b)
$$T_{KF}=?$$
 $T=\frac{\int_{e}^{\infty}Tds}{S_{x}-S_{e}}$

$$S_{x}-S_{e}=\iint_{T_{e}}\frac{C_{i}x}{T}dT=C_{i}^{i}f_{y}(l_{n}(\frac{T_{a}}{T_{e}}))$$

Tols =
$$q$$
 E-Bil: $O = m_{KF}(h_e - h_a) + Q_{ans}$

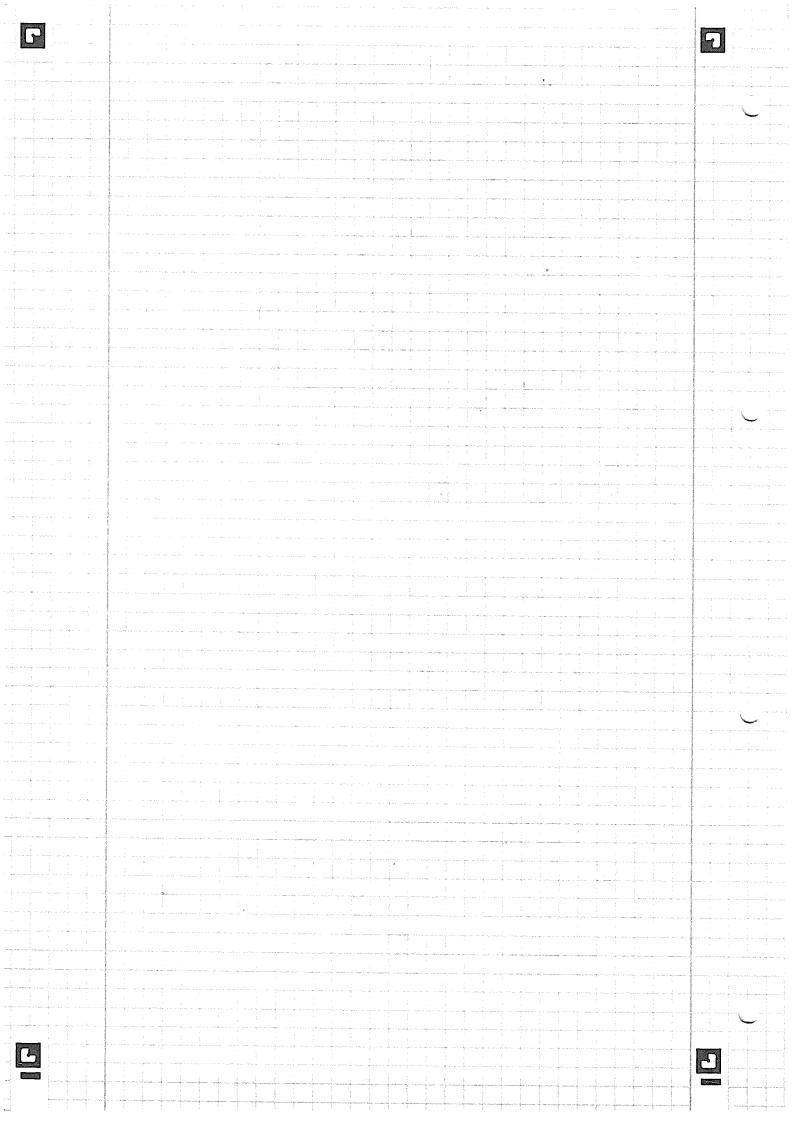
$$Q = \frac{Q_{ans}}{m_{KF}} \quad m_{KF} = \frac{Q_{ans}}{h_a - h_e} = \frac{Q_{ans}}{q_{KF}(T_a - T_e)} \quad q = c_{p}(T_a - T_e)$$

