

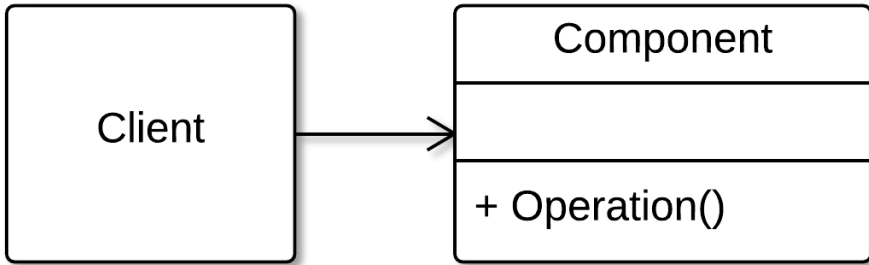
Real World Composition Pitfalls



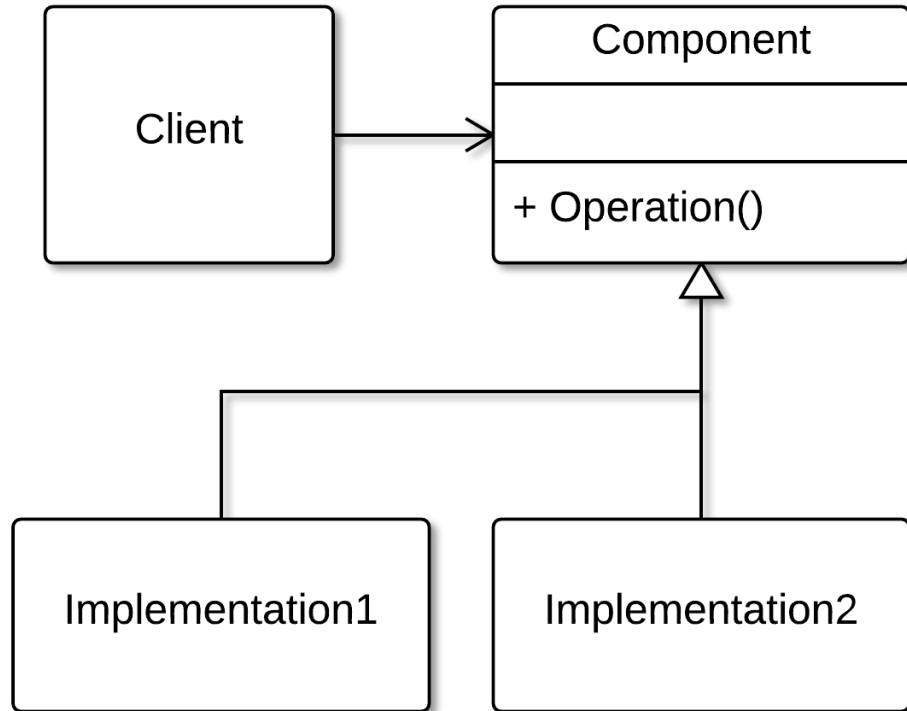
Zoran Horvat

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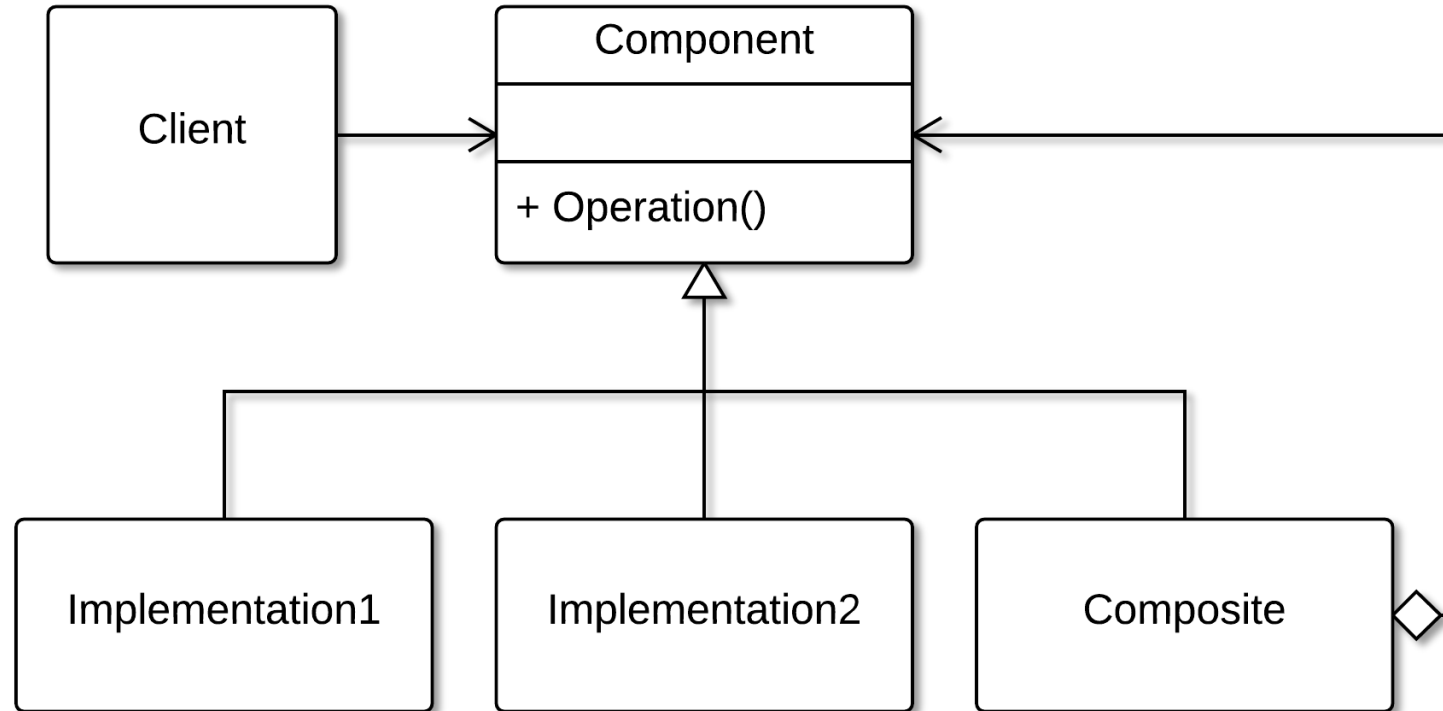
About the Composite Design Pattern



