Tidy Data

Required packages

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.0 --
## v ggplot2 3.2.1
                   v purrr
                           0.3.3
## v tibble 2.1.3
                   v dplyr
                           0.8.4
## v tidyr
          1.0.2
                   v stringr 1.4.0
                   v forcats 0.4.0
## v readr
          1.3.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                 masks stats::lag()
```

Tidy versus Untidy Data

Health data (or any data in general) may come in multiple formats. Most of the graphical and numerical analysis in R and in other computing environments require data to be in standard form with each observation in a unique row, each variable in a unique column and each value in a unique cell.

Example 1 - Tidy Data

The following data table is an example of tidy data that shows the values of four variables country, year, population, and cases.

```
table1 <- tribble(</pre>
  ~country, ~year, ~cases, ~population,
  "Afghanistan", 1999,
                           745,
                                   19987071,
  "Afghanistan",
                  2000,
                          2666,
                                   20595360,
  "Brazil",
                  1999, 37737, 172006362,
  "Brazil",
                  2000, 80488,
                                 174504898,
  "China",
                 1999, 212258, 1272915272,
  "China",
                  2000, 213766, 1280428583
)
table1
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
     country
                  year
                        cases population
##
     <chr>>
                 <dbl>
                        <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                          745
                                 19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000
                         2666
                                20595360
## 3 Brazil
                  1999
                        37737
                               172006362
## 4 Brazil
                  2000
                        80488
                               174504898
## 5 China
                  1999 212258 1272915272
```

6 China 2000 213766 1280428583

Tidy datasets more or less have a standard format as in table1. Untidy datasets may come in various formats.

Example 2 - Untidy Data -1

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
##
       country year type
                                                   count
##
        <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                                   <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
                                                     745
## 2 Afghanistan 1999 population 19987071
## 3 Afghanistan 2000 cases 2666
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 population 20595360
## 5 Brazil
                        1999 cases
                                                37737
## 6 Brazil 1999 population 172006362

## 7 Brazil 2000 cases 80488

## 8 Brazil 2000 population 174504898

## 9 China 1999 cases 212258

## 10 China 1999 population 1272915272

## 11 China 2000 cases 213766
## 12 China
                        2000 population 1280428583
```

The Dataset in table2 is said to have a long format where where the type column combines two variables cases and population.

Example 3 - Untidy Data -2

```
"Brazil",
                 1999, "37737/172006362",
                 2000, "80488/174504898",
 "Brazil",
                 1999, "212258/1272915272",
 "China",
 "China",
                 2000, "213766/1280428583"
)
table3
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
    country year rate
    <chr>
               <dbl> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil 1999 37737/172006362
              2000 80488/174504898
## 4 Brazil
## 5 China
               1999 212258/1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766/1280428583
```

table3 presents data in table table1 in slightly different format where column rate aggregrates cases and population as one measure.

Example 4 - Untidy Data -3

```
# cases
table4a <- tribble(</pre>
 ~country, ~`1999`, ~ `2000`,
 "Afghanistan", 745, 2666,
  "Brazil", 37737, 80488,
  "China", 212258, 213766
)
table4a
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##
     country `1999` `2000`
##
     <chr>
                  <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan
                  745
                          2666
## 2 Brazil
                  37737 80488
## 3 China
                 212258 213766
# population
table4b <- tribble(</pre>
  ~country, ~`1999`, ~ `2000`,
  "Afghanistan", 19987071, 20595360,
  "Brazil", 172006362, 174504898,
   "China", 1272915272, 1280428583
)
table4b
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##
     country
                     `1999`
                                 `2000`
##
     <chr>>
                      <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 19987071
                               20595360
```

```
## 2 Brazil 172006362 174504898
## 3 China 1272915272 1280428583
```

table4a and table4b are the examples of wide or longitudinal (repeated) data. Note the columns 1999 and 2000 can be treated as values of a single variable year.

