



Who among you has ever wasted more than  
half a working day trying to replicate a  
colleague's development environment  
...only to find out that it still doesn't work?

# VSCode Dev Container

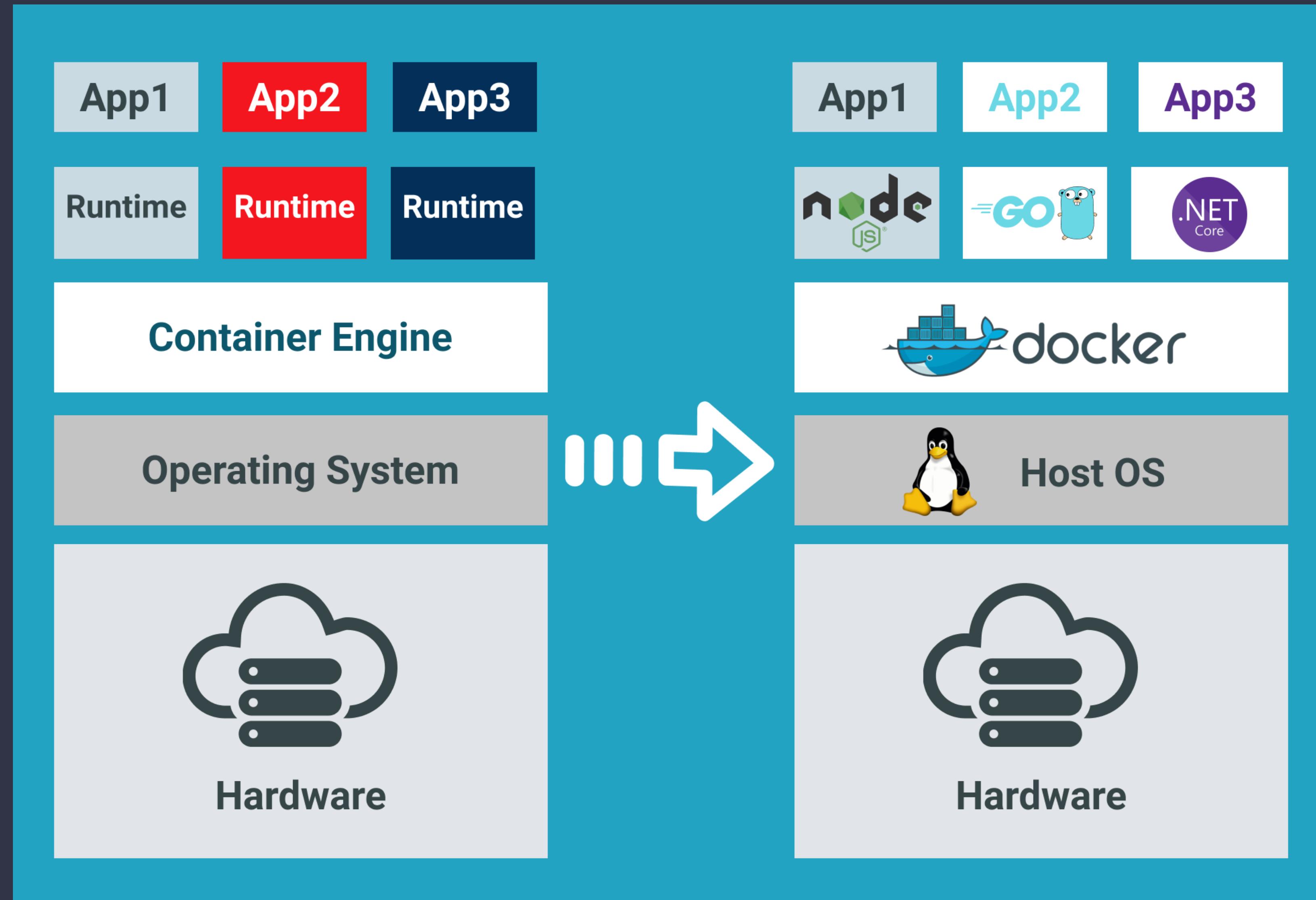
