```
In []: # 多变量孟德尔随机化 — R语言
       # Author: 坚定的唯物主义鼠鼠
       library(TwoSampleMR)
In [ ]: id exposure <- c("ieu-a-299", "ieu-a-300", "ieu-a-302") # 三个暴露分别是HDL cholesterol,LDL cholesterol和Triglycerides
       id outcome <- "ieu-a-7" # 结果是冠心病
       # 更多的暴露和结果的GWAS ID可以在这里找到: http://cywd.f3322.net/minephp/IEU-GWAS/
In [ ]: exposure dat <- mv extract exposures(id exposure,clump r2 = 0.001,clump kb = 1e5) #提取暴露数据
       outcome dat <- extract outcome data(exposure dat$SNP, id outcome) #提取结局数据
       #提取暴露数据的参数clump r2和clump kb是用来剔除连锁不平衡的参数,可以根据需要进行调整
       mvdat <- mv harmonise data(exposure dat, outcome dat) # 对数据进行harmonisation
In [ ]: mv lasso feature selection(mvdat) # 进行Lasso回归,筛选出最佳的SNP组合
       # Apply LASSO feature selection to mvdat object
       # 在进行MVMR研究时,我们不建议使用很多的暴露,因为这会带来比较严重的共线性问题,一般3~5个为宜。
       # 如果暴露间的共线性问题比较严重,建议使用mv Lasso feature selection()函数来帮助你去除不必要的暴露。
       # 官方文档: https://mrcieu.github.io/TwoSampleMR/reference/mv lasso feature selection.html
In []: mv_ivw(mvdat) # 进行IVW分析
       # Performs modified multivariable MR analysis.
       # For each exposure the instruments are selected then all exposures for those SNPs are regressed against-
       # - the outcome together, weighting for the inverse variance of the outcome.
       # 官方文档: https://mrcieu.github.io/TwoSampleMR/reference/mv ivw.html
In [ ]: mv_multiple(mvdat,intercept = FALSE,instrument_specific= FALSE,plots = FALSE) # 进行多重暴露的 IVW分析
       # Performs modified multivariable MR analysis.
```

For each exposure the instruments are selected then all exposures for those SNPs are regressed against-

```
# 这个函数算法与mv ivw()函数类似。
        # intercept = FALSE: 用来控制是否在模型中加入截距项
        # instrument specific = FALSE: 用来控制是否对每个暴露都进行IVW分析
        # plots = FALSE: 用来控制是否绘制 IVW分析的图形
        # 官方文档: https://mrcieu.github.io/TwoSampleMR/reference/mv multiple.html
In []: mv basic(mvdat) # 进行基本的分析
       # Performs initial multivariable MR analysis from Burgess et al 2015.
        # For each exposure the outcome is residualised for all the other exposures, then unweighted regression is applied.
       # 官方文档: https://mrcieu.github.io/TwoSampleMR/reference/mv basic.html
In [ ]: mv residual(mvdat,intercept = FALSE,instrument specific= FALSE,plots = FALSE)
        # Performs initial multivariable MR analysis from Burgess et al 2015.
        # For each exposure the outcome is residualised for all the other exposures, then unweighted regression is applied.
       # 这个函数算法与mv basic()函数类似。
        # intercept = FALSE: 用来控制是否在模型中加入截距项
        # instrument specific = FALSE: 用来控制是否对每个暴露都进行IVW分析
        # plots = FALSE: 用来控制是否绘制 IVW分析的图形
       # 官方文档: https://mrcieu.github.io/TwoSampleMR/reference/mv residual.html
In [ ]: mv_subset(mvdat,
         features = mv_lasso_feature_selection(mvdat),
         intercept = FALSE,
         instrument_specific = FALSE,
         pval threshold = 5e-08,
          plots = FALSE)
          # Perform multivariable MR on subset of features
        # The function proceeds as follows:
       # 1. Select features (by default this is done using LASSO feature selection).
        # 2. Subset the mvdat to only retain relevant features and instruments.
        # 3. Perform MVMR on remaining data.
```

- the outcome together, weighting for the inverse variance of the outcome.

features: 要保留的数据,默认是mv_Lasso_feature_selection(mvdat)

intercept = FALSE: 用来控制是否在模型中加入截距项

instrument_specific = FALSE: 用来控制是否对每个暴露都进行IVW分析

plots = FALSE: 用来控制是否绘制 IVW分析的图形

官方文档: https://mrcieu.github.io/TwoSampleMR/reference/mv_subset.html