next blank line)
- gg Go to the top of the page
- : [num] [enter] Go to that line in the document
- G Go the bottom of the page
- ctrl+e / ctrl+y Scroll down/up one line

Character search

- f [char] Move forward to the given char
- F [char] Move backward to the given char • t [char] - Move forward to before the given char
- T [char] Move backward to before the given char • ; / , - Repeat search forwards/backwards

Editing text

- J Join line below to the current one
- r [char] Replace a single character with the specified char (does not use Insert mode)

Visual mode

- O Move to other corner of block O - Move to other end of marked area
- File Tabs
 - :e filename Edit a file • :tabe - Make a new tab
 - gt Go to the next tab • gT - Go to the previous tab
 - vsp Vertically split windows
 - ctrl+ws Split windows horizontally • ctrl+wv - Split windows vertically
 - ctrl+ww Switch between windows

• ctrl+wq - Quit a window

- Marks Marks allow you to jump to designated points in your code.
 - m{a-z} Set mark {a-z} at cursor position
 - A capital mark {A-Z} sets a global mark and will work between files • $\{a-z\}$ - Move the cursor to the start of the line where the mark was set
 - Go back to the previous jump location

Text Objects

- Say you have def (arg1, arg2, arg3), where your cursor is somewhere in the middle of the parenthesis.
- di (deletes everything between the parenthesis. That says "change everything inside the nearest parenthesis". Without text objects, you would need to do T (dt). Learn more
- General
- - . Repeat last command • Ctrl+r + 0 in insert mode inserts the last yanked text (or in command mode)
- gv reselect (select last selected block of text, from visual mode) • % - jumps between matching () or {}

Making VIM actually useful

Vim is quite unpleasant out of the box. It's an arcane experience:

- Autocomplete is missing
- System clipboard is not used Act of typing : w to save is cumbersome
- Mouse doesn't work
- Management of multiple files is tricky
- Integration with other plugins (like compiler warnings) is challenging Repeatedly indenting/unindenting multiple lines is challenging, though possible

It does have a significant strength though: your fingers can stay on the main keyboard keys to do most editing actions. This is faster and more ergonomic. I find that the toughest part about VIM is guiding people towards getting the benefits of VIM without the drawbacks. Here are some ideas on how to go about this.

Switch caps lock and escape

• I highly recommend you switch the mapping of your caps lock and escape keys. You'll love it, promise! Switching the two keys is platform dependent.

• VSCode is the simplest way to give you a fantastic editor that also gives you the benefits of VIM. Just install the VIM extension.

Configure native VIM

Visual Studio Code

• I made a few slight changes which improved the experience for me.

For all the given limitations, you'll need to find a solution. You can either solve the issues one by one, or you can use a reference .vimrc settings file that fix most of the issues out-ofthe-box.

• My .vimrc file could be a good starting point. Honestly, it's a bit old and not the best. I now use VSCode mainly so I haven't kept a great vimrc. Using the system clipboard

- "+y copy a selection to the system clipboard
- "+p paste from the system clipboard • If this doesn't work, it's probably because Vim was not built with the system clipboard option. To check, run vim --version and see if +clipboard exists. If it
 - says -clipboard, you will not be able to copy from outside of Vim.

■ restart your terminal and you should see vim --version now with +clipboard

- For Mac users, homebrew install Vim with the clipboard option. Install homebrew and then run brew install vim. ■ then move the old Vim binary: \$ mv /usr/bin/vim /usr/bin/vimold
- **Sublime Text**
 - Another option is to use Vintageous in Sublime Text (version 3). This gives you Vim mode inside Sublime. I suggest this (or a similar setup with the Atom editor) if you aren't a Vim master. Check out Advanced Vim if you are.
 - Clone this repository to ~/.config/sublime-text-3/Packages/Vintageous, or similar. Then check out the "custom" branch. Alternatively, you can get a more updated Vintageous version by cloning the official repository and then copying over this patch.
 - Change the user settings (User/Preferences.sublime-settings) to include: "caret_style": "solid"

Vintageous is great, but I suggest you change a few settings to make it better.

- This will make the cursor not blink, like in Vim. Sublime Text might freeze when you do this. It's a bug; just restart Sublime Text after changing the file.
- o ctrl+r in Vim means "redo". But there is a handy Ctrl + R shortcut in Sublime Text that gives an "outline" of a file. I remapped it to alt+r by putting this in the User keymap
- { "keys": ["alt+r"], "command": "show overlay", "args": {"overlay": "goto", "text": "@"} }, Add the ability to toggle Vintageous on and off
- Mac users: you will not have the ability to hold down a navigation key (like holding j to go down). To fix this, run the commands specified here: https://gist.github.com/kconragan/2510186
- Now you should be able to restart sublime and have a great Vim environment! Sweet Dude.

Other

• : qa - Quit all open buffers

I don't personally use these yet, but I've heard other people do!

- wa Write all open buffers • :wqa - Write and quit all open buffers
- **Additional resources**
 - Advanced Vim Practical Vim is a fantastic resource on many of the useful hidden features of vim.