

Aufgabe 1)

a)

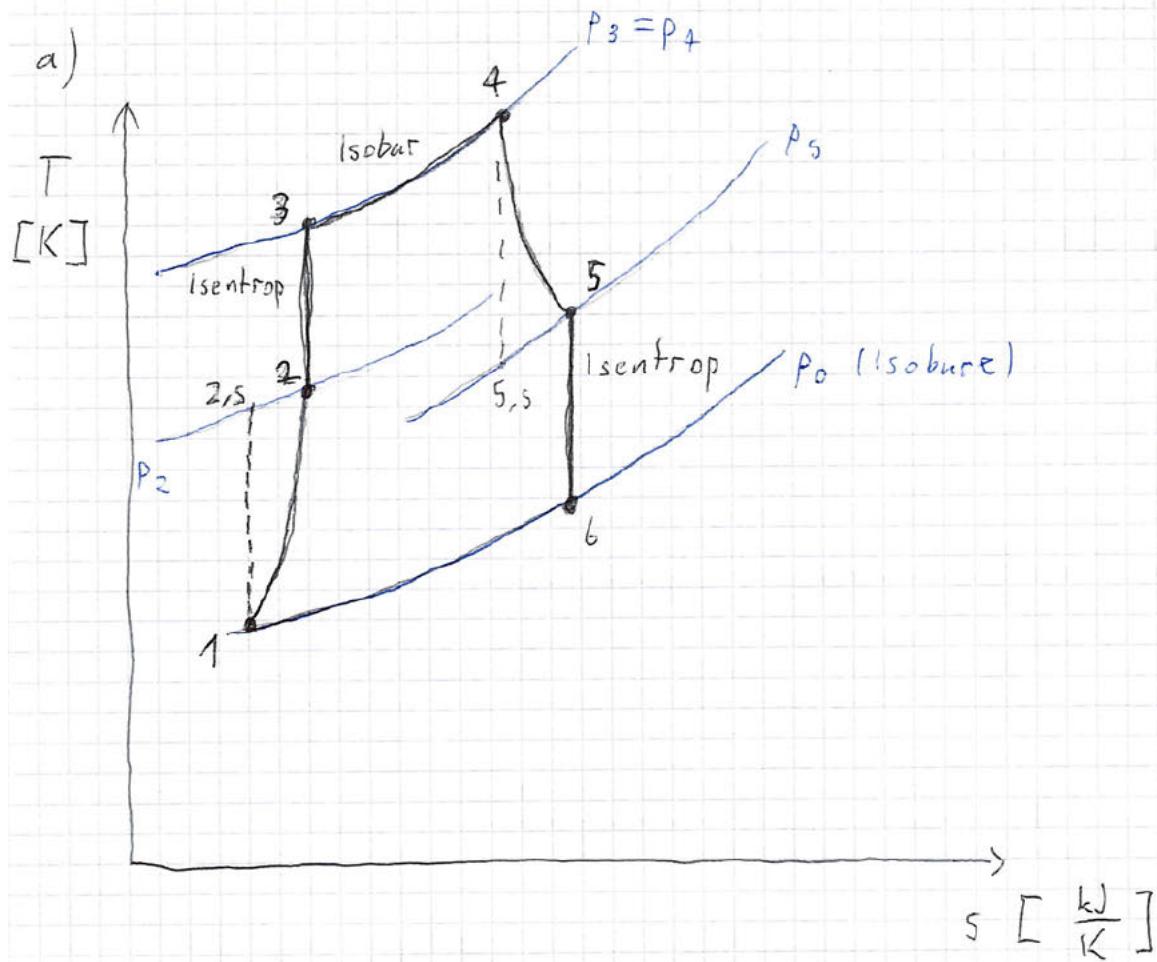
Energiebilanz Kühlmantel:

