

Class14: RNA-Seq Analysis Mini Project

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Here we run through ac omplete RNASeq Analysis from counts to pathways and biological insight...

Data Import

First we load DESeq

```
library(DESeq2)
```

Loading required package: S4Vectors

Loading required package: stats4

Loading required package: BiocGenerics

Attaching package: 'BiocGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

IQR, mad, sd, var, xtabs

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

anyDuplicated, aperm, append, as.data.frame, basename, cbind,
colnames, dirname, do.call, duplicated, eval, evalq, Filter, Find,
get, grep, grepl, intersect, is.unsorted, lapply, Map, mapply,
match, mget, order, paste, pmax, pmax.int, pmin, pmin.int,
Position, rank, rbind, Reduce, rownames, sapply, setdiff, sort,
table, tapply, union, unique, unsplit, which.max, which.min

Attaching package: 'S4Vectors'

The following object is masked from 'package:utils':

findMatches

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

expand.grid, I, unname

Loading required package: IRanges

Loading required package: GenomicRanges

Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb

Loading required package: SummarizedExperiment

Loading required package: MatrixGenerics

Loading required package: matrixStats

Attaching package: 'MatrixGenerics'

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

```
colAlls, colAnyNAs, colAnys, colAvgsPerRowSet, colCollapse,
colCounts, colCummaxs, colCummins, colCumprods, colCumsums,
colDiffs, colIQRDiffs, colIQRs, colLogSumExps, colMadDiffs,
colMads, colMaxs, colMeans2, colMedians, colMins, colOrderStats,
colProds, colQuantiles, colRanges, colRanks, colSdDiffs, colSds,
colSums2, colTabulates, colVarDiffs, colVars, colWeightedMads,
colWeightedMeans, colWeightedMedians, colWeightedSds,
colWeightedVars, rowAlls, rowAnyNAs, rowAnys, rowAvgsPerColSet,
rowCollapse, rowCounts, rowCummaxs, rowCummins, rowCumprods,
rowCumsums, rowDiffs, rowIQRDiffs, rowIQRs, rowLogSumExps,
rowMadDiffs, rowMads, rowMaxs, rowMeans2, rowMedians, rowMins,
rowOrderStats, rowProds, rowQuantiles, rowRanges, rowRanks,
rowSdDiffs, rowSds, rowSums2, rowTabulates, rowVarDiffs, rowVars,
rowWeightedMads, rowWeightedMeans, rowWeightedMedians,
rowWeightedSds, rowWeightedVars
```

Loading required package: Biobase

Welcome to Bioconductor

```
Vignettes contain introductory material; view with
'browseVignettes()'. To cite Bioconductor, see
'citation("Biobase")', and for packages 'citation("pkgname")'.
```

Attaching package: 'Biobase'

The following object is masked from 'package:MatrixGenerics':

```
rowMedians
```

The following objects are masked from 'package:matrixStats':

```
anyMissing, rowMedians
```

Import our data

```
metaFile <- "GSE37704_metadata.csv"
countFile <- "GSE37704_featurecounts.csv"
```

```
# Import metadata and take a look
colData = read.csv(metaFile, row.names=1)
head(colData)
```

```
              condition
SRR493366 control_sirna
SRR493367 control_sirna
SRR493368 control_sirna
SRR493369      hoxa1_kd
SRR493370      hoxa1_kd
SRR493371      hoxa1_kd
```

```
# Import countdata
countData = read.csv(countFile, row.names=1)
head(countData)
```

```
              length SRR493366 SRR493367 SRR493368 SRR493369 SRR493370
ENSG00000186092    918         0         0         0         0         0
ENSG00000279928    718         0         0         0         0         0
ENSG00000279457   1982        23        28        29        29        28
ENSG00000278566    939         0         0         0         0         0
ENSG00000273547    939         0         0         0         0         0
ENSG00000187634   3214       124       123       205       207       212
              SRR493371
ENSG00000186092         0
ENSG00000279928         0
ENSG00000279457        46
ENSG00000278566         0
ENSG00000273547         0
ENSG00000187634       258
```

