



# Navigating Text-To-Image Customization: From LyCORIS Fine-Tuning to Model Evaluation

Shih-Ying Yeh<sup>1</sup>, Yu-Guan Hsieh<sup>2</sup>, Zhidong Gao<sup>3</sup>, Bernard B W Yang<sup>4</sup>, Giyeong Oh<sup>5</sup>, Yanmin Gong<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>National Tsing Hua University <sup>2</sup>Apple <sup>3</sup>University of Texas at San Antonio <sup>4</sup>University of Toronto <sup>5</sup>Yonsei University

## Q & A

Q: What does LyCORIS stands for?

A: LyCORIS is the abbreviation of

"Lora beYond Conventional methods, Other Rank adaptation Implementations for Stable diffusion"

Q: Where does the name LyCORIS comes from?

A: LyCORIS refers to the flower Lycoris radiata, aka red spider lily, or "higanbana". In particular, the name does **NOT** come from the anime Lycoris Recoil.

Q: Why does someone claim LyCORIS leads to better results whereas the others claim the opposite?

A: There can be many reasons. To name a few, they may use different algorithms from LyCORIS, train on very different datasets, or run with different hyperparameters / optimization algorithms ...

## Related Projects

- Automatic1111/stable-diffusion-webui
- kohya-ss/sd-scripts
- cloneofsimo/lora

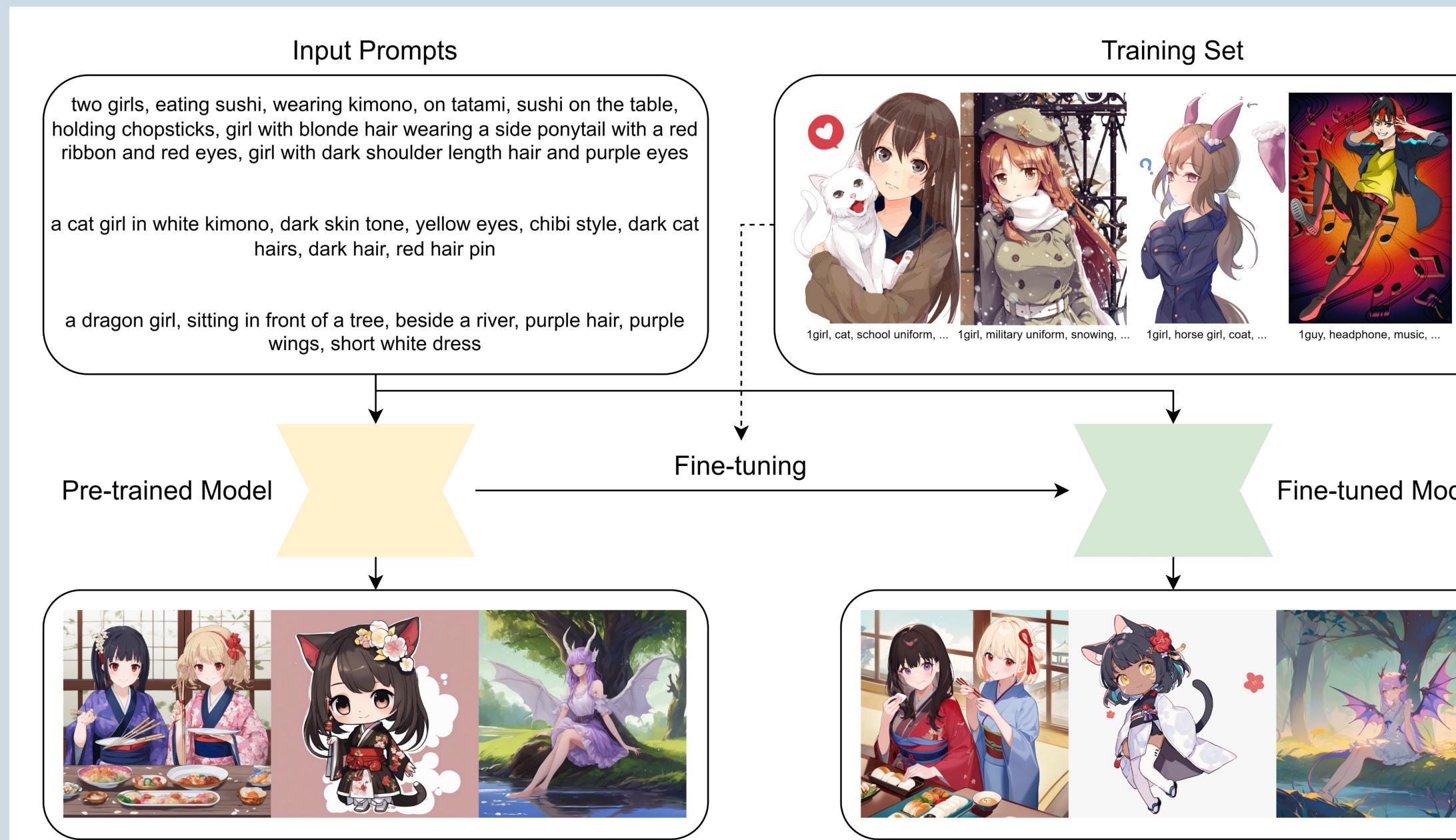
## Algorithm References

- (LoRA) LoRA: Low-Rank Adaptation of Large Language Models. Hu et al., ICLR 2022.
- (IA^3) Few-shot parameter-efficient fine-tuning is better and cheaper than in-context learning. Liu et al, NeurIPS 2022.
- (GLoRA) One-for-all: Generalized lora for parameter-efficient fine-tuning. Chavan et al, 2023.
- (DoRA) Dora: Weight-decomposed low-rank adaptation. Liu et al, 2024.
- (OFT) Controlling text-to-image diffusion by orthogonal finetuning. Qiu et al., NeurIPS 2023.
- (BOFT) Parameter-efficient orthogonal finetuning via butterfly factorization. Liu et al., ICLR 2024.

