Automata

TVHoai, HTNguyen, NAKhuong, LHTrang



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Some applications

Chapter 4 Automata

Mathematical Modeling

(Materials drawn from this chapter in:

- Peter Linz. An Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata, (5th Ed.), Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2011.
- John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani and Jeffrey D. Ullamn. *Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation* (3rd Ed.), Prentice Hall, 2006.
- Antal Iványi Algorithms of Informatics, Kempelen Farkas Hallgatói Információs Központ, 2011.)

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- 3 Regular expression or rationnal expression
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- 6 Recognized languages
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Course outcomes

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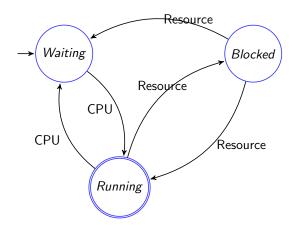
	Course learning outcomes	
L.O.1	Understanding of predicate logic	ВК тр.нсм
	L.O.1.1 – Give an example of predicate logic	
	L.O.1.2 – Explain logic expression for some real problems L.O.1.3 – Describe logic expression for some real problems	Contents
	<u> </u>	- Motivation
L.O.2	Understanding of deterministic modeling using some discrete structures	Alphabets, words and languages
	L.O.2.1 – Explain a linear programming (mathematical statement)	Regular expression or
	L.O.2.2 – State some well-known discrete structures	rationnal expression
		Non-deterministic finite automata
	L.O.2.3 – Give a counter-example for a given model L.O.2.4 – Construct discrete model for a simple problem	Deterministic finite
		automata
L.O.3	Be able to compute solutions, parameters of models based on data	Recognized languages
	L.O.3.1 – Compute/Determine optimal/feasible solutions of integer	Determinisation
	linear programming models, possibly utilizing adequate libraries	Minimization
	L.O.3.2 – Compute/ optimize solution models based on automata,	DFAs combination
	, possibly utilizing adequate libraries	Some applications
		_

Introduction

Standard states of a process in operating system

• O with label: states

• →: transitions



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Why study automata theory?

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A useful model for many important kinds of software and hardware

- 1 designing and checking the behaviour of digital circuits
- 2 lexical analyser of a typical compiler: a compiler component that breaks the input text into logical units
- 3 scanning large bodies of text, such as collections of Web pages, to find occurrences of words, phrases or other patterns
- verifying pratical systems of all types that have a finite number of distinct states, such as communications protocols and other protocols for securely information exchange, etc.

Alphabets, symbols

Definition

Alphabet Σ (bảng chữ cái) is a finite and non-empty set of symbols (or characters).

For example:

- $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$
- The binary alphabet: $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$
- The set of all lower-case letters: $\Sigma = \{a, b, \dots, z\}$
- The set of all ASCII characters.

Remark

 Σ is almost always all available characters (lowercase letters, capital letters, numbers, symbols and special characters such as space or newline).

But nothing prevents to imagine other sets.

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Strings (words)

Definition

- A string/word u (chuỗi/từ) over Σ is a finite sequence (possibly empty) of symbols (or characters) in Σ .
- A empty string is denoted by ε .
- The length of the string u, denoted by |u|, is the number of characters.
- All the strings over Σ is denoted by Σ^* .
- A language L over Σ is a sub-set of Σ^* .

Remark

The purpose aims to analyze a string of Σ^* in order to know whether it belongs or not to L.

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Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

- ε is a string with length of 0.
- 0 and 1 are the strings with length of 1.
- 00, 01, 10 and 11 are the strings with length of 2.
- \emptyset is a language over Σ . It's called the empty language.

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Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

- ε is a string with length of 0.
- 0 and 1 are the strings with length of 1.
- 00, 01, 10 and 11 are the strings with length of 2.
- \emptyset is a language over Σ . It's called the empty language.
- Σ^* is a language over Σ . It's called the universal language.
- $\{\varepsilon\}$ is a language over Σ .
- $\{0,00,001\}$ is also a language over Σ .
- The set of strings which contain an odd number of 0 is a language over Σ .
- The set of strings that contain as many of 1 as 0 is a language over \sum_{i}



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String concatenation

Intuitively, the concatenation of two strings 01 and 10 is 0110. Concatenating the empty string ε and the string 110 is the string 110.

Definition

String concatenation is an application of $\Sigma^* \times \Sigma^*$ to Σ^* . Concatenation of two strings u and v in Σ is the string u.v. Automata

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Some applications

Specifying languages

- a enumeration of its words, for example:
 - $L_1 = \{\varepsilon, 0, 1\},$
 - $L_2 = \{a, aa, aaa, ab, ba\},\$
 - $L_3 = \{\varepsilon, ab, aabb, aaabbb, aaaabbb, \ldots\},$

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Some applications

Specifying languages

- a enumeration of its words, for example:
 - $L_1 = \{\varepsilon, 0, 1\},\$
 - $L_2 = \{a, aa, aaa, ab, ba\},$
 - $L_3 = \{\varepsilon, ab, aabb, aaabbb, aaaabbb, \ldots\}$,
- a property, such that all words of the language have this property but other words have not, for example:
 - $L_4 = \{a^n b^n | n = 0, 1, 2, \ldots\},\$
 - $L_5 = \{uu^{-1} | u \in \Sigma^*\}$ with $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$,
 - $L_6 = \{u \in \{a,b\}^* | n_a(u) = n_b(u)\}$ where $n_a(u)$ denotes the number of letter 'a' in word u.