Setup for DESeq

We need to remove the length column from countData in order to match up with colData

```
# remove the first $length col
countData.new <- as.matrix(countData[,-1])
head(countData.new)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000186092	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279928	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
ENSG00000278566	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258

Now we have to filter out genes that have 0 read counts

```
# Filter count data where you have 0 read count across all samples.
countData.reads <- countData.new[-which(rowSums(countData.new) == 0), ]
head(countData.reads)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258
ENSG00000188976	1637	1831	2383	1226	1326	1504
ENSG00000187961	120	153	180	236	255	357
ENSG00000187583	24	48	65	44	48	64
ENSG00000187642	4	9	16	14	16	16

Running DESeq

```
library(DESeq2)

dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData=countData.reads,
                              colData=colData,
                              design=~condition)
```

Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in design formula are characters, converting to factors

```
dds <- DESeq(dds)
```

estimating size factors

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates

mean-dispersion relationship

final dispersion estimates

fitting model and testing

```
dds
```

```
class: DESeqDataSet
dim: 15975 6
metadata(1): version
assays(4): counts mu H cooks
rownames(15975): ENSG00000279457 ENSG00000187634 ... ENSG00000276345
               ENSG00000271254
rowData names(22): baseMean baseVar ... deviance maxCooks
colnames(6): SRR493366 SRR493367 ... SRR493370 SRR493371
colData names(2): condition sizeFactor
```

Get results for `hoxa1_kd` and `control_sirna`

```
res = results(dds, contrast=c("condition", "hoxa1_kd", "control_sirna"))
summary(res)
```

```
out of 15975 with nonzero total read count
adjusted p-value < 0.1
LFC > 0 (up)      : 4349, 27%
LFC < 0 (down)    : 4396, 28%
outliers [1]      : 0, 0%
low counts [2]    : 1237, 7.7%
(mean count < 0)
[1] see 'cooksCutoff' argument of ?results
[2] see 'independentFiltering' argument of ?results
```

Volcano Plot

```

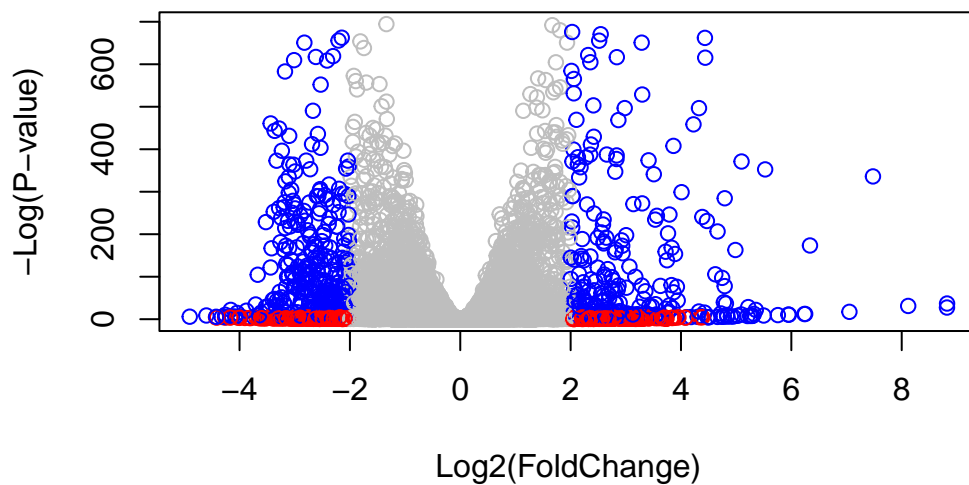
# Make a color vector for all genes
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res))

# Color red the genes with absolute fold change above 2
mycols[ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ] <- "red"

# Color blue those with adjusted p-value less than 0.01
# and absolute fold change more than 2
inds <- (res$padj < 0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 )
mycols[ inds ] <- "blue"

plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj), col=mycols, xlab="Log2(FoldChange)", ylab="-Log(

```



Add gene annotation data

```

library("AnnotationDbi")
library("org.Hs.eg.db")

