## TREE RECURSION AND DATA ABSTRACTION

## COMPUTER SCIENCE MENTORS 61A

February 12, 2018 to February 14, 2018

## Recursion

1. Write a function is\_sorted that takes in an integer n and returns true if the digits of that number are increasing from right to left.

```
def is_sorted(n):
    """
    >> is_sorted(2)
    True
    >> is_sorted(22222)
    True
    >> is_sorted(9876543210)
    True
    >> is_sorted(9087654321)
    False
    """
```

1. Mario needs to jump over a series of Piranha plants, represented as a string of 0's and 1's. Mario only moves forward and can either *step* (move forward one space) or *jump* (move forward two spaces) from each position. How many different ways can Mario traverse a level without stepping or jumping into a Piranha plant? Assume that every level begins with a 1 (where Mario starts) and ends with a 1 (where Mario must end up).

2. Implement the function make\_change. You may not need to use all the lines.

f	<pre>make_change(n):</pre>							
	"""Write a function, make_change	th	at ·	take	es in	ar	n	
	integer amount, n, and returns t	he i	min	imur	n num	beı	r	
	of coins we can use to make chan	ige :	for	tha	at n,			
	using 1-cent, 3-cent, and 4-cent coins.							
	Look at the doctests for more examples.							
	>>> make_change(5)							
	2							
	>>> make_change(6) # tricky! Not	4	+ 1	+ :	1 but	3	+	3
	2							
	" " "							
	if:							
	return 0							
	elif:							
	return			_				
	elif:							
				_				
	return			_				
	else:							
				_				
				_				
	roturn			_				

1. The following is an **Abstract Data Type (ADT)** for elephants. Each elephant keeps track of its name, age, and whether or not it can fly. Given our provided constructor, fill out the selectors:

```
def elephant(name, age, can_fly):
    """
    Takes in a string name, an int age, and a boolean can_fly.
    Constructs an elephant with these attributes.
    >>> dumbo = elephant("Dumbo", 10, True)
    >>> elephant_name(dumbo)
    "Dumbo"
    >>> elephant_age(dumbo)
    10
    >>> elephant_can_fly(dumbo)
    True
    """
    return [name, age, can_fly]
def elephant_name(e):

def elephant_age(e):
```

2. This function returns the correct result, but there's something wrong about its implementation. How do we fix it?

```
def elephant_roster(elephants):
    """

    Takes in a list of elephants and returns a list of their
        names.
    """

    return [elephant[0] for elephant in elephants]
```

3. Fill out the following constructor for the given selectors.

```
def elephant(name, age, can_fly):
```

```
def elephant_name(e):
    return e[0][0]
def elephant_age(e):
    return e[0][1]
def elephant_can_fly(e):
    return e[1]
```

4. How can we write the fixed elephant\_roster function for the constructors and selectors in the previous question?

5. **(Optional)** Fill out the following constructor for the given selectors.

```
def elephant(name, age, can_fly):
    """
    >>> chris = elephant("Chris Martin", 38, False)
    >>> elephant_name(chris)
        "Chris Martin"
    >>> elephant_age(chris)
        38
    >>> elephant_can_fly(chris)
        False
    """
    def select(command)
```

```
return select
def elephant_name(e):
    return e("name")
def elephant_age(e):
    return e("age")
def elephant_can_fly(e):
    return e("can_fly")
```