

NMAP (Network Mapper)

What is Nmap?

- Nmap, short for Network Mapper, is a network discovery and security auditing tool
- Nmap is one of the most commonly used tools by penetration testing or by ethical hackers
- ❖ It is known for its simple and easy to remember flags that provide powerful scanning options

What is Nmap? Cont.

- Nmap is widely used by network administrators to scan for:
 - Open ports and services
 - Discover services along with their versions
 - Guess the operating system running on a target machine
 - Get accurate packet routes till the target machine
 - Monitoring hosts

Nmap Scan Types

A variety of scans can be performed using Nmap. Below are the types of scans:

☐ TCP SCAN

□ NULL SCAN

☐ UDP SCAN

☐ XMAS SCAN

☐ SYN SCAN

☐ RPC SCAN

☐ ACK SCAN

☐ IDLE SCAN

☐ FIN SCAN

Nmap Commands

The various commands you can use in Nmap along with their flag and usage description with an example on how to use it

Scanning Techniques

| Flag | Use | Example |
|------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| -sS | TCP syn port scan | nmap -sS 192.168.1.1 |
| -sT | TCP connect port scan | nmap -sT 192.168.1.1 |
| I-sU | UDP port scan | nmap –sU 192.168.1.1 |
| -sA | TCP ack port scan | nmap –sA 192.168.1.1 |

Nmap Commands cont.

Host Discovery

| Flag | Use | Example |
|------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| -Pn | only port scan | nmap -Pn192.168.1.1 |
| -sn | only host discover | nmap -sn192.168.1.1 |
| -PR | arp discovery on a local network | nmap -PR192.168.1.1 |
| -n | disable DNS resolution | nmap -n 192.168.1.1 |

Nmap Commands cont.

Port Specification

| Flag | Use | Example |
|------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| -p | specify a port or port range | nmap -p 1-30 192.168.1.1 |
| -p- | scan all ports | nmap -p- 192.168.1.1 |
| -F | fast port scan | nmap -F 192.168.1.1 |

Nmap Commands cont.

Service Version and OS Detection

| Flag | Use | Example |
|------|--|----------------------|
| -sV | detect the version of services running | nmap -sV 192.168.1.1 |
| -A | aggressive scan | nmap -A 192.168.1.1 |
| -O | detect operating system of the target | nmap -O 192.168.1.1 |

Demo