

1.

\$axp	X..newX..i	\$cat	X..newX..i	\$sbux	X..newX..i
nobs	2515.000000	nobs	2515.000000	nobs	2515.000000
NAS	0.000000	NAS	0.000000	NAS	0.000000
Minimum	-17.594900	Minimum	-14.517500	Minimum	-28.286200
Maximum	17.926600	Maximum	14.722900	Maximum	14.635400
1. Quartile	-1.111050	1. Quartile	-1.144150	1. Quartile	-1.247450
3. Quartile	1.092900	3. Quartile	1.206100	3. Quartile	1.248750
Mean	0.014565	Mean	0.059504	Mean	0.048054
Median	-0.018200	Median	0.048900	Median	-0.051200
Sum	36.631900	Sum	149.651700	Sum	120.855000
SE Mean	0.048778	SE Mean	0.043263	SE Mean	0.053492
LCL Mean	-0.081084	LCL Mean	-0.025332	LCL Mean	-0.056840
UCL Mean	0.110215	UCL Mean	0.144339	UCL Mean	0.152947
Variance	5.983984	Variance	4.707373	Variance	7.196460
Stdev	2.446218	Stdev	2.169648	Stdev	2.682622
Skewness	-0.034606	Skewness	0.011671	Skewness	-0.082427
Kurtosis	6.048051	Kurtosis	4.453264	Kurtosis	8.745578

a.

b. Done in r Code

\$axp	X..newX..i	\$cat	X..newX..i	\$sbux	X..newX..i
nobs	2515.000000	nobs	2515.000000	nobs	2515.000000
NAS	0.000000	NAS	0.000000	NAS	0.000000
Minimum	-19.352286	Minimum	-15.685851	Minimum	-33.248699
Maximum	16.489221	Maximum	13.734947	Maximum	13.658647
1. Quartile	-1.117268	1. Quartile	-1.150746	1. Quartile	-1.255296
3. Quartile	1.086971	3. Quartile	1.198885	3. Quartile	1.241017
Mean	-0.015434	Mean	0.035949	Mean	0.011885
Median	-0.018202	Median	0.048888	Median	-0.051213
Sum	-38.817035	Sum	90.411139	Sum	29.891717
SE Mean	0.048911	SE Mean	0.043300	SE Mean	0.053757
LCL Mean	-0.111345	LCL Mean	-0.048958	LCL Mean	-0.093527
UCL Mean	0.080477	UCL Mean	0.120856	UCL Mean	0.117297
Variance	6.016709	Variance	4.715337	Variance	7.267811
Stdev	2.452898	Stdev	2.171483	Stdev	2.695888
Skewness	-0.336435	Skewness	-0.201745	Skewness	-0.597068
Kurtosis	6.486498	Kurtosis	4.694747	Kurtosis	12.895473

c.

\$axp	One Sample t-test	\$cat	One Sample t-test
data: newX[, i]		data: newX[, i]	
t = -0.31555, df = 2514, p-value = 0.7524		t = 0.83023, df = 2514, p-value = 0.4065	
\$sbux			
One Sample t-test			
data: newX[, i]			
t = 0.2211, df = 2514, p-value = 0.825			

All three p-values are greater than 0.05 so fail to reject the null hypothesis for all means

2.

\$gm	X..newX..i	\$vw	X..newX..i	\$ew	X..newX..i	\$sp	X..newX..i
nobs	408.000000	nobs	408.000000	nobs	408.000000	nobs	408.000000
NAS	0.000000	NAS	0.000000	NAS	0.000000	NAS	0.000000
Minimum	-38.931300	Minimum	-22.536300	Minimum	-27.224800	Minimum	-21.763000
Maximum	27.661900	Maximum	14.160000	Maximum	29.926000	Maximum	13.176700
1. Quartile	-4.348825	1. Quartile	-1.583500	1. Quartile	-1.684150	1. Quartile	-1.762400
3. Quartile	5.450150	3. Quartile	3.995300	3. Quartile	4.564425	3. Quartile	3.598425
Mean	0.556755	Mean	1.011799	Mean	1.331385	Mean	0.730084
Median	0.678100	Median	1.387950	Median	1.617200	Median	1.003550
Sum	227.156000	Sum	412.813800	Sum	543.204900	Sum	297.874400
SE Mean	0.459067	SE Mean	0.223153	SE Mean	0.277038	SE Mean	0.215849
LCL Mean	-0.345684	LCL Mean	0.573122	LCL Mean	0.786780	LCL Mean	0.305767
UCL Mean	1.459194	UCL Mean	1.450475	UCL Mean	1.875989	UCL Mean	1.154402
Variance	85.983038	Variance	20.317313	Variance	31.314081	Variance	19.008981
Stdev	9.272704	Stdev	4.507473	Stdev	5.595899	Stdev	4.359929
Skewness	-0.383475	Skewness	-0.742662	Skewness	-0.300123	Skewness	-0.570545
Kurtosis	2.048076	Kurtosis	2.666032	Kurtosis	4.333664	Kurtosis	2.268600

a.

b. Done in R code

3.

- a. Annual Log Return = 0.07583247
- b. Investment Value = \$13.17

4.

a. Null Hypothesis: Skewness = 0, Alternate Hypothesis: Skewness \neq 0

Z-Score = 1.96, Test Statistic = -6.88, $6.88 > 1.96$

Reject the null hypothesis and conclude the skewness is significantly different from zero.

b. Null Hypothesis: Kurtosis = 0, Alternate Hypothesis: Kurtosis \neq 0

Z-Score = 1.96, Test Statistic = 66.40, $66.40 > 1.96$

Reject the null hypothesis and conclude the kurtosis is significantly different from zero.