```

```
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

[1]	"ACCNUM"	"ALIAS"	"ENSEMBL"	"ENSEMBLPROT"	"ENSEMBLTRANS"
[6]	"ENTREZID"	"ENZYME"	"EVIDENCE"	"EVIDENCEALL"	"GENENAME"
[11]	"GENETYPE"	"GO"	"GOALL"	"IPI"	"MAP"
[16]	"OMIM"	"ONTOLOGY"	"ONTOLOGYALL"	"PATH"	"PFAM"
[21]	"PMID"	"PROSITE"	"REFSEQ"	"SYMBOL"	"UCSCKG"
[26]	"UNIPROT"				

```
res$symbol = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,  
  keys=row.names(res),  
  keytype="ENSEMBL",  
  column="SYMBOL",  
  multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
res$entrez = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,  
  keys=row.names(res),  
  keytype="ENSEMBL",  
  column="ENTREZID",  
  multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
res$name = mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,  
  keys=row.names(res),  
  keytype="ENSEMBL",  
  column="GENENAME",  
  multiVals="first")
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
head(res, 10)
```


log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1_kd vs control_sirna

Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna

DataFrame with 10 rows and 9 columns

	baseMean	log2FoldChange	lfcSE	stat	pvalue
	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>	<numeric>
ENSG00000279457	29.913579	0.1792571	0.3248216	0.551863	5.81042e-01
ENSG00000187634	183.229650	0.4264571	0.1402658	3.040350	2.36304e-03
ENSG00000188976	1651.188076	-0.6927205	0.0548465	-12.630158	1.43990e-36
ENSG00000187961	209.637938	0.7297556	0.1318599	5.534326	3.12428e-08
ENSG00000187583	47.255123	0.0405765	0.2718928	0.149237	8.81366e-01
ENSG00000187642	11.979750	0.5428105	0.5215598	1.040744	2.97994e-01
ENSG00000188290	108.922128	2.0570638	0.1969053	10.446970	1.51282e-25
ENSG00000187608	350.716868	0.2573837	0.1027266	2.505522	1.22271e-02
ENSG00000188157	9128.439422	0.3899088	0.0467163	8.346304	7.04321e-17
ENSG00000237330	0.158192	0.7859552	4.0804729	0.192614	8.47261e-01
	padj	symbol	entrez	name	
	<numeric>	<character>	<character>	<character>	
ENSG00000279457	6.86555e-01	NA	NA	NA	
ENSG00000187634	5.15718e-03	SAMD11	148398	sterile alpha motif ..	
ENSG00000188976	1.76549e-35	NOC2L	26155	NOC2 like nucleolar ..	
ENSG00000187961	1.13413e-07	KLHL17	339451	kelch like family me..	
ENSG00000187583	9.19031e-01	PLEKHN1	84069	pleckstrin homology ..	
ENSG00000187642	4.03379e-01	PERM1	84808	PPARGC1 and ESRR ind..	
ENSG00000188290	1.30538e-24	HES4	57801	hes family bHLH tran..	
ENSG00000187608	2.37452e-02	ISG15	9636	ISG15 ubiquitin like..	
ENSG00000188157	4.21963e-16	AGRN	375790	agrin	
ENSG00000237330	NA	RNF223	401934	ring finger protein ..	

We should save to a csv file in our project directory

```
res = res[order(res$pvalue),]  
write.csv(res, file = "deseq_results.csv")
```

Pathway analysis (KEGG, GO, Reactome)

KEGG

First we load up the pathview, gage, and gageData package

```
library(pathview)
```

```
#####
Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General
Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at
http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to
formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications
or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.
```

The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG license agreement (details at <http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html>).

```
#####
```

```
library(gage)
```

```
library(gageData)
```

```
data(kegg.sets.hs)
data(sigmet.idx.hs)
```

```
# Focus on signaling and metabolic pathways only
kegg.sets.hs = kegg.sets.hs[sigmet.idx.hs]
```