$$= \frac{Q_{ans}}{q_{KF}(T_a - T_e)} = \frac{Q_{ans}}{q_{KF}(T_a$$

d)
$$E-B_{1}(:A_{1}U_{12}=Q_{R,12})$$

 $AU_{12}=m_{2}u_{2}-m_{1}u_{1}$ $m_{1}=57554g$, $m_{2}=m_{1}+Am_{1}z$
 $u_{1}=418$, $9u_{1}\times_{D}(2506,5-418;94)=429,38649$ $TABA-7$
 $u_{2}=u_{3}(70°C)=2469,647$ $TABA-7$
 $m_{2}u_{2}+Am_{2}u_{2}+m_{2}u_{3}=Q_{R,12}=7Am_{12}=(Q_{R,12}+m_{1}u_{3}-m_{1}u_{2})\cdot\frac{1}{U_{2}}$
 $Am_{1}=$

e)
$$4m_{n2} = 3600 \, kg$$
 Annahme $\Delta S_{n2} = 2$ $m_2 = m_1 + \Delta m_{n2} = 9355 \, kg$
 $S - Bil: \Delta S_{n2} = \frac{C_{0n,12}}{T_{ext}} + S_{ext}$ $\Delta S_{n2} = S_{2} = S_{1}$
 $S_{1} = S_{2}(20^{\circ}C) = 7.7553 \, \frac{kT}{k}$ $S_{2} = m_{2}S_{2} = 72.55 \, \frac{MJ}{k}$ $TABA - 2$
 $S_{1} = 13069 + x_{0}(7.35 \, kg - 1.3069 + 1.3374 \, \frac{kT}{kg} k$ $S_{1} = m_{1} \cdot S_{1} = 7.70 \, \frac{MS}{k}$ $TABA - 2$
 $\Delta SAT \Delta S_{12} = S_{2} - S_{1} = \frac{64.85}{k} \frac{MT}{k}$



TCKI [2) a) 1 >S[hok] b) W=? , T=? adiabat reversibel = isentrop n=1.4 PE=P=0,1996ar P5=0,56ur T5=431,9R T6=T5 (P6) T6 = 328,07K E-Bil: 0= maes (h5-h6) + maes (2 - 28) h=-h== cp (T5-T6) W== (T5-T6).2+00 +452 = 708'805, 86 J = 48400 By W= 507,25 3 c) miges =? , Design=?

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Lexistra=} \ \, 2x, stre= ex, stre= e$