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Specifying languages

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 - $L_2 = \{a, aa, aaa, ab, ba\},$
 - $L_3 = \{\varepsilon, ab, aabb, aaabbb, aaaabbbb, \ldots\}$,
- **(5)** a property, such that all words of the language have this property but other words have not, for example:
 - $L_4 = \{a^n b^n | n = 0, 1, 2, \ldots\},\$
 - $L_5 = \{uu^{-1} | u \in \Sigma^*\} \text{ with } \Sigma = \{a, b\},$
 - $L_6 = \{u \in \{a,b\}^* | n_a(u) = n_b(u)\}$ where $n_a(u)$ denotes the number of letter 'a' in word u.
- o its grammar, for example:
 - Let G=(N,T,P,S) where $N=\{S\},\,T=\{a,b\},\,P=\{S\rightarrow aSb,S\rightarrow ab\}$ i.e. $L(G)=\{a^nb^n|n\geq 1\}$ since $S\Rightarrow aSb\Rightarrow a^2Sb^2\Rightarrow \ldots \Rightarrow a^nSb^n$

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Some applications

L, L_1 , L_2 are languages over Σ

union

$$L_1 \cup L_2 = \{ u \in \Sigma^* \mid u \in L_1 \text{ or } u \in L_2 \},$$

intersection

$$L_1 \cap L_2 = \{ u \in \Sigma^* \mid u \in L_1 \text{ and } u \in L_2 \},$$

difference

$$L_1 \setminus L_2 = \{ u \in \Sigma^* \mid u \in L_1 \text{ and } u \notin L_2 \},$$

• complement

$$\overline{L} = \Sigma^* \setminus L$$
,

multiplication

$$L_1L_2 = \{uv \mid u \in L_1, v \in L_2\},\$$

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Some applications

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$$\overline{L} = \Sigma^* \setminus L$$
.

multiplication

$$L_1L_2 = \{uv \mid u \in L_1, v \in L_2\},$$

power

$$L^0=\{arepsilon\}, \qquad L^n=L^{n-1}L$$
 , if $n\geq 1$,

iteration or star operation

$$L^* = \bigcup_{i=0} L^i = L^0 \cup L \cup L^2 \cup \dots \cup L^i \cup \dots,$$

We will use also the notation L^+

$$L^{+} = \bigcup_{i=1}^{n} L^{i} = L \cup L^{2} \cup \cdots \cup L^{i} \cup \cdots.$$

The union, product and iteration are called regular operations.

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Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}, L_1 = \{ab, aa, b\}, L_2 = \{b, ca, bac\}$

- a $L_1 \cup L_2 = ?$.
- **b** $L_1 \cap L_2 = ?$.
- **c** $L_1 \setminus L_2 = ?$,
- **d** $L_1L_2 = ?$.
- e $L_2L_1 = ?$.

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Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$, $L_1 = \{ab, aa, b\}$, $L_2 = \{b, ca, bac\}$

- a $L_1 \cup L_2 = \{ab, aa, b, ca, bac\},\$
- **b** $L_1 \cap L_2 = \{b\},\$
- **c** $L_1 \setminus L_2 = \{ab, aa\},$
- \mathbf{d} $L_1L_2 = \{abb, aab, bb, abca, aaca, bca, abbac, aabac, bbac\}$,

Let
$$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$$
, $L_1 = \{ab, aa, b\}$, $L_2 = \{b, ca, bac\}$

a
$$L_1 \cup L_2 = \{ab, aa, b, ca, bac\},\$$

b
$$L_1 \cap L_2 = \{b\},\$$

c
$$L_1 \setminus L_2 = \{ab, aa\},$$

$$\mathbf{d}$$
 $L_1L_2 = \{abb, aab, bb, abca, aaca, bca, abbac, aabac, bbac\}$,

Let
$$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$$
 and $L = \{ab, aa, b, ca, bac\}$

$$L^2 = ?$$

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Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}, L_1 = \{ab, aa, b\}, L_2 = \{b, ca, bac\}$

- a $L_1 \cup L_2 = \{ab, aa, b, ca, bac\},\$
- **b** $L_1 \cap L_2 = \{b\},\$
- **c** $L_1 \setminus L_2 = \{ab, aa\},\$
- \mathbf{d} $L_1L_2 = \{abb, aab, bb, abca, aaca, bca, abbac, aabac, bbac\}$,

Let $\Sigma = \{a,b,c\}$ and $L = \{ab,aa,b,ca,bac\}$

 $L^2 = u.v$, with $u, v \in L$ including the following strings:

- abab, abaa, abb, abca, abbac,
 - aaab, aaaa, aab, aaca, aabac,
 - bab, baa, bb, bca, bbac,
 - caab, caaa, cab, caca, cabac,
 - bacab, bacaa, bacb, bacca, bacbac.

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Some applications

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Give at least 5 strings for each of the following languages

- 1 all strings with exactly one 'a'.
- 2 all strings of even length.
- 3 all strings which the number of appearances of b' is divisible by 3.
- 4 all strings ending with 'a'.
- 5 all non-empty strings not ending with 'a'.
- 6 all strings with at least one 'a'.
- 7 all strings with at most one 'a'.
- 8 all strings without any 'a'.
- g) all strings including at least one 'a' and whose the first appearance of 'a' is not followed by 'c'.

Exercise

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Some applications

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$ and $L = \{ab, aa, b, ca, bac\}$

Which of the following strings are in L^* ?

- **3** $aaa = a^3$.
- \mathfrak{D} $abaabaaabaa = aba^2ba^3ba^2$.
- **3** bbb.
- $\mathbf{S} = aab$.
- 3 cc.
- $aaaabaaaa = a^4ba^4$
- \mathfrak{F} cabbbbaaaaaaaaaa = cab^4a^9b ,
- $3 baaaaabaaaab = ba^5ba^4b$.
- \mathfrak{Z} baaaaabaac = ba^5ba^2c .
- 1 baca.

Regular expressions (biểu thức chính quy)

Permit to specify a language with strings consist of letters and ε , parentheses (), operating symbols +, ., *. This string can be empty, denoted \emptyset .

