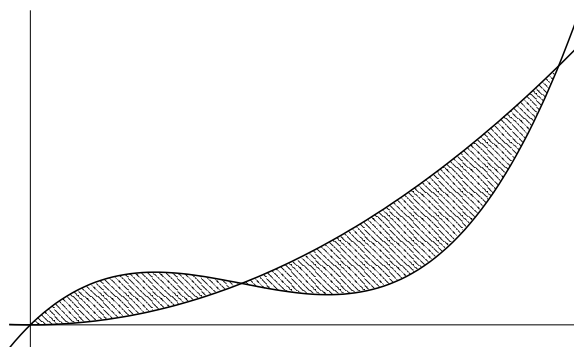


4. (10 total points) Let  $\mathcal{R}$  be the region which is bounded on the left by the curve  $x = \sqrt{y}$ , bounded on the right by the line  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 5$ , and bounded below by the  $x$ -axis.
- (a) (5 points) Set up a definite integral (or integrals) *with respect to  $x$*  for the area of the region  $\mathcal{R}$ , and evaluate your integral(s). Give your answer in exact form.

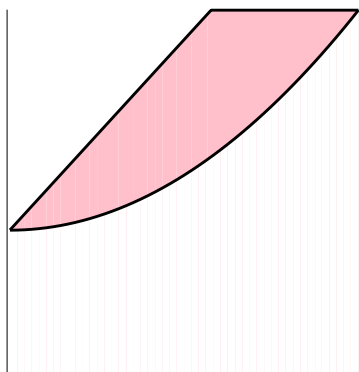
- (b) (5 points) Set up a definite integral (or integrals) *with respect to  $y$*  for the area of the region  $\mathcal{R}$ , and evaluate your integral(s). Give your answer in exact form.

- 4 (10 points) Compute the total area bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x^3 - 6x^2 + 10x$ .



5. (10 total points) Let  $\mathcal{R}$  be the region in the first quadrant bounded by the curves  $y = 2 + x^2$  on the right,  $y = 5$  on top, and  $y = 3x + 2$  on the left.

(a) (5 points) Find the area of the region  $\mathcal{R}$ .



- (b) (5 points) The line through  $(0, 2)$  and  $(b, 5)$  divides  $\mathcal{R}$  into two regions of equal area. Find  $b$ .