Pivoting columns into variables

From wider to longer dataset

table4a and table4b can be turned into the long format as follows.

```
tb4a <- table4a %>%
  pivot_longer(c(`1999`, `2000`), names_to = "year", values_to = "cases")
tb4b<- table4b %>%
  pivot_longer(c(`1999`, `2000`), names_to = "year", values_to = "population")
left_join(tb4a,tb4b)
## Joining, by = c("country", "year")
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
                       cases population
     country
                year
##
     <chr>>
                <chr> <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                              19987071
                         745
## 2 Afghanistan 2000
                        2666
                               20595360
## 3 Brazil
                1999
                       37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil
                2000
                       80488 174504898
## 5 China
                1999
                      212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                2000 213766 1280428583
```

From two untidy datasets table4a and table4b we have created the tidy dataset as in table1.

From longer to wider dataset

A long data format can be turned into a wide format as follows:

```
table2 %>%
   pivot_wider(names_from = type, values_from = count)
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
     country
                 year cases population
     <chr>>
                 <dbl>
                       <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                         745
                               19987071
## 2 Afghanistan
                 2000
                        2666
                               20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488 174504898
## 5 China
                 1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766 1280428583
```

Separating one column into two

```
table3 %>%
  separate(rate, into = c("cases", "population"))
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
    country year cases population
     <chr>>
                <dbl> <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745
                             19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666
                             20595360
## 3 Brazil
                1999 37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488 174504898
                1999 212258 1272915272
## 5 China
## 6 China
                 2000 213766 1280428583
table3 %>%
 separate(rate, into = c("cases", "population"), convert = TRUE)
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
     country year cases population
##
     <chr>
                <dbl> <int>
                                  <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745 19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666 20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737 172006362
              2000 80488 174504898
1999 212258 1272915272
## 4 Brazil
## 5 China
## 6 China
                 2000 213766 1280428583
```

Uniting two columns into one

```
table5<- table3 %>%
  separate(year, into = c("century", "year"), sep = 2)
table5
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
    country century year rate
     <chr>
                <chr> <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 19 99 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 20 00 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil 19
                      99 37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil
              20
                      00
                              80488/174504898
## 5 China
              19
                      99
                              212258/1272915272
## 6 China
                20
                              213766/1280428583
table5 %>%
 unite(new, century, year)
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
   country
##
                new
                      rate
    <chr>
                <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 19_99 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 20_00 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil
                19_99 37737/172006362
```

```
## 4 Brazil
                 20 00 80488/174504898
## 5 China
                 19_99 212258/1272915272
## 6 China
                 20 00 213766/1280428583
table5 %>%
  unite(new, century, year, sep="")
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
     country
                       rate
##
     <chr>
                 <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                       745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999
                       37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000
                       80488/174504898
## 5 China
                 1999
                       212258/1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766/1280428583
```