Regular operations on the languages

- union ∪ or +
- product of concatenation
- transitive closure *

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Regular expressions (biểu thức chính quy)

Permit to specify a language with strings consist of letters and ε , parentheses (), operating symbols +, ., *. This string can be empty, denoted \emptyset .

Regular operations on the languages

- union ∪ or +
- product of concatenation
- transitive closure *

Example on the aphabet set $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

- $(a+b)^*$ represent all the strings
- $a^*(ba^*)^*$ represent the same language
- $(a+b)^*aab$ represent all strings ending with aab.

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- Ø is a regular expression representing the empty language.
- ε is a regular expression representing language $\{\varepsilon\}$.
- If $a \in \Sigma$, then a is a regular expression representing language $\{a\}$.
- If x, y are regular expressions representing languages X and Y respectively, then (x+y), (xy), x^* are regular expression representing languages $X \bigcup Y$, XY and X^* respectively.

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- If x, y are regular expressions representing languages X and Y respectively, then (x+y), (xy), x^* are regular expression representing languages $X \bigcup Y$, XY and X^* respectively.

$$x + y \equiv y + x$$

$$(x + y) + z \equiv x + (y + z)$$

$$(xy)z \equiv x(yz)$$

$$(x + y)z \equiv xz + yz$$

$$x(y + z) \equiv xy + xz$$

$$(x + y)^* \equiv (x^* + y)^* \equiv (x + y^*)^* \equiv (x^* + y^*)^*$$

$$(x + y)^* \equiv x^*$$

$$(x^*)^* \equiv x^*$$

$$x^*x \equiv xx^*$$

$$xx^* + \varepsilon \equiv x^*$$

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Kleene's theorem

Language $L\subseteq \Sigma^*$ is regular if and only if there exists a regular expression over Σ representing language L.

Give at least 3 words for each language represented by the following regular expressions

- 1 $E_1 = a^* + b^*$,
- $E_2 = a^*b + b^*a$
- 3 $E_3 = b(ca + ac)(aa)^* + a^*(a+b)$,
- $E_4 = (a^*b + b^*a)^*.$

Example

 $a^*b = \{b, ab, a^2b, a^3b, \dots, aaa \dots ab\},\$

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Some applications

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Determine regular expression presenting for each of the following languages.

- 1 all strings with exactly one 'a'.
- 2 all strings of even length.
- 3 all strings which the number of appearances of b' is divisible by 3.
- 4 all strings ending with 'a'.
- 5 all non-empty strings not ending with 'a'.
- 6 all strings with at least one 'a'.
- 7 all strings with at most one 'a'.
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Some applications

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$ and $L = \{ab, aa, b, ca, bac\}$

Which languages represented by the following regular expressions are in L^* ?

- 1 $E_1 = a^* + ba$,
- $E_2 = b^* + a^*aba^*$
- $3 E_3 = aab + cab^*ac.$
- **5** $E_5 = (a^4ba^3)^{2*}c$,
- **6** $E_6 = b^+ ac \ (b^+ = bb^*),$
- 7 $E_7 = (b+c)ab + ba(c+ab)^*$,
- $8 E_8 = (b+c)^* ab + a(c+a)^*.$

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Which languages represented by the following regular expressions are in L^* ?

- 1 $E_1 = a^* + ba$,
- $E_2 = b^* + a^*aba^*$
- $3 E_3 = aab + cab^*ac,$
- 4 $E_4 = b(ca + ac)(aa)^* + a^*(a+b),$
- **5** $E_5 = (a^4ba^3)^{2*}c$,
- **6** $E_6 = b^+ ac \ (b^+ = bb^*),$
- 7 $E_7 = (b+c)ab + ba(c+ab)^*$,
- 8 $E_8 = (b+c)^*ab + a(c+a)^*$.

Define a (simple) regular expression representing the language L^* .

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Simplify each of the following regular expressions

$$E_2 = a^*(b + ab^*),$$

3
$$E_3 = \varepsilon + ab + abab(ab)^*$$
.

5
$$E_5 = aa(b^* + a) + a(ab^* + aa),$$

6
$$E_6 = (a^*(ba)^*)^*(b+\varepsilon),$$

7
$$E_7 = a(a+b)^* + aa(a+b)^* + aaa(a+b)^*$$
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Finite automata

Finite automata (Automat hữu hạn)

- The aim is representation of a process system.
- It consists of states (including an initial state and one or several (or one) final/accepting states) and transitions (events).
- The number of states must be finite.

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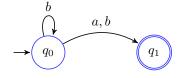
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Regular expression

$$b^*(a+b)$$

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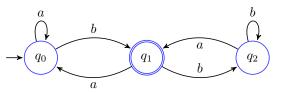
Some applications

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

Which of the strings

- $\mathbf{1}$ a^3b ,
- $2 aba^2b$,
- $3 a^4b^2ab^3a$,
- a^4ba^4 .
- **6** ab^4a^9b .
- **6** ba^5ba^4b .
- ba^5b^2 .
- $8 bab^2a$

are accepted by the following finite automata?



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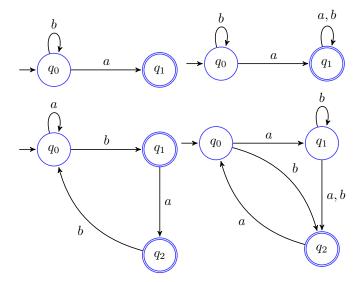
Some applications

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Propose FA presenting each of the following languages

- 1 all strings with exactly one 'a'.
- 2 all strings of even length.
- 3 all strings which the number of appearances of b' is divisible by 3.
- 4 all strings ending with 'a'.
- 5 all non-empty strings not ending with 'a'.
- 6 all strings with at least one 'a'.
- 7 all strings with at most one 'a'.
- 8 all strings without any 'a'.
- g) all strings including at least one 'a' and whose the first appearance of 'a' is not followed by a 'c'.

