## Package 'coorClimR'

June 21, 2016

Title Get Gridded Climate Data at Individual Space-T	Γime Locations
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Version 0.0.0.9000

**Description** This project is an R-wrapper around an API that stores gridded climate data and its metadata in a postgres database. This r-package allows users to get climate data for a single point and return the results as a simple data frame, making visualization and analysis easy. This package integrates with the Neotoma R Package and the VertNet R Package to support existing workflows.

**Depends** R (>= 3.2.0),

License MIT Encoding UTF-8 LazyData true

RoxygenNote 5.0.1.9000

Imports jsonlite

## **R** topics documented:

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## Description

Check if a number is numeric

## Usage

checkNumeric(x)

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convertNeotomaSDToDF	Get Neotoma Occurrence Data Function uses the Neotoma API Sam-
	pleData endpoint

## Description

Get Neotoma Occurrence Data Function uses the Neotoma API SampleData endpoint

#### Usage

```
convertNeotomaSDToDF(taxonname, ageold = "", ageyoung = "", loc = "",
  gpid = "", altmin = "", altmax = "")
```

#### **Arguments**

taxonname	String The name of the taxonomic grouping that you wish to query Neotoma for. Matches a taxon in the neotoma database
ageold	Integer Oldest age, as calendar years before present, to include in results from neotoma.
ageyoung	Integer Youngest age, as calendar years before present, to include in results.
loc	A list of the form longitudeWest, latitudeSouth, longitudeEast, latitudeNorth that represents a bounding box in which to search for occurrences in Neotoma
gpid	Integer Limit occurrences to a geopolitical entity id. Valid values provided by GeoPoliticalUnits database table in Neotoma.
altmin	Integer Minimum site altitude in meters.
altmax	Integer Maximum site altitude in meters.

#### Value

data.frame. Columns: sampleID (actually a Neotoma dataset ID), Latitude, Longitude, Age

## Examples

```
convertNeotomaSDToDF("bison bison")
convertNeotomaSDToDF("picea")
```

 ${\tt convertVertnettoDF}$ 

Use Vertnet API to get data, and return only specific columns needed.

## Description

Use Vertnet API to get data, and return only specific columns needed.

## Usage

```
convertVertnettoDF(taxonname, genus = "", species = "", state = "",
  limit = "")
```

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#### **Arguments**

taxonname string: Name(s) of the taxonomic grouping that you wish to query Vertnet for.

genus string: Target genus name(s).
species string: Target species name(s).
state string: Target state name(s).

1 imit numeric: Number of results that you would like to accept. Defaults to 10000 if

left empty.

#### Value

output data.frame: Lat, Lon, and Age data.

#### **Examples**

```
convertVertnettoDF("bison")
convertVertnettoDF("(kansas state OR KSU)", limit = 200)
convertVertnettoDF(genus = "mustela", species = "(nivalis OR erminea)")
```

getData

Get Climate Data

#### **Description**

Get Climate Data

## Usage

```
getData(x, y = "", t = "", producer = "", model = "",
  modelVersion = "", variableType = "", variableUnits = "",
  variablePeriod = "", variablePeriodType = "", averagingPeriod = "",
  averagingPeriodType = "", resolution = "", sampleID = "",
  siteName = "", siteID = "", verbose = T)
```

#### **Arguments**

х	A dataframe with minimum columns names: Latitude, Longitude, Age OR a double precision longitude value. If x is a dataframe, it can also accept columns siteName, sampleID, siteID to preserve object identification through the api call process
у	A double precision latitude coordinate
t	A double precision or integer number representing years before 1950, can be negative to represent time since 1950 API filter parameters
model	A string specifying the model from which the climate data was created. Default = "" (all)
modelVersion	A string representing the model version that produced the output. Default = "" $(all)$
variableType	A string representing the type of variable to return. Default = "" (all)

4 getDataRow

A string representing the units in which the variables are measures. Default = ""

variablePeriod An integer representing the measuring period for the variable. Default = "" (all) variablePeriodType A string representing the type of measuring period for the variable. Default = "" averagingPeriodType A string representing the type of period over which the data has been averaged. Default = "" (all) resolution A double precision value representing the native resolution at which the climate data was produced and stored. Default = "" (all) sampleID A string or integer identifier for the sample at the space-time location. Default

= "" (none)

A string or integer identifier for the site at the x-y location of the sample. Default siteName

