

SQL Injection Primer

Raphael Karger & Mike Antoniades

A dark blue diagonal gradient bar that starts from the bottom left corner and extends towards the top right corner, covering the lower half of the slide.

Housekeeping

- Attendance - <https://forms.gle/f4FSQEGQ6TE51aGQ7>
- UB Lockdown - <https://forms.gle/VFCexqE61mSWCbxexA>
- GDDC - <https://forms.gle/5xwsx8j6CYqEbFiW7>

Structured Query Language (SQL)

- Used for managing data held in relational database management system
- Industry standard
- Capabilities include:
 - Executing queries
 - Retrieving data
 - Inserting records
 - Deleting records

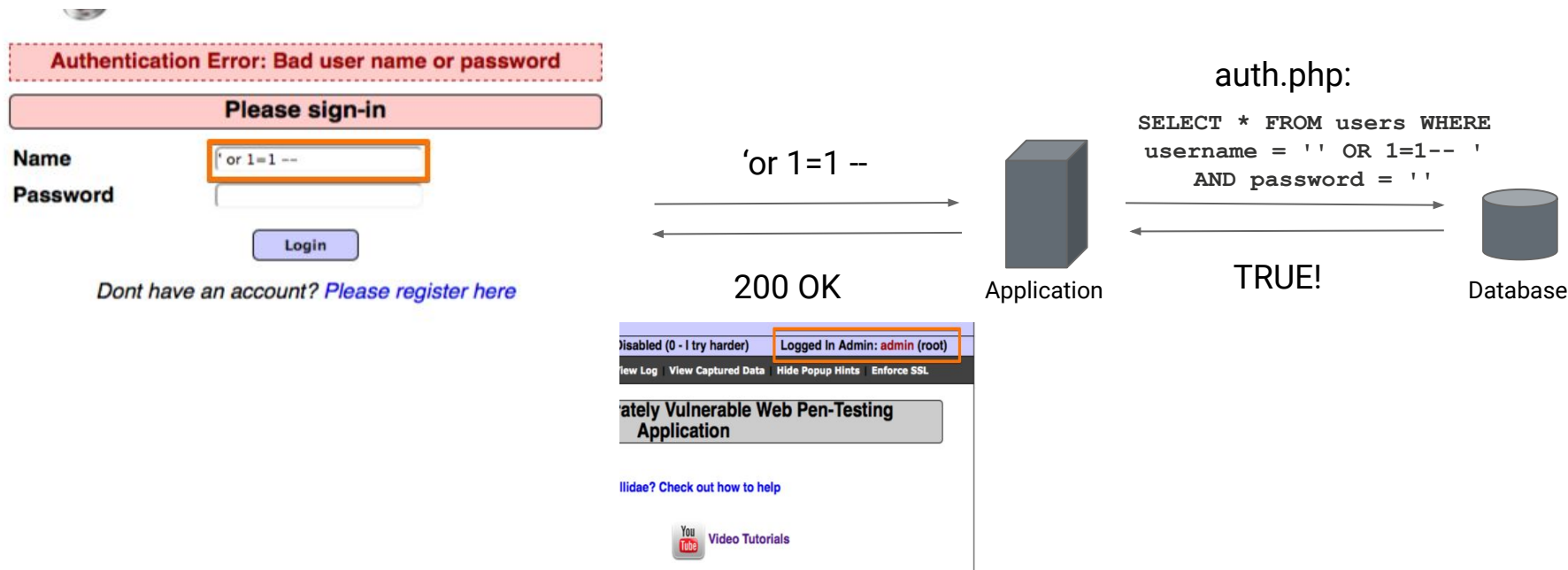
SQL Injection

- SQLi vulnerabilities arise when user supplied data becomes part of SQL queries in an unsafe manner.
- An attacker can inject a malicious input and execute SQL commands leading to reading and/or modifying the stored data and sometimes even performing remote code execution.

Login Bypass Example

- Eg. `SELECT * FROM users WHERE user = '<user input>' AND pass='<userinput>'`
- Payload: `'or 1=1 --`
- `---> SELECT * FROM users WHERE user='or 1=1 --' AND password='foo'`
 - Query Evaluates to true - Login Bypassed

Login Bypass Example



Boolean Based

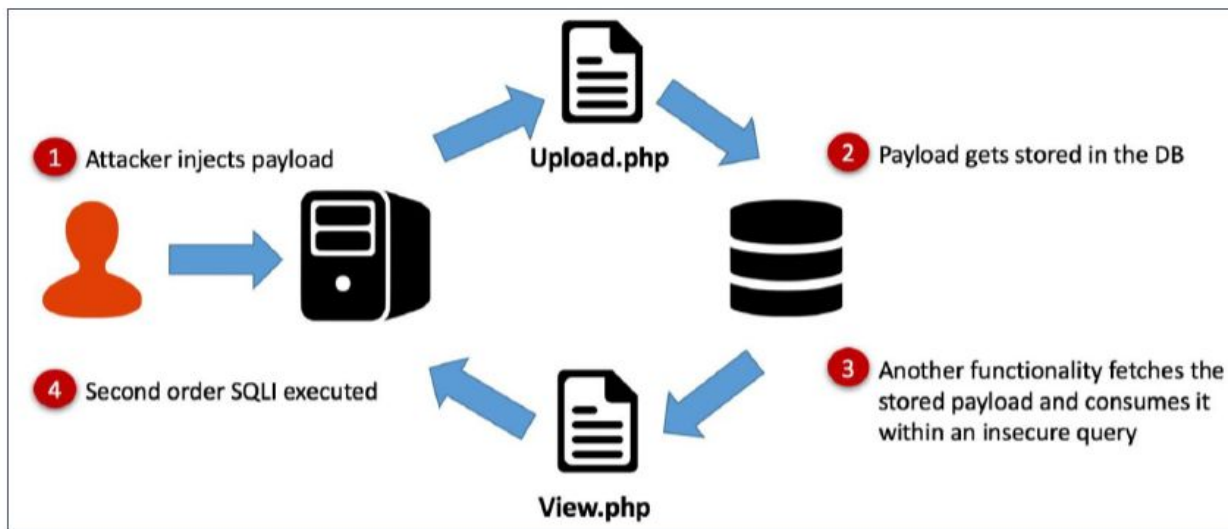
- Forcing query to return either a true or false response
- Allows an attacker to determine whether a query was true or false without having access to errors
- Very slow as an attacker would need to enumerate the data base one character at a time

Blind (Inferential) SQL Injection

- User input is improperly put into a query however no output can be seen
- Determining the value of a query is usually determined in a boolean value by utilizing time
- Tends to be very slow, as each character must be enumerated in database
- Depending on the timings false positives could be common

Second Order Injection

- Leveraging file upload/creation functionalities to upload/create .php file with malicious SQL queries
- Leveraging website functionality to load the .php file
- Custom SQL Query is executed



Activity

1. Connect to Globalprotect
2. Go to <https://server.uacyber.org:8006>
3. Log in using number given redteam(1 - 20):bb123#123
4. Set Authentication Realm to: Proxmox VE authentication server
5. Login with user: root password: bb123#123
6. Box with SQLI vulnerability: 192.168.3.41