Give regular expression for the following finite automata.



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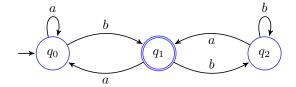
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Give regular expression for the following finite automata.



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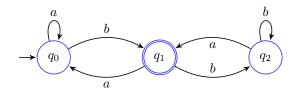
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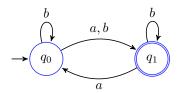
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Give regular expression for the following finite automata.



and this one.



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Nondeterministic finite automata

Definition

A nondeterministic finite automata (NFA, Automat hữu hạn phi đơn định) is mathematically represented by a 5-tuples (Q,Σ,q_0,δ,F) where

- Q a finite set of states.
- Σ is the alphabet of the automata.
- $q_0 \in Q$ is the initial state.
- $\delta: Q \times \Sigma \to Q$ is a transition function.
- $F \subseteq Q$ is the set of final/accepting states.

Remark

According to an event, a state may go to one or more states.

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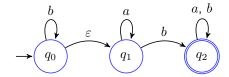
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NFA with empty symbol ε

Other definition of NFA

Finite automaton with transitions defined by character x (in Σ) or empty character ε .



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Some applications

Consider the set of strings on $\{a, b\}$ in which every aa is followed immediately by b.

For example aab, aaba, aabaabbaab are in the language, but *aaab* and *aabaa* are not.

Construct an accepting NFA.

Automata

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Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Propose NFA presenting each of the following languages

- 1 all strings with exactly one 'a'.
- 2 all strings of even number of appearances of 'b'.
- 3 all strings which the number of appearances of b' is divisible by 3.

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Construct an accepting finite automata for languages represented by the following regular expressions.

- $E_1 = a^*c + b^*a$,
- $\bullet E_2 = b^*ab + a^*aba^*,$
- $E_3 = aab + cab^*ac$,
- $E_4 = b(ca + ac)(aa)^* + a^*(a+b)$,
- $E_5 = (ab)^{2*}c + bac$,
- $E_6 = bb^*ac + b^*a$,
- $E_7 = (b+c)ab + ba(c+ab)^*$,
- $E_8 = (b+c)^*ba + a(c+a)^*$,
- $E_9 = [a(b+c)^* + bc^*]^*$,
- $\bullet E_{10} = b^*ac + bb^*a.$

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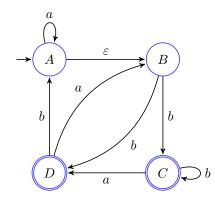
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Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

Give 3 valid strings & 5 invalid strings in language L^2 , with L represented by the following finite automata.



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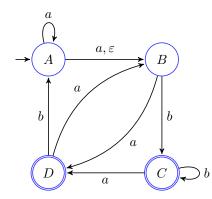
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Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

Give 3 valid strings & 5 invalid strings in language L^2 , with L represented by the following finite automata.



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Definition

A deterministic finite automata (**DFA**, Automat hữu hạn đơn định) is given by a 5-tuplet $(Q, \Sigma, q_0, \delta, F)$ with

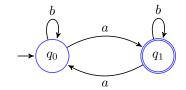
- Q a finite set of states.
- Σ is the input alphabet of the automata.
- $q_0 \in Q$ is the initial state.
- $\delta: Q \times \Sigma \to Q$ is a transition function.
- $F \subseteq Q$ is the set of final/accepting states.

Condition

Transition function δ is an application.

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

Hereinafter, a deterministic and complete automata that recognizes the set of strings which contain an odd number of a.



- $Q = \{q_0, q_1\},$
- $\delta(q_0,a)=q_1$, $\delta(q_0,b)=q_0$, $\delta(q_1,a)=q_0$, $\delta(q_1,b)=q_1$,
- $F = \{q_1\}.$

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Let $A = (Q, \Sigma, q_0, \delta, F)$

A configuration ($c\hat{a}u\ hình$) of automata A is a couple (q,u) where $q\in Q$ and $u\in \Sigma^*$.

We define the relation \rightarrow of derivation between configurations : $(q, a.u) \rightarrow (q', u)$ iif $\delta(q, a) = q'$

An execution ($th \psi c \ th i$) of automata A is a sequence of configurations

$$(q_0,u_0)\dots(q_n,u_n)$$
 such that $(q_i,u_i) o (q_{i+1},u_{i+1})$, for $i=0,1,\dots,n-1$.

Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

- Give a DFA that accepts all words that contain a number of 0 multiple of 3.
- Give an execution of this automata on 1101010.

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Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

- Give a DFA that accepts all words that contain a number of 0 multiple of 3.
- Give an execution of this automata on 1101010.

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

- Give a DFA that accepts all strings containing 2 characters a.
- Give an execution of this automata on *aabb*, *ababb* and *bbaa*.

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Definition

A language L over an alphabet Σ , defined as a sub-set of Σ^* , is recognized if there exists a finite automata accepting all strings of L.

Proposition

If L_1 and L_2 are two recognized languages, then

- $L_1 \cup L_2$ and $L_1 \cap L_2$ are also recognized;
- $L_1.L_2$ and L_1^* are also recognized.

Sub-string ab

Construct a DFA that recognizes the language over the alphabet $\{a,b\}$ containing the sub-string ab.

Regular expression

$$(a+b)^*ab(a+b)^*$$

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Sub-string ab

Construct a DFA that recognizes the language over the alphabet $\{a,b\}$ containing the sub-string ab.

