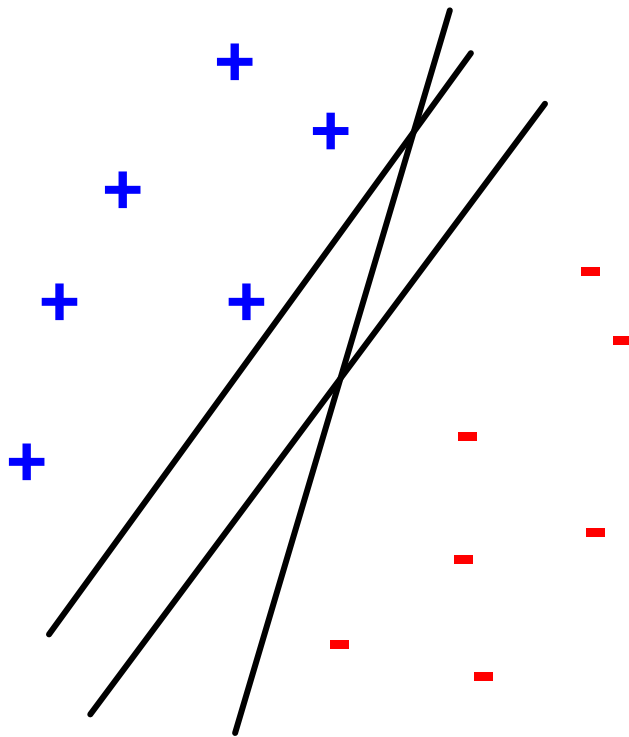


# Support Vector Machines

- Want to separate “+” from “-” using a line



## Data:

- Training examples:

- $(x_1, y_1) \dots (x_n, y_n)$

- Each example  $i$ :

- $x_i = (x_i^{(1)}, \dots, x_i^{(d)})$

- $x_i^{(j)}$  is real valued

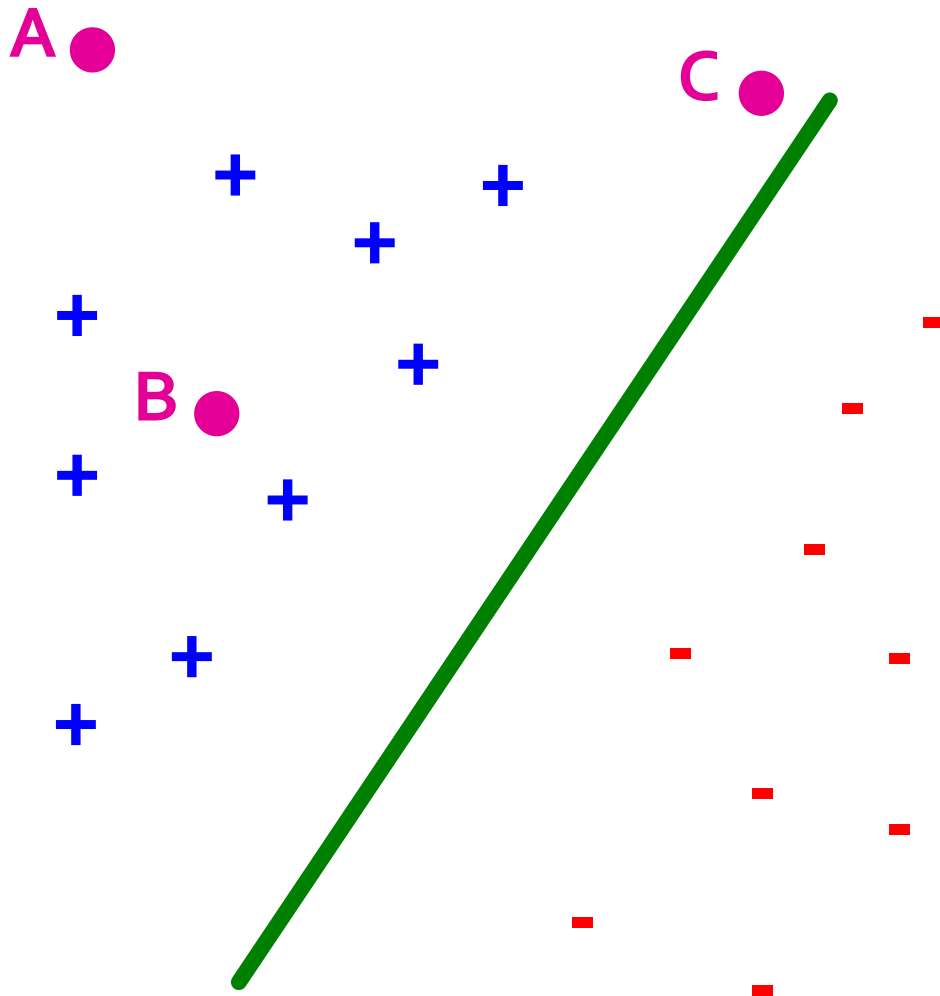
- $y_i \in \{-1, +1\}$

- Inner product:

