# Speaker Diarization

A brief catch-up on tools and technology to get started!







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Find our <u>work</u>
Find our <u>weekly presentations</u>

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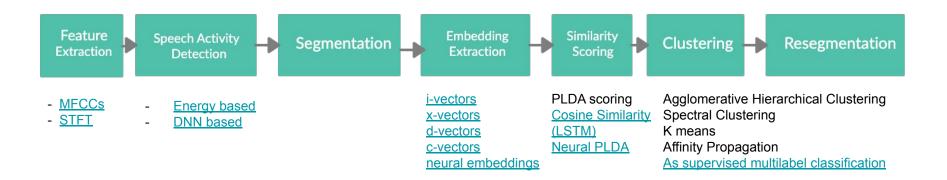
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#### Problem Statement

- Determining 'who spoke when' in an audio.
- Identifying and labelling speech frames according to the speaker.
- A typical Speaker Diarization pipeline:



#### A Brief Literature Review



#### Test Dataset: CALLHOME

- Released by Linguistic Data Consortium (LDC) as part of 2000 NIST Speaker Recognition database as Disk 8.
- Oracle labels available at openslr.org, earlier used to be hosted by NIST online
- Used to test or adapt models and pipelines, using k fold cross validation

Features	Callhome	
Sampling Frequency	8 KHz	
Number of Recordings	500	
Number of Hours	17	
Language	Multlingual (English, Spanish etc	
Average duration of file	124.5 secs	

#### **Metric: Diarization Error Rate**

$$DER = \frac{false \; alarm + missed \; detection + confusion}{total}$$

- **Confusion Error:** Reference and Hypothesis speaker labels don't match
- False Alarm Error (FA): Hypothesis labels as speech a segment which Reference labels as non-speech
- **Miss Error:** Hypothesis labels as non-speech and does not assign any speaker but Reference labels as speech.

For more nuance, see how <u>pyannote-metric</u> calculates it, and <u>NIST</u> defines it.

## **Toolkits**

- LIUM SpkDiarization
- Kaldi
- Pyannote

#### Some frameworks/languages to learn:

- Pytorch/Tensorflow
- Python, Basics of Shell Script.

# LIUM SpkDiarization

#### About the Toolkit

- Written in Java, based on i-vector, optimised for radio and TV shows.
- Hard to operate due to less documentation
- Was state-of-the-art once, but no further developments after i-vector

DER on Callhome: 51.28 %

#### Some links:

- https://projets-lium.univ-lemans.fr/spkdiarization/
- https://github.com/StevenLOL/LIUM

## **KALDI**



- Open source state-of-the-art toolkit for Speech Recognition and other applications written in C++, Python and Bash Scripts.
- Contains a lot of folders and recipes, familiarize yourself with 'egs/callhome\_diarization' first.
- Some python wrappers to use Kaldi's functionalities outside of command line environment:

**Bob**: Only for SAD

Kaldi-io: To convert from kaldi data (x-vectors, mfcc in .ark) to python numpy matrices

Pykaldi: Python wrappers for the C++, low level function code in kaldi

#### Installation

 Clone kaldi from git and follow Install instructions present in repository (http://jrmeyer.github.io/asr/2016/01/26/Installing-Kaldi.html)

 If you are having problems with compatibility of some tools (like Intel MKL) on OS, consider installing Kaldi in a docker (<a href="https://maelfabien.github.io/signal/kaldi/#">https://maelfabien.github.io/signal/kaldi/#</a>)

#### Running the Callhome Recipe

- Learn about data files that Kaldi needs from <a href="here">here</a> and <a href="here">here</a>: wav.scp, segments, spk2utt, utt2spk.
- Go to egs/callhome\_diarization/v2 and find an x-vector recipe there (run.sh).
- Get the callhome dataset from Dr Tung.
- Try to run it step by step from terminal and observe the pipeline, the input and output of each module
- Exclude the training parts of the recipe.
- Practice: Make a run.sh script for diarization of a single file, say iaaa.sph from Callhome

#### Refer to these if stuck:

- https://towardsdatascience.com/speaker-diarization-with-kaldi-e30301b05cc8
- https://github.com/kaldi-asr/kaldi/issues/2523#issuecomment-408935477

### Verify Results

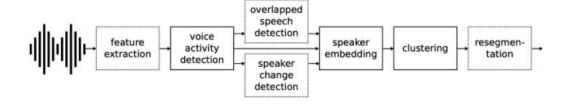
Once you have successfully run the run.sh i.e 2 fold callhome experiment, verify the results for 0.25 seconds collar with known number of speakers.

Model	DER for Overlap Included	DER for Overlap Excluded	Inference Time
Kaldi: X-vectors +PLDA scoring+ AHC clustering	20.14%	9.46%	5%
Kaldi: X-vectors +PLDA scoring+ AHC clustering + VB resegmentation	18.61%	7.33%	19%

This would be an important baseline.