= "" (none)

siteID A string or integer identifier for the site at the x-y location of the sample. Default

= "" (none)

averaingPeriod An integer representing the period of which the data has been averaged. De-

fault= "" (all)

#### Value

variableUnits

Outputs a data.frame representation of the api response. Columns: From Database: variableunits, variablePeriodType, VariableType, variableID, Producer, sourceID, ModelVersion, tableName, VariableDescription, averagingPeriod, averagingPeriodType, Model, tableName Optional Identifiers: siteName, sampleID, siteID Response Values: value, latitude, longitude, yearsBP

## **Examples**

```
## Create some data
t <- rbind(c(1, -122, 37, 1000), c(2, -100, 38, 1000))
t <- data.frame(t)</pre>
names(t) <- c("sampleID", "Longitude", "Latitude", "Age")</pre>
getData(t)
```

getDataRow

Get climate data for a single space-time coordnate

#### **Description**

Get climate data for a single space-time coordnate

## **Usage**

```
getDataRow(x, y, t, producer = "", model = "", modelVersion = "",
 variableType = "", variableUnits = "", variablePeriod = "",
 variablePeriodType = "", averagingPeriod = "", averagingPeriodType = "",
 resolution = "", siteID = "", siteName = "", sampleID = "",
 verbose = F)
```

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#### **Arguments**

x	A double precision longitude value.
t	A double precision or integer number representing years before 1950, can be negative to represent time since 1950 API filter parameters
model	A string specifying the model from which the climate data was created. Default = "" (all) $^{\circ}$
modelVersion	A string representing the model version that produced the output. Default = "" (all)
variableType	A string representing the type of variable to return. Default = "" (all)
variableUnits	A string representing the units in which the variables are measures. Default = "" (all)
variablePeriod	An integer representing the measuring period for the variable. Default = "" (all)
variablePeriod <sup>°</sup>	Type A string representing the type of measuring period for the variable. Default = "" (all)
averagingPerio	dТуре
	A string representing the type of period over which the data has been averaged. Default = "" (all)
resolution	A double precision value representing the native resolution at which the climate data was produced and stored. Default = "" (all)
siteID	A string or integer identifier for the site at the x-y location of the sample. Default = "" (none)
siteName	A string or integer identifier for the site at the x-y location of the sample. Default = "" $(none)$
sampleID	A string or integer identifier for the sample at the space-time location. Default = "" (none) $\alpha$
averaingPeriod	An integer representing the period of which the data has been averaged. Default= "" (all)

#### Value

Outputs a data.frame representation of the api response. Columns: From Database: variableunits, variablePeriodType, VariableType, variableID, Producer, sourceID, ModelVersion, tableName, VariableDescription, averagingPeriod, averagingPeriodType, Model, tableName Optional Identifiers: siteName, sampleID, siteID Response Values: value, latitude, longitude, yearsBP

## **Examples**

```
getData(-122, 37, 16000, siteName="mySite", variableType="Maximum Temperature")
getData(-90, 40, 900, siteName="myOtherSite", sampleID=1291, variableType="Precipitation")
```

6 makeTSPlot

makeScatterPlot Scatter two en	wironmental variables against each other

#### **Description**

Scatter two environmental variables against each other

## Usage

```
makeScatterPlot(climateDF, xVariable = "Precipitation",
   yVariable = "Maximum Temperature", xPeriod = 1, yPeriod = 1,
   pointColor = "gray", plotModern = TRUE, modernColor = "black",
   title = paste(xVariable, xPeriod, "vs.\n", yVariable, yPeriod))
```

## **Arguments**

climateDF	A data.frame object produced by getData that has the climate data you wish to plot
xVariable	Name of variable type to put on the x axis
yVariable	Name of variable type to put on the y axis
xPeriod	The measurement period of the variable for the X axis of the plot
yPeriod	The measurement period of the variable for the T axis of the plot
pointColor	Color string in which to plot the xy points
plotModern	boolean flag indicating whether to plot the modern points in a different color than the background points
modernColor	if plotModern is TRUE, then the modern points will be plotted in this color
title	The title to give the plots