$$w \cdot x = \sum_{j=1}^d w^{(j)} \cdot x^{(j)}$$

Which is best linear separator (defined by  $w$ )?

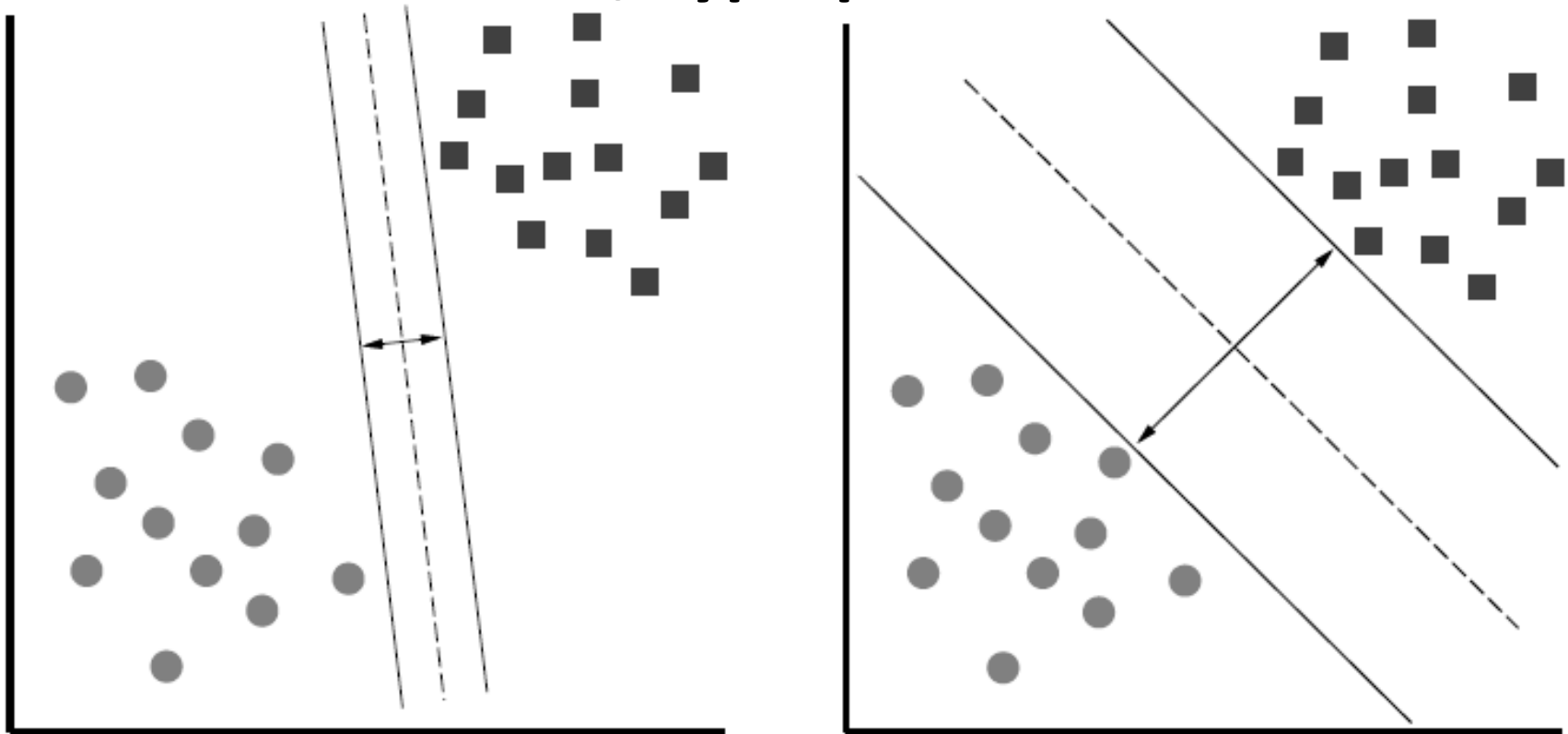
# Largest Margin



- Distance from the separating hyperplane corresponds to the “confidence” of prediction
- Example:
  - We are more sure about the class of **A** and **B** than of **C**

