String-Permutations

May 18, 2020

0.0.1 Problem Statement

Given an input string, return all permutations of the string in an array.

```
Example 1: * string = 'ab' * output = ['ab', 'ba']

Example 2: * string = 'abc' * output = ['abc', 'bac', 'bca', 'acb', 'cab', 'cba'] ---
```

Note - Strings are Immutable Strings in Python are immutable, which means that we cannot overwrite the characters of the String objects. For example:

```
str1 = "Hello"
str1[0] = 'K'  # Try changing the first character
will lead to
```

TypeError: 'str' object does not support item assignment

We can only re-assign the variable to a new value (string), as follows:

Therefore, we do not require a deep copy in this exercise, as it was the case in our last example of list permutation.

The Idea Starting with a blank list, add each character of original input string at all possible positions.

For example, take "abc" as the original string:

- 1. Start with a blank list() object. This is actually the last call of recursive function stack. Pick a character 'c' of original string, making the output as ['c']
- 2. Pick next character b of original input string, and place the current character at different indices of the each sub-string of previous output. We can make use of the sub-string of previous output, to create a new sub-string. Now, the output will become ['bc', 'cb'].

3.

0.1 Pick next character a of original input string, and place the current character at different indices of the each sub-string of previous output. Now, the output will become ['abc', 'bac', 'bca', 'acb', 'cab', 'cba']..

0.1.1 Exercise - Write the function definition here

Show Solution

0.1.2 Test - Let's test your function

```
In [ ]: def test_function(test_case):
            string = test_case[0]
            solution = test_case[1]
            output = permutations(string)
            output.sort()
            solution.sort()
            if output == solution:
                print("Pass")
            else:
                print("Fail")
In [ ]: string = 'ab'
        solution = ['ab', 'ba']
       test_case = [string, solution]
       test_function(test_case)
In [ ]: string = 'abc'
       output = ['abc', 'bac', 'bca', 'acb', 'cab', 'cba']
        test_case = [string, output]
       test_function(test_case)
In [ ]: string = 'abcd'
        output = ['abcd', 'bacd', 'bcda', 'acbd', 'cabd', 'cbad', 'cbda', 'acdb', 'cadb'
        test_case = [string, output]
       test_function(test_case)
```