1/27/2020 Cipher.scala

```
1 object Cipher{
 2
     /** Bit-wise exclusive-or of two characters */
 3
     def xor(a: Char, b: Char) : Char = (a.toInt ^ b.toInt).toChar
 4
 5
     /** Print ciphertext in octal */
 6
     def showCipher(cipher: Array[Char]) =
 7
       for(c <- cipher){ print(c/64); print(c%64/8); print(c%8); print(" ") }
 8
 9
     /** Read file into array */
10
     def readFile(fname: String) : Array[Char] =
       scala.io.Source.fromFile(fname).toArray
11
12
13
     /** Read from stdin in a similar manner */
14
    def readStdin() = scala.io.Source.stdin.toArray
15
16
    /* ---- Functions below here need to be implemented ---- */
17
18
     /** Encrypt plain using key; can also be used for decryption */
     def encrypt(key: Array[Char], plain: Array[Char]) : Array[Char] = {
19
20
       var cipher = new Array[Char](plain.size); var i = plain.size
21
       var k = key.size
       while (i > 0) {
22
23
         i = 1
         cipher(i) = xor(key(i%k), plain(i)) // Bit-wise exclusion of key and
24
   plaintext
25
       }
26
       cipher
27
28
29
     /** Try to decrypt ciphertext, using crib as a crib */
     def tryCrib(crib: Array[Char], ciphertext: Array[Char]) : Unit = {
30
       val c = crib.size; var max = ciphertext.size - c // Max start index
31
   needed for entire crib to be found in plaintext
32
       var keyChars = new Array[Char](c) // Initializes keyChars to the size of
   the crib
33
34
       // Returns true if keyChars[0..K-j) = keyChars[j..K), for a given j
       def hasRepeat(keyChars: Array[Char], j: Int) : Boolean = {
35
36
         var yup = true; val K = keyChars.size
37
         var i = j
         while (yup && i < K) {
38
39
           yup = keyChars(i) == keyChars(i-j)
40
           i += 1
         }
41
42
        yup
43
       }
44
45
       var start = 0; var done = false
46
       var keyLength = 0
47
       // This loop iterates through all possible locations of the crib
48
       while (start <= max && !done) {</pre>
49
         var j = 0
50
         // This loop initializes keyChars to correct values
         while (j < c) {
51
52
           keyChars(j) = xor(crib(j),ciphertext(j+start))
53
54
         }
55
         // println("Start: "+start+"; KeyChars: "+keyChars.mkString(""))
56
57
         j = 0
```

localhost:4649/?mode=clike 1/4

1/27/2020 Cipher.scala

```
58
          while (j < c-1 && !done) { // We want at least 2 characters to be
    repeated
 59
            j += 1
60
            done = hasRepeat(keyChars, j)
 61
62
          keyLength = j
 63
          start += 1
        }
 64
65
 66
        var k = 0
67
        var missingFromStart = (start-1)%keyLength
        var key = ""; var append = ""
 68
        while (k < keyLength - missingFromStart) { //</pre>
 69
 70
          key += keyChars(k)
 71
          k += 1
        }
 72
 73
        while (k < keyLength) {</pre>
 74
          append += keyChars(k)
 75
          k += 1
 76
 77
        key = append + key
 78
        println(key)
 79
 80
        println(encrypt(key.toArray, ciphertext).mkString(""))
 81
     }
 82
      /** The first optional statistical test, to guess the length of the key */
 83
 84
      def crackKeyLen(ciphertext: Array[Char]) : Unit = {
85
        var shift = 1; val max = ciphertext.size
        // This loop tries all possible shifts less than or equal to 30
 86
 87
        while (shift <= 30) { // might consider requiring max > 30
88
          var count = 0; var i = 0
          // This loop counts the number of matches
 89
 90
          while (i < max - shift) {</pre>
 91
            if (ciphertext(i) == ciphertext(i+shift)) count += 1
92
            i += 1
93
          }
94
          println(shift+": "+count)
 95
          shift += 1
96
        }
 97
     }
 98
      /** The second optional statistical test, to guess characters of the key.
 99
   */
100
      // Based on the idea that if there is a match, it's likely a space
101
      def crackKey(klen: Int, ciphertext: Array[Char]) : Unit = {
102
        var s = klen; val max = ciphertext.size; val spaceInt = ' '.toInt
103
        while (s < max) {
          var i = 0
104
          while (i < max - s) { // Because we want i+s to be a valid index
105
106
            if (ciphertext(i) == ciphertext(i+s)) {
107
              val charInt = ciphertext(i).toInt ^ spaceInt // xor for the int
    versions of the relevant character and ' '
              if (charInt >= 32 && charInt <= 127) { // Assumes plaintext only
108
    contains ASCII characters
                val index = i%klen // refers to the index of the key
109
110
                println(index.toString+" "+charInt.toChar)
              }
111
            }
112
113
            i += 1
```

