



DOCUMENT
GSM-AUS-CPL.032

DOCUMENT TITLE
**AUS OPERATIONS, FLIGHT PLANNING AND
PERFORMANCE**

**CHAPTER 10
ECHO-MEAN AERODYNAMIC CHORD**

Version 1.0
January 2013

This is a controlled document. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form, or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior permission, in writing, from the Chief Executive Officer of Flight Training Adelaide.

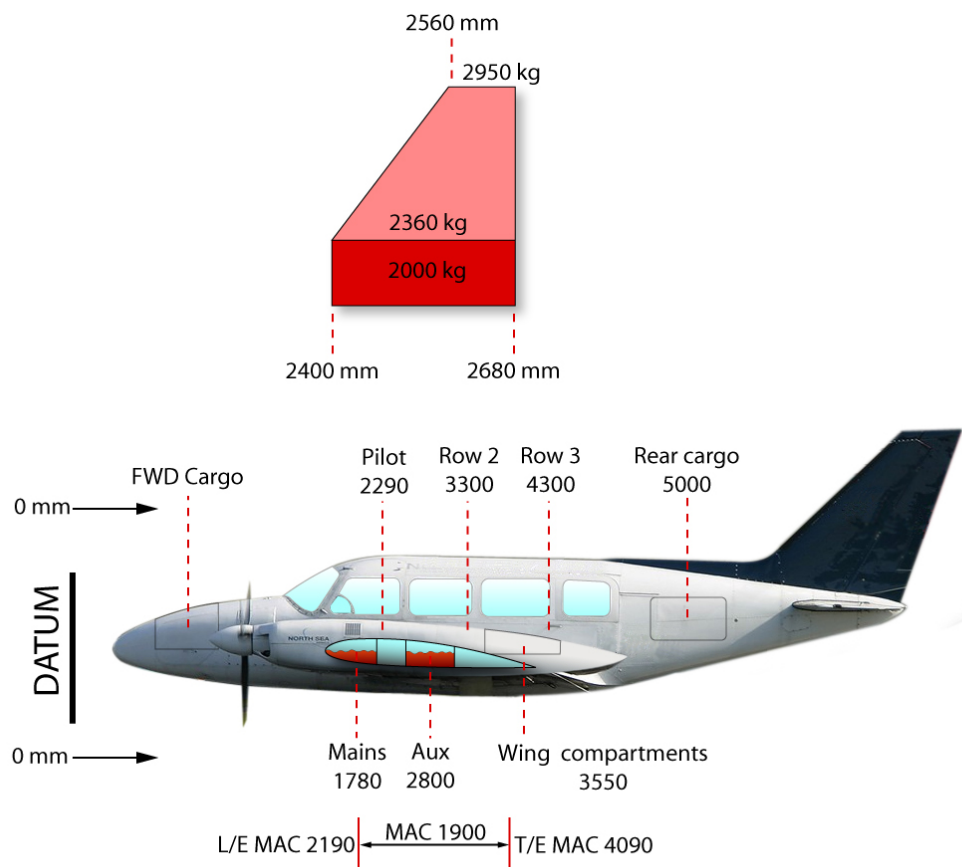
CONTENTS	PAGE
ECHO - C OF G POSITION AS % MEAN AERODYNAMIC CHORD (MAC).....	3
INTRODUCTION	3

ECHO - C OF G POSITION AS % MEAN AERODYNAMIC CHORD (MAC)

INTRODUCTION

In some aircraft Flight Manuals the position of the C of G may be expressed as a percentage of the MAC length measured from the leading edge (LE). Before a Load and Trim Sheet can be prepared, it is necessary to find the given C of G position as a distance aft of the datum.

Refer to the ECHO Mk IV picture below :



Note that the distance from the datum to the LE of the MAC is 2190mm (the LE is at station 2190). The MAC is 1900mm long.

Calculations

Example 1

Problem

If the C of G is 2600mm aft of the datum, what % MAC would that represent?

- The C of G is aft of the LEMAC.

To find this dimension subtract the distance between the datum and the LEMAC from the distance between the datum and the C of G.

$$2600 \text{ mm} - 2190\text{mm} = 410\text{mm}.$$

The C of G is 410mm aft of the LE.

- Convert the 410mm into a percentage of the MAC length of 1900mm.

$$(410 \times 100) / 1900 = 21.578$$

$$= 21.58\%$$

Answer - The C of G is **21.58% of the MAC**

Example 2

Problem

On an ECHO Mk IV the C of G is 2670 mm aft of the datum. Express the C of G position as a % of the MAC.

Calculation

- Find the distance LEMAC to C of G:

$$2670\text{mm} - 2190\text{mm} = 480\text{mm aft of LE}$$

- Convert the 480mm into a percentage of 1900mm:

$$(480 \times 100) / 1900 = 25.263 = 25.26\% \text{ MAC}$$

Answer : The C of G is **25.26% of the MAC.**

Example 3

Problem

If the ECHO Mk IV C of G position is 24.5% MAC, what is its position in mm aft of the datum?

Calculation

- Calculate the distance the C of G is behind the LE of the MAC. Convert the percentage into a distance in mm behind LE.

$$(24.5 \times 1900) / 100 = 465.5 \text{ mm aft of LE}$$

The C of G is 465.5mm ft of the LE

- Add the distance between datum and LE:

$$465.5 \text{ mm} + 2190\text{mm} = 2,655.5\text{mm aft of datum.}$$

Answer : The C of G is **2,655.5 mm aft of the datum.**

Example 4

Problem

Given the following information, calculate the C of G in % MAC for an Echo Mk IV aircraft :

Gross Weight : 2,700 kg

Total Moment : 680 IU

Calculation

- Convert the moment index into a moment:

$$680 \text{ IU} \times 10,000 = 6,800,000 \text{ kgmm}$$

- Divide moment by weight to find C of G position aft of the datum

$$6,800,000 / 2,700 = 2,518.52\text{mm ft of datum.}$$

- Subtract the distance between the datum and LE:

$$2,518.52 - 2190 = 328.52\text{mm aft of LE.}$$

- Convert this into a percentage of the MAC length:

$$(328.52 \times 100) / 1.900 = 17.29\% \text{ MAC}$$

Answer : C of G is 17.29% MAC

Example 5

Problem

An ECHO Mk IV has a gross weight of 2800 kg and the C of G is located 19.10% MAC. Find the total moment of the aircraft.

Calculation

- Find the C of G position as a distance aft of LE:

$$(19.1 \times 1900)/100 = 362.9 \text{ mm aft of LE}$$

- Now find the distance of the C of G aft of the datum:

$$362.9 \text{ mm} + 2190 \text{ mm} = 2552.9 \text{ mm aft of datum.}$$

- Now find the total moment of the aircraft:

$$\text{WEIGHT} \times \text{ARM} = \text{MOMENT}$$

$$2800 \text{ kg} \times 2552.9 \text{ mm} = 7148120 \text{ kgmm}$$

Answer : The total moment of the aircraft is **7148120 kgmm**