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \sum_i \dot{m}_i (h_i + \cancel{ke}_i + \cancel{pe}_i) + \sum_j \dot{Q}_j - \cancel{\sum_n \dot{W}_n}$$

$$= \dot{m} (h_{\text{ein}} - h_{\text{aus}}) + \dot{Q}_{\text{aus}}$$

Aufgabe 2)

a)



b)

Energiebilanz ganze Turbine:

st. Fp.

$$\frac{dF}{dt} = \sum_i m (h_i + k e_i + p e_i) + \sum_j \dot{Q}_j - \sum_n \dot{W}_n$$

adiabat

$$0 = \cancel{m \dot{q}_{\text{ges}}} (h_0 - h_6 + \frac{w_0^2 - w_6^2}{2})$$

$5 \rightarrow 6$ Isentrop:

$$\Rightarrow \frac{T_6}{T_5} = \left(\frac{P_6}{P_5} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{T_6 = \left(\frac{P_6}{P_5} \right)^{\frac{n-1}{n}} T_5 = 328,07 \text{ K}}}$$

$$w_6^2 = 2(h_0 - h_6) + w_0^2 \quad w_0 = w_{\text{Luft}}$$

$$w_6 = \sqrt{2(h_0 - h_6) + w_0^2} \quad T_0 = 243,15 \text{ K}$$

$$w_6 = \sqrt{2 \int_{T_6}^{T_0} c_{p,\text{Luft}} \frac{dT}{dt} + w_0^2} = \sqrt{2 c_{p,\text{Luft}} (T_0 - T_6) + w_0^2}$$

=

c) Mit gegebenen Werten weiter gerechnet:

$$\rho_{x,\text{str}} = u_b u_0 \quad p_0 = p_6$$

$$\Delta e_{x,\text{str}} = h_6 - h_0 - T_0 (s_6 - s_0) + \frac{w_6^2 - w_0^2}{2}$$

$$= c_{p,\text{Luft}} (T_6 - T_0) - T_0 \left(c_p \ln \left(\frac{T_6}{T_0} \right) - R \ln \left(\frac{p_6}{p_0} \right) \right) + \frac{w_6^2 - w_0^2}{2}$$

$$= 125,47 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

d) st. Fp.

$$\frac{dE_x}{dt} = \sum_i \dot{E}_{x,\text{str},i} - \dot{E}_{x,\text{verb}} \quad (\text{restliche Themen der Bilanz sind } 0)$$

$$\dot{E}_{x,\text{verb}} = \Delta E_{x,\text{str}}$$

$$e_{x,\text{verb}} = \Delta e_{x,\text{str}} = 125,47 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

Aufgabe 3

a)

$$R = \frac{\bar{R}}{M_g} = 166,28 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg K}}$$

$$p_g = m_{\text{EWg}} \cdot \frac{d^2}{4} + m_K g \cdot \frac{d^2}{4} + p_{\text{amb}} \quad d = 0,1 \text{m}$$

$$p_g = \frac{m_{\text{EW}} g}{(\frac{d}{2})^2} + \frac{m_K g}{(\frac{d}{2})^2} + p_{\text{amb}} = 2,259 \text{ bar}$$

$$\rho V = mRT \quad T_g = 773,15 \text{ K} \quad V_g = 3,14 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$$

$$m_g = \frac{p_g V_g}{R T_g} = 5,52 \text{ g}$$

b)

Der Druck $p_{g,2}$ entspricht dem Druck $p_{g,1}$ da sich die Masse, die drauf drückt nicht verändert.

c) Mit gegebenen Werten weiter gerechnet:

$$\rho Q_{12} = \sum q_i \quad m_g = 3,6 \text{ g} \quad T_{2,g} = 0,003^\circ\text{C} = 273,153 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta U_{12} = \sum_i q_i - \sum_n w_{V,n}$$

$$|Q_{12}| = m_g (u_2 - u_1) = m_g c_v (T_2 - T_1) = 1139,4 \text{ J}$$

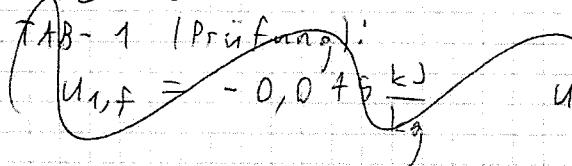
d)

