

## Exercise 8: Adjustment Calculation - part III

- Non-linear adjustment problem -

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\* With my signature I declare that I was involved in the elaboration of this homework.

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### Objective

This exercise deals with the adjustment of non-linear observation equations. The objective function of the non-linear adjustment problem from task 1 is depicted in Figure 1. The minimum of this function is the solution of the linearized problem.

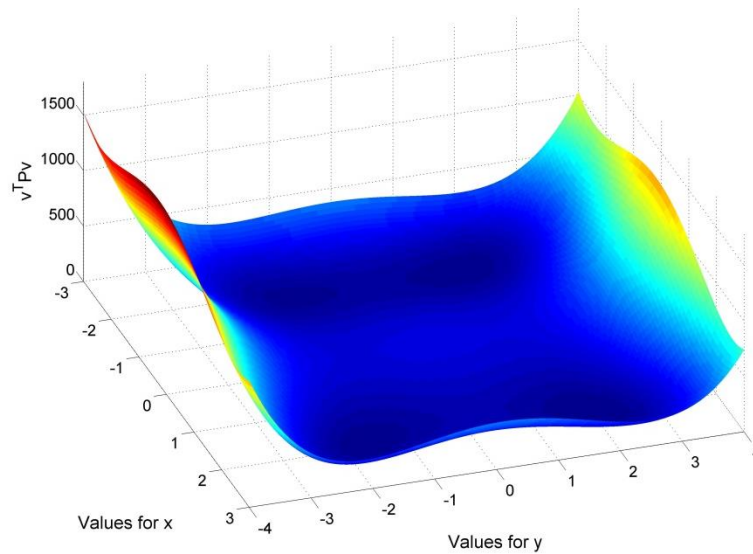


Figure 1: Objective function of the equation system of task 1

**Task 1:**

Solve the following over-determined, non-linear equation system via least-squares adjustment applying matrix notation (example from the lecture).

$$-4.0 = x + y - 2y^2$$

$$8.0 = x^2 + y^2$$

$$7.7 = 3x^2 - y^2$$

- The values  $-4.0$ ,  $8.0$  and  $7.7$  are equally weighted, uncorrelated measurements.
- The parameters  $x$  and  $y$  are unknowns.
- Solve the normal equation system and determine the estimated parameters.

**Task 2 (Homework):**

The side length  $a$  and the mass  $m$  of a cube of copper were measured. The density  $\rho = 8.93 \text{ g/cm}^3$  of copper is error free and the temperature effect can be neglected.

- Calculate the adjusted volume  $V$  of the cube via least-squares adjustment.
  - Setup the functional model.
  - Which parameters are observations, error-free or unknown parameters?
  - Why it is a non-linear adjustment problem? Please give a short explanation.

Table 1: Measurements

	$L_i$	$\sigma_{L_i}$
$a$	11.60 mm	0.05 mm
$m$	15.15 g	0.05 g