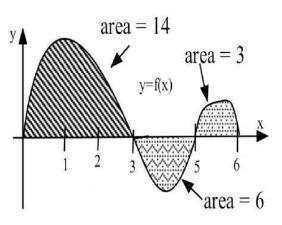
4. (8 points) Let $f(x) = \cos(x^2)$. Find the average value of f'(x) on $[0, \sqrt{\pi}]$.

3. (8 total points) Use the area information given on this graph of f(x) to evaluate the integrals below.



(a) (2 points)
$$\int_{3}^{6} |f(x)| dx$$

(b) (2 points)
$$\int_0^5 2 + f(x) dx$$

(c) (2 points)
$$\int_{6}^{5} 2f(x) dx$$

(d) (2 points)
$$\int_{0}^{3} 6x - f(x) dx$$

- 4. (8 total points) Determine if the following are **TRUE** or **FALSE**. You need not explain your answers. Each correct answer is +2 points, each wrong answer is -1 points, each blank answer is 0 points, but your total for this whole problem will not be less than 0 points. Put your **ANSWERS** in the **BOXES**.
 - (a) (2 points) The function $f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x}$ is a solution of the differential equation $x^2y' + xy = xe^x$.

Answer (T or F or leave blank):

(b) (2 points) $\frac{d}{dx} \int_2^{x^2+1} \ln(t) dt = \ln(x^2+1)$.

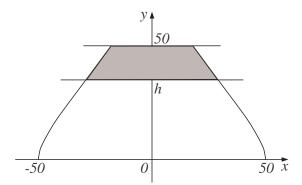
Answer (T or F or leave blank):

- (c) (2 points) The arc length of the curve $y = \tan x$ for $0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{4}$ is $\int_0^{\pi/4} \sqrt{1 + \sec^2 x} \, dx$.

 Answer (T or F or leave blank):
- (d) (2 points) If f and f' are continuous on [3,7], then $\int_3^7 f'(u)du = f(7) f(3)$.

Answer (T or F or leave blank):

- 4. (12 total points) A shape S is bounded by the x-axis, the line y = 50, the curve $x = 50e^{-(y/50)^2}$, and the curve $x = -50e^{-(y/50)^2}$. A barrier comes down and covers the shape S between height h and height 50.
 - (a) (3 points) Express the area not covered by the barrier (the unshaded area) in terms of an integral.



(b) (4 points) Suppose that the horizontal line y = h at the bottom of the barrier starts at the top with zero velocity at time t = 0 and descends with acceleration a(t) = -6t. Find a formula for h in terms of t.

(c) (5 points) If the barrier descends as in part b), find a formula in terms of t for the rate of change of the area not covered by the barrier.