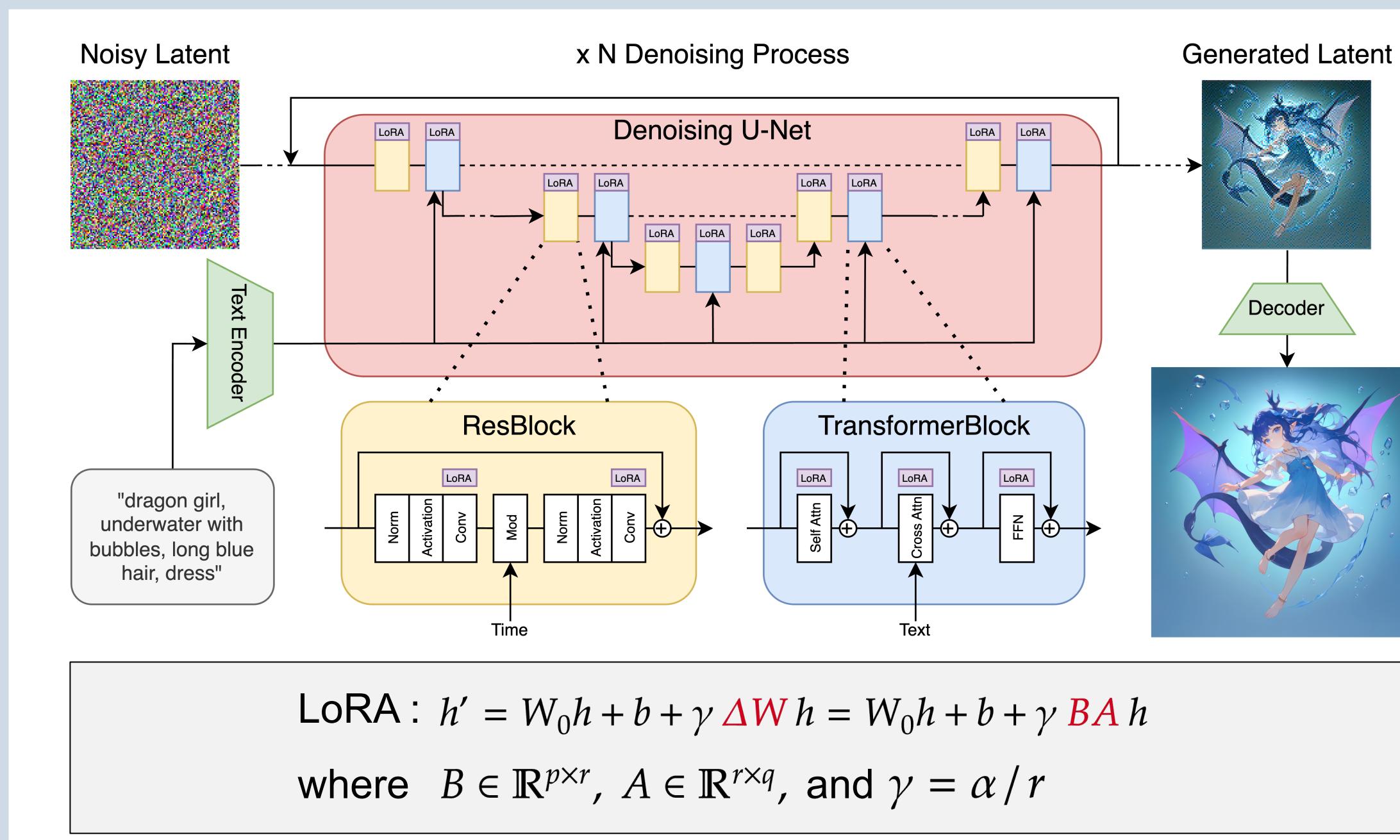
## Image Credits

- 米望ゆめ / bogdan / Animenbo / ke-ta
