```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load the data from the URL
url = "https://www.hubertiming.com/results/2023WyEasterLong"
# Read all tables from the webpage (disable automatic header detection)
tables = pd.read_html(url, header=None)
# --- First Table: Summary Data ---
# The first table contains summary information (e.g., number of finishers)
df_summary = tables[0]
# Rename the columns for clarity
df_summary.columns = ["category", "count"]
# Display the cleaned summary table
print("\n--- Cleaned Summary Table ---")
display(df_summary.head())
# --- Second Table: Race Data for Runners ---
# The second table contains the actual race data (results for each runner)
df_race = tables[1] # Second table with race data
# Set proper column names for the race data
df_race.columns = ["place", "bib", "name", "gender", "age", "city", "state", "time", "gender_place", "age_group_, "age_group_place", "age_group_, "a
# Optional: Drop any rows where critical columns (like 'name' or 'time') are missing
df_race = df_race.dropna(subset=["name", "time"])
# Convert 'time' column to timedelta (if it's in a string format like "1:33:19")
df_race['time'] = pd.to_timedelta(df_race['time'], errors='coerce')
# Create a new column for 'finish_time_minutes' (in minutes)
df_race['finish_time_minutes'] = df_race['time'].dt.total_seconds() / 60
# Convert 'age' to numeric (some rows might have invalid age data)
df_race['age'] = pd.to_numeric(df_race['age'], errors='coerce')
# Reset index for clarity
df_race = df_race.reset_index(drop=True)
# Display the cleaned race data (first few rows)
print("\n--- Cleaned Race Data Table ---")
display(df_race.head())
 ₹
            --- Cleaned Summary Table ---
                  category count
                    Finishers:
           1
                           Male:
                                              11
           2
                       Female:
                                                6
           3 Non-Binary:
                                                1
          --- Cleaned Race Data Table ---
```

	place	bib	name	gender	age	city	state	time	gender_place	age_group	age_group_place	finish_time_minutes
0	1	345	ZACH VIOLETT	М	40	BEND	OR	0 days 01:33:19	1 of 11	M 40-44	1 of 2	93.316667
1	2	335	KYLEE ROOD	0	34	BEND	OR	0 days 01:42:56	1 of 1	O 30-34	1 of 1	102.933333
2	3	323	ZEBEDIAH MILLSLAGL	M	25	BEND	OR	0 days 01:52:07	2 of 11	M 25-29	1 of 2	112.116667
^		222	DAVID		~-	OF ATT   F	14/4	0 davs	A 144	14.05.00		110 100007

```
# Group by age group and gender, then calculate the average finish time
avg_finish_time = (
    df_race.groupby(["age_group", "gender"])["finish_time_minutes"]
    .mean()
```

```
.reset index()
    .sort_values(by=["age_group", "gender"])
# Rename column for clarity
avg_finish_time.rename(columns={"finish_time_minutes": "avg_finish_time_minutes"}, inplace=True)
# Display the result
print("\n--- Average Finish Time by Age Group and Gender ---")
display(avg_finish_time)
₹
     --- Average Finish Time by Age Group and Gender ---
        age_group gender avg_finish_time_minutes
           F 25-29
                                          168.741667
     1
           F 35-39
                        F
                                          139.250000
     2
           F 40-44
                        F
                                          152.491667
     3
           M 25-29
                        Μ
                                          120.241667
     4
           M 30-34
                                          121.116667
     5
           M 35-39
                        Μ
                                          121.100000
     6
           M 40-44
                        M
                                          137.850000
                                          155.541667
     7
           M 45-49
                        Μ
                                          130.633333
           M 55-59
     R
                        М
                                          102.933333
     9
           O 30-34
                        \cap
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Use classic style (optional)
plt.style.use("classic")
# Pivot the data for grouped bar chart
pivot_table = avg_finish_time.pivot(index="age_group", columns="gender", values="avg_finish_time_minutes")
# Create the plot
ax = pivot_table.plot(
    kind="bar",
    figsize=(12, 6),
    width=1.0, # Thicker bars that touch
# Titles and labels with custom font sizes
plt.title("Average Finish Time per Age Group by Gender", fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel("Age Group", fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel("Average Finish Time (minutes)", fontsize=14)
# Customize axis tick fonts
ax.tick_params(axis='x', labelsize=12)
ax.tick_params(axis='y', labelsize=12)
# Rotate x-axis ticks for readability
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
# Legend
plt.legend(title="Gender", fontsize=12, title_fontsize=13)
# Tight layout for better spacing
plt.tight_layout()
# Show the plot
plt.show()
```

