$$g(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s_0(y) s_0(y+x) dy = \begin{cases} \int_{-3}^{3-x} \sin(2\pi y) \sin(2\pi (x+y)) dy, & for \ x \in [0,6] \\ \int_{-3-x}^{3} \sin(2\pi y) \sin(2\pi (x+y)) dy, & for \ x \in [-6,0) \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$

$$\int_{-3}^{3-x} \sin(2\pi y) \sin(2\pi(x+y)) dy$$

$$= \int_{-3}^{3-x} \sin(2\pi y) \left[\sin(2\pi x) \cos(2\pi y) + \cos(2\pi x) \sin(2\pi y) \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{-3}^{3-x} \sin(2\pi x) \sin(2\pi y) \cos(2\pi y) + \cos(2\pi x) \sin^2(2\pi y) dy$$

$$= \int_{-3}^{3-x} \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\pi x) \sin(4\pi y) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi x) (1 - \cos(4\pi y)) dy$$

$$= \frac{-1}{8\pi} \sin(2\pi x) \left[\cos(4\pi y) \right]_{-3}^{3-x} + \frac{1}{8\pi} \cos(2\pi x) \left[4\pi y - \sin(4\pi y) \right]_{-3}^{3-x}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{8\pi} \sin(2\pi x) \left[\cos(4\pi x) - 1 \right] + \frac{1}{8\pi} \cos(2\pi x) \left[24\pi - 4\pi x + \sin(4\pi x) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{8\pi} \left[\sin(4\pi x) \cos(2\pi x) - \sin(2\pi x) \cos(4\pi x) + \sin(2\pi x) + 24\pi \cos(2\pi x) - 4\pi x \cos(2\pi x) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{8\pi} \left[2\sin(2\pi x) + 24\pi \cos(2\pi x) - 4\pi x \cos(2\pi x) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi} \sin(2\pi x) + 3\cos(2\pi x) - \frac{1}{2} x \cos(2\pi x)$$

Similarly,

$$\int_{-3-x}^{3} \sin(2\pi y) \sin(2\pi (x+y)) dy$$

$$= \frac{-1}{8\pi} \sin(2\pi x) \left[\cos(4\pi y)\right]_{-3-x}^{3} + \frac{1}{8\pi} \cos(2\pi x) \left[4\pi y - \sin(4\pi y)\right]_{-3-x}^{3}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{8\pi} \sin(2\pi x) \left[1 - \cos(4\pi x)\right] + \frac{1}{8\pi} \cos(2\pi x) \left[24\pi + 4\pi x - \sin(4\pi x)\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{8\pi} \left[\sin(2\pi x)\cos(4\pi x) - \sin(4\pi x)\cos(2\pi x) - \sin(2\pi x) + 24\pi\cos(2\pi x) + 4\pi x\cos(2\pi x)\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{8\pi} \left[-2\sin(2\pi x) + 24\pi\cos(2\pi x) + 4\pi x\cos(2\pi x)\right]$$

$$= \frac{-1}{4\pi} \sin(2\pi x) + 3\cos(2\pi x) + \frac{1}{2}x\cos(2\pi x)$$

Hence, we obtain:

$$\begin{split} g(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} s_0(y) s_0(y+x) dy \\ &= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4\pi} \sin(2\pi|x|) + 3\cos(2\pi x) - \frac{1}{2} |x| \cos(2\pi x), & for \ x \in [-6,6] \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases} \end{split}$$