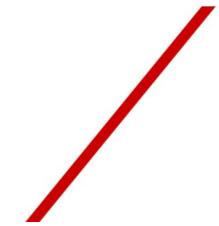


# Software Language Engineering Code generation

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# Recap

- Grammar -> Parser -> Parse Tree -> ~~AST~~
- Name resolution: recover referential structure
- Checking: find errors not captured by syntax
- Today:
  - semantics
  - compilation/code generation

# Transformation

- Translation
- Restructuring
- Generation
- Optimization
- ...

# Compilation

- Translation from high-level to low-level  
 (= lowering the level of abstraction)
  - Java -> JVM byte code
  - C -> x86 machine code
  - JVM byte code -> x86 machine code
  - QL -> HTML + Javascript
- So not, e.g., Java to C# translation

# Compiler pipe line

- Simplification:
  - desugar: unless ( $x$ )  $S \rightarrow$  if ( $\neg x$ )  $S$
  - “lowering”: if ( $x$ )  $S \rightarrow$  if ( $x$ )  $S$  else ;
- Source level optimization
  - e.g. if (true)  $S \rightarrow S$ ,  $0^* x \rightarrow 0$ , etc.
- Intermediate representation
  - example: SSA

# Source code generation

- AST based: transform trees, format at the end
- String-based: generate source code directly
  - e.g. using template frameworks

# AST based generation

- + type-safe (“syntax correct”)
- + allows post-processing
- - cumbersome, big AST types
- - not WYSIWYG
- - need pretty printer

# Template-based generation

- + quick and dirty, no grammar/AST/formatter required
- + wysiwyg
- - not syntax-safe, no IDE support
- - post-processing requires parsing

# Byte-code generation

- + no need for target compiler, so fast compilation
- + very expressive
- - low-level: it's not source code after all
- - requires knowledge of VM infrastructures

# Some challenges in code generation

- Origin tracking: how to trace errors and debug info back to original language?
- Modular source code generation is hardly possible.
- Name capture
  - (see, e.g., Erdweg et al., ECOOP'13)

**state opened**  
close => closed  
**end**

**state closed**  
open => opened  
lock => current  
**end**

**state current**  
unlock => closed  
**end**

(a) Input

```
str controller2run(Controller ctl) =  
    "void run(Scanner input, Writer output) {  
        int current = <ctl.states[0]>;  
        while (true) {  
            String tk = input.nextLine();  
            <for (s ← ctl.states) {>  
                <state2if(s)>  
                <}>  
            }  
        }";  
  
str state2if(State s) =  
    "if (current == <s.name>) {  
        <for (transition(e, s2) ← s.transitions) {>  
            if (<e>(tk)) current = <s2>;  
        }>  
        continue;  
    }";
```

(b) Excerpt of state machine compiler

```
static final int current = 2;  
void run(...) {  
    int current = opened;  
    ...  
    if (current == current) {  
        if (unlock(tk)) current = closed;  
        continue;  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

(c) Incorrect output

```
static final int current0 = 2;  
void run(...) {  
    int current = opened;  
    ...  
    if (current == current0) {  
        if (unlock(tk)) current = closed;  
        continue;  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

(d) Repaired output

# Code generation in Rascal

- Built-in string templates
- AST types for Java, Javascript, HTML, and others
- Flybytes: generate JVM bytecode directly
- Wasm: web assembly (BSc project)

# State machines

