Frontend – HTML5

1. Difference b/w HTML & HTML5? Ans.

HTML

- Standard markup language for creating web pages.
- Older versions (like HTML4) required external technologies (like Flash/JavaScript) for audio, video, and advanced graphics.
- Limited support for mobile and responsive design.
- No built-in APIs for modern web applications

. HTML5

Latest version of HTML with modern features.

Supports audio & video tags directly (no need for Flash).

Introduces semantic tags like <header>, <footer>,
<article>, <section>.

Provides canvas & SVG for graphics and animations.

Built-in APIs (e.g., Geolocation, Local Storage, WebSockets).

Better support for mobile-friendly and responsive design.

2. What are the additional tags used in HTML5? Ans

HTML5 introduced many **new semantic and functional tags** to make web pages more structured, multimedia-rich, and interactive.

Here are the main additional tags in HTML5:

Semantic Structure Tags

- <header> → Defines a page or section header
- <footer> → Defines a page or section footer
- <nav> → Navigation links
- <article> → Self-contained content (e.g., blog post, news)
- <section> → Defines a section of content
- <aside> → Sidebar or secondary content

- <main> → Main content of the page
- <figure> → Used for images, diagrams, code snippets
- <figcaption> → Caption for <figure>

Media Tags

- <audio> → Embeds audio files
- <video> → Embeds video files
- source> → Specifies multiple media sources
- <track> → Subtitles/captions for <video> or <audio>

Graphics & Interactive Content

- <canvas> → Draw graphics via JavaScript
- <svg>→ Scalable vector graphics

Form Enhancements

- <datalist> → Provides autocomplete options for input
- <keygen> → Generates encryption key (deprecated now)
- output> → Displays calculation/output results
- <progress> → Shows progress bar
- <meter> → Displays measurement within a range

Do you want me to also create a **diagram/chart** that groups these HTML5 tags for easier memory?