```
# Examine the first 3 pathways
head(kegg.sets.hs, 3)
```

```
$`hsa00232 Caffeine metabolism`
```

```
[1] "10" "1544" "1548" "1549" "1553" "7498" "9"
```

```
$`hsa00983 Drug metabolism - other enzymes`
```

```
[1] "10" "1066" "10720" "10941" "151531" "1548" "1549" "1551"
[9] "1553" "1576" "1577" "1806" "1807" "1890" "221223" "2990"
[17] "3251" "3614" "3615" "3704" "51733" "54490" "54575" "54576"
[25] "54577" "54578" "54579" "54600" "54657" "54658" "54659" "54963"
[33] "574537" "64816" "7083" "7084" "7172" "7363" "7364" "7365"
[41] "7366" "7367" "7371" "7372" "7378" "7498" "79799" "83549"
[49] "8824" "8833" "9" "978"
```

```
$`hsa00230 Purine metabolism`
```

```
[1] "100" "10201" "10606" "10621" "10622" "10623" "107" "10714"
```

```

[9] "108"      "10846"    "109"      "111"      "11128"    "11164"    "112"      "113"
[17] "114"      "115"      "122481"   "122622"   "124583"   "132"      "158"      "159"
[25] "1633"     "171568"   "1716"     "196883"   "203"      "204"      "205"      "221823"
[33] "2272"     "22978"    "23649"    "246721"   "25885"    "2618"     "26289"    "270"
[41] "271"      "27115"    "272"      "2766"     "2977"     "2982"     "2983"     "2984"
[49] "2986"     "2987"     "29922"    "3000"     "30833"    "30834"    "318"      "3251"
[57] "353"      "3614"     "3615"     "3704"     "377841"   "471"      "4830"     "4831"
[65] "4832"     "4833"     "4860"     "4881"     "4882"     "4907"     "50484"    "50940"
[73] "51082"    "51251"    "51292"    "5136"     "5137"     "5138"     "5139"     "5140"
[81] "5141"     "5142"     "5143"     "5144"     "5145"     "5146"     "5147"     "5148"
[89] "5149"     "5150"     "5151"     "5152"     "5153"     "5158"     "5167"     "5169"
[97] "51728"    "5198"     "5236"     "5313"     "5315"     "53343"    "54107"    "5422"
[105] "5424"     "5425"     "5426"     "5427"     "5430"     "5431"     "5432"     "5433"
[113] "5434"     "5435"     "5436"     "5437"     "5438"     "5439"     "5440"     "5441"
[121] "5471"     "548644"   "55276"    "5557"     "5558"     "55703"    "55811"    "55821"
[129] "5631"     "5634"     "56655"    "56953"    "56985"    "57804"    "58497"    "6240"
[137] "6241"     "64425"    "646625"   "654364"   "661"      "7498"     "8382"     "84172"
[145] "84265"    "84284"    "84618"    "8622"     "8654"     "87178"    "8833"     "9060"
[153] "9061"     "93034"    "953"      "9533"     "954"      "955"      "956"      "957"
[161] "9583"     "9615"

```

Create vector of fold changes

```

foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)

```

```

      1266      54855      1465      51232      2034      2317
-2.422719  3.201955 -2.313738 -2.059631 -1.888019 -1.649792

```

Run the gage pathway analysis

```

# Get the results
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)

```

Look at what is returned from gage()

```

attributes(keggres)

```

```

$names
[1] "greater" "less"    "stats"

```

```
# Look at the first few down (less) pathways
head(keggres$less)
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
hsa04110 Cell cycle	8.995727e-06	-4.378644	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	9.424076e-05	-3.951803	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	1.375901e-03	-3.028500	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	3.066756e-03	-2.852899	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	3.784520e-03	-2.698128	3.784520e-03
hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	8.961413e-03	-2.405398	8.961413e-03

	q.val	set.size	exp1
hsa04110 Cell cycle	0.001448312	121	8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication	0.007586381	36	9.424076e-05
hsa03013 RNA transport	0.073840037	144	1.375901e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	0.121861535	28	3.066756e-03
hsa04114 Oocyte meiosis	0.121861535	102	3.784520e-03
hsa00010 Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis	0.212222694	53	8.961413e-03

Now use pathview() function to create a pathway plot

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png

```
# A different PDF based output of the same data
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa04110", kegg.native=FALSE)
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Warning: reconcile groups sharing member nodes!