WHO tuberculosis data

The dataset who is part of tidyr package and contains tuberculosis(TB) cases by year, country, age, gender, and diagnosis method. You can also download the data from http://www.who.int/tb/country/data/download/en/.

```
## # A tibble: 7,240 x 60
##
      country iso2
                    iso3
                            year new_sp_m014 new_sp_m1524 new_sp_m2534 new_sp_m3544
##
      <chr>
              <chr> <chr>
                           <int>
                                        <int>
                                                     <int>
                                                                   <int>
                                                                                <int>
##
    1 Afghan~ AF
                     AFG
                            1980
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
    2 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                            1981
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
    3 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
##
                            1982
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
##
    4 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                            1983
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
##
    5 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                            1984
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
##
    6 Afghan~ AF
                            1985
                    AFG
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NΑ
   7 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
##
                            1986
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
    8 Afghan~ AF
##
                    AFG
                            1987
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NΑ
   9 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
##
                            1988
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NΑ
## 10 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                            1989
                                           NA
                                                        NA
                                                                      NA
                                                                                   NA
## # ... with 7,230 more rows, and 52 more variables: new_sp_m4554 <int>,
## #
       new_sp_m5564 <int>, new_sp_m65 <int>, new_sp_f014 <int>,
## #
       new_sp_f1524 <int>, new_sp_f2534 <int>, new_sp_f3544 <int>,
## #
       new_sp_f4554 <int>, new_sp_f5564 <int>, new_sp_f65 <int>,
## #
       new_sn_m014 <int>, new_sn_m1524 <int>, new_sn_m2534 <int>,
## #
       new_sn_m3544 <int>, new_sn_m4554 <int>, new_sn_m5564 <int>,
## #
       new_sn_m65 <int>, new_sn_f014 <int>, new_sn_f1524 <int>,
## #
       new_sn_f2534 <int>, new_sn_f3544 <int>, new_sn_f4554 <int>,
## #
       new_sn_f5564 <int>, new_sn_f65 <int>, new_ep_m014 <int>,
## #
       new_ep_m1524 <int>, new_ep_m2534 <int>, new_ep_m3544 <int>,
       new_ep_m4554 <int>, new_ep_m5564 <int>, new_ep_m65 <int>,
## #
       new_ep_f014 <int>, new_ep_f1524 <int>, new_ep_f2534 <int>,
## #
       new_ep_f3544 <int>, new_ep_f4554 <int>, new_ep_f5564 <int>,
## #
## #
       new_ep_f65 <int>, newrel_m014 <int>, newrel_m1524 <int>,
## #
       newrel m2534 <int>, newrel m3544 <int>, newrel m4554 <int>,
## #
       newrel_m5564 <int>, newrel_m65 <int>, newrel_f014 <int>,
```

```
## # newrel_f1524 <int>, newrel_f2534 <int>, newrel_f3544 <int>,
## # newrel_f4554 <int>, newrel_f5564 <int>, newrel_f65 <int>
```

Note the dataset is in wide format, as the columns after the column labeled year are actually values of multiple variables. We will use pivot_longer to create two new columns key having the names of each column and cases having the counts.

```
who1 <- who %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = new_sp_m014:newrel_f65,
    names_to = "key",
    values_to = "cases",
    values_drop_na = TRUE
  )
who1
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 6
##
      country
                 iso2 iso3
                                year key
                                                   cases
##
                  <chr> <chr> <int> <chr>
      <chr>
                                                   <int>
                        AFG
                                1997 new_sp_m014
##
    1 Afghanistan AF
                                                       0
##
    2 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                1997 new_sp_m1524
                                                      10
## 3 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                                       6
                                1997 new_sp_m2534
                        AFG
                                                       3
## 4 Afghanistan AF
                                1997 new_sp_m3544
```

5 2

0

5

38

36

1997 new_sp_m4554

1997 new_sp_m5564

1997 new_sp_m65

1997 new_sp_f014

1997 new_sp_f1524

1997 new_sp_f2534

Let's look at the structure of the values of new column key by counting them.

AFG

AFG

AFG

AFG

AFG

AFG

```
who1 %>%
    count(key)

## # A tibble: 56 x 2
```

```
##
     key
                       n
##
      <chr>
                   <int>
##
   1 new_ep_f014
                    1032
  2 new_ep_f1524
                    1021
##
  3 new_ep_f2534
                    1021
##
  4 new_ep_f3544
                    1021
##
  5 new_ep_f4554
                    1017
  6 new_ep_f5564
##
                    1017
##
   7 new ep f65
                    1014
## 8 new_ep_m014
                    1038
## 9 new_ep_m1524
                    1026
## 10 new_ep_m2534
                   1020
## # ... with 46 more rows
```

5 Afghanistan AF

6 Afghanistan AF

7 Afghanistan AF

8 Afghanistan AF

9 Afghanistan AF

10 Afghanistan AF

... with 76,036 more rows

Data dictionary is a good resource to get more information about these values.

• The first three letters of each column denote whether the column contains new or old cases of TB. In this dataset, each column contains new cases.