# Largest Margin

- **Margin  $\gamma$ :** Distance of closest example from the decision line/hyperplane

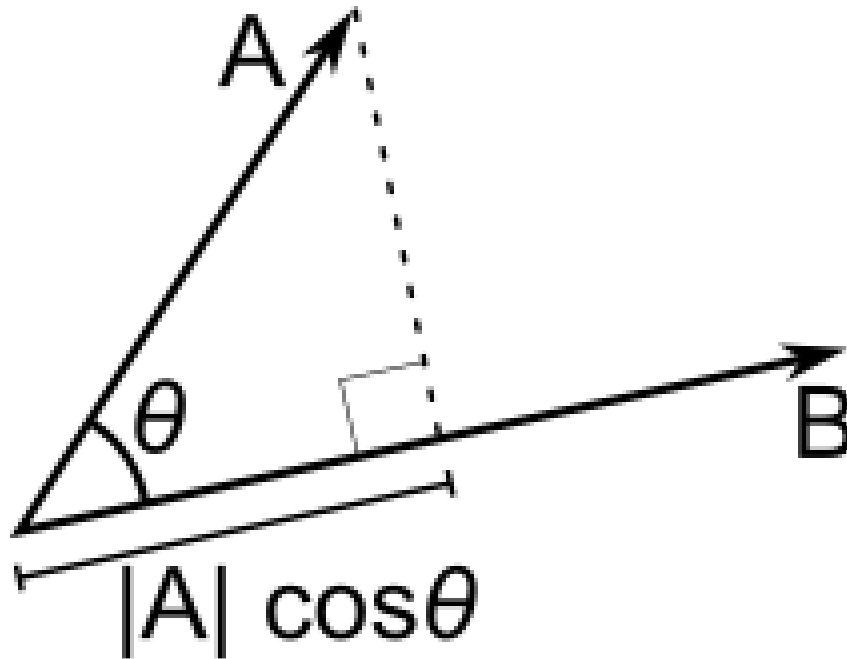


The reason we define margin this way is due to theoretical convenience and existence of generalization error bounds that depend on the value of margin.

# Why maximizing $\gamma$ a good idea?

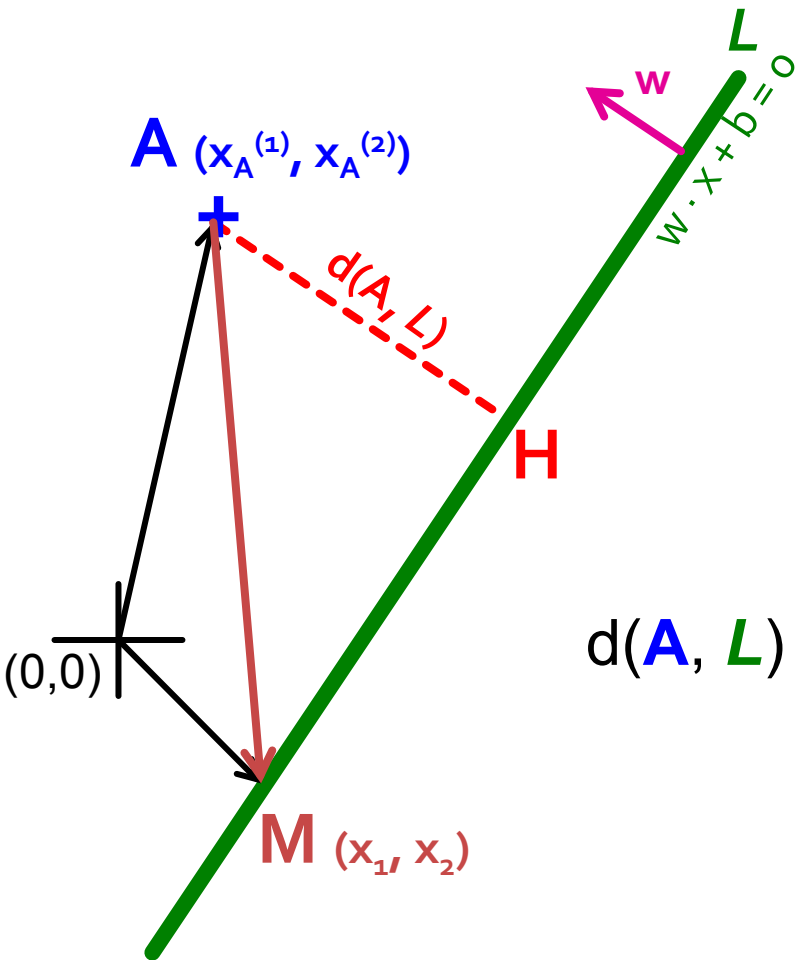
- Remember: Dot product

$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B} = \|\mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{B}\| \cos \theta$$



