Evaluation of Cloud Providers for VPH Applications

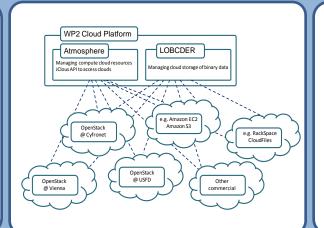


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Motivation

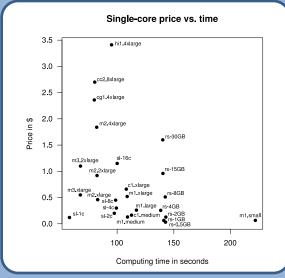
- VPH-Share biomedical applications
- Atmosphere hybrid cloud platform
- Development and publishing of applications as Atomic Services
 - Dynamic resource allocation
 - Data access and security
- Need to procure resources from public cloud providers for the project

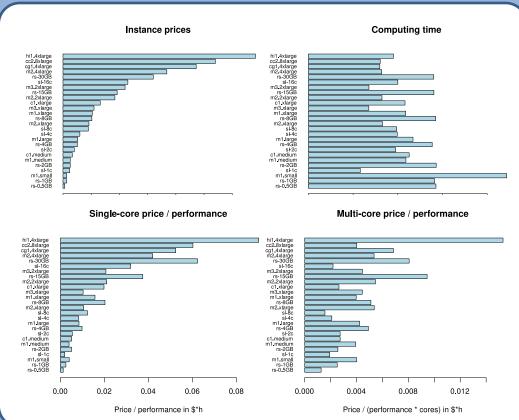


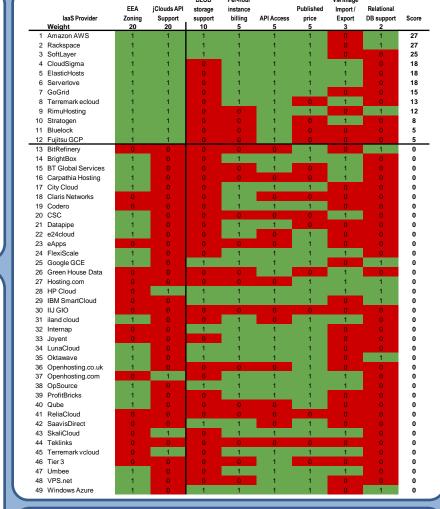
Evaluation criteria

- Compute service, Storage service (BLOB)
- jClouds library support for integration with Atmosphere
- European Economic Area (EEA) zoning due to policy
- Elasticity, on-demand access:
 - **API** access
 - Hourly or shorter billing
 - Published price
- VM Import/Export functionality
- Relational Database support

instance type	hourly price in \$	number of cores	RAM in GB	provider
m1.medium	0.13	1	3.75	EC2
m1.large	0.26	2	7.5	EC2
m1.xlarge	0.52	4	15	EC2
m2.xlarge	0.46	2	17.1	EC2
m2.2xlarge	0.92	4	34.2	EC2
m2.4xlarge	1.84	8	68.4	EC2
c1.medium	0.165	2	1.7	EC2
c1.xlarge	0.66	8	7	EC2
hi1.4xlarge	3.41	8	60.5	EC2
cc2.8xlarge	2.7	16	60.5	EC2
cg1.4xlarge	2.36	8	22	EC2
m3.xlarge	0.55	4	15	EC2
m3.2xlarge	1.1	8	30	EC2
s-0.5GB	0.032	1	0.5	RackSpace
's-1GB	0.064	1	1	RackSpace
s-2GB	0.128	2	2	RackSpace
rs-4GB	0.256	2	4	RackSpace
s-8GB	0.512	4	8	RackSpace
's-15GB	0.96	4	15	RackSpace
s-30GB	1.6	8	30	RackSpace
sl-1c	0.12	1	1	SoftLayer
I-2c	0.2	2	2	SoftLayer
I-4c	0.3	4	4	SoftLayer
sI-8c	0.45	8	8	SoftLayer
sl-16c	1.15	16	16	SoftLayer







Observations

- For sequential applications, instance type is not highly relevant
- Cheapest instances are useful for high-throughput computing
- Single-core instances give better granularity for auto-scaling
- SL and second-generation EC2 instances m3.large and m3.xlarge give the best sequential performance
- m3.x are not as efficient for multi-core jobs the speedup using their virtual cores is not linear
- RAM and Disk requirements introduce additional constraints

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