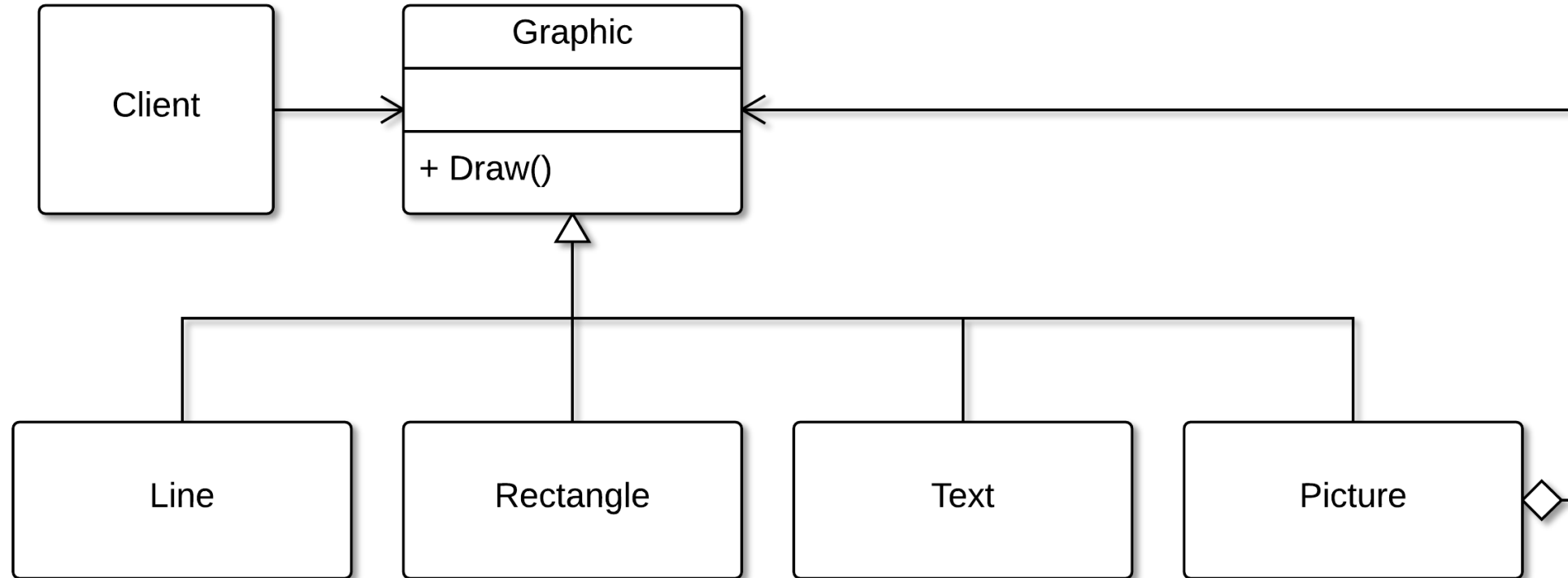
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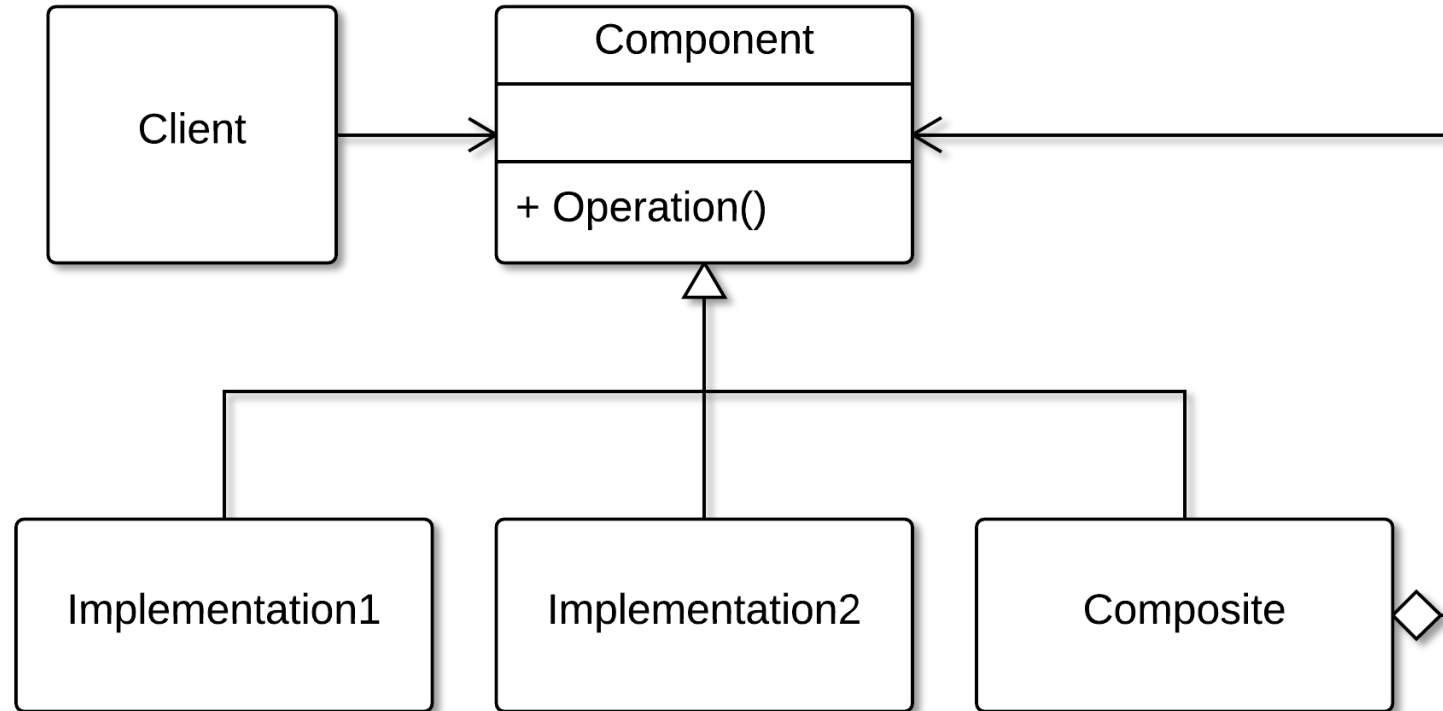
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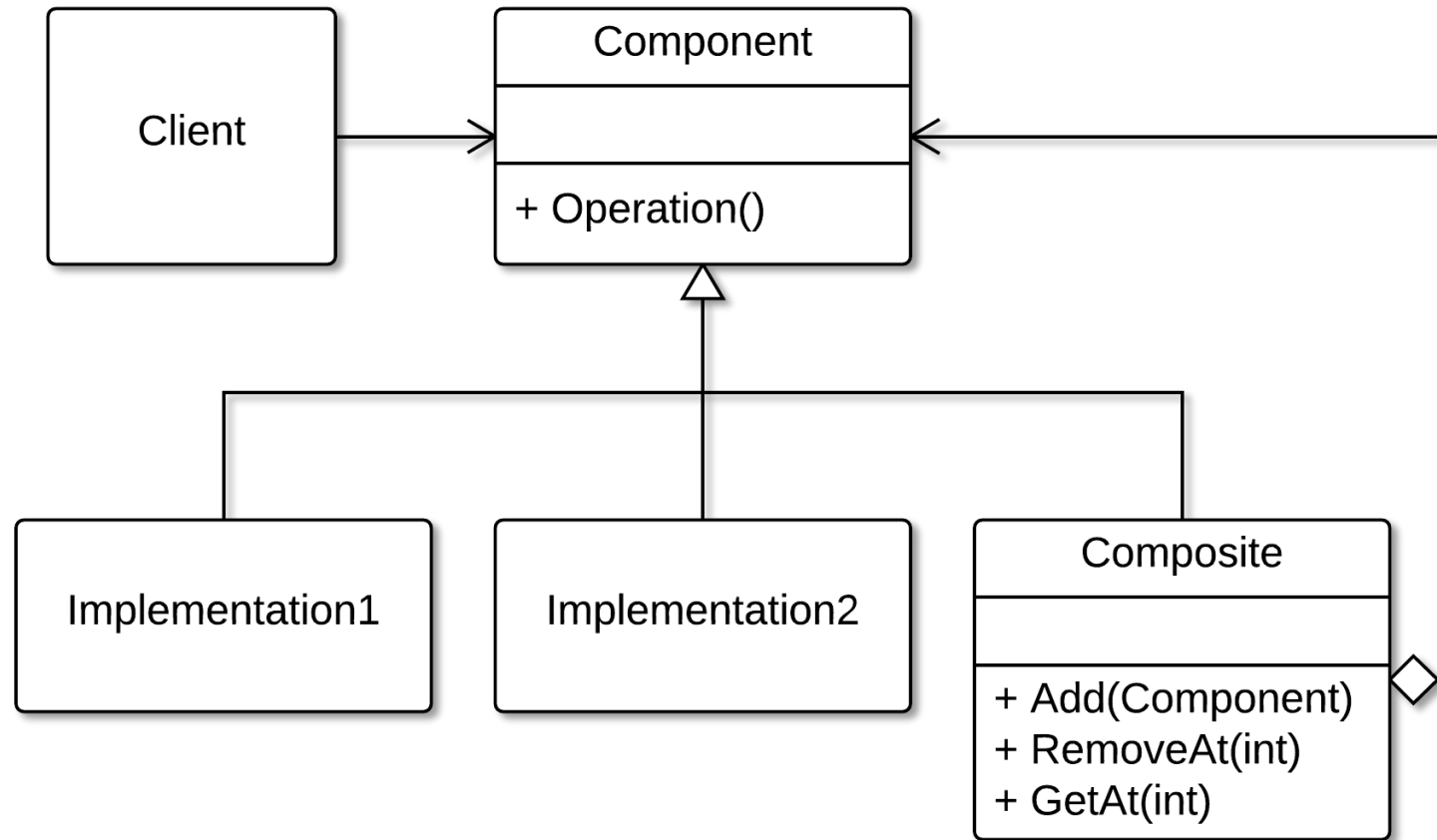
About the Composite Design Pattern