- Spider Lily / アニプレックス・ABCアニメーション・BS11

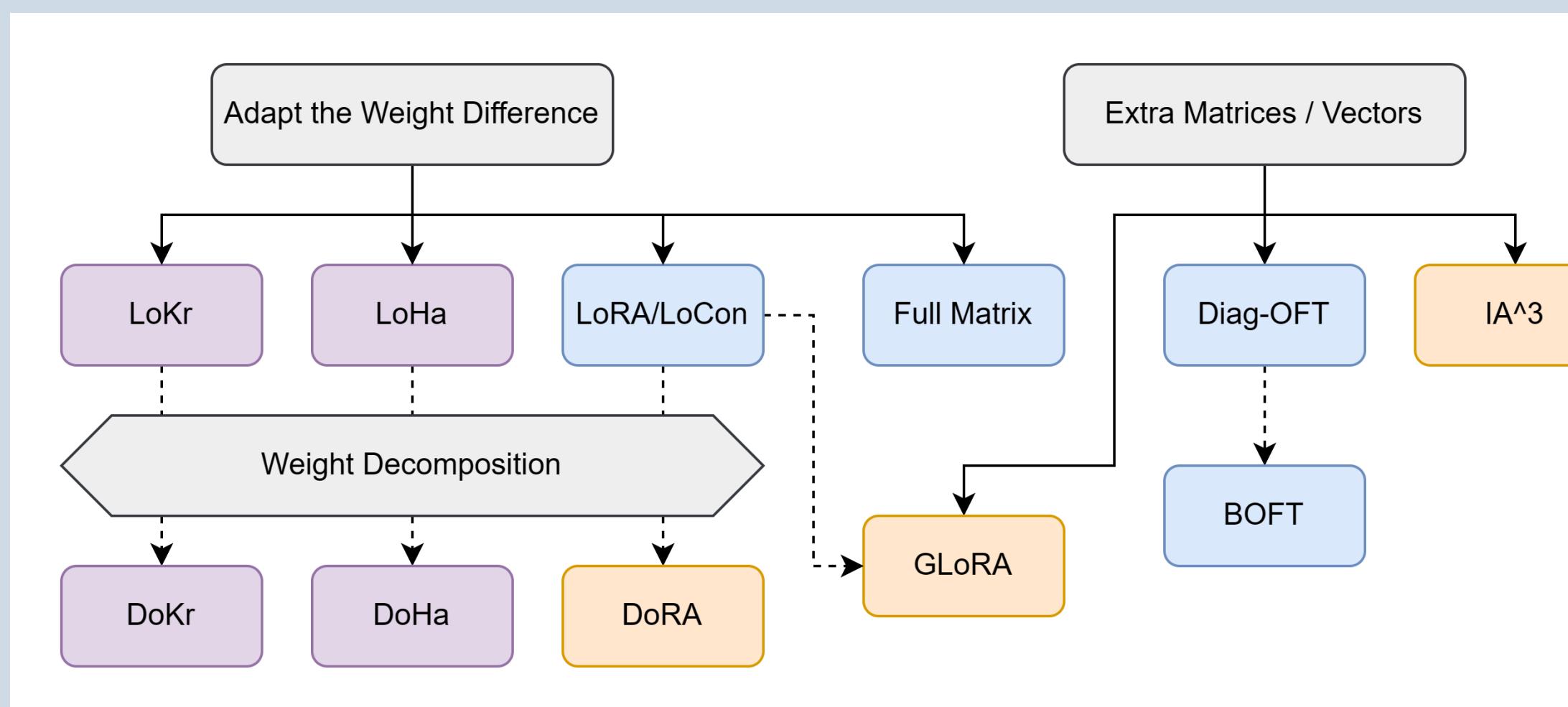
## Customization of Text-To-Image Models



