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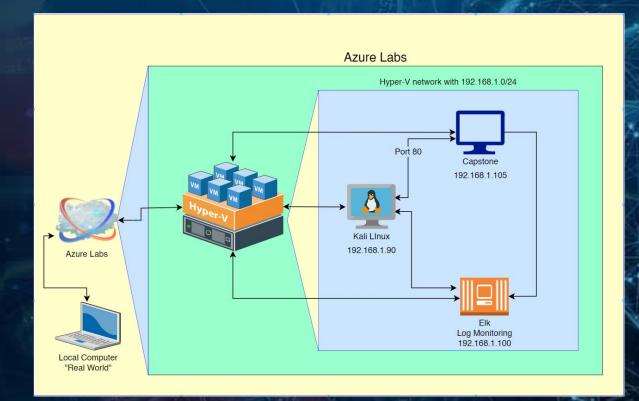
Red Team: Security Assessment

Blue Team: Log Analysis and Attack Characterization

Hardening: Proposed Alarms and Mitigation Strategies

Network Topology

Network Topology



Network

Address Range: 192.168.1.0/24

Netmask: 255.255.255.0 Gateway: 192.168.1.1

Machines

IPv4: 192.168.1.1 OS: MS 10.0.19041.1 Hostname: Hyper-V

IPv4: 192.168.1.90 OS: Linux 2.6.32 Hostname: Kali Linux

IPv4: 192.168.1.100 OS: Ubuntu 18.04.4 Hostname: Elk

IPv4: 192.168.1.105 OS: Ubuntu 18.04.1 Hostname: Capstone

Red Team Security Assessment

Recon: Describing the Target

Nmap identified the following hosts on the network:

Hostname	IP Address	Role on Network
Hyper-V	192.168.1.1	This is a container for all the Virtual Machines
Kali Linux	192.168.1.90	This is a Virtual Machine that is used for reconnaissance or to attack another machine
Elk	192.168.1.100	This is a LIstener device to retrieve data from a target machine to sort and parse the information
Capstone	192.168.1.105	This is the target machine

Vulnerability Assessment

The assessment uncovered the following critical vulnerabilities in the target:

Vulnerability	Description	Impact
Insufficient Logging and Monitoring	No alerts are configured to be sent for active attacks in real or close to real time.	Security personnel not alerted to breach in real time that allows attackers to penetrate further.
Bruteforce Attack Vulnerability CVE-2020-14494	Able to gain access to web application using brute force.	A bruteforce attack vulnerability allows attackers to gain unauthorized access to sensitive data.
Sensitive Data Exposure	The sensitive data present in secret_folder is accessible to the public	The attacked is able to use this data to cause further harm.
Unrestricted File Upload	Insufficient controls on who can upload files to the server.	Unauthorized users can upload potentially malicious files, such as a reverse shell, to the server.

Exploitation: Brute Force

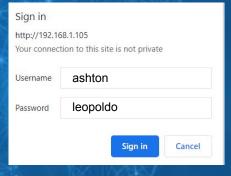
01

Tools & Processes
Hydra:
a fast online password
cracking tool

02

Achievements
Obtained the password to remote computer
Obtained access to other information

03



Exploitation: Password Hash

01

Tools & Processes
Crack Station, an online tool
used to crack password
hashes

02

Achievements

Obtained the password from the md5/sha1 hash

discovered

Obtained access to other information

CrackStation № Password Hashing Security № Defuse Security №

Free Password Hash Cracker

Enter up to 20 non-salted hashes, one per line:

d7dad0a5cd7c8376eeb50d69b3ccd352

Imnot a robot

Crack Hashes

Supports: LM, NTLM, mdz, md4, md5, md5(md5_hex), md5-half, sha1, sha224, sha256, sha384, sha512, ripeMD160, whiripool, MySQL 4.1+ (sha1(sha1_bin)), Qubeav3.1Backupcefaults

Hash

Type Result

d7dad0a5cd7c8376eeb50d69b3ccd352

Robot Patial match, Molony Partial match, Molony Partia

03

Exploitation: Unrestricted File Upload

01

Tools & Processes

reverse_tcp, a handler payload that provides more information from a remote victim computer by placing a shell.php on the remote computer.

02

Achievements

Obtained ability to find hidden data from the remote computer

Index of /webdav

 ▶ Parent Directory

 ♠ passwd.day
 2019-05-07 18:19 43

 ♠ shell.php
 2022-07-01 01:24 1.1K

Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at 192.168.1.105 Port 80

Last modified Size Description

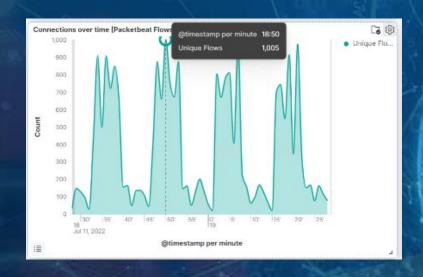
03

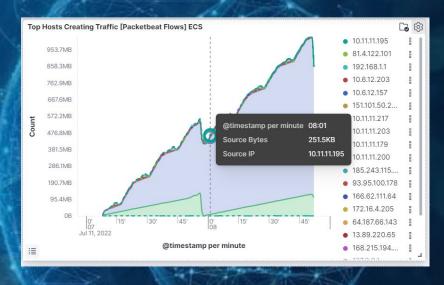
meterpreter > shell
Process 2194 created.
Channel 1 created.
pwd
/var/www/webdav
cd /
find flag.txt
flag.txt
cat flag.txt
blng0w@35h1sn@m0