$$\|\mathbf{A}\| = \sqrt{\sum_{j=1}^d (A^{(j)})^2}$$

# What is the margin?



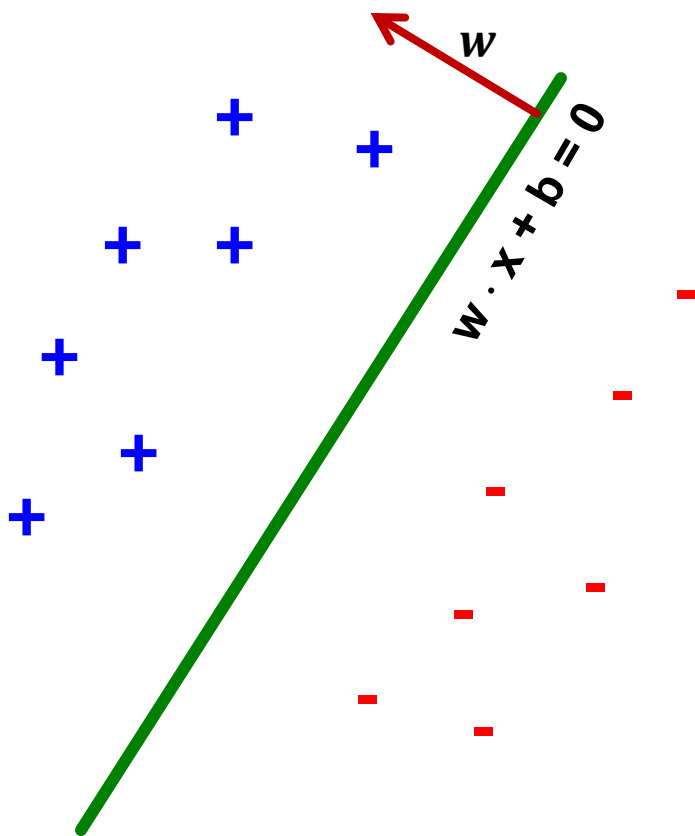
## ■ Let:

- **Line L:**  $w \cdot x + b =$   
 $w^{(1)}x^{(1)} + w^{(2)}x^{(2)} + b = 0$
- $w = (w^{(1)}, w^{(2)})$
- **Point A** =  $(x_A^{(1)}, x_A^{(2)})$
- **Point M** on a line =  $(x_M^{(1)}, x_M^{(2)})$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d(\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{L}) &= |\mathbf{AH}| \\
 &= |(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{M}) \cdot \mathbf{w}| \\
 &= |(x_A^{(1)} - x_M^{(1)}) w^{(1)} + (x_A^{(2)} - x_M^{(2)}) w^{(2)}| \\
 &= x_A^{(1)} w^{(1)} + x_A^{(2)} w^{(2)} + b \\
 &= \mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{A} + b
 \end{aligned}$$

Remember  $x_M^{(1)} w^{(1)} + x_M^{(2)} w^{(2)} = -b$   
 since **M** belongs to line **L**

# Largest Margin



- Prediction =  $\text{sign}(w \cdot x + b)$
- “**Confidence**” =  $(w \cdot x + b) y$
- For  $i$ -th datapoint:
$$\gamma_i = (w \cdot x_i + b) y_i$$
- Want to solve:
$$\max_w \min_i \gamma_i$$
- Can rewrite as

$$\max_{w, \gamma}$$

$$s.t. \forall i, y_i (w \cdot x_i + b) \geq \gamma$$

# Support Vector Machine

- **Maximize the margin:**
  - Good according to intuition, theory (VC dimension) & practice

$$\max_{w, \gamma} \gamma$$

$$s.t. \forall i, y_i (w \cdot x_i + b) \geq \gamma$$

- $\gamma$  is margin ... distance from the separating hyperplane

