# Regular Expressions: Takeaways 🖻

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## **Syntax**

• To start using regex, use the re module.

#### **WILDCARDS**

• To indicate that *any* character can be put in its place:

```
strings = ["bat", "robotics", "megabyte"]
regex = "b.t"
```

#### **BEGINNINGS AND ENDINGS OF STRINGS**

- To match all strings that start with "a", use "^a".
- To match all strings that end with "a", use "a\$".

#### COUNTING MATCHES WITHIN THE DATASET

- To check whether "needle" is a match for "haystack".
  - Input:

```
if re.search("needle", "haystack") is not None:
    print("We found it!")
else:
    print("Not a match")
```

• Output:

```
Not a match
```

#### MATCHING MULTIPLE CHARACTERS

• To match multiple characters, specify the characters between "[]":

```
`"[bcr]at"`
```

• This expression would match "bat", "cat", and "rat".

#### **ESCAPING SPECIAL CHARACTERS**

• To escape a character use "\":

```
for row in posts:
    if re.search("\[Serious\]", row[0]) is not None:
        serious_count += 1
```

## **COMBINING REGEX CHARACTERS**

• Checking if our code has either "[Serious]" or "[serious]":

```
serious_count = 0
for row in posts:
   if re.search("\[[Ss]erious\]", row[0]) is not None:
        serious_count += 1
```

• To match either one character or another, use "|":

#### ADDITIONAL REGEX

• To substitute strings, use sub():

```
re.sub("yo", "hello", "yo world")
```

• To match years, use:

```
"[1-2][0-9][0-9]"
```

• To repeat characters, use "{ }". To repeat the pattern "[0-9]" four times:

```
`"[0-9]{4}"`
```

# Concepts

- A **regular expression** (regex) is a sequence of characters that describes a search pattern. We can use regular expressions to search for and extract data.
- In regular expressions, escaping a character means indicating that you don't want the character to do anything special
  - The re module provides a <u>sub()</u> function that takes the following parameters (in order):
  - pattern : The regex to match
  - **repl**: The string that should replace the substring matches
  - **string**: The string containing the pattern we want to search

### Resources

- Python Documentation on re
- Python Documentation on re.search



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