```
      [,1] [,2]
[1,] "9"  "300"
[2,] "9"  "306"
```


Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.pdf

Create vector of top 5 pathways

```
## Focus on top 5 upregulated pathways here for demo purposes only
keggrespathways <- rownames(keggres$greater)[1:5]

# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string
keggresids = substr(keggrespathways, start=1, stop=8)
keggresids
```

```
[1] "hsa04640" "hsa04630" "hsa00140" "hsa04142" "hsa04330"
```

Pass these top 5 pathways into pathview

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids, species="hsa")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa04640.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa04630.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa00140.pathview.png

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

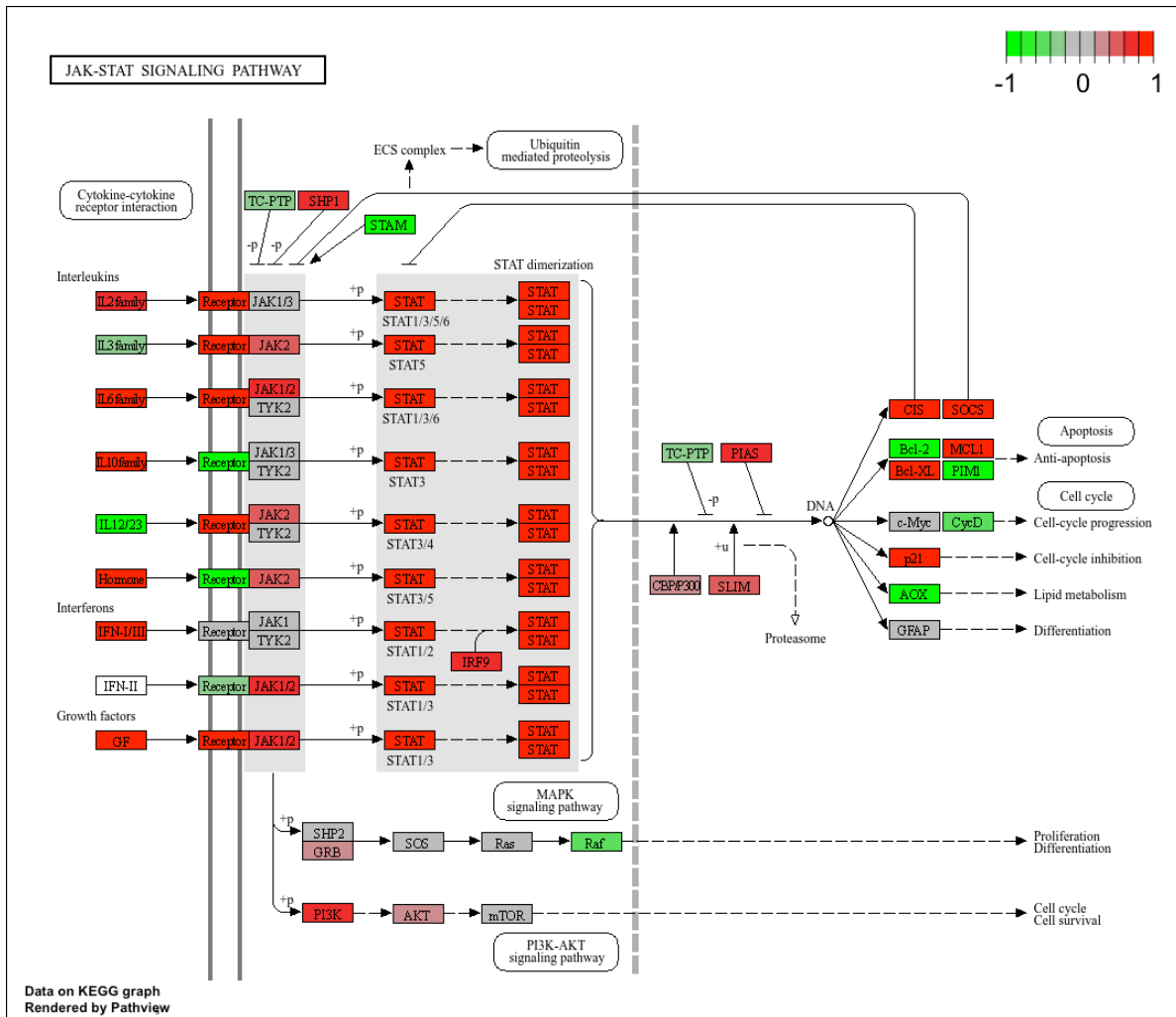
Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14

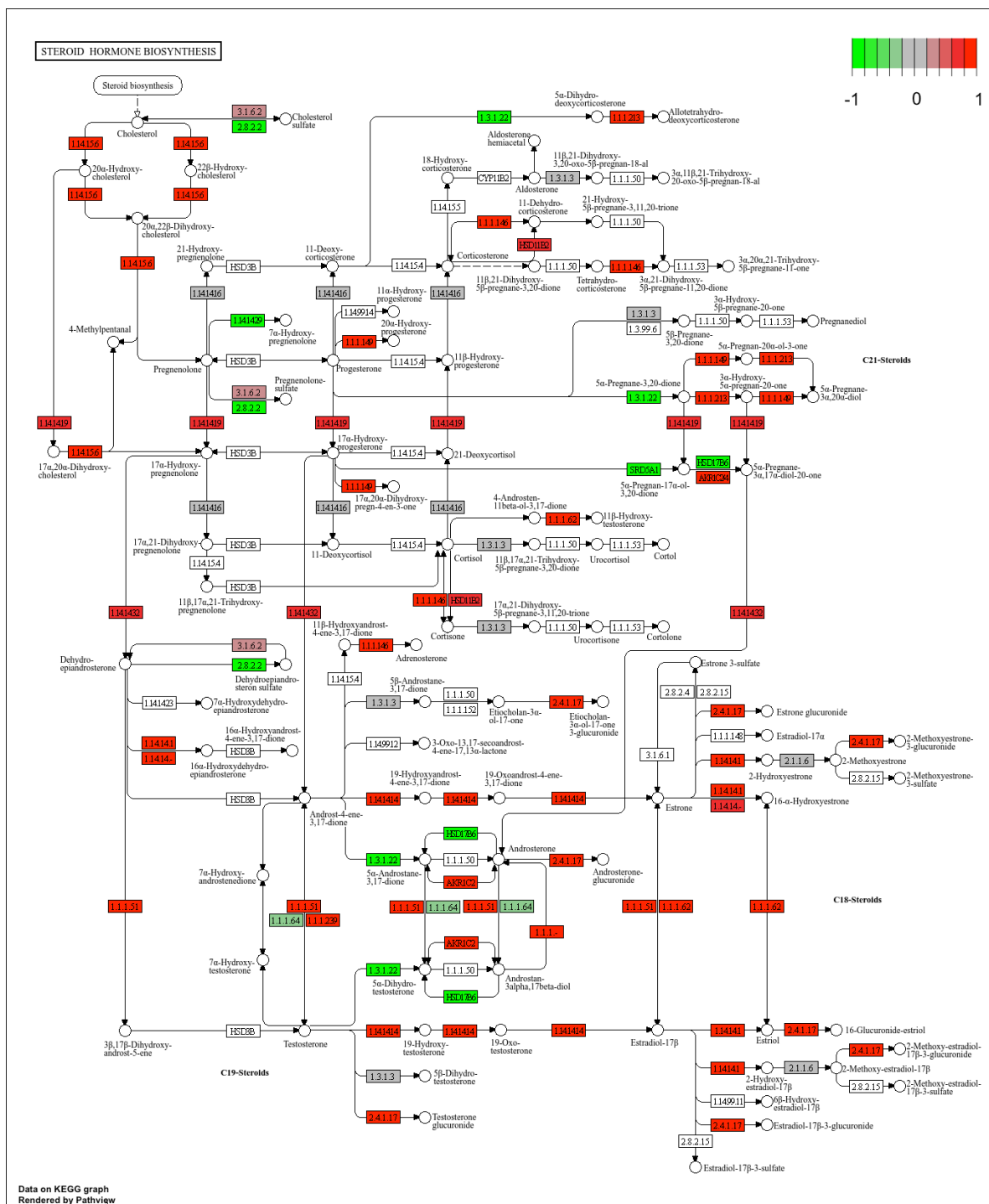
Info: Writing image file hsa04142.pathview.png

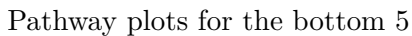
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14

Info: Writing image file hsa04330.pathview.png