localhost:4649/?mode=clike 2/4

```
1/27/2020
                                            Cipher.scala
           }
114
115
           s += klen
116
117
      }
118
119 /** The main method just selects which piece of functionality to run */
120
      def main(args: Array[String]) = {
121
         // string to print if error occurs
122
         val errString =
123
           "Usage: scala Cipher (-encrypt|-decrypt) key [file]\n"+
124
                 | scala Cipher -crib crib [file]\n"+
125
                 | scala Cipher -crackKeyLen [file]\n"+
126
                 | scala Cipher -crackKey len [file]"
127
128
        // Get the plaintext, either from the file whose name appears in position
129
        // pos, or from standard input
         def getPlain(pos: Int) =
130
131
           if(args.length==pos+1) readFile(args(pos)) else readStdin
132
133
         // Check there are at least n arguments
134
        def checkNumArgs(n: Int) = if(args.length<n){println(errString);</pre>
    sys.exit}
135
136
         // Parse the arguments, and call the appropriate function
137
         checkNumArgs(1)
138
         val command = args(0)
139
         if(command=="-encrypt" || command=="-decrypt"){
140
           checkNumArgs(2); val key = args(1).toArray; val plain = getPlain(2)
141
           print(new String (encrypt(key,plain)))
142
        else if(command=="-crib"){
143
144
           checkNumArgs(2); val key = args(1).toArray; val plain = getPlain(2)
           tryCrib(key, plain)
145
146
147
         else if(command=="-crackKeyLen"){
148
           checkNumArgs(1); val plain = getPlain(1)
149
           crackKeyLen(plain)
150
151
        else if(command=="-crackKey"){
152
           checkNumArgs(2); val klen = args(1).toInt; val plain = getPlain(2)
153
           crackKey(klen, plain)
154
155
        else println(errString)
156
157 }
158
159
160 /** Test examples:
161
162 Caras-Mac: Practical1 Cara$ scala Cipher -encrypt PINGPONG santa
163 ?' MCaras-Mac:Practical1 Cara$ ,.;*n!?;n8='4$$/4|o"(&,n
164 Caras-Mac:Practical1 Cara$ scala Cipher -encrypt PINGPONG santa | scala
    Cipher -decrypt PINGPONG
165 Dear Santa, Please bring me a new bike for Christmas, love John
166 Caras-Mac:Practical1 Cara$ scala Cipher -encrypt SNOWMAN santa | scala Cipher
    -decrypt SNOWMAN
167 Dear Santa, Please bring me a new bike for Christmas, love John
169 Caras-Mac:Practical1 Cara$ scala Cipher -crib "Dear Santa" msq
170 RUDOLF
```

localhost:4649/?mode=clike 3/4

1/27/2020 Cipher.scala

```
171 Dear Santa, Please bring me a new bike for Christmas, love John
172
173 Caras-Mac: Practical1 Cara$ scala Cipher -crackKeyLen private2
174 1: 17
175 2: 12
176 3: 14
177 4: 4
178 5: 12
179 6: 8
180 7: 5
181 8: 27
182 9: 8
183 10: 6
184 11: 6
185 12: 17
186 13: 9
187 14: 6
188 15: 11
189 16: 21
190 17: 17
191 18: 14
192 19: 7
193 20: 12
194 21: 4
195 22: 9
196 23: 11
197 24: 17
198 25: 9
199 26: 3
200 27: 3
201 28: 6
202 29: 2
203 30: 5
204
205 Caras-Mac: Practical1 Cara$ scala Cipher -crackKey 8 private2 | sort -n | uniq
    -c \mid awk '$1 > 6'
      55 0 H
206
207
      36 1 0
      28 2 G
208
      45 3 W
209
210
      15 4 A
211
      15 5 R
212
      21 6 T
      45 7 S
213
214
215 */
```

localhost:4649/?mode=clike 4/4