# **JavaScript for C# Developers**

# **Module 2: JavaScript Functions**

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# **Agenda**

### JavaScript Functions

- Function Parameters
- Functions that Return Values
- Function as an Object
- What is 'this'
- Closures and Scope
- Namespaces

Looks like C#, but not...

```
// JavaScript
function foo(one, two, three) {
  alert(one);
  alert(two);
  alert(three);
}
foo(1); // two and three are undefined
```

Looks like C#, but not...

```
// JavaScript
function foo(one, two, three) {
  alert(one);
  if (two) alert(two);
  if (three) alert(three);
}
foo(1); // two and three are undefined
```

Overloading Functions?

```
// JavaScript
function foo(one) {
   alert("first");
}

function foo(one, two) {
   alert("second");
}

foo(1); // "second"
```

#### arguments object

Available Inside Function Body Only

#### arguments object

Declared Parameters Do Not Matter

#### arguments object

Accessing the Values

```
// JavaScript
function foo() {
  for (var x = 0; x < arguments.length; x++) {
    alert(arguments[x]);
  }
}
foo(1);  // 1
foo(1, 2);  // 1,2
foo(1, 2, 3); // 1,2,3</pre>
```

Parameters are for mapping to arguments

```
// JavaScript
function foo(one, two, three) {
  alert(one);
}
foo(1,"hello", new Date());
```

### **Function with Return Value**

#### All Functions Return a value

If not defined it's 'undefined'

```
// JavaScript
function foo() {
}
var x = foo(); // typeof "undefined"
```

### **Function with Return Value**

- All Functions Return a value
  - If not defined it's 'undefined'

```
// JavaScript
function foo() {
  return;
}

var x = foo(); // typeof "undefined"
```

### **Function with Return Value**

#### All Functions Return a value

If not defined it's 'undefined'

```
// JavaScript
function foo() {
  return "";
}
var x = foo(); // typeof "string"
```

# **Function Object**

#### Just an Object

Has properties and member functions

```
// JavaScript
function log(s) { alert("yup"); }

var x = log.length;  // 1 parameter

var y = log.name;  // "log" (Non-Standard)

var z = log.toString(); // "function log(s) { alert("yup"); }"
```

# **Function Object**

#### Can Store as Variable

"Anonymous Delegate"

```
// JavaScript
var f = function(s) { alert("yup"); };
var x = f.length; // 1 parameter
var y = f.name;  // "" (Non-Standard)
var z = f.toString(); // "function(s) { alert("yup"); }"
f(1);
                     // Calling like a function
                     // (or delegate)
```

In C#, this represents the instance of the class

```
// C#
class Foo
{
   string _name;

   void Run(string newName)
   {
      this._name = newName;
   }
}
```

#### Function Body Variable

"this" applies to the owner of the function

```
// JavaScript
var f = function() {
  alert(this);
};

f(); // [Object Window] (huh?)
```

#### 'this' is Owner

```
// JavaScript
var obj = {
  name: "myObj",
  myFunc: function() {
    log(this.name);
  }
};
obj.myFunc(); // "myObj"
```

#### 'this' is Owner

bind() lets you change the owner

```
// JavaScript
var obj = {
  name: "myObj",
  myFunc: function() {
    log(this);
obj.myFunc();
                               // this == obj
var f = obj.myFunc.bind(this); // Copy Function with global
f();
                                // this == global object
```

### **Closures**

- References outside of function are accessible in function
  - Regardless of lifetime

```
// JavaScript
var x = 1;

function someFunction() {
   // Works as it wraps 'x' with a closure
   var y = x;
}

// Much Later
someFunction();
```

# **Scoping**

C# is different than JavaScript

```
// C#
var a = "Hello";
if (true)
 // This works
 var b = a;
// This doesn't work
var c = b;
```

# **Scoping**

C# is different than JavaScript

```
// JavaScript
var a = "Hello";
if (true) {
 // This works
 var b = a;
// This works too
var c = b;
```

# Scoping

C# is different than JavaScript

```
// JavaScript
var a = "Hello";
function () {
 // This works (closure)
  var b = a;
// This doesn't (functions define scope)
var c = b;
```

# **Polluting the Global Scope**

Name Collision Problematic in Large Projects

```
// JavaScript
var appName = "foo";
var compileTime = new Date();

function printAppInfo() {
  return appName + " : " + compileTime;
}

console.log(printAppInfo()); // Works because of closures
```

# **Polluting the Global Scope**

- Anonymous Self-Executing Functions
  - Protects the global namespace by function scope

```
// JavaScript
function () {
  var appName = "foo";
  var compileTime = new Date();
  function printAppInfo() {
    return appName + " : " + compileTime;
} // Hides it all but no way to execute it
console.log(printAppInfo()); // Doesn't work
                             // out of scope
```

# "Namespaces"

#### JavaScript lacks real namespaces

Can create with objects

```
// JavaScript

// Construct or Import Namespace
var WilderMinds = WilderMinds || {};

// Add function to namespace
WilderMinds.currentTime = function () {
  return new Date();
};
```

## "Namespaces"

#### JavaScript lacks real namespaces

Can create with objects

```
// JavaScript
var WilderMinds = WilderMinds || {};
WilderMinds.Models = WilderMinds.Models || {};

// Add function to namespace
WilderMinds.Models.Customer = function () {
    // ...
};
```

# **All Together Now!**

- Namespaces and Anonymous Self-Executing Functions
  - Handles the global pollution and scoping of functionality

```
// JavaScript
(function(ns) {
 var currentDate = new Date();
  // Add function to WilderMinds namespace
  ns.currentTime = function () {
    return currentDate;
  };
})(window.WilderMinds = window.WilderMinds || {});
```

# **Summary**

#### Functions

- The Center of your world in JavaScript
- Big Differences between C# Methods and JavaScript Functions
- Closures, Scoping, 'this' and namespaces can tame JavaScript