```
## Focus on top 5 down regulated pathways here for demo purposes only  
keggrespathways.down <- rownames(keggres$less)[1:5]
```

```
# Extract the 8 character long IDs part of each string  
keggresids.down = substr(keggrespathways.down, start=1, stop=8)  
keggresids.down
```

```
[1] "hsa04110" "hsa03030" "hsa03013" "hsa03440" "hsa04114"
```

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id=keggresids.down, species="hsa")
```

```
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14
```

```
Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png
```

```
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14
```

```
Info: Writing image file hsa03030.pathview.png
```

```
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14
```

```
Info: Writing image file hsa03013.pathview.png
```

```
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14
```

```
Info: Writing image file hsa03440.pathview.png
```

```
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
Info: Working in directory /Users/cynth/Desktop/BIMM 143/Class14
```

```
Info: Writing image file hsa04114.pathview.png
```

GO

Focus on biological processes

```
data(go.sets.hs)
data(go.subs.hs)

# Focus on Biological Process subset of GO
gobpsets = go.sets.hs[go.subs.hs$BP]

gobpres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=gobpsets, same.dir=TRUE)

lapply(gobpres, head)
```

\$greater

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	8.519724e-05	3.824205	8.519724e-05
GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	1.396681e-04	3.653886	1.396681e-04
GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	1.432451e-04	3.643242	1.432451e-04
GO:0007610 behavior	1.925222e-04	3.565432	1.925222e-04
GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis	5.932837e-04	3.261376	5.932837e-04
GO:0035295 tube development	5.953254e-04	3.253665	5.953254e-04
	q.val	set.size	exp1
GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	0.1952430	113	8.519724e-05
GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	0.1952430	339	1.396681e-04
GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	0.1952430	424	1.432451e-04
GO:0007610 behavior	0.1968058	426	1.925222e-04
GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis	0.3566193	257	5.932837e-04
GO:0035295 tube development	0.3566193	391	5.953254e-04

\$less

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
GO:0048285 organelle fission	1.536227e-15	-8.063910	1.536227e-15
GO:0000280 nuclear division	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
GO:0007067 mitosis	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
GO:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.169934e-14	-7.797496	1.169934e-14
GO:0007059 chromosome segregation	2.028624e-11	-6.878340	2.028624e-11
GO:0000236 mitotic prometaphase	1.729553e-10	-6.695966	1.729553e-10
	q.val	set.size	exp1
GO:0048285 organelle fission	5.843127e-12	376	1.536227e-15
GO:0000280 nuclear division	5.843127e-12	352	4.286961e-15
GO:0007067 mitosis	5.843127e-12	352	4.286961e-15

G0:0000087	M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.195965e-11	362	1.169934e-14
G0:0007059	chromosome segregation	1.659009e-08	142	2.028624e-11
G0:0000236	mitotic prometaphase	1.178690e-07	84	1.729553e-10

\$stats

		stat.mean	exp1
G0:0007156	homophilic cell adhesion	3.824205	3.824205
G0:0002009	morphogenesis of an epithelium	3.653886	3.653886
G0:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	3.643242	3.643242
G0:0007610	behavior	3.565432	3.565432
G0:0060562	epithelial tube morphogenesis	3.261376	3.261376
G0:0035295	tube development	3.253665	3.253665

Reactome

We can use Reactome in R as a package or it can also be accessed online. It contains interactive visualization features.

```
sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj), "symbol"]
print(paste("Total number of significant genes:", length(sig_genes)))
```

```
[1] "Total number of significant genes: 8147"
```

```
write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE)
```

Then upload significant_genes.txt file to the reactome website <https://reactome.org/PathwayBrowser/#/>

Q: What pathway has the most significant “Entities p-value”? Do the most significant pathways listed match your previous KEGG results? What factors could cause differences between the two methods?

The cell cycle has the most significant “Entities p-value”. This matches the significant pathway listed from KEGG results.

