Problem 1 – Computer Store

A problem for exam preparation for the "C# Fundamentals" course @ SoftUni Submit your solutions in the SoftUni Judge system here

Write a program that prints you a receipt for your new computer. You will receive the parts' prices (without tax) until you receive what type of customer this is - special or regular. Once you receive the type of customer you should print the receipt.

The taxes are 20% of each part's price you receive.

If the customer is **special**, he has a 10% discount on the total price with taxes.

If a given price is not a positive number, you should print "Invalid price!" on the console and continue with the next price.

If the total price is equal to zero, you should print "Invalid order!" on the console.

Input

You will receive numbers representing prices (without tax) until command "special" or "regular":

Output

The receipt should be in the following format:

"Congratulations you've just bought a new computer!

Price without taxes: {total price without taxes}\$

Taxes: {total amount of taxes}\$

Total price: {total price with taxes}\$"

Note: All prices should be displayed to the second digit after the decimal point! The discount is applied only on the total price. Discount is only applicable to the final price!

Examples

Input	Output
1050 200	Congratulations you've just bought a new computer! Price without taxes: 1737.36\$
450	Taxes: 347.47\$
2	
18.50	Total price: 1876.35\$
16.86	
special	

Comment

1050 - valid price, total 1050

200 – valid price, total **1250**

16.86 - valid price, total 1737.36

We receive **special**





















Price is positive number, so it is valid order

Price without taxes is 1737.36

Taxes: 20% from 1737.36 = 347.47

Final price = 1737.36 + 347.47 = 2084.83Additional 10% discount for special customers

2084.83 - 10% = 1876.35

Input	Output	
1023	Invalid price!	
15	Invalid price!	
<mark>-20</mark>	Congratulations you've just bought a new computer!	
15 -20 -5.50	Price without taxes: 1544.96\$	
450	Taxes: 308.99\$	
20		
17.66	Total price: 1853.95\$	
19.30		
regular		
regular	Invalid order!	

Problem 2 – MuOnline

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You have initial health 100 and initial bitcoins 0. You will be given a string representing the dungeon's rooms. Each room is separated with '|' (vertical bar): "room1 | room2 | room3..."

Each room contains a command and a number, separated by space. The command can be:

- "potion"
 - You are healed with the number in the second part. But your health cannot exceed your initial health (100).
 - o First print: "You healed for {amount} hp."
 - After that, print your current health: "Current health: {health} hp."
- "chest"
 - o You've found some bitcoins, the number in the second part.
 - o Print: "You found {amount} bitcoins."
- In any other case, you are facing a monster, which you will fight. The second part of the room contains the attack of the monster. You should remove the monster's attack from your health.
 - o If you are not dead (health <= 0), you've slain the monster, and you should print: "You slayed {monster}."
 - o If you've died, print "You died! Killed by {monster}." and your quest is over. Print the best room you've manage to reach: "Best room: {room}"

If you managed to go through all the rooms in the dungeon, print on the following three lines:

















"You've made it!"

"Bitcoins: {bitcoins}"

"Health: {health}"

Input / Constraints

You receive a **string** representing the dungeon's rooms, separated with '|' (vertical bar): "room1 | room2 | room3...".

Output

Print the corresponding messages described above.

Examples

Input	Output
rat 10 bat 20 potion 10 rat 10 chest 100 boss 70 chest	You slayed rat.
1000	You slayed bat.
	You healed for 10 hp.
	Current health: 80 hp.
	You slayed rat.
	You found 100 bitcoins.
	You died! Killed by boss.
	Best room: 6
Input	Output
cat 10 potion 30 orc 10 chest 10 snake 25 chest 110	You slayed cat.
	You healed for 10 hp.
	Current health: 100 hp.
	You slayed orc.
	You slayed orc. You found 10 bitcoins.
	You found 10 bitcoins.
	You found 10 bitcoins. You slayed snake.
	You found 10 bitcoins. You slayed snake. You found 110 bitcoins.

Problem 3 – Hearth Delivery

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Valentine's day is coming, and Cupid has minimal time to spread some love across the neighborhood. Help him with his mission!

You will receive a string with even integers, separated by a "@" - this is our neighborhood. After that, a series of Jump commands will follow until you receive "Love!". Every house in the neighborhood needs a certain number of hearts delivered by Cupid so it can celebrate Valentine's day. The integers in the neighborhood indicate those needed hearts.

Cupid starts at the position of the first house (index 0) and must jump by a given length. The jump commands will be in this format: "Jump {length}".

Every time he jumps from one house to another, the needed hearts for the visited house are decreased by 2:

- If the needed hearts for a certain house become equal to 0, print on the console "Place {house index} has Valentine's day."
- If Cupid jumps to a house where the needed hearts are already 0, print on the console "Place {house index} already had Valentine's day."
- Keep in mind that Cupid can have a larger jump length than the size of the neighborhood, and if he does jump **outside** of it, he should **start** from the **first house** again (index 0)

For example, we are given this neighborhood: 6@6@6. Cupid is at the start and jumps with a length of 2. He will end up at index 2 and decrease the needed hearts by 2: [6, 6, 4]. Next, he jumps again with a length of 2 and goes outside the neighborhood, so he goes back to the first house (index 0) and again decreases the needed hearts there: [4, 6, 4].

Input

- On the first line, you will receive a string with even integers separated by "@" the neighborhood and the number of hearts for each house.
- On the next lines, until "Love!" is received, you will be getting jump commands in this format: "Jump {length}".

Output

In the end, print Cupid's last position and whether his mission was successful or not:

- "Cupid's last position was {last_position_index}."
- If each house has had Valentine's day, print:
 - "Mission was successful."
- If **not**, print the **count** of all houses that **didn't** celebrate Valentine's Day:
 - "Cupid has failed {houseCount} places."

Constraints

- The **neighborhood's** size will be in the range [1...20]
- Each house will need an even number of hearts in the range [2...10]
- Each **jump length** will be an integer in the range [1...20]

Examples

Input	Output	Comments
•	•	

















10@10@10@2 Jump 1 Jump 2 Love!	Place 3 has Valentine's day. Cupid's last position was 3. Cupid has failed 3 places.	Jump 1 ->> [10, 8, 10, 2] Jump 2 ->> [10, 8, 10, 0] so we print "Place 3 has Valentine's day." The following command is "Love!" so we print Cupid's last position and the outcome of his mission.
2@4@2	Place 2 has Valentine's day.	
Jump 2	Place 0 has Valentine's day.	
Jump 2	Place 0 already had Valentine's	
Jump 8	day.	
Jump 3	Place 0 already had Valentine's	
Jump 1	day.	
Love!	Cupid's last position was 1. Cupid has failed 1 places.	















