

phpMyAdmin 站点配置

1. 简介：phpMyAdmin：可视化数据库管理系统，比命令行更直观、方便的进行数据库管理的工具
2. 站点搭建步骤

- (1) 解压phpMyAdmin项目目录至指定目录(站点文件)
- (2) 在apache的vhost(虚拟主机配置文件)httpd_vhost中添加一个站点
- (3) 找到php.ini 打开模块phpmbstring.dll
- (4) 浏览器浏览该站点即可

注：phpmyadmin只能作为一个辅助工具，平时的数据库操作，还是以命令行为主

NameVirtualHost *:80

```
#  
# VirtualHost example:  
# Almost any Apache directive may go into a VirtualHost container.  
# The first VirtualHost section is used for all requests that do not  
# match a ServerName or ServerAlias in any <VirtualHost> block.  
#
```

#默认站点

```
<VirtualHost *:80>  
    ServerName localhost  
    DocumentRoot "/Applications/MAMP/htdocs"  
    <Directory "/Applications/MAMP/htdocs">  
        Options Indexes  
        Order Deny,Allow  
        Allow From All  
    </Directory>  
</VirtualHost>
```

#股大师站点

```
<VirtualHost *:80>  
    DocumentRoot "/Applications/MAMP/guDaShi"  
    ServerName www.gudashi.com  
    <Directory "/Applications/MAMP/guDaShi">  
        Options Indexes  
        Order Deny,Allow  
        Allow From All  
    </Directory>  
</VirtualHost>
```

#phpMyAdmin站点

```
<VirtualHost *:80>  
    DocumentRoot "/Applications/MAMP/bin/phpMyAdmin"  
    ServerName www.phpmyadmin.com  
    <Directory "/Applications/MAMP/bin/phpMyAdmin">  
        Options Indexes  
        Order Deny,Allow  
        Allow From All  
        DirectoryIndex index.php  
    </Directory>  
</VirtualHost>
```

补充：配置文件config.inc.php

当mysql数据库账户用户名密码变了后，需同步修改

密码设置：mysql解释器环境下，set password 'root' @' localhost' = password('newPass');