- The next two letters describe the type of TB, e.g. 'rel' stands for relapse; 'ep' stands for extrapulmonary TB etc.
- The sixth letter gives the sex of TB patients. The dataset groups cases by males (m) and females (f).
- The remaining numbers gives the age group, e.g. 014:0-14 years old, 1524:15-24 years old and so on.

```
who2 <- who1 %>%
  mutate(key = str_replace(key, "newrel", "new_rel"))
who2
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 6
##
      country
                  iso2 iso3
                                year key
                                                   cases
##
      <chr>
                  <chr> <chr> <int> <chr>
                                                   <int>
##
   1 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_m014
                                                       0
   2 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_m1524
                                                      10
##
   3 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_m2534
                                                       6
## 4 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_m3544
                                                       3
## 5 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new sp m4554
## 6 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_m5564
                                                       2
                                                       0
## 7 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_m65
## 8 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_f014
                                                       5
## 9 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_f1524
                                                      38
## 10 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new_sp_f2534
                                                      36
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
who3 <- who2 %>%
  separate(key, c("new", "type", "sexage"), sep = "_")
who3
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 8
##
      country
                  iso2 iso3
                                year new
                                            type
                                                  sexage cases
##
      <chr>
                  <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <int>
##
    1 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new
                                                  m014
                                                             Λ
                                            sp
  2 Afghanistan AF
                                                  m1524
                                                            10
                         AFG
                                1997 new
                                            sp
                                                  m2534
                                                             6
## 3 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new
                                            sp
## 4 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new
                                            sp
                                                  m3544
                                                             3
## 5 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                                  m4554
                                                             5
                                1997 new
                                            sp
## 6 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new
                                                  m5564
                                                             2
                                            sp
                                                  m65
                                                             0
## 7 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new
                                            sp
## 8 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new
                                                  f014
                                                             5
                                            sp
                         AFG
                                                            38
## 9 Afghanistan AF
                                1997 new
                                            sp
                                                  f1524
                                1997 new
## 10 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                                  f2534
                                                            36
                                            sp
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
who4 <- who3 %>%
  select(-new, -iso2, -iso3) %>%
  separate(sexage, c("sex", "age"), sep = 1)
who4
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 6
##
      country
                   year type sex
                                            cases
                                     age
##
                  <int> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <int>
      <chr>
##
   1 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     014
##
   2 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     1524
                                               10
                               m
##
   3 Afghanistan
                   1997 sp
                               m
                                     2534
                                                6
## 4 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     3544
                                                3
                               m
```

```
## 5 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                    4554
                                             5
                             m
## 6 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                   5564
                                             2
                             m
                  1997 sp
## 7 Afghanistan
                             m
                                    65
                                             0
## 8 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                             5
                                   014
                             f
## 9 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                             f
                                    1524
                                             38
## 10 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                    2534
                                             36
                             f
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
```

Note who4 represents a tidy data that can used for further analysis.

The above codes can be put together pipe operator %>% as follows.

```
who %>%
pivot_longer(
   cols = new_sp_m014:newrel_f65,
   names_to = "key",
   values_to = "cases",
   values_drop_na = TRUE
) %>%
mutate(
   key = stringr::str_replace(key, "newrel", "new_rel")
) %>%
separate(key, c("new", "var", "sexage")) %>%
select(-new, -iso2, -iso3) %>%
separate(sexage, c("sex", "age"), sep = 1)
```

```
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 6
##
      country
                                            cases
                   year var
                               sex
                                     age
##
      <chr>
                  <int> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                               m
                                     014
                                                0
##
   2 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     1524
                                               10
                               \mathbf{m}
## 3 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     2534
                                                6
## 4 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     3544
                                                3
                               m
## 5 Afghanistan
                   1997 sp
                                     4554
                                                5
                               \mathbf{m}
## 6 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     5564
                                                2
                               m
## 7 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     65
                                                0
## 8 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                               f
                                     014
                                                5
## 9 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                     1524
                                               38
                               f
## 10 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                               f
                                     2534
                                               36
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
```

Save a permanent copy of the tidy data who as an R data set in .rds format.

```
setwd("~/Box/MyDocs/Teaching/Spring/2021/DSCI 610/LectureMaterials/Week 7/Lecture")
saveRDS(who4, file="who.rds")
```