

# 1 DECam Information

From the DECam Imager Handbook:

DECam has a three square degree field of view (2.2 degrees wide). It images

Table 2.1: DECam Characteristics

Effective Area of CCD Focal Plane	3.0 square degrees
Optical Corrector Field Diameter	2.2 degrees
Pixel scale @center/edge of FoV (arcsec/unbinned pixel)	0.2637 / 0.2626
Image CCD pixel format/total # pixels	2K x 4K/520 Mpix
Telescope focal ratio	F3.0

Figure 1: DECam Characteristics

at a resolution of 0.263 arcseconds per pixel. In particular, 0.2637 arcsec/pixel (center), 0.2626 arcsec/pixel (edge). 0.2637/0.2626 (arcsec/unbinned pixel). S Large focal plane array with a close to circular array of 62 CCDs and a total of 520 million pixels.

CCD Array Characteristics:

Array Dimensions: Axis 1: 2048 pixels Axis 2: 4096 pixels

Pixel Size: 15  $\mu\text{m}$

We are looking to use **resampled** images that have a zero-point associated with them. In the astro data archive, this corresponds to files with the process type (`proc_type`) of **resampled**, and the presence of the **MAGZERO** and/or **MAGZPT** fields.

**Maggie:** Linear flux units, where an object with an AB magnitude of 0 has a flux of 1.0 maggie. A convenient unit is the nanomaggie: a flux of 1 nanomaggie corresponds to an AB magnitude of 22.5.

**MAGZERO** data field: The (astronomical) magnitude corresponding to a single photon count in the image. This is located in the *Extension* headers of the FITS files, present in Level 2 data products (single, reduced exposures). (From the DECam data handbook)

## 2 Declination Range of the 2.3m Telescope

Physical Pointing Limit of the 2.3m

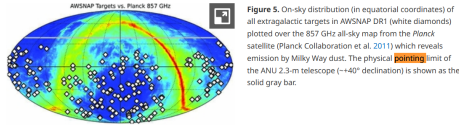


Figure 2: Enter Caption

Sky Mapper Coverage

Notes from Proposal  
go for volume, ample padding in exclusion zones rather than extreme accuracy  
(we are ok with generating less positions that are definitely good)

### 3 link dump

github repo  
source extractor tutorial  
SIA querying with the astro datalab

#### 3.1 DECam

NOIRLab astro data archive  
data archive query example notebook  
DES project data access  
DECam imager data handbook  
NOIRLab DECam information page (has more links)  
DES Data Management  
2.3m projects

### 4 Word Dump

As a stretch goal, we may also then apply our software to generate a full catalogue of sky positions, ideally covering as much of the southern sky within the reach of the 2.3m as possible. This would involve iterating our software through the DESI Legacy Imaging Survey database which is a combination of the DECam Legacy Survey, the Beijing-Arizona Sky Survey, and the Mayall z-band Legacy Survey, finding all associated dark regions for targets in the entire sky.

The decision to start simple by just trying to complete the querying, source extractor and dark sky identification process for a single image was made taking into consideration potential contingencies throughout the internship and thus, if a final software and catalogue can not be produced for a range of queried images, it can at least be done for one which can be expanded upon.

### 5 Querying from Monday 3/02/25

#### 5.1 Range of RA and DEC

Range of the 2.3m Telescope is across all RA and for  $DEC < 30$  degrees. Thus, only images from the Legacy Survey dr10  $< 30$  degrees in declination will be considered.

## 6 Threshold Calculation

Firstly, the background noise level of the image ( $\sigma_{gb}$ ) was extracted using `bkg=sep.Background()` followed by `bkg.globalrms()`. Moreover, the zero-point magnitude of the image was extracted from the header using `image.header['MAGZERO']` which is 22.5 for the Legacy Survey DR10 images.

Finally, the threshold value could be calculated by using the equation,  $mab = \text{ZeroMag} - 2.5 \cdot \log_{10}(\text{flux})$ , which provides a conversion between linear fluxes (in nanomagnitudes) and magnitudes.