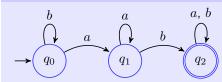
Regular expression

$$(a+b)^*ab(a+b)^*$$

Transition table

	a	b
$\rightarrow q_0$	q_1	q_0
q_1	q_1	q_2
q_2*	q_2	q_2

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DFAs combination



Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Propose DFA presenting each of the following languages

- all strings which the number of appearances of 'aa' and the one of 'b' are the same.
- 2) all strings which the number of appearances of 'a' is equal to the one of 'b' plus the one of 'c'.
- 8 all strings including at least one 'a' and whose the first appearance of 'a' is not followed by a 'c'.
- 4 all strings which the difference between number of appearances of 'a' and the one of 'c' is less than 1.
- **6** all strings which there is at least b' or cb' after a' or aa'.

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DFAs combination



Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Construct DFAs that recognize the languages represented by the following regular expressions.

- $E_1 = a^* + b^*a$,
- $E_2 = b^* + a^*aba^*$,
- $E_3 = aab + cab^*ac$,
- $E_4 = bb^*ac + b^*a$,
- $\bullet E_5 = b^*ac + bb^*a.$

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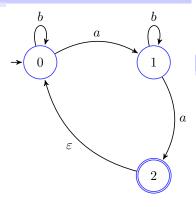
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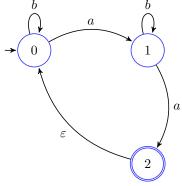
Given a NFA



Transition table



Given a NFA



Transition table

	a	b
$\rightarrow \{0\}$	{1}	{0}

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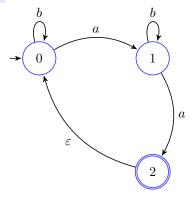
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Given a NFA



Transition table

	a	b
$ \begin{array}{c} $	$\{1\}$ $\{0,2\}$	{0} {1}

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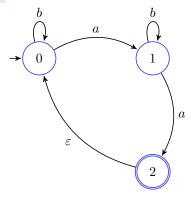
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Given a NFA



Transition table

	a	b
$\rightarrow \{0\}$	{1}	{0}
{1}	$\{0, 2\}$	{1}
$\{0,2\}^*$	{1}	{0}

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Transition table

	a	b
$\rightarrow \{0\}$	{1}	{0}
{1}	$\{0, 2\}$	{1}
$\{0,2\}^*$	{1}	{0}



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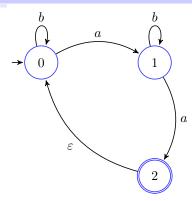
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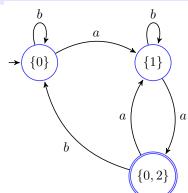
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Given a NFA



Corresponding DFA



Other example of determinisation

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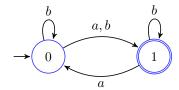
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Given a NFA

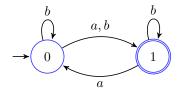


Transition table

	a	b
$\rightarrow \{0\}$	{1}	$\{0, 1\}$
{1}*	{0}	{1}
$\{0,1\}^*$	$\{0, 1\}$	$\{0, 1\}$

Other example of determinisation

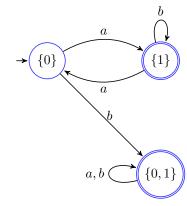
Given a NFA



Transition table

	a	b
$\rightarrow \{0\}$	{1}	$\{0,1\}$
{1}*	{0}	{1}
$\{0,1\}^*$	$\{0, 1\}$	$\{0, 1\}$

Corresponding DFA



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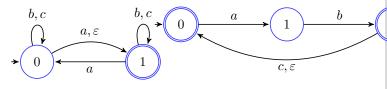
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DFAs combination

Determine DFAs which corresponds to the following NFAs:



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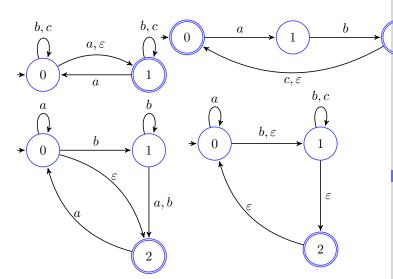
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DFAs combination

Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Determine DFAs which corresponds to the following NFAs:



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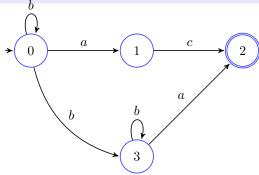
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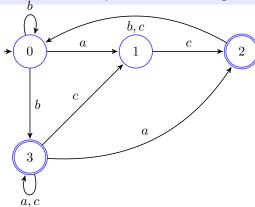
Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Determine DFAs which corresponds to the following NFAs:



Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Determine DFAs which corresponds to the following NFAs:



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Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Determine finite automata, not necessarily deterministic, recognizing the following languages:

- $L_1 = \{a, ab, ca, cab, acc\}$,
- $L_2 = \{ \text{ set of words of even number of } a \}$,
- $L_3 = \{$ set of words containing ab and ending with $b\}$.

Then, determine the corresponding complete DFAs.

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Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Construct DFAs for languages represented by following expressions.

- $E_1 = a^* + b^*a$,
- $\bullet E_2 = b^* + a^*aba^*,$
- $E_3 = (aab + ab^*)^*$,
- $E_4 = b(ca + ac)(aa)^* + a^*(a+b)$,
- $E_5 = ba^*b + baa + baba$,
- $E_6 = (ba^*b + baa + baaba)^*$,
- $E_7 = ba^*b + baa + aba(a+b)^*$,
- $E_9 = [a(b+c)^* + bc^*]^*$,
- $\bullet E_{10} = bb^*ac + ba^*b.$
- $\bullet E_{11} = bb^*ac + b^*a,$
- $E_{12} = (b+c)ab + ba(c+ab)^*$,
- $E_{13} = (b+c)^*ba + a(c+a)^*$,

Determine a DFA that recognizes the language over the alphabet $\{a,b\}$ with an even number of a and an even number b.