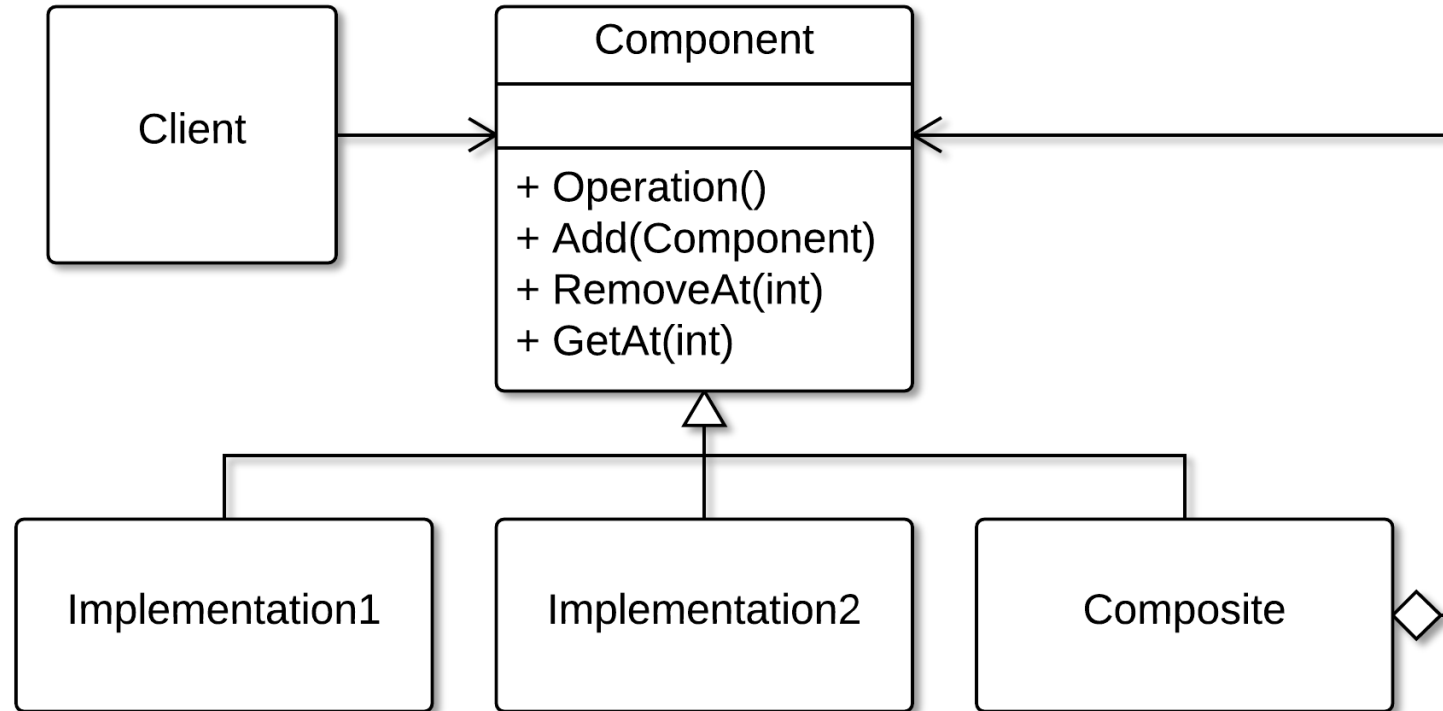
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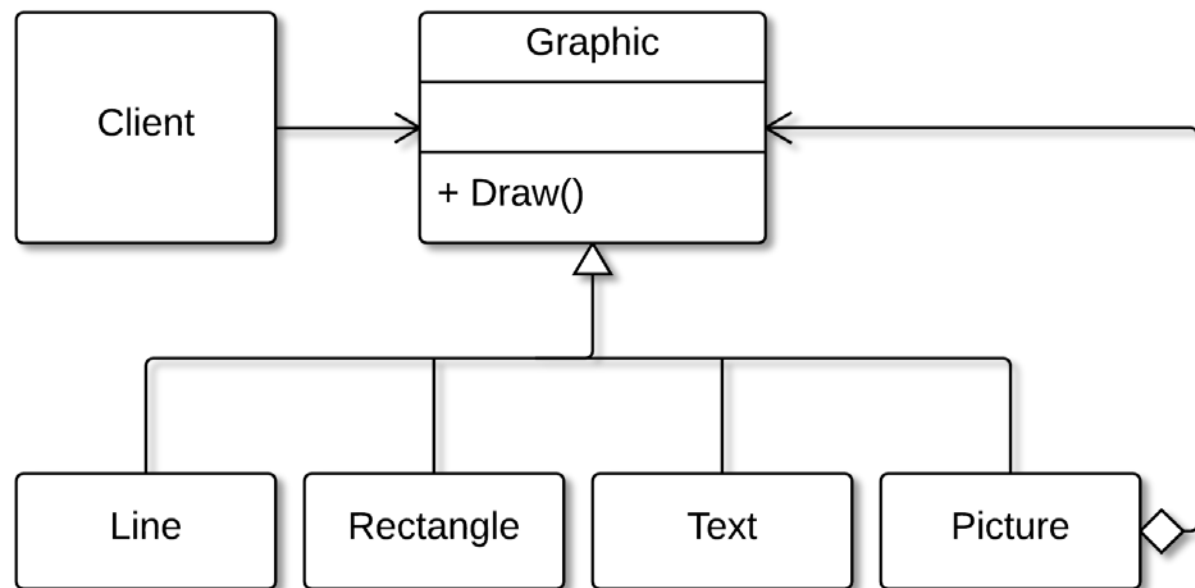


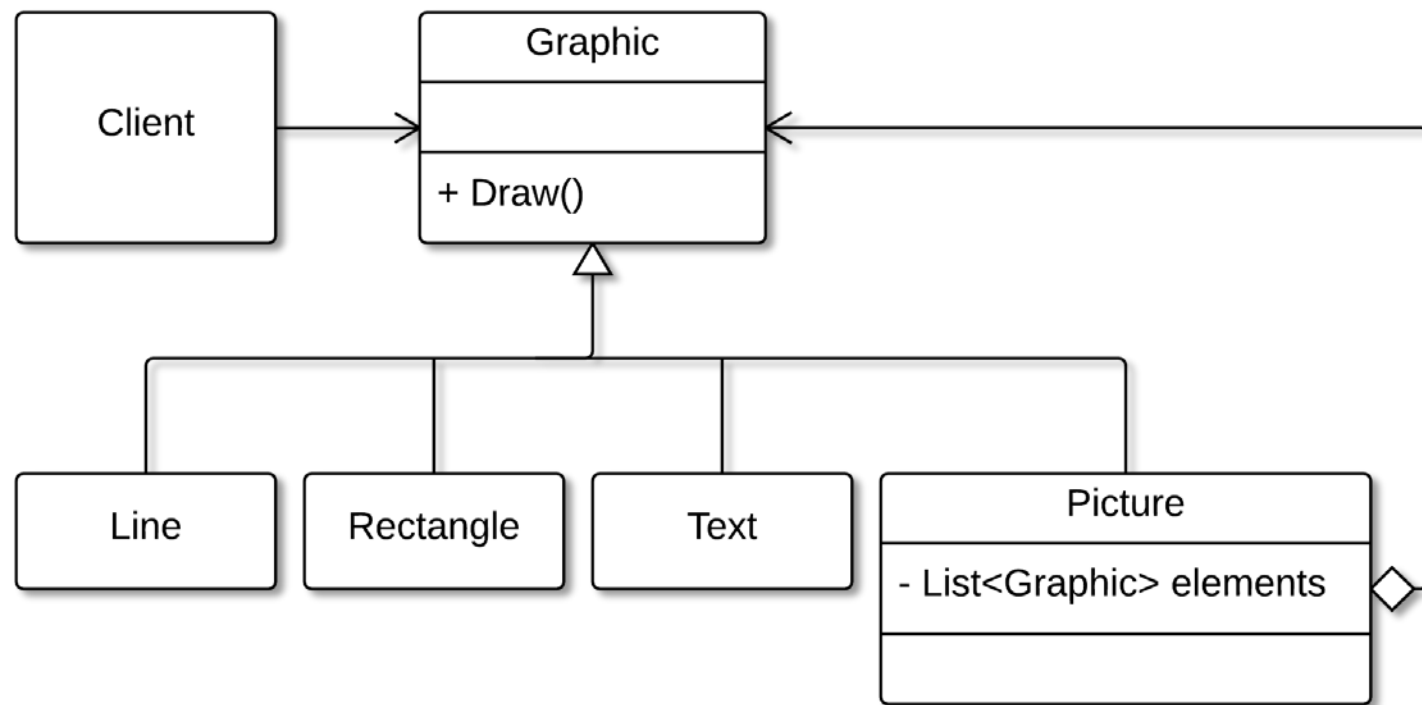
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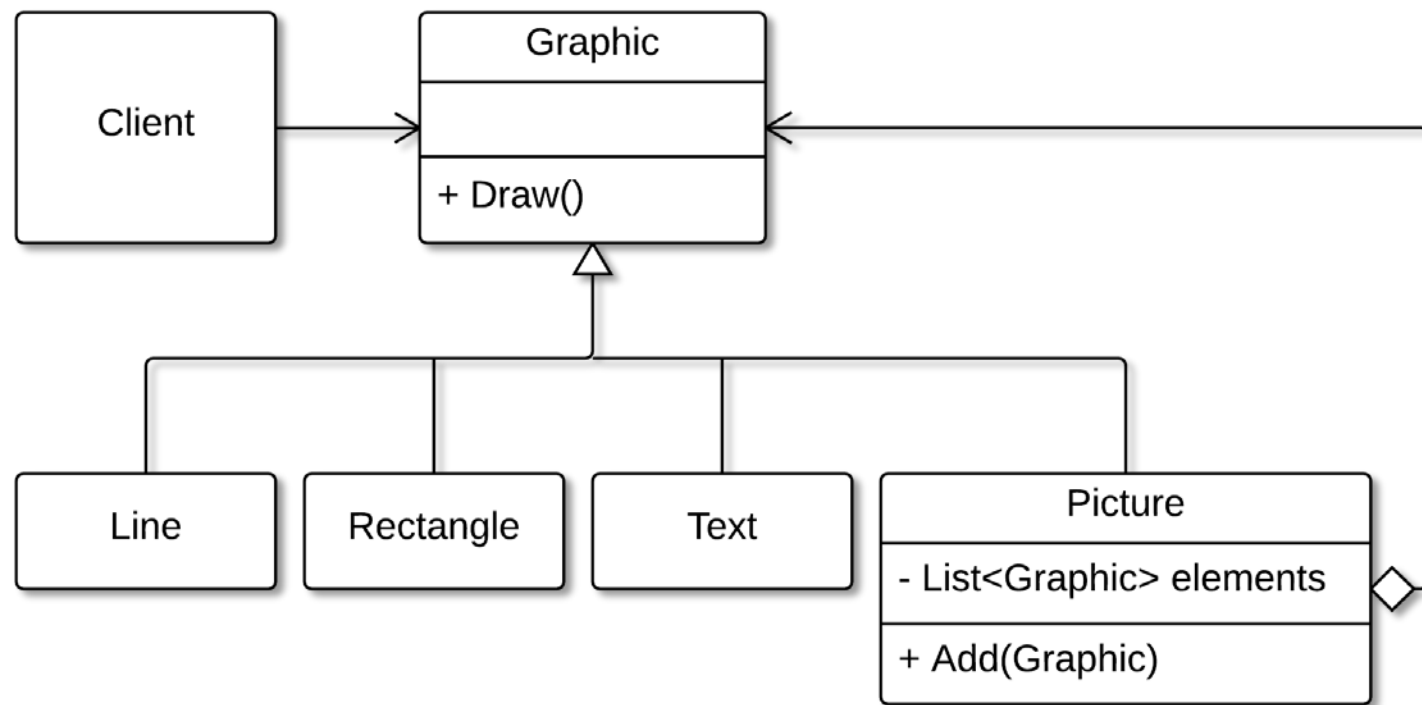