#### Value

VOID

## Examples

```
d <- queryNeotoma("ilex")
makeScatterPlot(d, xVariable='Maximum Temperature', yVariable='Minimum Temperature', xPeriod=7, yPeriod=1, m</pre>
```

makeTSPlot Plot a climate variable through time
---

## Description

Plot a climate variable through time

queryNeotoma 7

#### Usage

```
makeTSPlot(climateDF, responseVariable = "Precipitation",
  responsePeriod = 1, title = paste(responseVariable, responsePeriod,
  "vs. Time"), plotAVG = T, plotSD = TRUE, pointColor = "gray",
  lineColor = "red")
```

#### **Arguments**

climateDF A data.frame object produced by getData that has the climate data you wish to

plot

responseVariable

The name of the variable for the Y axis of the plot

responsePeriod The measurement period of the variable for the Y axis of the plot

title The title you want to put on the plot

plotAVG Boolean flag for plotting the mean of each yearsBP bin (binned average)

plotSD Boolean flag for plotting the standard deviation of year yearsBP bin(binned SD)

pointColor Color string representing the color in which to plot the individual points

lineColor If plotAVG and/or plotSD are true, then those lines will be plotted in this color

#### Value

data.frame with the binned averages, std, and median for the dataset

#### **Examples**

```
sequoia <- queryNeotoma("sequoia")
makeTSPlot(sequoia, lineColor="green")</pre>
```

queryNeotoma

Get Climate Data for Neotoma Occurrences

#### **Description**

Get Climate Data for Neotoma Occurrences

#### Usage

```
queryNeotoma(taxonname, ageold = "", ageyoung = "", loc = "", gpid = "",
   altmin = "", altmax = "", producer = "", model = "",
   modelVersion = "", variableType = "", variableUnits = "",
   variablePeriod = "", variablePeriodType = "", averagingPeriod = "",
   averagingPeriodType = "", resolution = "")
```

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#### **Arguments**

taxonname	String The name of the taxonomic grouping that you wish tok query neotoma for. Matches a taxon in the neotoma database
ageold	Integer Oldest age, as calendar years before present, to include in results from neotoma.
ageyoung	Integer Youngest age, as calendar years before present, to include in results.
loc	A list of the form longitudeWest, latitudeSouth, longitudeEast, latitudeNorth that represents a bounding box in which to search for occurrences in Neotoma
gpid	Integer Limit occurrences to a geopolitical entity id. Valid values provided by GeoPoliticalUnits database table in Neotoma.
altmin	Integer Minimum site altitude in meters.
altmax	Integer Maximum site altitude in meters.
model	A string specifying the model from which the climate data was created. Default = "" (all) $$
modelVersion	A string representing the model version that produced the output. Default = "" $(all)$
variableType	A string representing the type of variable to return. Default = "" (all)
variableUnits	A string representing the units in which the variables are measures. Default = "" (all) $\$
variablePeriod	An integer representing the measuring period for the variable. Default = "" (all)
variablePeriod <sup>-</sup>	Type A string representing the type of measuring period for the variable. Default = "" (all)
averagingPerio	
	A string representing the type of period over which the data has been averaged. Default = "" (all)
resolution	A double precision value representing the native resolution at which the climate data was produced and stored. Default = "" (all)
averaingPeriod	An integer representing the period of which the data has been averaged. Default= "" (all)

## Value

Outputs a data.frame representation of the api response. Columns: From Database: variableunits, variablePeriodType, VariableType, variableID, Producer, sourceID, ModelVersion, tableName, VariableDescription, averagingPeriod, averagingPeriodType, Model, tableName Optional Identifiers: siteName, sampleID, siteID Response Values: value, latitude, longitude, yearsBP

## **Examples**

```
queryNeotoma("bison bison")
queryNeotoma("sedum", altmax=1500, variablePeriod=1, resolution=0.5)
```

query Vertnet 9

queryVertnet	Get climate data for Vertnet occurrences.
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## Description

Get climate data for Vertnet occurrences.

#### Usage

```
queryVertnet(taxonname, genus = "", species = "", state = "",
  limit = "")
```

## Arguments

taxonname string: Name(s) of the taxonomic grouping that you wish to query Vertnet for.

genus string: Target genus name(s).
species string: Target species name(s).
state string: Target state name(s).

limit numeric: Number of results that you would like to accept. Defaults to 10000 if

left empty.

#### Value

output data.frame: The data which you seek.

## **Examples**

```
queryVertnet("bison")
queryVertnet("(kansas state OR KSU)", limit = 200)
queryVertnet(genus = "mustela", species = "(nivalis OR erminea)")
```

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