1. Consider the equality constrained least-squares problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \|\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{b}\|_{2}^{2},$$

$$s.t. \ \mathbf{G}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{h},$$

where $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ with rank $\mathbf{A} = n$, and $\mathbf{G} \in \mathbb{R}^{p \times n}$ with rank $\mathbf{G} = p$. Give the KKT conditions, and derive expressions for the primal solution \mathbf{x}^* and the dual solution $\boldsymbol{\nu}^*$.

2. Show that the strong duality holds for the problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} -3x_1^2 + x_2^2 + 2x_3^2 + 2(x_1 + x_2 + x_3)
s.t. x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = 1,$$

even though the problem is not convex. Derive the KKT conditions. Find all solutions \mathbf{x} , $\boldsymbol{\nu}$ that satisfy the KKT conditions. Which pair corresponds to the optimum?

3. Consider a convex problem with no equality constraints,

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} f_0(\mathbf{x})$$
s.t. $f_i(\mathbf{x}) \le 0, \quad i = 1, \dots, m.$

Assume that $\mathbf{x}^* \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $\boldsymbol{\lambda}^* \in \mathbb{R}^m$ satisfy the KKT conditions

$$f_i(\mathbf{x}^*) \le 0, \quad i = 1, \dots, m$$

$$\lambda_i^* \ge 0, \quad i = 1, \dots, m$$

$$\lambda_i^* f_i(\mathbf{x}^*) = 0, \quad i = 1, \dots, m$$

$$\nabla f_0(\mathbf{x}^*) + \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i^* \nabla f_i(x^*) = 0.$$

Show that

$$\nabla f_0(\mathbf{x}^*)^T(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}^*) \ge 0$$

for all feasible \mathbf{x} .

4. Derive a dual problem for

$$\min_{\mathbf{x}} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \|\mathbf{A}_{i}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{b}_{i}\|_{2} + (1/2)\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_{0}\|_{2}^{2}.$$

The problem data are $\mathbf{A}_i \in \mathbb{R}^{m_i \times n}$, $\mathbf{b}_i \in \mathbb{R}^{m_i}$, and $\mathbf{x}_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$. First introduce new variables $\mathbf{y}_i \in \mathbb{R}^{m_i}$ and equality constraints $\mathbf{y}_i = \mathbf{A}_i \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{b}_i$.

5. Consider the optimization problem

$$\min_{x,y} e^{-x}$$

$$s.t. \ x^2/y \le 0$$

with variables x and y, and domain $\mathcal{D} = \{f(x,y)|y>0\}.$

- (a) Verify that this is a convex optimization problem. Find the optimal value.
- (b) Give the Lagrange dual problem, and find the optimal solution λ^* and optimal value d^* of the dual problem. What is the optimal duality gap?
- (c) Does Slater's condition hold for this problem?
- (d) What is the optimal value $p^*(u)$ of the perturbed problem

$$\min_{u} e^{-x}$$

$$s.t. \ x^2/y \le u,$$

as a function of u? Verify that the global sensitivity inequality

$$p^*(u) \ge p^*(0) - \lambda^* u$$

does not hold.