## Stable Diffusion and LoRA Fine-Tuning



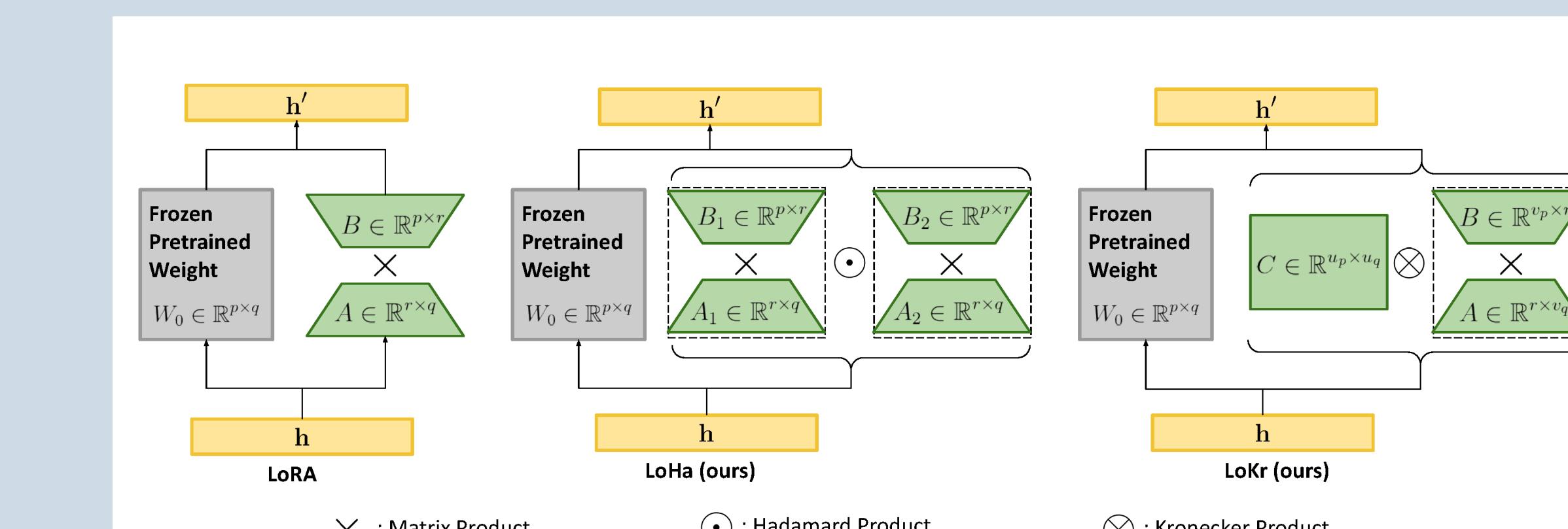
## Algorithms Implemented in LyCORIS



## TL;DR

1. LyCORIS is an open-source library that promotes easy adaption of various fine-tuning algorithms for Stable Diffusion
2. To enable fair comparison, we propose an extensive framework for model evaluation and conduct it for a subset of algorithms in LyCORIS

## LoCon LoHa LoKr



$$\text{LoHa : } h' = W_0 h + b + \gamma \Delta W h = W_0 h + b + \gamma [(B_1 A_1) \odot (B_2 A_2)] h$$

$$\text{LoKr : } h' = W_0 h + b + \gamma \Delta W h = W_0 h + b + \gamma [C \otimes (BA)] h$$