Lucasc - 28.06.2025

# Agenda

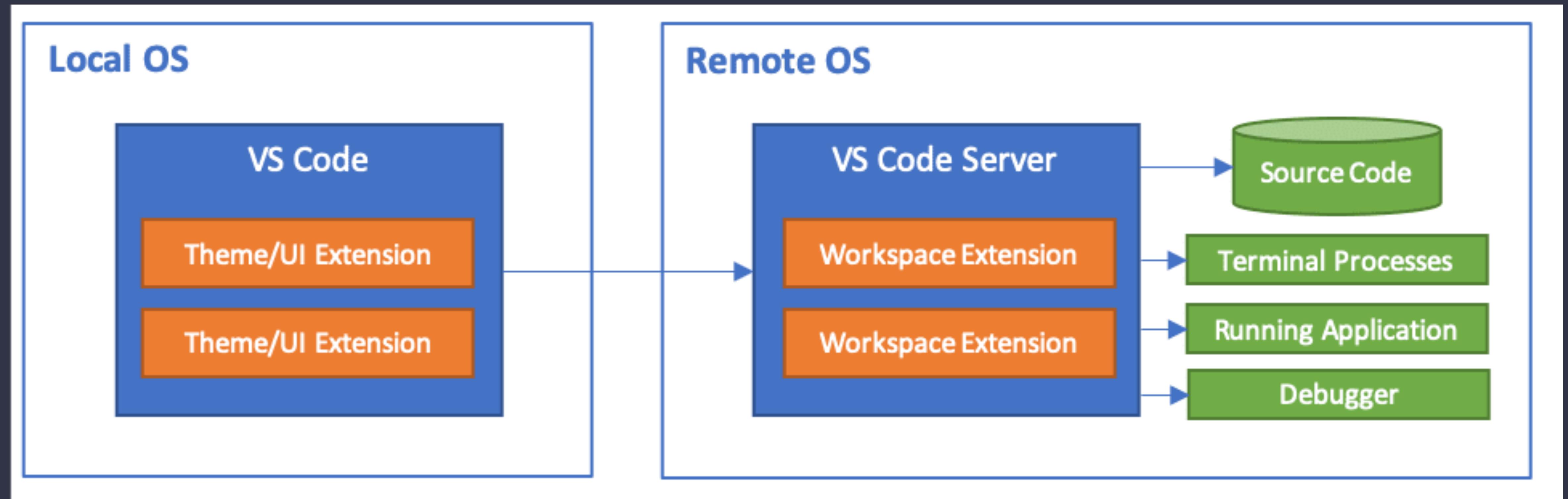
1. What is docker and remote development
2. What are Dev Containers?
3. Benefits
4. Requirements
5. Setup
6. Creating your first container
7. Run an app with multiple containers