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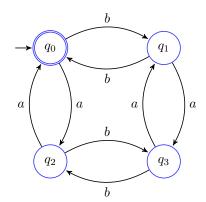
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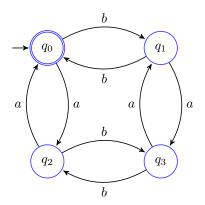
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Determine a DFA that recognizes the language over the alphabet $\{a,b\}$ with an even number of a and an even number b.

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Transition table

	a	b
$\rightarrow q_0^*$	q_2	q_1
q_1	q_3	q_0
q_2	q_0	q_3
q_3	q_1	q_2

→: start state
*: final state(s)

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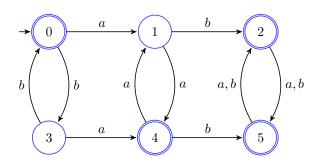
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)						

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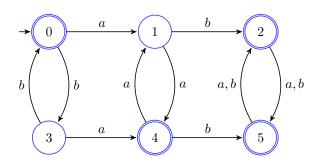
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I		I		I	ı

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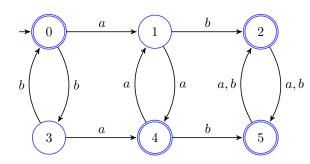
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	I	Ш	ı	Ι

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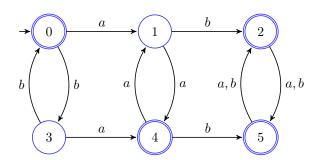
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	- 1	Ш	1	Ш	1	П
cl(s.a)						
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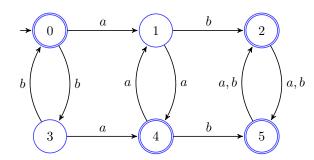
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	Ι	Ш	1	Ш	1	I
cl(s.a)	Ш					
cl(s.b)	П					

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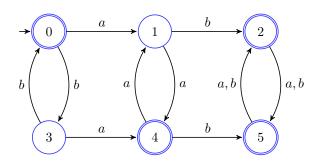
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	1	Ш	- 1	П
cl(s.a)	Ш	П				
cl(s.b)	П	I				

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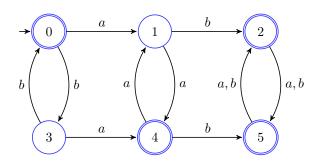
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	Ι	Ш	1	Ш	- 1	ı
cl(s.a)	Ш	П				
cl(s.b)	П	I	I			

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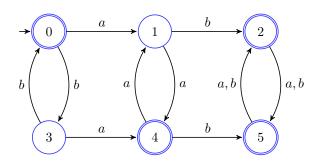
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	- 1	Ш	1	Ш	1	П
cl(s.a)	Ш	П	Т	I		
cl(s.b)	Ш	I	I	ı		

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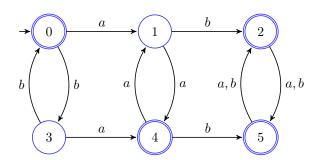
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	1	Ш	- 1	ı
cl(s.a)	Ш	П	Т	I	Ш	
cl(s.b)	П	I	I	I	I	

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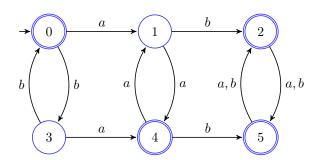
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	- 1	Ш	1	Ш	- 1	I
cl(s.a)	Ш	П	Т	I	Ш	I
cl(s.b)	Ш	I	I	ı	I	ı

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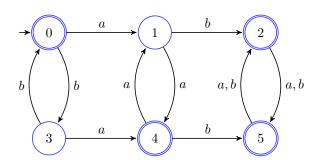
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	ı	Ш	ı	I
cl(s.a)	Ш	Τ	I	I	Ш	I
cl(s.b)	Ш	- 1	I	I	ı	I

0	1	2	3	4	5
ı	Ш		Ш		

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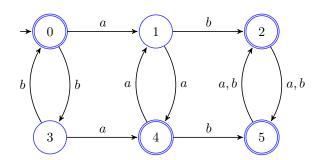
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	I	Ш	ı	ı
cl(s.a)	Ш	I	I	I	Ш	ı
cl(s.b)	Ш	I	I	I	ı	ı

0	1	2	3	4	5
I	Ш	Ш	Ш		

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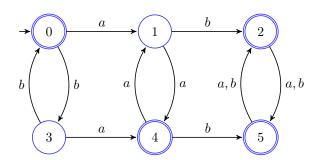
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	- 1	Ш	1	Ш	1	I
cl(s.a)	Ш	I	I	I	Ш	I
cl(s.b)	Ш	I	I	I	- 1	I

0	1	2	3	4	5
ı	Ш	Ш	Ш	IV	

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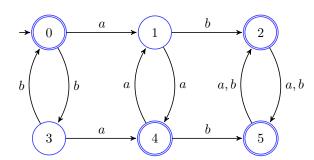
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	I	Ш	ı	ı
cl(s.a)	Ш	I	I	I	Ш	ı
cl(s.b)	Ш	I	I	I	ı	ı

	0	1	2	3	4	5
ł	ı	Ш	Ш	Ш	IV	Ш
ł						

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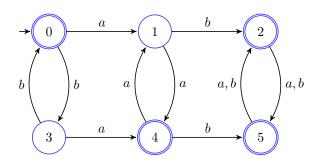
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5		0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	ı	Ш	I	ı	Ī	ı	Ш	Ш	Ш	IV	Ш
cl(s.a)	Ш	Τ	I	I	Ш	I	ſ	Ш	IV	Ш	IV	Ш	Ш
cl(s.b)	Ш		ı	ı	I	I		Ш	Ш	Ш	ı		Ш