## Theorem (Effect of $\gamma$ )

Assume that forward pass is modified to

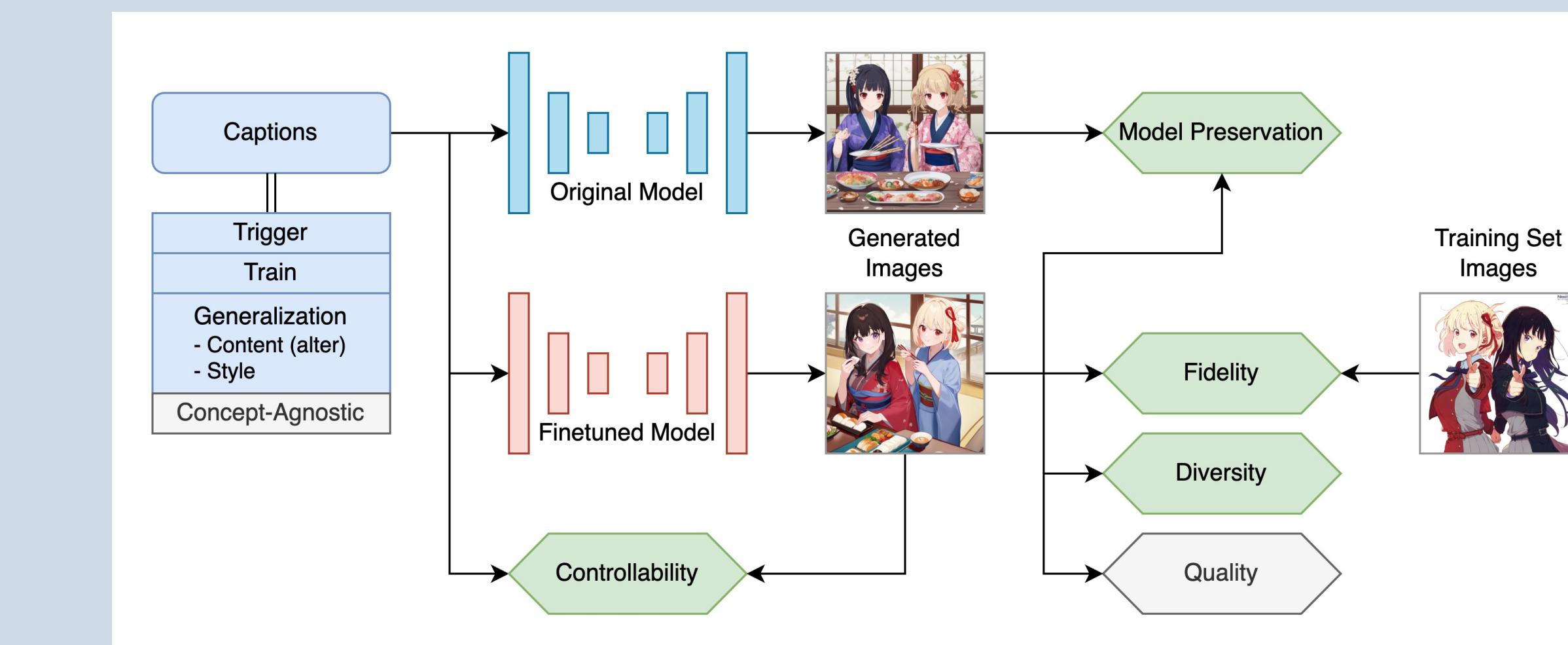
$$h' = W_0 h + b + \gamma \Delta W h = W_0 h + b + \gamma T(A_1, \dots, A_m) h$$