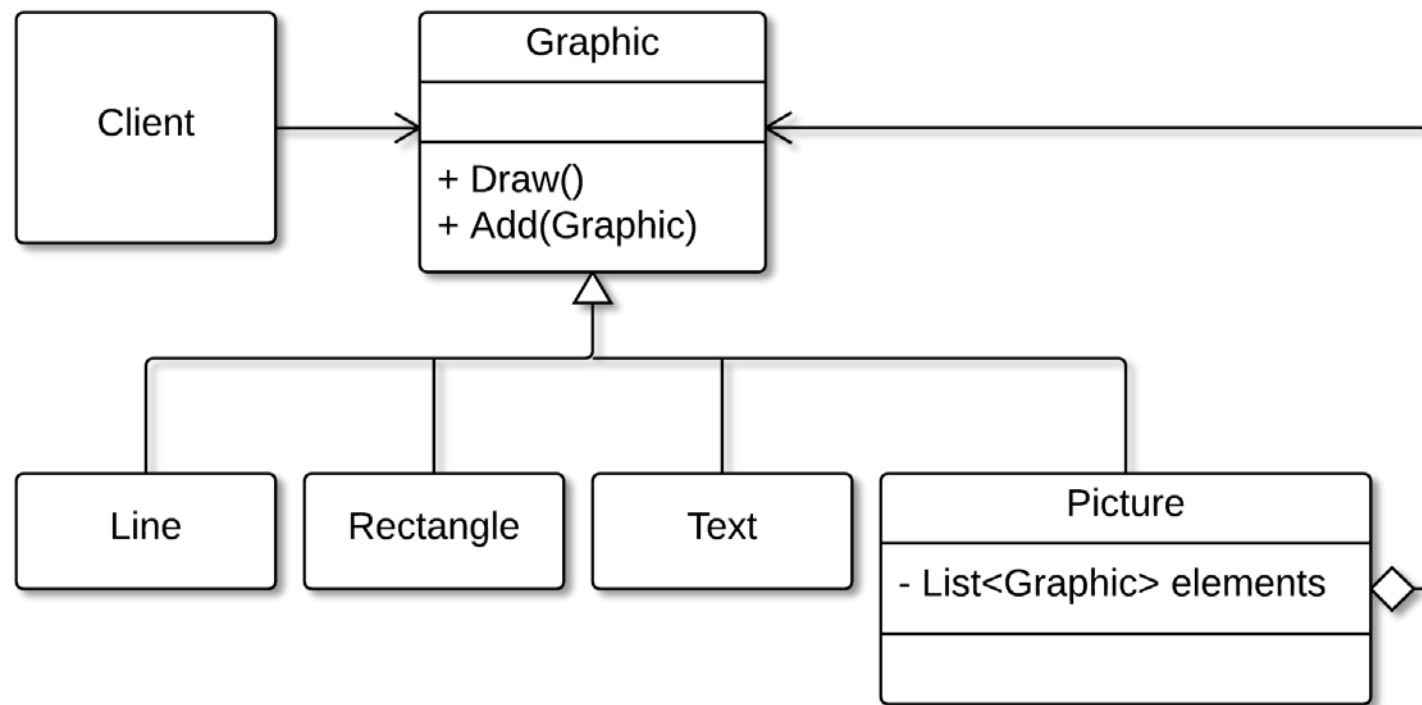
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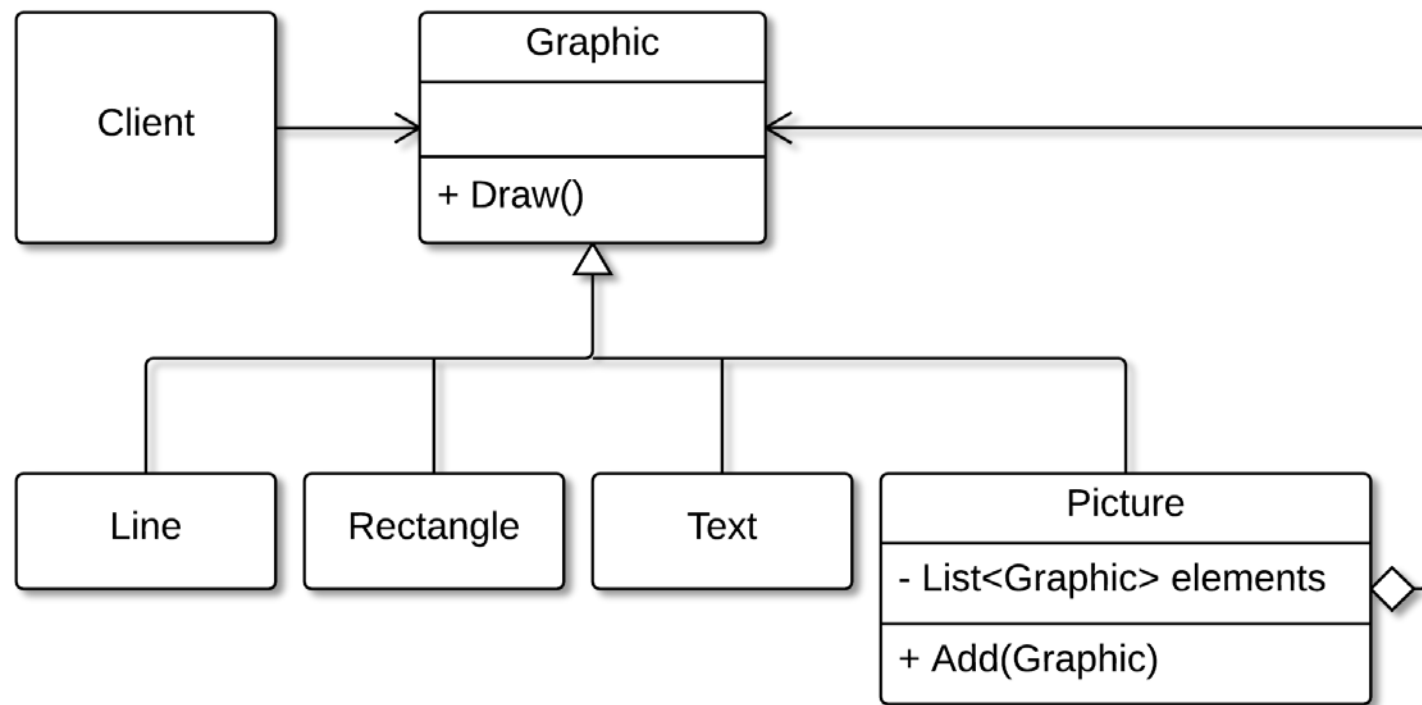


