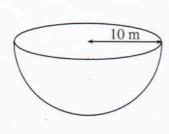
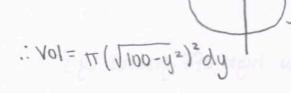
6. (10 points) A tank has the shape of an open-top hemisphere with radius 10 m that is full of water with density 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Set up an integral which computes the work required to empty the tank by pumping all of the water to the top of the tank. DO NOT EVALUATE THIS INTEGRAL.



\* This is Rotating Volume

1) Vol of Slice (use washers)



 $\rightarrow \chi^2 + y^2 = 100$ 

X= V100-y2

2) Find mass

3 Find Force

9 Find distance

At y height, have to move slice up y.

6 Bounds; water moving

@ Set up int and solve

= 
$$\pi (9.8)(1000) \int_{-10}^{0} -100y + y^{3} dy$$

- 7. (10 points) An 8 foot chain weighs 120 pounds. A large robot is holding one end of the chain 3 feet above the ground, so that 5 feet of the chain are on the ground. How much work must the robot do to lift this end of the chain from a height of 3 feet to a height of 10 feet?
- 1) Forces at Work - Rope
- (2) Find mass as howhigh off grand (y)
  None
- 3) Find Force as how high off ground (y)  $\frac{120 \, lbs}{8 \, f+} = 15 \, lbs/f+$

Then Force of Rope = 15 ys

- 4 Bounds y=3 to 10
- 3 dist = dy
- 6 Work Integral

$$W = \int_{3}^{10} 15y \, dy = \frac{15}{2}y^{2} \Big|_{3}^{10} = \frac{15}{2}(100) - \frac{15}{2}(9) = \frac{1}{10}$$

## 7. (8 total points)

The electric force (in Newtons) acting on a charged particle A as a result of the presence of a second charged particle B is given by Coulomb's Law

$$F = \frac{k q_A q_B}{r^2},$$

where r is the distance (in meters) between the particles,  $q_A$  and  $q_B$  are the charges of A and B in Coulombs, and  $k = 9 \times 10^9$  is a constant.

Assume that two particles A and B have opposite charges, with  $q_A = 1$  Coulomb and  $q_B = -1$  Coulomb. (The force F is negative, indicating that the particles are attracting each other.) Assume that particle A is kept fixed, and that the initial distance between the two particles is 1 meter.

(a) (4 points) Find the work done to move particle B from its initial position to a position 2 meters away from particle A.

- · Distance = dr
- · Bounds (1 to 2)

$$W = \int_{1}^{2} \frac{k}{r^{2}} dr = -\frac{k}{r}\Big|_{1}^{2} = -k\left(\frac{1}{2} - 1\right) = 9 \times 10^{9} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 4.5 \times 10^{9}$$

(b) (4 points) Find the work done to move particle B from its initial position to an infinite distance away from particle A.

$$W = \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{k}{r^{2}} = \lim_{b \to \infty} \int_{1}^{b} \frac{k}{r^{2}} = \lim_{b \to \infty} \frac{-k}{r} \Big|_{1}^{b}$$

$$= \lim_{b \to \infty} \frac{-k}{b} - \frac{-k}{l} = \lim_{b \to \infty} 9 \times 10^{9} \left( \frac{-l}{b} + 1 \right)$$

$$= 9 \times 10^{9}$$

8. (8 points) A small circular pool has a radius of 10 ft, the sides are 3 ft high, and the depth of the water is 2 ft. How much work (in ft-lb) is required to pump all of the water out over the side of the pool? (Water weighs 62.5 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>.)

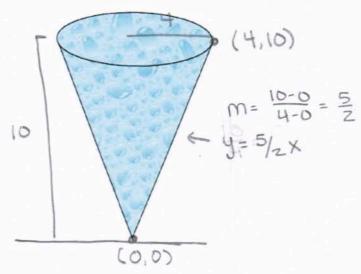


1 Volume of a slice (Not rotating)

- 2) Mass (Notein this case)
- 3 Force = mxa Force = 62.5 (#)(100)dy
- alstance (at neight y how far to move water)
- (5) Bounds (water moving)
- 6 Work

Work= 
$$\int_{0}^{2} 62.5\pi(100)(3-y)dy$$
  
=  $62.5\pi(100)[3y-1/2y^{2}]/_{0}^{2}$   
=  $62.5\pi(100)[6-2]$   
=  $25,000\pi$ 

6. (10 points) A container has the shape of an inverted circular cone with height 10 feet and top radius 4 feet. It is filled with a liquid weighing 60 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>. Find the work required to pump the top 5 feet of the liquid to the top of the container, and give your answer in decimal form. Please label your origin and coordinate axis on the fi gure.



- D Vol. of slice (Rotating) V = π (2/5y)2dy
- 3 Find mass (Notin this case)
- 3) Find Force Force = vol · 60 = 60 Th (4/25) y2 dy
- (4) Distance (at height y) (10-y) = distance
- (5) Bounds (water moving)

  y = 5 to 10

  Throwing top 5ft
- (a) Integral  $\int_{5}^{10} \frac{240\pi}{25} y^{2} (19-y) dy$

$$\int_{5}^{10} \frac{240\pi}{25} (10y^{2} - y^{3}) dy$$

$$= \frac{240\pi}{25} \left( \frac{10}{3}y^{3} - \frac{1}{4}y^{4} \right) \Big|_{5}^{10}$$

$$= \frac{240\pi}{25} \left( \frac{10}{3} (1000) - \frac{1}{4} (10,000) \right)$$

$$= \frac{240\pi}{25} \left( \frac{10}{3} (125) - \frac{1}{4} (625) \right)$$

$$= \frac{240\pi}{25} \left( \frac{6875}{12} \right)$$

$$= 5500\pi$$