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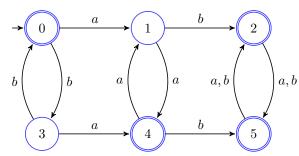
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5	0
cl(s)	ı	Ш	I	Ш	Т	ı	Ι
cl(s.a)	Ш	ı	I	ı	Ш	ı	П
cl(s.b)	Ш	П	1	ı	П	I	П

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	ı	П	Ш		IV	Ш
cl(s.a)	Ш	IV	Ш		Ш	III
cl(s.b)		Ш	Ш		Ш	Ш

2

Ш

III

Ш

П

IV

Ш

3

П

ΙV

5

Ш

III

Ш

IV

П

Ш

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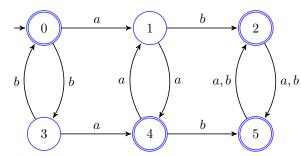
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	ı	Ш	Т		ı	Ш	Ш	Ш	IV	Ш
cl(s.a)	Ш	ı	ı	ı	Ш	I	Ш	IV	Ш	IV	Ш	Ш
cl(s.b)	Ш	- 1		Ι	1	_	Ш	III	III	1	Ш	Ш

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	- 1	Ш	Ш	V	IV	III
cl(s.a)	Ш	IV	Ш		Ш	III
cl(s.b)		Ш	Ш		Ш	Ш

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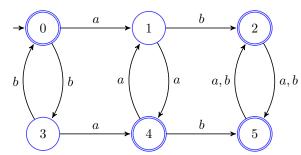
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			•									
s	0	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	2	3	4	1
cl(s)	ı	Ш	I	Ш	Т	ı	I	Ш	Ш	Ш	IV	I
cl(s.a)	Ш	I	I	ı	Ш	ı	Ш	IV	Ш	IV	Ш	I
cl(s.b)	Ш		1	Ι	1	_	Ш	III	III	I	Ш	-

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	- 1	Ш	Ш	V	IV	III
cl(s.a)	Ш	IV	Ш		II	Ш
cl(s.b)	V	Ш	Ш		Ш	Ш

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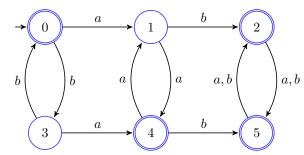
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equivalence relationships

•			•									
s	0	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	I	Ш	Т	ı	ı	Ш	Ш	Ш	IV	Ш
cl(s.a)	Ш	ı	I	I	Ш	ı	Ш	IV	Ш	IV	Ш	Ш
cl(s.b)	Ш	- 1	1	- 1	- 1	_	Ш	III	III	1	Ш	Ш

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	ı	Ш	Ш	V	IV	Ш
cl(s.a)	Ш	IV	III	IV	Ш	Ш
cl(s.b)	V	Ш	Ш	ı	Ш	Ш

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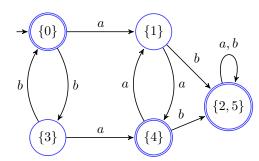
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	Ш	V	IV	Ш
cl(s.a)	Ш	IV	Ш	IV	Ш	Ш
cl(s.b)	V	Ш	Ш	ı	Ш	Ш

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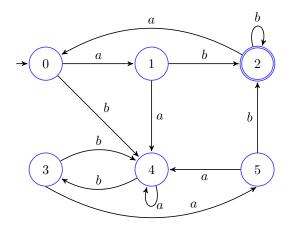
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	ı	I	Ш	Т	I	- 1
cl(s.a)	ı	ı	ı	I	I	ı
cl(s.b)	I	Ш	Ш	Τ	I	Ш

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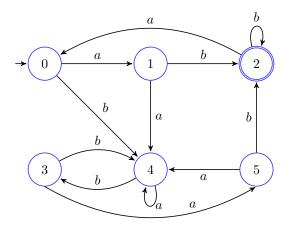
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	ı	I	Ш	Т	I	ı
cl(s.a)	ı	ı	ı	I	I	ı
cl(s.b)	ı	Ш	Ш	1	ı	Ш

1	0	1	2	3	4	5
1	ı	Ш	Ш	ı	ı	III
1	Ш	I	ı	Ш	ı	ı
]	-	П	Ш	ı	ı	Ш

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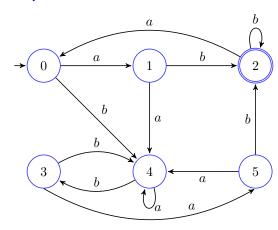
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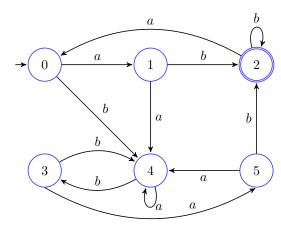
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	ı	Ш	Ш	ı	ı	Ш
cl(s.a)	Ш	ı	ı	III	ı	I
cl(s.b)	ı	Ш	Ш	ı	- 1	Ш

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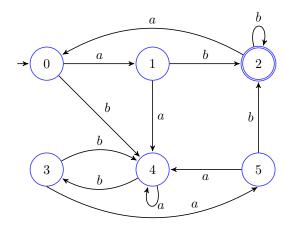
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equivalence relationships

s	0	1	2	3	4	5	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	ı	Ш	Ш	ı	I	III	I	Ш	Ш	I	IV	Ш
cl(s.a)	Ш	ı	ı	Ш	I	I	Ш	IV	I	Ш	IV	IV
cl(s.b)	ı	Ш	Ш	I	I	Ш	IV	Ш	Ш	IV	I	Ш

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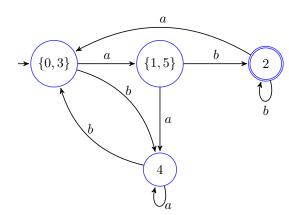
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s	0	1	2	3	4	5
cl(s)	I	Ш	Ш	ı	IV	III
cl(s.a)	Ш	IV	Т	Ш	IV	IV
cl(s.b)	IV	Ш	Ш	IV	ı	Ш

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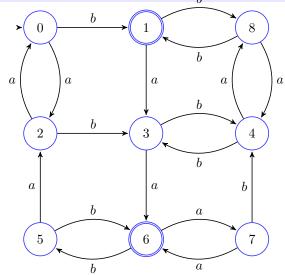
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Determine minimal DFA which corresponds, to the following DFA:



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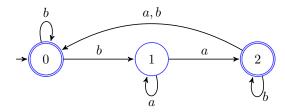
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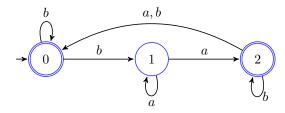
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Hint

Two-steps approach: (NFA \rightarrow DFA); \min (DFA).