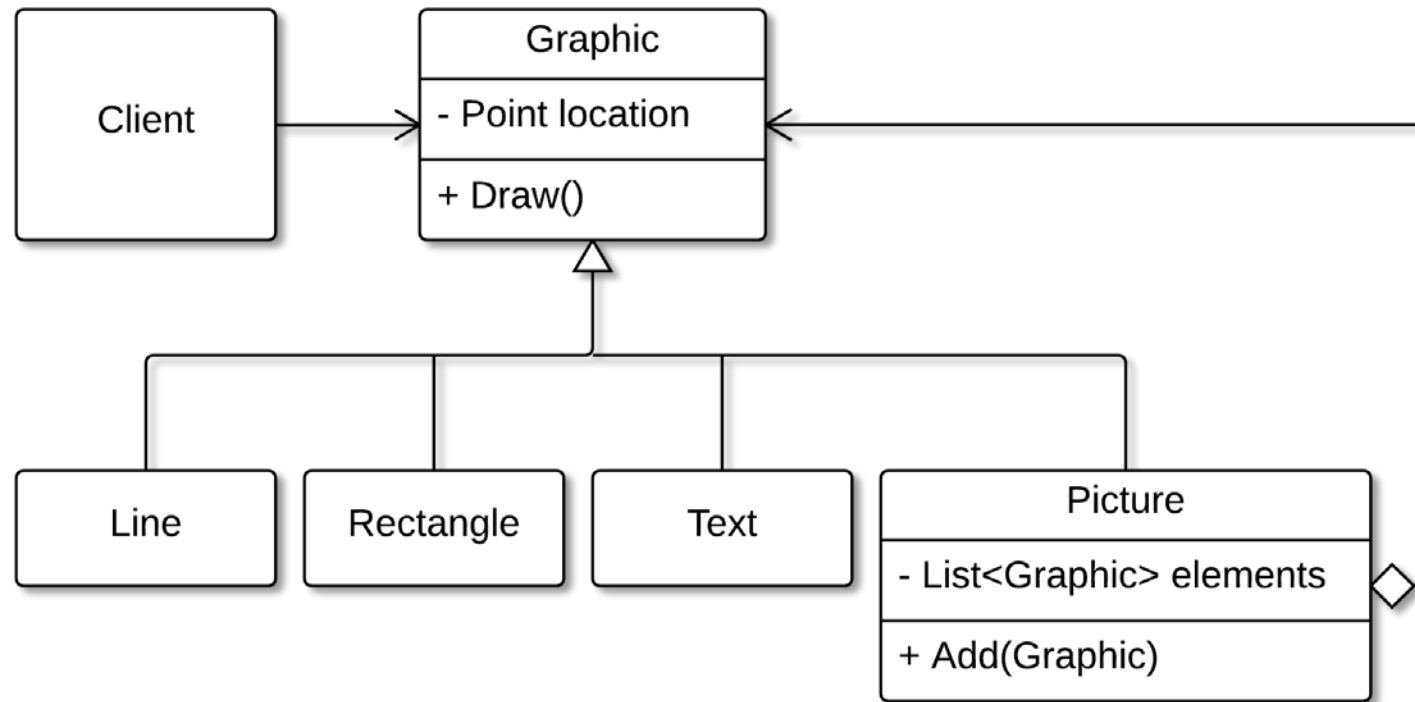


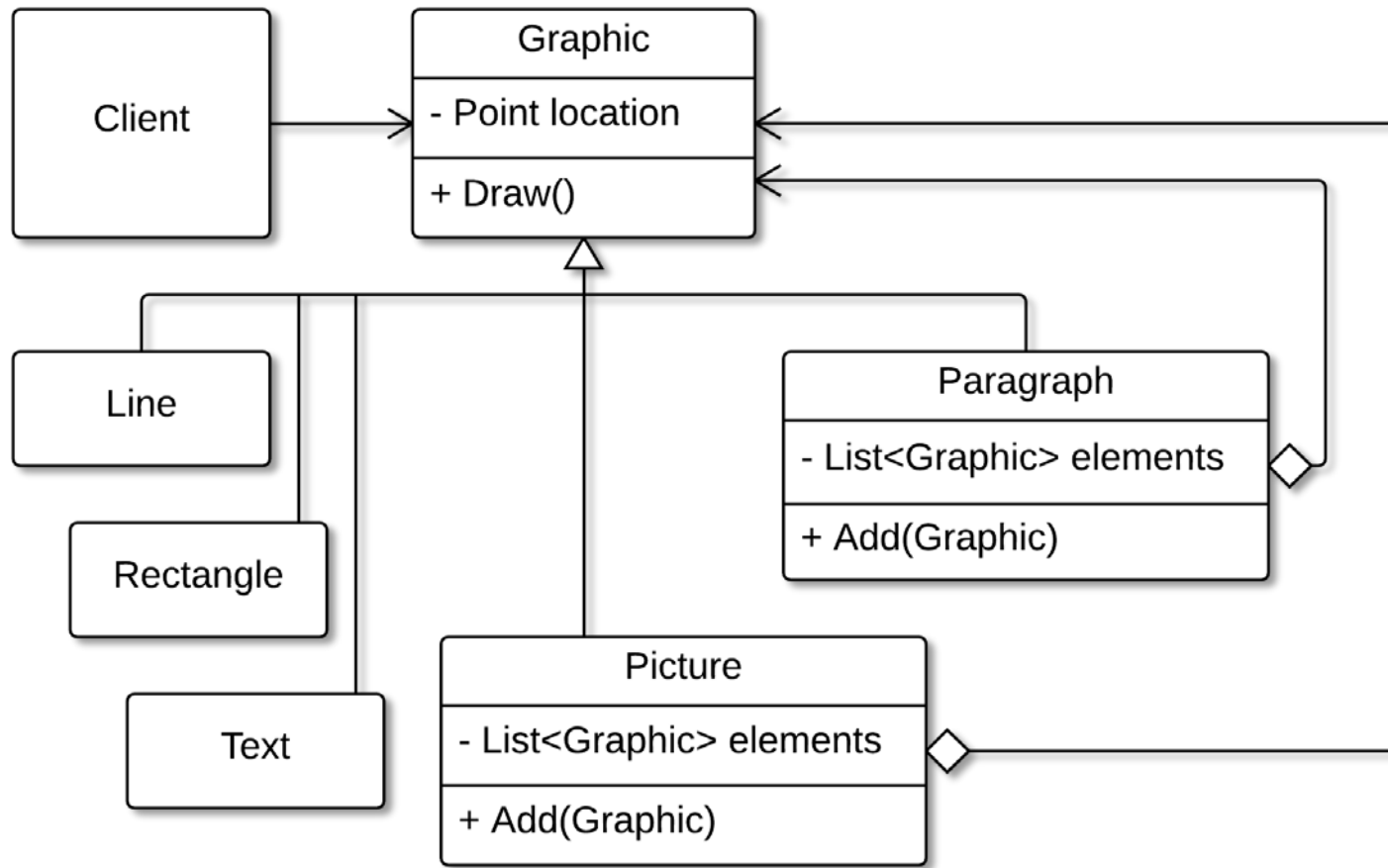


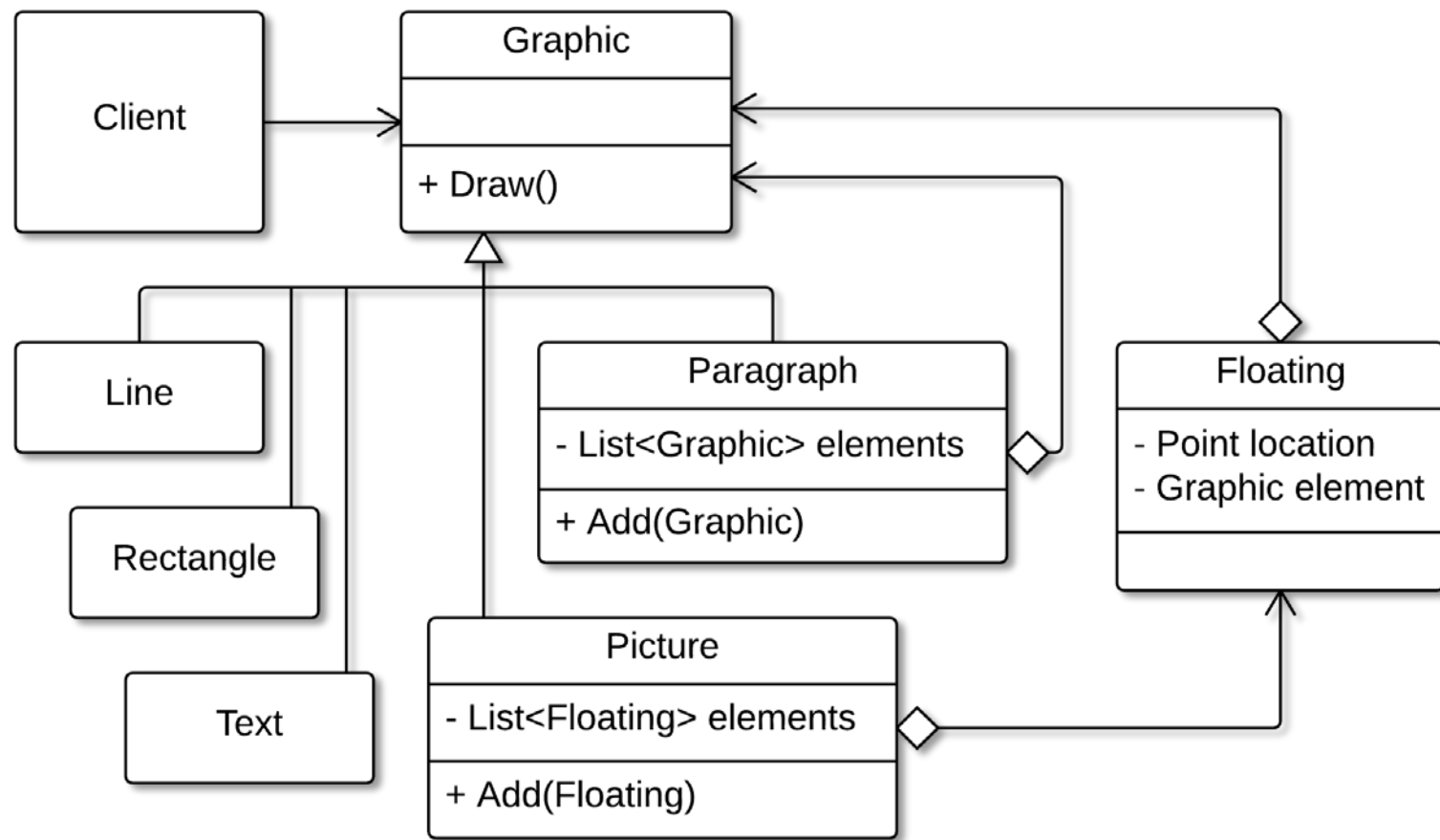


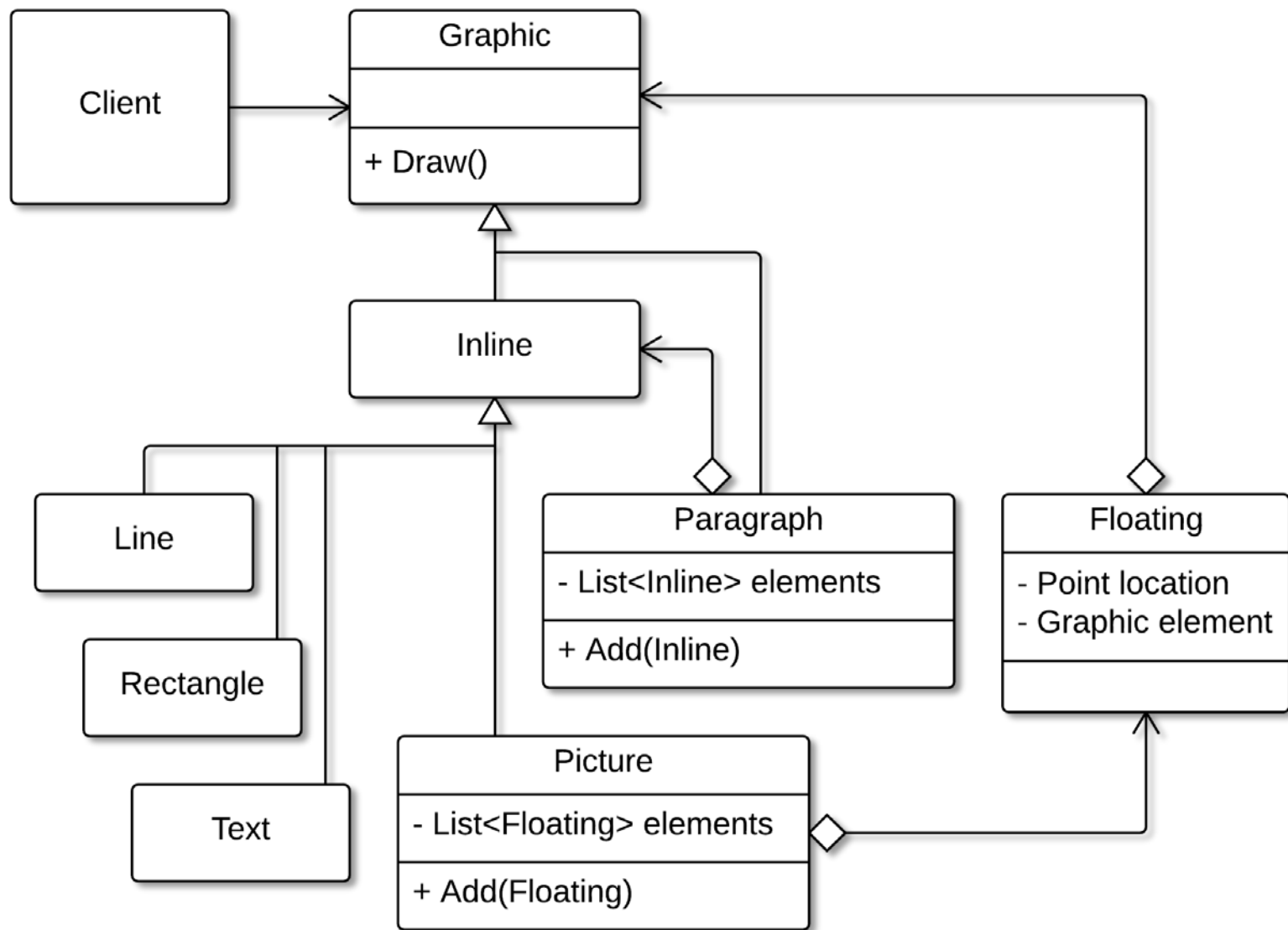


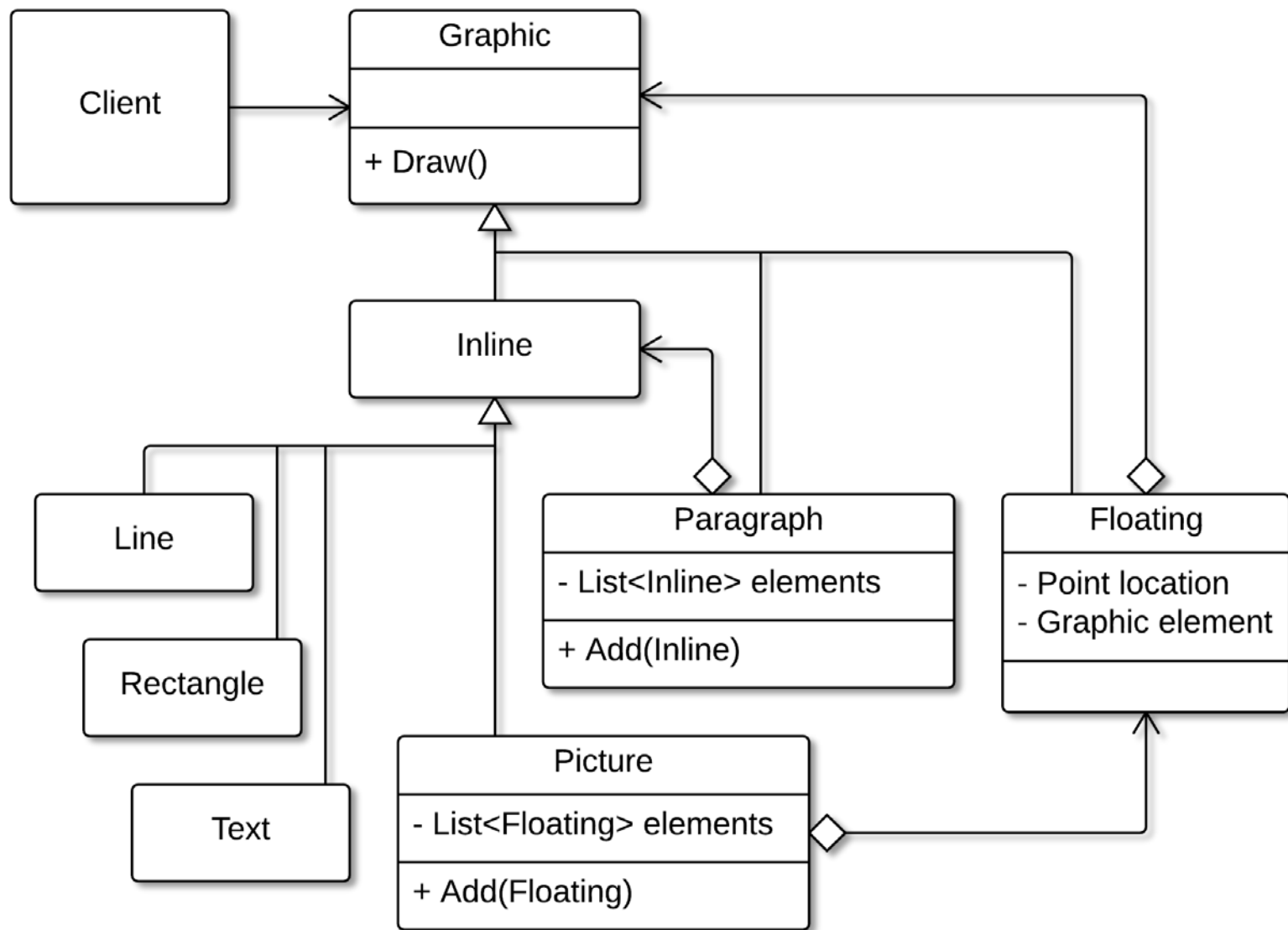


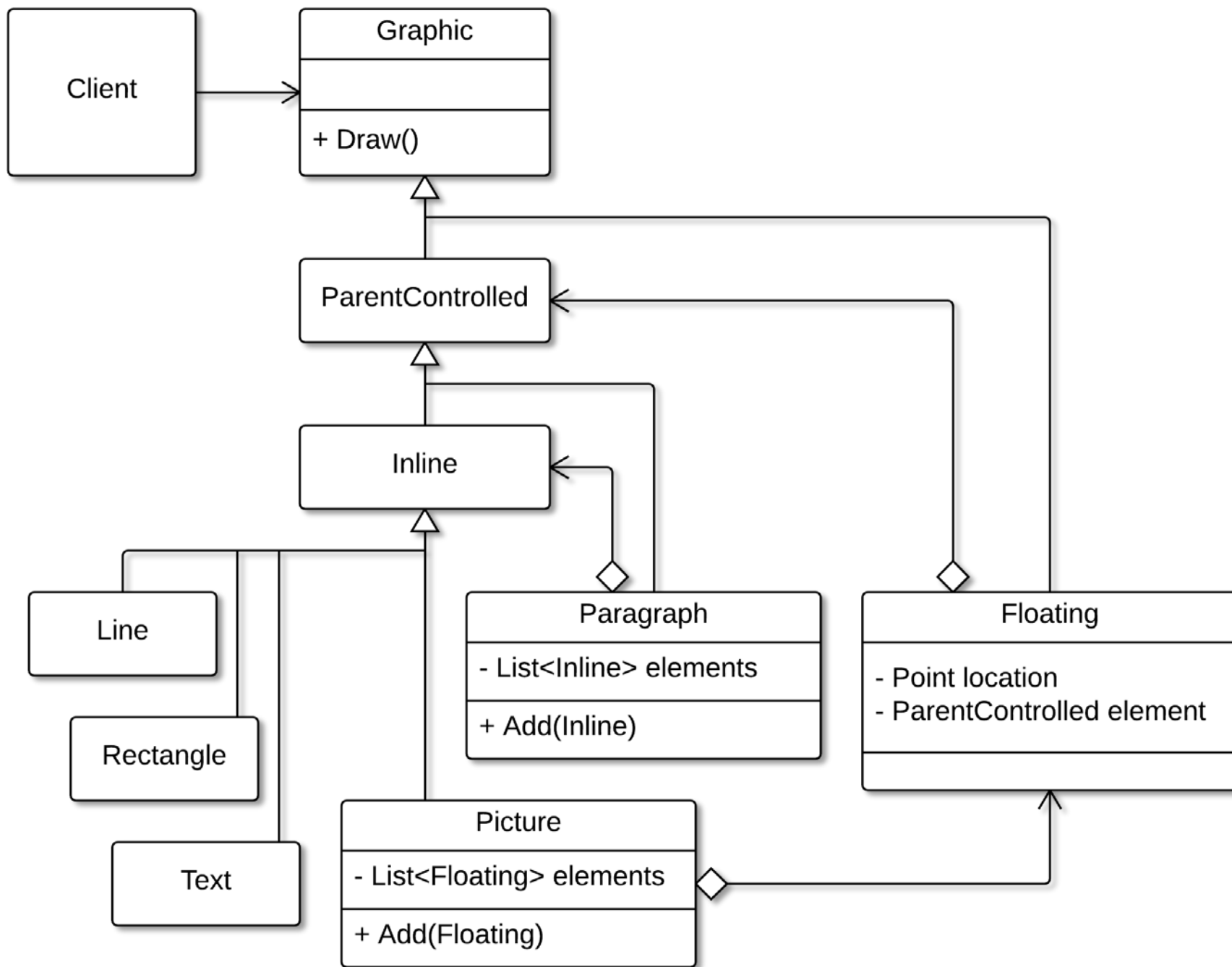


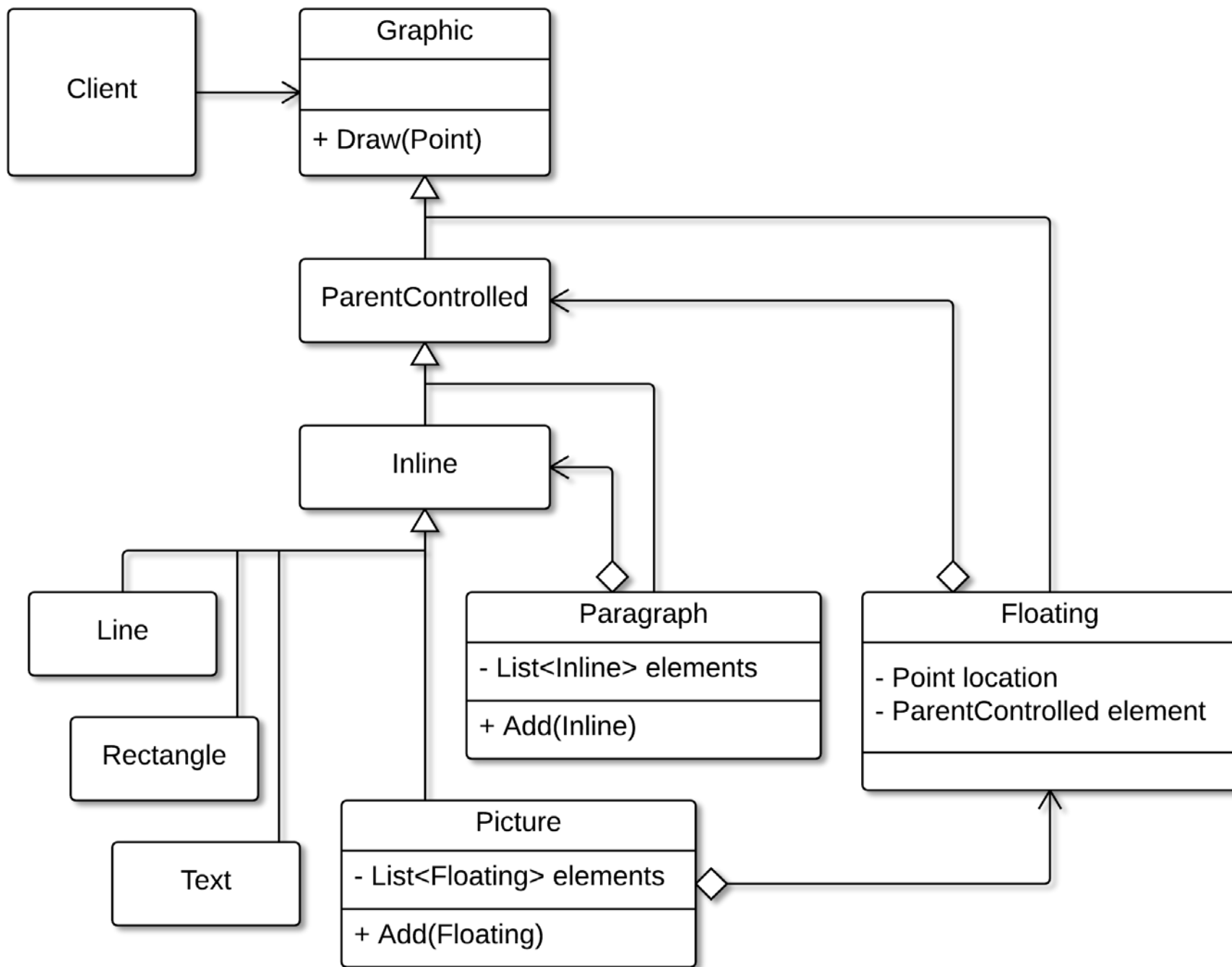


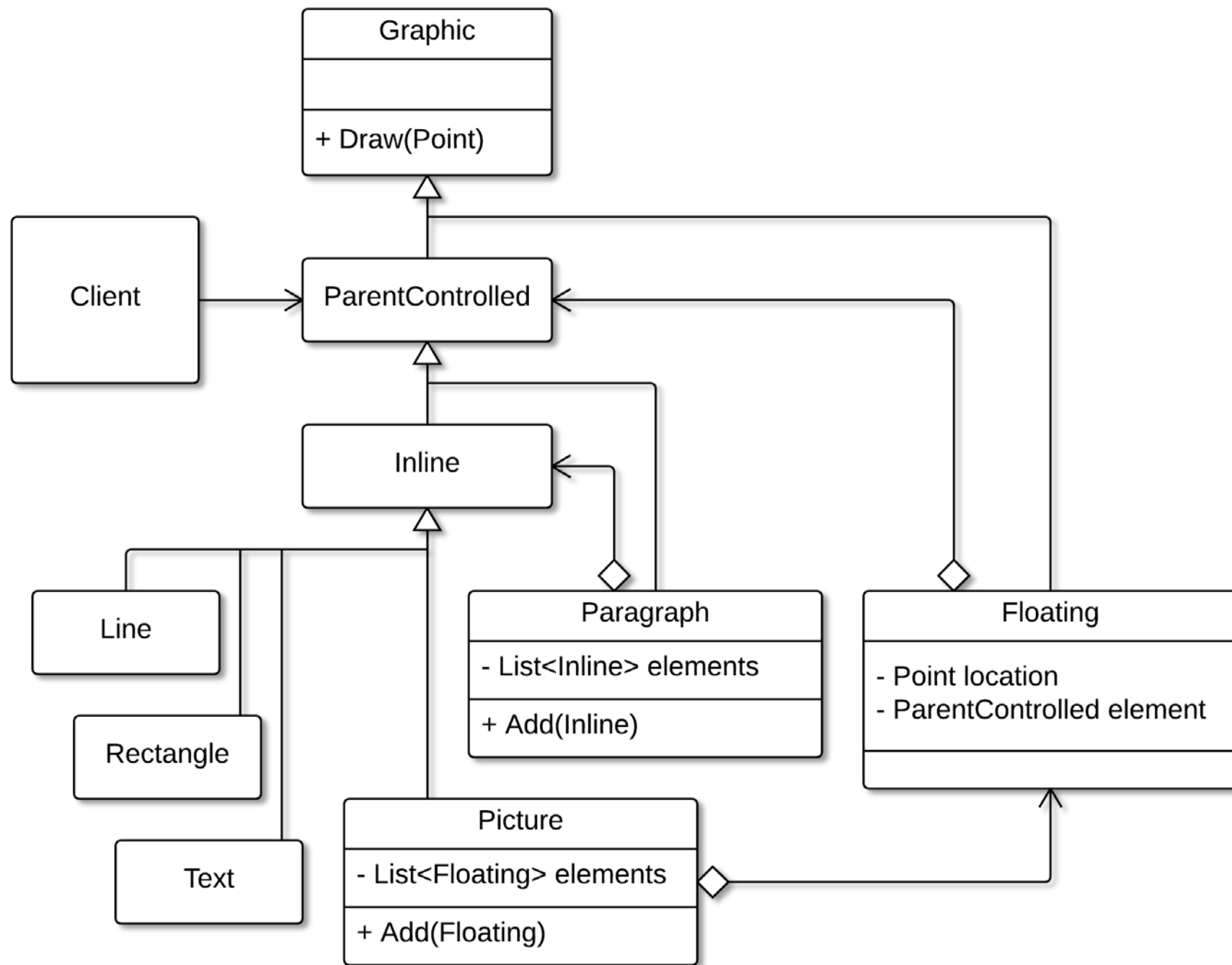


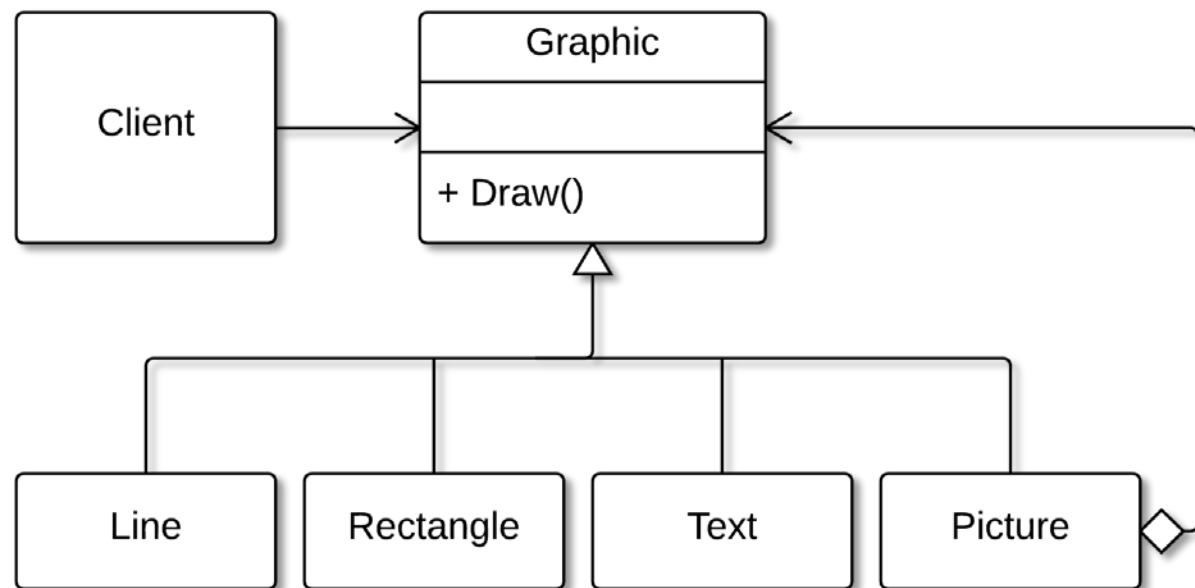