# Pyannote-Audio

#### Pyannote-Audio



- Open source toolkit for speaker diarization based on Pytorch framework
- Provides trainable neural network blocks for Speech Activity Detection (SAD), Speaker Change Detection (SCD) and Embedding extraction.
- Models make up Speaker Diarization Pipeline
- All NN models are LSTM-based

#### Available Pipelines:

	Pipeline	Models used internally	Development set	
$\checkmark$	dia or dia_dihard	{ sad_dihard , scd_dihard , emb_voxceleb }	DIHARD.custom.dev	
<b>V</b>	dia_ami	{ sad_ami, scd_ami, emb_ami}	AMI.dev	
×	dia_etape	{ sad_etape , scd_etape , emb_etape }	Etape.dev	

Pipelines marked with Xare not available yet but will be released at some point.

#### **Getting Started**

Pyannote-audio's <u>repository</u> has good tutorials.

A good colab introduction for pyannote-audio's APIs here.

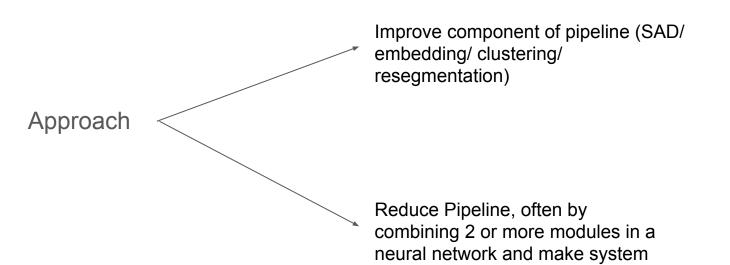
Try diarizing Callhome/ Run the pyannote tutorial for AMI dataset here and verify results for 0.25 seconds collar. The results on Callhome aren't very good because the pipeline is trained on 16 Khz data.

## Verify Results

Dataset	DER with overlap	DER without overlap	Pyannote pipeline
AMI meeting set	17.57%	14.20%	dia_ami
Callhome	54.62%		dia_ami
Callhome	49.30%		dia_dihard

Note: We tried to finetune the dia\_ami pipeline on the AMI eval set using this <u>tutorial</u> so that ultimately we could finetune it on Callhome using 5 fold evaluation and improve results but the code always broke down and we could not configure an environment for it to run perfectly. This might be because pyannote is still in development.

# Recent Research Directions and Leading Works



end-to-end

	Paper	Year	Authors	Methodology	Available implementation	Baseline
1.	Speaker Diarization with Region Proposal Network	2020	Zili Huang, Shinji Watanabe, et al	Borrow a CV technique- Region Proposal Network (RPN) and reduce typical pipeline to 2 steps: SAD+Embedding/ Clustering.	https://github.com/HuangZiliA ndy/RPNSD Trained model available and can be adapted for CALLHOME!	Kaldi's CALLHOME diarization V2 recipe (X-vectors) with TDNN SAD model + VB resegmentation.
2.	End-to-End Neural Speaker Diarization with Permutation-Free Objectives	2019	Yusuke Fujita, Naoyuki Kanda,et al.	Instead of separate clustering and embedding modules, one pipeline- a BLSTM neural network	https://github.com/hitachi- speech/EEND Trained model not available	Kaldi's CALLHOME diarization v1 (i-vectors) and v2 (x-vectors) recipe
3.	Fully supervised speaker diarization	2019	Aonan Zhang, Quan Wang,et al.	Supervised system. Built on 2018 work using d-vectors. Replaces clustering model by a parameter sharing RNN which models each speaker and generates instances of RNN according to a probablistic model	https://github.com/google/uis-rnn	(Paper 4)
4.	Speaker Diarization with LSTM	2018	Carlton Downey, Li Wan, et al.	Use LSTM-based d vectors for speaker embeddings+ non-parametric clustering	(only code for spectral clustering algorithm available)	Train their own i-vector network on anonymized voice searches

## Our Work

From June to November, 3 primary experiments were performed and the models, code and results were established:

- 1. Kaldi's diarization recipe
- 2. Kaldi's x-vector with LSTM similarity scoring
- 3. RPNSD

Find them <u>here</u>.

#### Secondary Tasks

- Transformer for multi-label classification. Achieved a DER of ~30% on Callhome.
- SOMs for clustering RPNSD embeddings- worked well for 2 speaker conversations but did not do well with more number of speakers
- Joint optimisation of Kaldi's x-vector with the LSTM model for generating similarity matrix. Training data was too less to do this adequately. Contact <u>Huan Yu</u> for any questions.

#### **Future Directions**

- Replace LSTM similarity matrix with LSTM+attention similarity matrix.
- Generate new embeddings from existing embeddings optimised for cluster assignment and feature representation [1]
- Generate new embeddings using triplet loss.
- Concatenate i-vectors and x-vectors using a neural network to generate new embeddings (similar to c-vectors)
- Refine overlapped frame labelling script to reduce speaker confusion error.

#### **Useful Links**



https://github.com/YoavRamon/awesome-kaldi



https://wq2012.github.io/awesome-diarization/

https://paperswithcode.com/task/speaker-diarization

https://pytorch.org/tutorials/index.html (Sequence to Sequence model tutorials are typically available for text, but nowadays they are being adapted for speech tasks)

https://colab.research.google.com/github/facundodeza/transfomer-audio-classification/blob/master/audio\_classification\_transformer.ipynb#scrollTo=\_PqhqYOiMgjo (A rare instance of transformer code with audio)

https://www.danielpovey.com/kaldi-lectures.html

https://ai.googleblog.com/2018/11/accurate-online-speaker-diarization.html