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$$\sigma = \{a, b\}$$

Determine minimimal DFA regconized the languages represented by the following regular expressions:

1
$$E_1 = (a+b)^*b(a+b)^*$$



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$$\sigma = \{a, b\}$$

Determine minimimal DFA regconized the languages represented by the following regular expressions:

$$E_1 = (a+b)^*b(a+b)^*$$

2
$$E_2 = ((a+b)^2)^* + ((a+b)^3)^*$$

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$$\sigma = \{a, b\}$$

Determine minimimal DFA regconized the languages represented by the following regular expressions:

$$E_1 = (a+b)^*b(a+b)^*$$

2
$$E_2 = ((a+b)^2)^* + ((a+b)^3)^*$$

3
$$E_3 = ((a+b)^2)^+ + ((a+b)^3)^+$$

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$$\sigma = \{a, b\}$$

Determine minimimal DFA regconized the languages represented by the following regular expressions:

$$E_1 = (a+b)^*b(a+b)^*$$

2
$$E_2 = ((a+b)^2)^* + ((a+b)^3)^*$$

3
$$E_3 = ((a+b)^2)^+ + ((a+b)^3)^+$$

$$4 E_4 = baa^* + ab + (a+b)ab^*.$$

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Then, deduce the corresponding regular expressions.

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 $\sigma = \{a, b, c, d\}$

Determine minimimal complete DFA regconized the languages consisting of all strings where all 'a' is followed by a 'b' and all 'c' is followed by a 'b'.

Then, deduce the corresponding regular expressions.

 $\sigma = \{a, b\}$

Give a NFA (as simple as possible) for the language defined by the regular expression $ab^*+a(ba)^*$. Then determine the equivalent DFA.

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Some applications

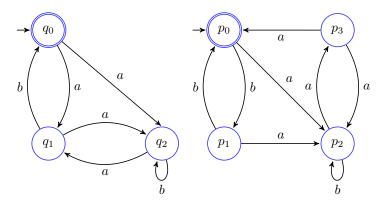
Let $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

Determine minimimal DFA regconized the languages represented by the following regular expressions:

- $a^* + b^*$
- $a^*b + b^*a$
- 3 $b(ca + ac)(aa)^* + a^*(a+b)$,
- $(a^*b + b^*a)^*$.
- **5** $a^*bc + bca^*$,
- **6** $b(c+c)(aa)^* + (a+c)a^*$,
- $aab + cab^*ac,$
- 8 $b(ca+ac)(a)^* + a(a+b)^*$,
- $ab(b+c)ab + ba(c+b)^* + (b+c)ab(b+c).$

Equivalent automatons

Two following automatas are equivalent?



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Non-deterministic finite automata

Deterministic finite automata

Recognized languages

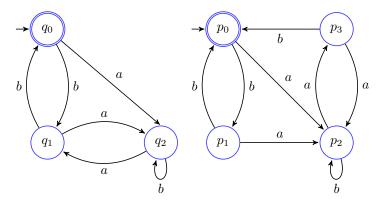
Determinisation

Minimization

DFAs combination

Equivalent automatons

Two following DFAs are equivalent?



Automata

TVHoai, HTNguyen, NAKhuong, LHTrang



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Combination of two automata

$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

- **1** Given two languages L_a , L_b defined by regular expressions $E_a = a(a+b)^*$ and $E_b = a^*(ba)^*$
- **b** Give a DFA for the language L_a , L_b .
- 1 Then, determine a (minimized) DFA for the following languages.
 - $1 L_1 = L_a \circ L_b$
 - $2 L_2 = L_a \cap L_b$
 - $3 L_3 = L_a \bigcup L_b$
 - $4 L_4 = L_a \setminus L_b$

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$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

- **1** Given two languages L_a , L_b defined by regular expressions $E_a = (a^*b + b^*a)^+$ and $E_b = (a+b)^*b(a+b)^*a$
- **6)** Give a DFA for the language L_a , L_b .
- 1 Then, determine a (minimized) DFA for the following languages.
 - $1 L_1 = L_a \circ L_b$
 - $2 L_2 = L_a \cap L_b$
 - $3 L_3 = L_a \bigcup L_b$
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$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

- **1** Given two languages L_a , L_b defined by regular expressions $E_a = ab^* + a(ba)^*$ and $E_b = baa^* + ab + (a+b)ab^*$
- **6)** Give a DFA for the language L_a , L_b .
- 1 Then, determine a (minimized) DFA for the following languages.
 - $1 L_1 = L_a \circ L_b$
 - $2 L_2 = L_a \cap L_b$
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Describe DFA for Odd Parity Detector

TCP/IP protocol

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Describe DFA for a demonstration of TCP/IP protocol

Application

Propose an automata to describe a vehicular multi-information display system with a given number of buttons.

For example, digital speedo meter of Honda Lead motor with only one button can display information about: petroleum level, speed, trip, date, time, engine oil life.

(Hint: we distinguish two different actions: quickly press the button; press the button and hold-down over two seconds.)

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