where  $T$  is a homogeneous operator

Mathematically, it is equivalent to training without  $\gamma$  and

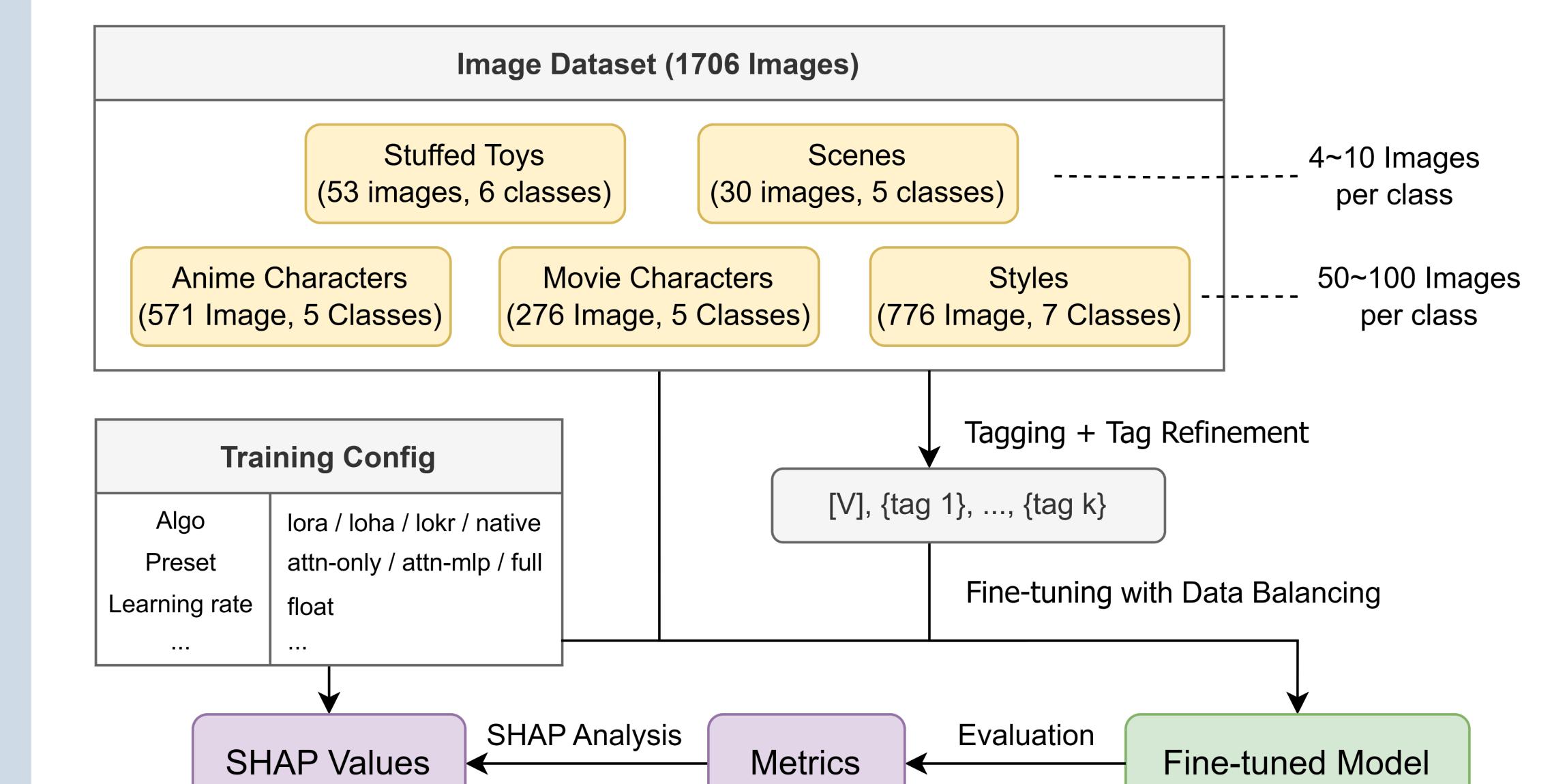
- scaling the initialization parameters by  $\gamma^{1/m}$
- scaling the learning rate by  $\gamma^{c/m}$ , where  $c=2$  for SGD and  $c=1$  for Adam, etc