Blue Team

Log Analysis and Attack Characterization

Analysis: Identifying the Port Scan





- A port scan occurred at 18:50
- 1005 packets were sent from the ip address:
- A large number of connections at start of interactions between the two machines

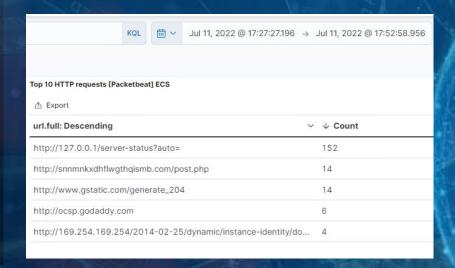
Analysis: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory

Top 10 HTTP requests [Packetbeat] ECS				
url.full: Descending	Count			
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/se	17,051			
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/se	6			
http://192.168.1.105/	2			
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/	2			
http://192.168.1.105/icons/folder.gif	2			



- 17,051 requests were made
- Files were requested from secret_folder
- This folder contained a password hash

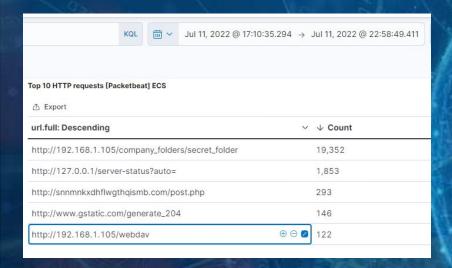
Analysis: Uncovering the Brute Force Attack

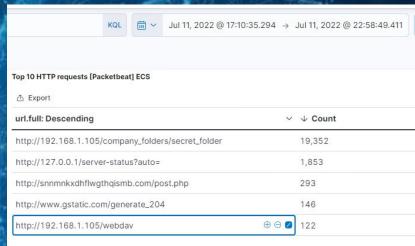


200 / Color Color		14 Sec. 11
KQL	聞 ∨ Jul 11, 2022 @ 17:53:02.759	→ Jul 11, 2022 @ 17:55:33.092
Top 10 HTTP requests [Packetbea	t) ECS	
url.full: Descending		∨ ↓ Count
http://192.168.1.105/company_folders/secret_folder		17,051
http://127.0.0.1/server-status?auto=		13
http://snnmnkxdhflwgthqismb.com/post.php		13
http://cdn1.friendbuy.com/widgets/configs/site-c34415b4-vinylmep		p 2
http://djnf6e5yyirys.cloudfront.net/js/friendbuy.min.js		2

- 17,501 requests were made in the attack
- About 150 requests had been made before the attacker discovered the password

Analysis: Finding the WebDAV Connection





- 122 requests were made to this directory
- Files from from the directory ../secret_folder were requested

Blue TeamProposed Alarms and Mitigation Strategies

Mitigation: Blocking the Port Scan

Alarm

An alarm that can detect the number of requests per second can be set to detect future port scans

Normally about 1-2 scans p/s were detected, but when attacked, more than 15 scan happened p/s, so the threshold is set to anything above 5 requests per second produces an alert

System Hardening

Specific IP(s) may be blacklisted to mitigate port scans

To blacklist an ip, use: sudo firewall-cmd
--zone=work --add-rich-rule='rule
family="ipv4" source
address="192.168.1.90" reject'

Change the ip to 192.168.1.0/24 to blacklist an entire range

Mitigation: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory

Alarm

An Alarm that detects IP's that are on the blacklist can be set to detect unauthorized access.

If the number of blacklisted ips reaches 5 send an alert

System Hardening

To block unwanted access:

- Use better, stronger passwords
- Require password be changed after 30 days
- Multi-factor authentication

Mitigation: Preventing Brute Force Attacks

Alarm

Limit number or requests before lockout to detect future brute force attacks

Once the maximum of 5 attempts is reached, lockout occurs and an alert is sent

System Hardening

To block brute force attacks:

Use a 2 factor authentication, especially for off site locations:

- sudo apt install libpam-google-authenticator
- run Google Authenticator (answer Y to all options)
- nano /etc/pam.d/sshd
- For the rest, go to https://linuxhint.com/linux-two-factor-authentication/

Mitigation: Detecting the WebDAV Connection

Alarm

Monitor access to webday and send an alert any time a file in webday is read

Any access by unknown ip addresses would send an alert

System Hardening

Form a whitelist for ip addresses that are accepted and grant them access

Different methods to do this are available for whitelisting on different machines

Mitigation: Identifying Reverse Shell Uploads

Alarm

Only allow safe and critical extensions for business functionality.

Any others would sent an alert to admin

Set an absolute rule. No file uploads without admin authorization

System Hardening

Whitelist specific machines or appupdates