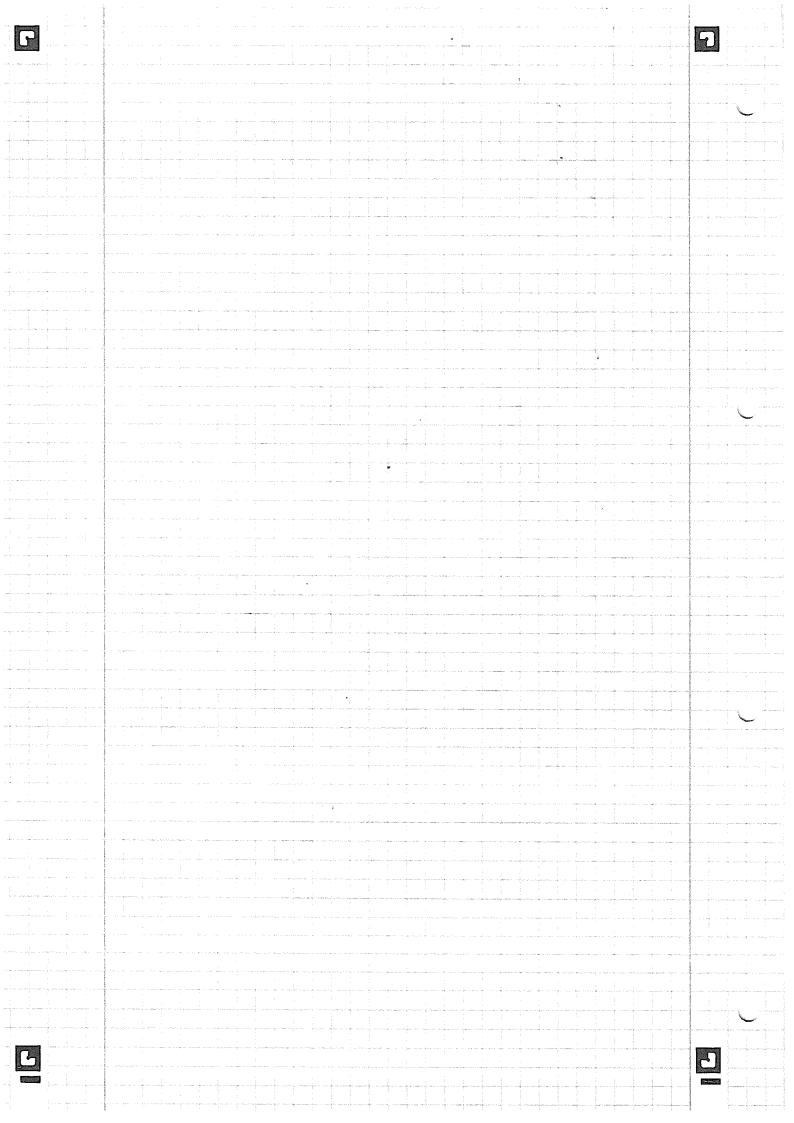
1 existr= Will 50,04 45 }

d) Ex-Bil: 0 = Dexistr in (1- To) 90 + lexiver(

exiver(= (Dexistr in (1- To) 90), (1- To) 90 = 969,58 49

exiver(= 969.58 45 - 50,04 45 - 919,59 45

exiver(= 969.58 45 - 50,04 45 - 919,59 45



[3) a) pgr= 2, my= 2

PG Pyr= pomb + = = pmb + mg A= Tr= TT = 0,0075 m2 mg=(mn+meu) g= 32,16g. g= 314,301N A=0,46m

pgn= 1500+ 0, 4607= 1.4600

pl=mrt p=pg,1 V=3,14-40'3m3 T=773,15K

 $R = \frac{R}{m} = 166,28 \frac{J}{kgR}$ $mg = \frac{R}{RT} = 3,42g$

6) Kash Tg,z= 2 pg,z=2

cp = Rtcv = 0,789 45k prig = pz, y = 146ur

E-Bil: mg: w= mon how, 2

mg (uz-un) ++ mEW (UZEW- UZEW) =0

uz-47= Cv (Tz-Tn)-

mg uz= men · eleur

c) E-Bil. AUG = Qu P

142 = comg (Tz-Tz) = -70865

Q12 = - DU12 = 1,0867 = 1082,425

d) x2==2

42-42+ - 121EW= T21EW= 12003°C P21EW= 1.4601

on or what E-Bil: DUEW = Q12

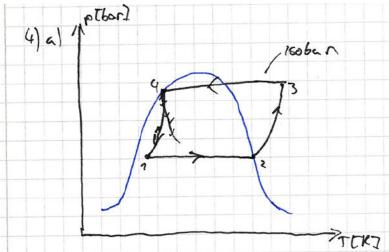
AU12= MEN (U2-U1) HON U2 (-333, 458 XEV) (-0,005 (1-X10))

Uz= U1 + Q12 = -184, 29 45

 $\times_{2} = \frac{u_{2} - u_{pl}^{2}}{u_{pe}^{2} - u_{pl}^{2}}$

ui = -0,033 in , ui = -333, 47 45

×2=0,568 ×2<×,



c)
$$\dot{m} = \frac{6km}{h}$$
, $T_z = -22^{\circ}C$ and annohned

 $p_2 = 1.2192 \text{ bas}$ TAD A-10 $p_2 = p_1$

E-BiC Drossel: $o = \dot{m}(h_1 - h_1) \Rightarrow h_1 = h_1$
 $h_1 = 93.42 \frac{40}{h_1} = h_1$
 $h_2 = 93.42 \frac{40}{h_2} = h_1$
 $h_3 = 234.08 \frac{25}{h_3}$

TAB A-10

 $x_1 = \frac{40}{h_1} \frac{h_1 - h_1}{h_2^2 - h_1^2} = 0.337$

e) Die Tempesatur würde sinker, Der Innerdanch ist hanstent Imbar und Nolumen bleit auch unverändert. Die Bisszeinzige Möglichkeit Energie aus dem System zu neden nehmen ist durch Isinken der Temperatur.

