Gliding

- 1 To glide for maximum range, the pilot will fly:
 - a) at the angle of attack which gives maximum C₁.
 - b) at a speed where lift is maximum.
 - c) at approximately four degrees angle of attack.
 - d) with the longitudinal axis parallel to the glidepath.
- 2 To glide for maximum range, the pilot will fly at the speed where:
 - a) the aircrafts's nose is highest.
 - b) the coefficient of lift is maximum.
 - c) the lift over drag ratio is maximum.
 - d) the flaps have been extended.
- Aircraft A is heavier than Aircraft B. If both aircraft had an engine failure, Aircraft B would have a greater glide range when:
 - a) it has a headwind.
 - b) there is no wind.
 - c) it is at the best L/D speed
 - d) it has a tailwind.
- 4 You consider that you may be undershooting on a glide approach to land. You are flying at the best lift over drag speed, but you should now:
 - a) raise the nose to increase the gliding distance.
 - b) remain at the same speed and consider a closer landing area.
 - c) decrease your speed to increase your range.
 - d) increase your speed to decrease your gliding range.
- 5 To glide for maximum range, the pilot will fly:
 - a) at sixteen degrees angle of attack
 - b) at approximately four degrees angle of attack
 - c) at a speed where lift is maximum
 - d) with the longitudinal axis parallel to the glidepath
- To cover the greatest distance when gliding, the gliding speed must be:
 - a) near to the stalling speed
 - b) as high as possible, within V_{NF} limits
 - c) the one that gives the highest lift
 - d) the one that gives the highest L/D ratio

- 7 In a glide the lift force is:
 - a) equal to the weight
 - b) equal to the drag
 - c) greater than the weight
 - d) less than the weight
- What will be the effect of an increase in weight on glide performance in still air if the best lift/drag ratio is maintained
 - a) glide range will increase
 - b) glide range will reduce
 - c) rate of descent will reduce
 - d) rate of descent will increase
- 9 If the weight of an aircraft is increased, and optimum glide conditions are maintained, the glide:
 - a) velocity will reduce
 - b) range will increase
 - c) range will reduce
 - d) range will remain the same
- 10 To cover the greatest distance when gliding the gliding speed must be
 - a) near to the stalling speed
 - b) as high as possible within VNE limits
 - c) the one that gives the highest L/D ratio
 - d) the one that gives the lowest L/D ratio
- 11 During a glide the following forces act on an aircraft
 - a) lift, weight, thrust
 - b) lift, drag, weight
 - c) drag, thrust, weight
 - d) lift, weight, thrust and drag
- 12 If weight is increased the maximum gliding range of an aircraft
 - a) decreases
 - b) increases
 - c) remains the same
 - d) increases only if there is a headwind

Answers

1.c 2.c 3.d 4.b 5.b 6.d 7.d 8.d 9.d 10.c 11.b 12.c