~~DEF~~

$$m_{EW} u_{12} = Q_{12}$$

$$m_{EW} (u_2 - u_1) = Q_{12}$$

$$u_h = u_f$$



TAB-1 (Prüfung):

$$u_{1,\text{flüssig}} = -0,045 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \quad u_{1,\text{fest}} = -333,498 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$u_1 = u_{1,\text{flüssig}} + 0,6 (u_{1,\text{Fest}} - u_{1,\text{flüssig}}) = -200,1 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$u_2 = \frac{Q_{12}}{m_{EW}} + u_1 = -188,7 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$p_2 = \frac{m_k g}{\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2} = 2,256 \text{ bar}$$

$$\text{TAB: } u_{\text{Fest}}(2 \text{ bar}) = -333,498 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \quad u_{\text{Fest}}(10 \text{ bar}) = -333,812 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$u_{\text{Fest}}(2,256 \text{ bar}) = u_{\text{Fest}}(2 \text{ bar}) + \frac{2,256 \text{ bar} - 2 \text{ bar}}{10 \text{ bar} - 2 \text{ bar}} (u_{\text{Fest}}(10 \text{ bar}) - u_{\text{Fest}}(2 \text{ bar}))$$

$$= -333,51 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$\text{TAB: } u_{\text{Flüssig}}(2 \text{ bar}) = -0,079 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \quad u_{\text{Flüssig}}(10 \text{ bar}) = -0,332 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$u_{\text{Flüssig}}(2,256 \text{ bar}) = u_{\text{Flüssig}}(2 \text{ bar}) + \frac{2,256 \text{ bar} - 2 \text{ bar}}{10 \text{ bar} - 2 \text{ bar}} (u_{\text{Flüssig}}(10 \text{ bar}) - u_{\text{Flüssig}}(2 \text{ bar}))$$

Aufgabe 3

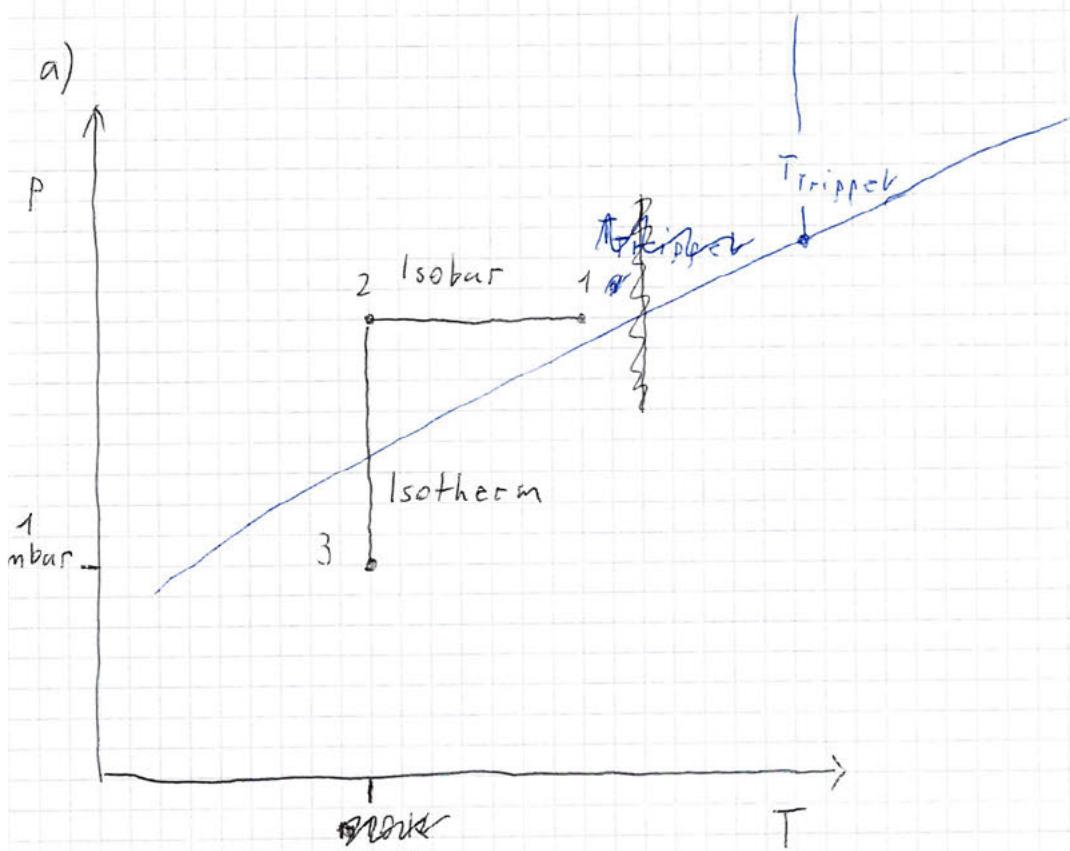
d)

