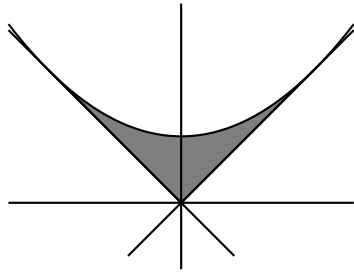


5. (12 total points) Let  $S$  be the region enclosed by the curves  $y = x$ ,  $y = -x$  and  $2y = x^2 + 1$ .



- (a) (6 points) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating  $S$  about the  $x$ -axis.

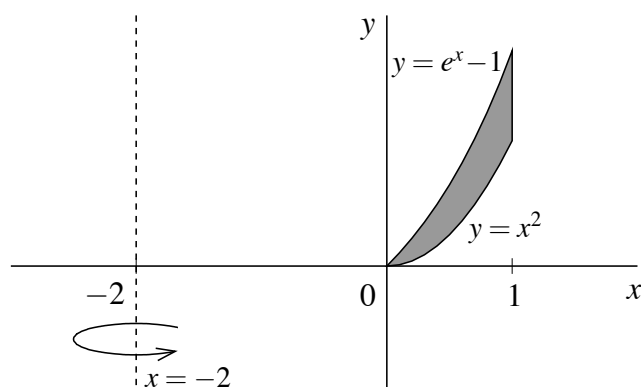
- (b) (6 points) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating  $S$  about the  $y$ -axis.

6. (12 total points) Let  $R$  be the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$ ,  $y = \sin(\pi x/2)$ ,  $x = 0$ , and  $x = 1$ .

(a) (8 points) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating  $R$  around the  $y$ -axis.

(b) (4 points) Set up, BUT DO NOT EVALUATE, an integral to compute the volume of the solid obtained by rotating  $R$  about the horizontal line  $y = -2$ .

4. (8 total points) The region between  $y = x^2$ ,  $y = e^x - 1$ ,  $x = 0$ , and  $x = 1$  is rotated about the vertical line  $x = -2$  to form a solid.



- (a) (4 points) Set up an integral for the volume of this solid using *CYLINDRICAL SHELLS*.  
*DO NOT EVALUATE THE INTEGRAL.*

- (b) (4 points) Set up an integral (or integrals) for the volume of this solid using *WASHERS*.  
*DO NOT EVALUATE THE INTEGRAL(S).*

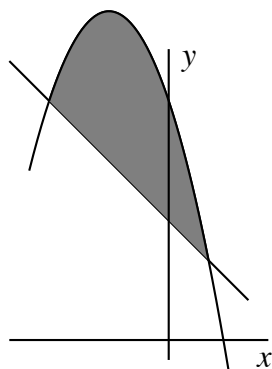
7. (8 points) Let  $R$  be the region below the curve  $y = \frac{1}{x}$ , above the  $x$ -axis, and between the vertical lines  $x = 1$  and  $x = 3$ . Set up and evaluate a definite integral for the volume of the solid obtained by rotating  $R$  about the vertical line  $x = -2$ .

7. (10 total points)

- (a) (6 points) The region in the first quadrant bounded by the  $x$ -axis, the  $y$ -axis, the line  $x = 2$ , and the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$  is rotated around the  $y$ -axis to form a solid of revolution. Find the volume of this solid.

- (b) (4 points) The region in the first quadrant bounded by the  $x$ -axis, the line  $x = 4$ , and the graph of  $y = \sqrt{x}$  is rotated around the *horizontal* line  $y = 3$  to form a solid of revolution. Express the volume of this solid as a definite integral, but DO NOT EVALUATE THIS INTEGRAL.

7. (8 total points) Let  $R$  be the region bounded by  $y = -x^2 - 3x + 6$  and  $x + y - 3 = 0$ ; see the picture.



- (a) (4 points) Set up an integral for the volume obtained by rotating  $R$  about the vertical line  $x = 3$ .  
DO NOT EVALUATE THE INTEGRAL.

- (b) (4 points) Set up an integral for the volume obtained by rotating  $R$  about the horizontal line  $y = 0$ .  
DO NOT EVALUATE THE INTEGRAL.