WEEK 3: QUESTIONS TAKEN FROM PAST MIDTERMS

- 1. Consider the region R bounded by the curves $y = x^2$, y = 2 x.
 - a. Find the area of R
 - b. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region R in (a) about the line y=-2
- 2. Let R be the region above the x-axis, above the curve $y = \frac{1}{4}(x^2 1)$, and below the line $y = \frac{2}{3}x$.
 - a. Express the area of R as an integral, or sum of integrals, of the form $\int_a^b f(x)dx$. Do not evaluate the integral(s).
 - b. Express the area of R as an integral, or sum of integrals, of the form $\int_a^b f(y)dy$. Do not evaluate the integral(s).
 - c. Evaluate the integral(s) in either (a) or (b) [take your pick] to find the area of R.
- 3. Let S be the region bounded by the curve $y = e^{\frac{x}{3}}$, the line y = e, and the y-axis.
 - a. Find the volume of the solid obtained by revolving S about the x-axis.
 - b. Set up an integral that represents the volume of the solid obtained by revolving S about the y-axis.
- 4. Consider the region between the curve $y = \sqrt{x-1}$, $x \ge 1$, the x-axis, and the vertical line x = 5.
 - a. Find the volume obtained from rotating the region about the x-axis
 - b. Set up an integral for the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region about the line x = 3. Do not evaluate the integral.