

ItemsAgent Technical Datasheet - Autonomous driving in Super Tux Kart using Reinforcement Learning

Authored by: Wilson Cedric GENEVIEVE

Safa GUNES

Mahmoud DARWISH

Badr BENHAMMOU

Bachelor in Computer Science, Sorbonne University, Paris, France

January 2025 - May 2025

Supervised by: Olivier SIGAUD

Computer Science Professor and Machine Learning Researcher

ISIR Robotics Laboratory, Sorbonne University

Abstract. The ItemsAgent is designed to avoid all items while navigating SuperTuxKart tracks. While its core logic builds upon the MedianAgent, the ItemsAgent incorporates peripheral vision and customized steering adjustments for item avoidance. As of now, the agent is not yet functional, and no extensive tests have been conducted.

1 Introduction

The ItemsAgent follows a similar path-following technique as the MedianAgent but introduces additional logic to avoid items. Its primary objective is to minimize item collisions while maintaining a stable driving trajectory. The agent leverages peripheral vision detection and movement adjustment strategies to navigate around obstacles.

2 ItemsAgent Algorithm

The ItemsAgent introduces two key algorithms that significantly impact its behavior:

Algorithm 1 Peripheral Vision Check Algorithm

- 1: **Input:** Item position, Kart front direction, Peripheral angle
 - 2: **Output:** Boolean indicating if item is within peripheral zone
 - 3: Compute $direction_to_item = \frac{item_pos}{\|item_pos\|}$
 - 4: Compute $kart_direction = \frac{kart_front}{\|kart_front\|}$
 - 5: Compute angle: $angle = \arccos(\text{clip}(direction_to_item \cdot kart_direction, -1.0, 1.0))$
 - 6: **return** $angle < peripheral_angle$
-

Algorithm 2 CalculateAction Algorithm

```

1: Input: Observation data, Lookahead value
2: Output: Action tuple (steering, acceleration, drift, nitro)
3: Compute curvature using compute_curvature(paths_end[lookahead - 1])
4: Compute slope using compute_slope(paths_end[: lookahead])
5: Compute direction to target using direction_to_target = path_end - kart_front
6: Compute steering: steering = 0.2 × direction_to_target[0]
7: for each item position in items_position do
8:     if distance_to_item < forecast distance and item is in peripheral vision zone then
9:         if item is on the right side then → Move left aggressively
10:        if item is on the left side then → Move right aggressively
11:        end if
12:
13:    return (steering, acceleration, drift, nitro)

```

3 Limitations and Future Work

Currently, the ItemsAgent is not functional, and extensive testing has not been performed. Future improvements should focus on refining item detection accuracy, optimizing peripheral vision angle settings, and adjusting movement logic to minimize false positives during item avoidance.

4 Conclusion

The ItemsAgent presents an early-stage implementation of an item-avoidance strategy for SuperTuxKart. While its core logic shows promise, additional testing and refinements are required before achieving stable and competitive racing performance.