$$u_{\text{Flüssig}}(2,25 \text{ bar}) = -0,0871 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$x = \frac{u_2 - u_{\text{Flüssig}}}{u_{\text{Fcst}} - u_{\text{Flüssig}}} = 0,566$$

Aufgabe 4

a)



b)

$$T_2 = T_1 - 6 \text{ K} = 257,15 \text{ K} = -16^\circ\text{C}$$

TAB - 10:

$$\frac{h_1}{h_2} = h_{fg}(T_2) = 278,7 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$237,74$$

$$s_2 = s_g(T_2) = 0,9298 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}} = s_3$$

$$h_{fg3}(8 \text{ bar}, s_3) = h_{fg}(8 \text{ bar}, 0,9066 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}}) + \frac{s_3 - 0,9066}{0,9374 - 0,9066} [h_{fg}(8 \text{ bar}, 0,9374 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}}) - h_{fg}(8 \text{ bar}, 0,9066 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}})] = 271,31 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$T_{\text{AB - 12}}: h_{fg}(8 \text{ bar}, 0,9066 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}}) = 264,15 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$h_{fg}(8 \text{ bar}, 0,9374 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg K}}) = 273,66 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

Energiebilanz Kompressor:

st. fp.

$$\frac{dE}{dt} \neq \sum_i m_i (h_i + \cancel{k} e_i + \cancel{\rho} \dot{e}_i) + \sum_j Q_j - \sum_n \dot{w}_n$$

adiabat

$$0 = m (h_2 - h_3) - \dot{w}_{23} \quad \dot{w}_{23} = - \dot{w}_K$$

mm

$$\dot{m} = \frac{-\dot{w}_K}{h_2 - h_3} = 2,8 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{h}}$$

c)

WZ TAB-411:

$$h_f = h_f(8 \text{ bar}) = 93,42 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

$$h_f = h_g = 93,42 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$

TAB-411

$$T_f = 31,33^\circ\text{C} = T_1$$

$$h_{1,f}(T_1) = h_f(30^\circ\text{C}) + \frac{31,33 - 30}{32 - 30} (h_f(32^\circ\text{C}) - h_f(30^\circ\text{C})) =$$

$$h_{1,g}(T_1) = h_g(30^\circ\text{C}) + \frac{31,33 - 30}{32 - 30} (h_g(32^\circ\text{C}) - h_g(30^\circ\text{C})) =$$

WZ TAB-410:

$$h_f(30^\circ\text{C}) = 91,49$$

$$h_f(32^\circ\text{C}) = 94,39$$