## Evaluation Criteria



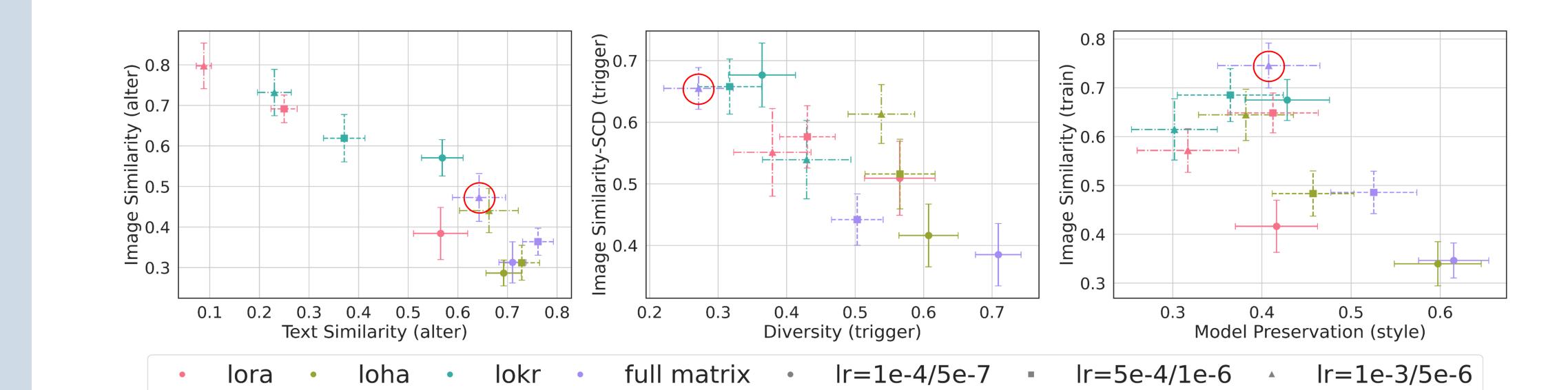
## Experiments

### Setup

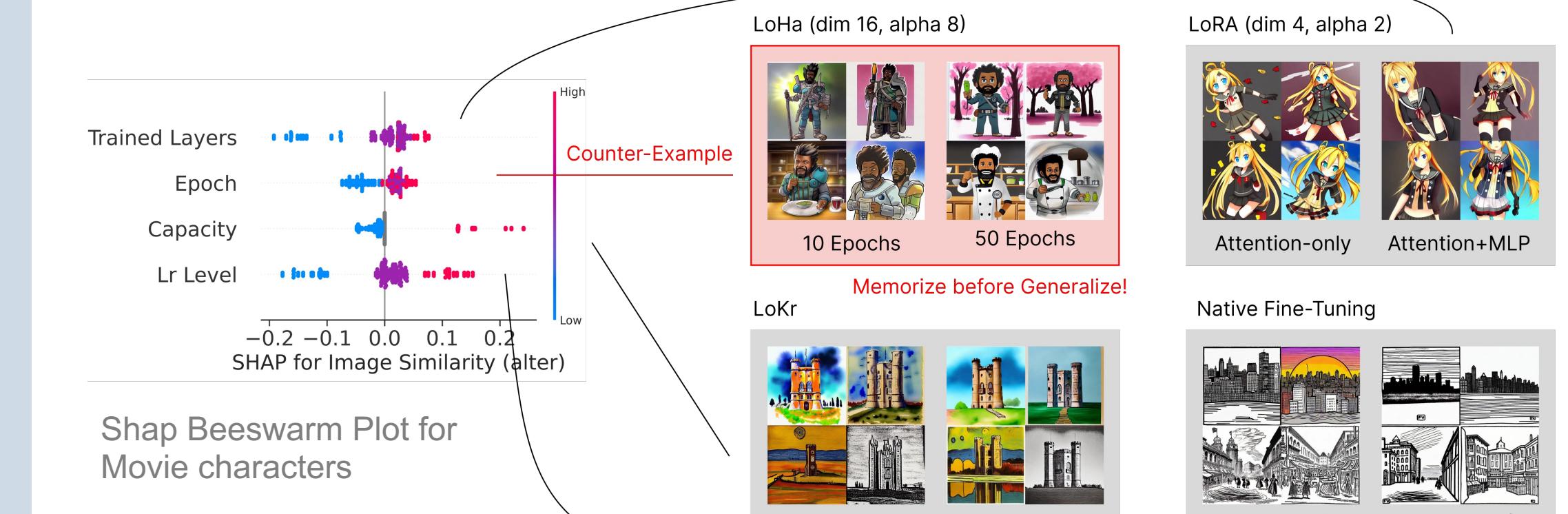


### Results

- High-Level Observations
  - Image Fidelity is mostly negative correlated with other metrics
  - Choice of prompt can affect significantly the evaluation



### Influence of Hyperparameters



### Tentative Ranking

	LoRA	LoHa	LoKr	Native Ir 5e-6	Native Ir 1e-6
Fidelity	★★★	★★	★★★★★	★★★★★	★
Controllability	★★	★★★★★	★	★★★	★★★★★
Diversity	★★★	★★★★★	★★	★	★★★★★