Benchmarking Substellar Evolutionary Models Using New Age Estimates for HD 4747 B and HD 19467 B

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December 7, 2018

2018 COSE-JAM at the University of Notre Dame

Submitted!

Benchmarking Substellar Evolutionary Models Using New Age Estimates for HD 4747 B and HD 19467 B

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Submitted to ApJ

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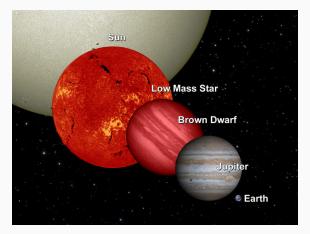
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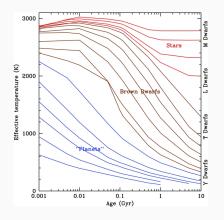
Introduction and Motivation

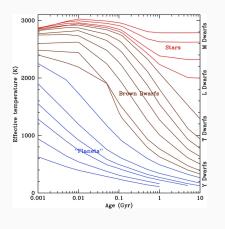
Not a Star and Not a Planet

- A brown dwarf is an object that does not sustain nuclear fusion
- Generally considered "failed stars"
- Mass $\sim 13-72~\mathrm{M_{Jup}}$

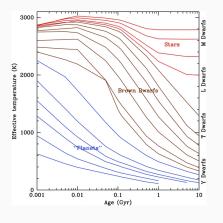


Credit: Wikipedia

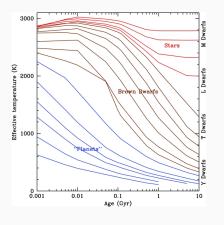




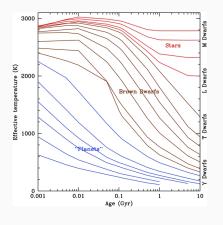
• Larger mass \rightarrow hotter \rightarrow higher luminosity



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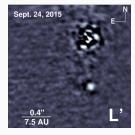


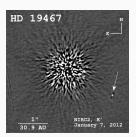
- Larger mass \rightarrow hotter \rightarrow higher luminosity
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- Need three parameters: mass, age, and luminosity
- How do you determine if a brown dwarf is massive but old or light but young?

The Problem

Are the models actually any good?

Finding "Benchmark" Objects

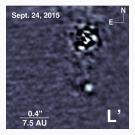


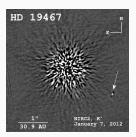


 Directly imaged brown dwarfs in binary (or higher) systems have model-independent masses, ages, and luminosities

Credit: Crepp, J. 6

Finding "Benchmark" Objects





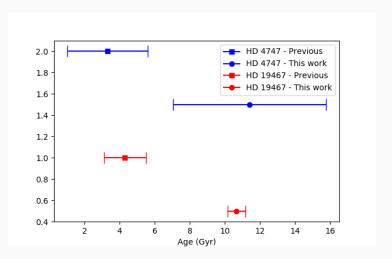
- Directly imaged brown dwarfs in binary (or higher) systems have model-independent masses, ages, and luminosities
- Use these "benchmark" brown dwarfs to test and calibrate models

Credit: Crepp, J. 6

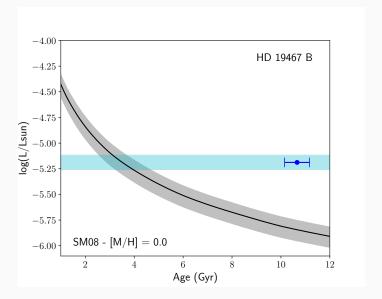
Observations and Results

Study the Host Star Instead

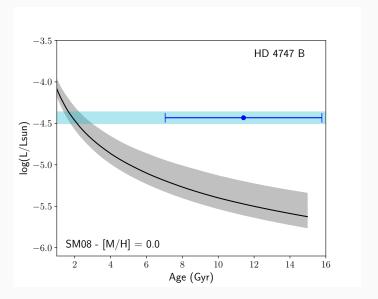
Stellar models are more rigorously tested than brown dwarf models, but age results depend on method used.



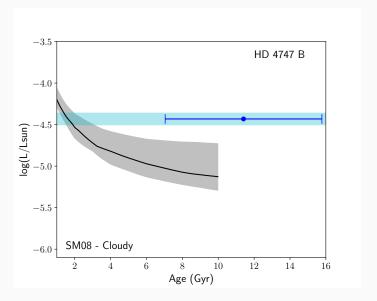
Comparing the Luminosities



Comparing the Luminosities



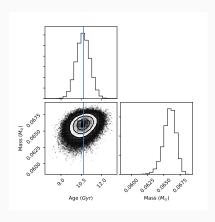
HD 4747 B Might Have Clouds



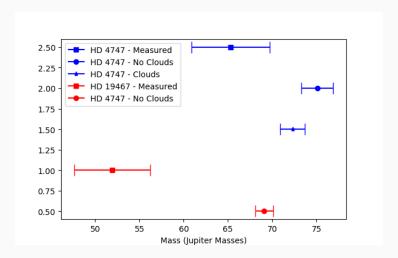
Comparing the Masses

- Models come in form of a grid

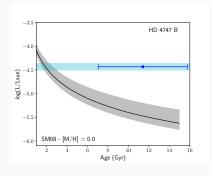
 each (mass, age) pair has a
 corresponding luminosity
- Explore the parameter space in an unbiased way using a Markov Chain Monte Carlo simulation
- Returns a probability distribution for the explored parameter



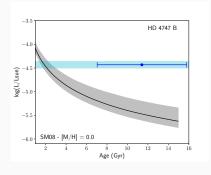
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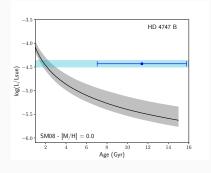
Conclusions



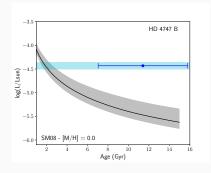
 Current brown dwarf models under-predict the luminosities of HD 4747 B and HD 19467 B by at least a factor of 3 and over-predict the masses by at least 15%



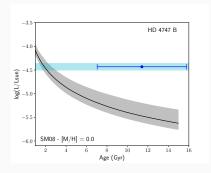
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 no exploration of metallicity, clouds are complicated



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- Continue to observe these brown dwarfs for improved distances and better constraints on the orbits



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Questions?

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