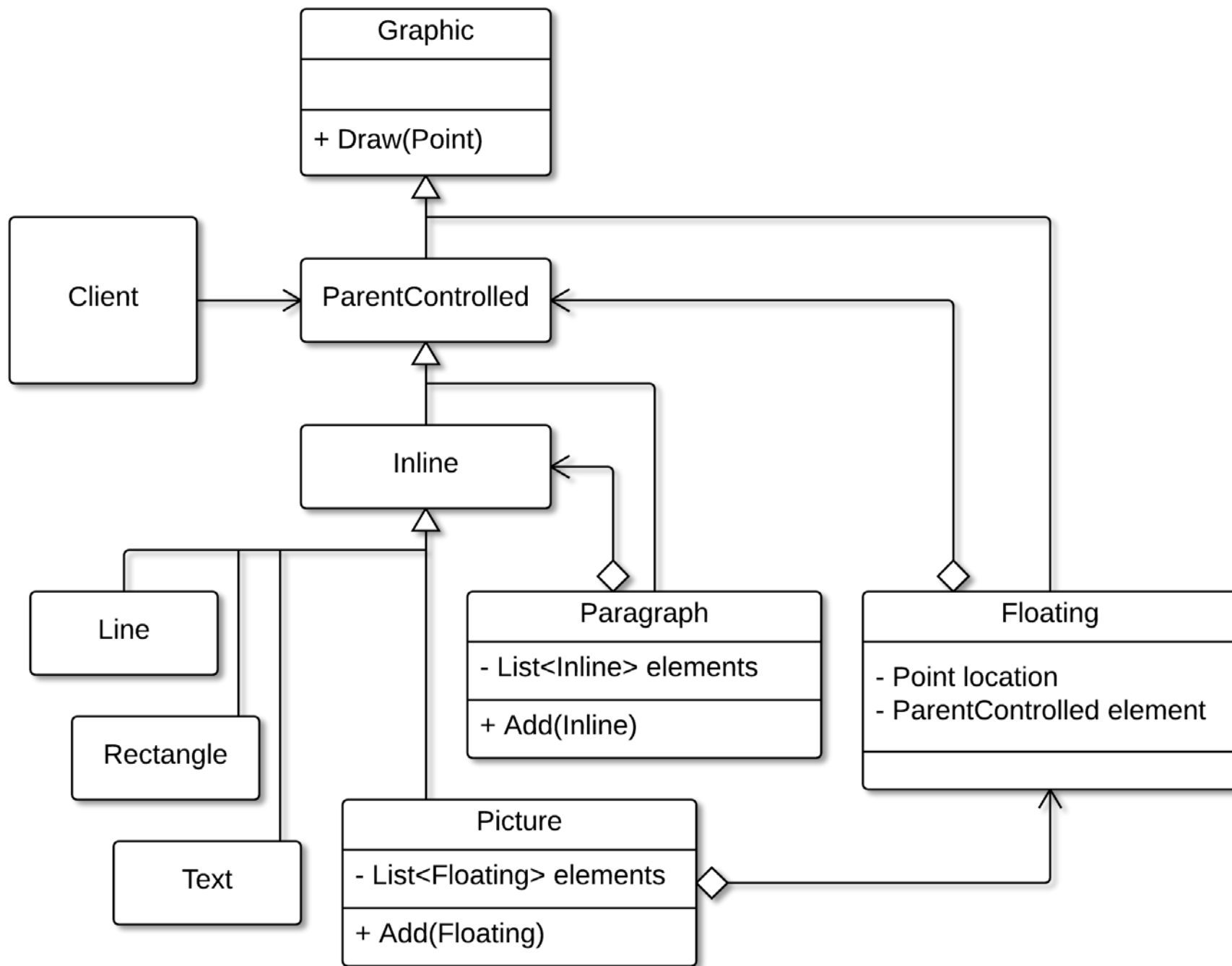




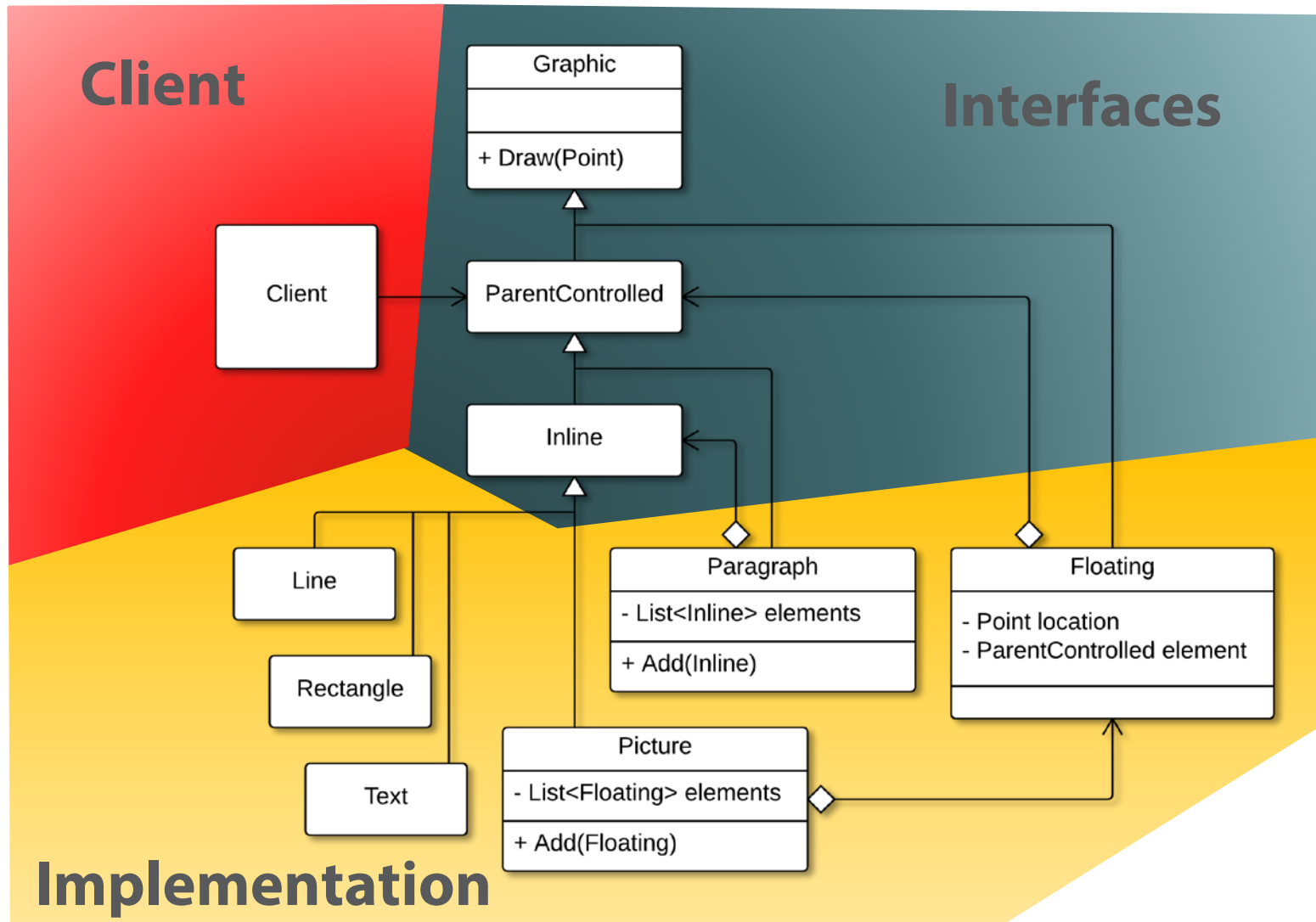








Abstraction vs. Implementation



Summary

- Example from the Gang of Four book
 - Class diagram provided as an example is over-simplified
 - Really applicable solution requires much larger number of classes
- Larger set of classes requires orchestration
 - It is the composite element that orchestrates execution
- Composite design pattern was not the goal of the exercise
 - The goal was to let the client control elements that are sometimes complex
 - Composite design pattern came to the rescue
 - Implementation was tailored to particular client's needs

Summary

- When was the best time to apply the Composite design pattern?
 - When we know what the client wants as the result
- Principal designs are not the same as those we implement
 - General solution needs to be adapted to particular project
 - Principal designs ignore real-world problems
- Real projects cannot ignore real-world problems
 - Application of a design pattern is often overly complicated
 - This may lead to new ideas that will simplify the design
 - A different, supporting design pattern may come to the rescue