# Basics

# What is Docker?



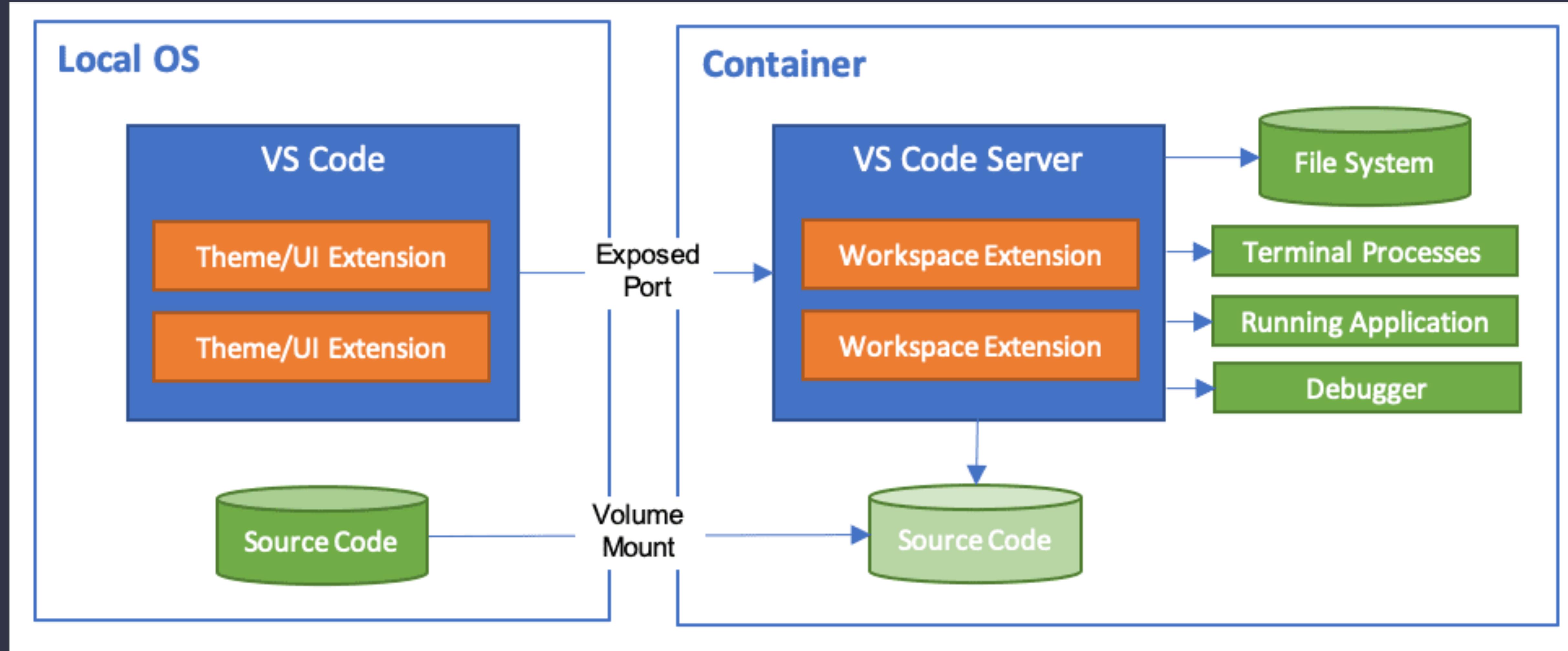
# What is remote development?



Source: <https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/remote/remote-overview>

# What are Dev Containers?

- **Dev Environment in a Container**
- Reproducible
  - No "*It works on my machine*"



Source: <https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/devcontainers/containers>

# Benefits

- Reproducible
- Versionable
- Easier dependency management
- Isolated environments

# Creating your first container

# Requirements

- Visual Studio Code
- Dev Containers extension
- Docker or Kubernetes
  - Local: Docker Desktop / Docker installed
  - Github Codespaces
  - Remote:
    - A machine with an SSH-Server and Docker installed
    - Remote Explorer and Remote SSH extensions

# Setup

1. Install all required extensions
2. Install an SSH-Server on your remote machine
3. Setup login using SSH-Keys (optional, recommended)
4. Install Docker on your remote machine
5. Connect to your remote machine

# Creating your first container

1. Open the Command Palette (Press F1)
2. Select Dev Containers: New Dev Container
3. Select the template (e.g deno)
4. Select create dev container
5. Create a file called app.ts (and insert the code from next slide)
6. Open a terminal inside of VSCode
7. Run deno run app.ts

```
1 const fruits: string[] = ["apple", "banana", "grape", "kiwi", "pear"];
2
3 console.log("Number of items: " + fruits.length);
4 printList(fruits);
5
6 fruits.push("mango");
7 console.log("Number of items: " + fruits.length);
8 printList(fruits);
9
10 function printList(fruits: string[]): void {
11     console.log("-----");
12     fruits.forEach((fruit) => {
13         console.log(fruit);
14     });
15     console.log("-----");
16 }
17
```



# Advanced

# Run an app with multiple containers

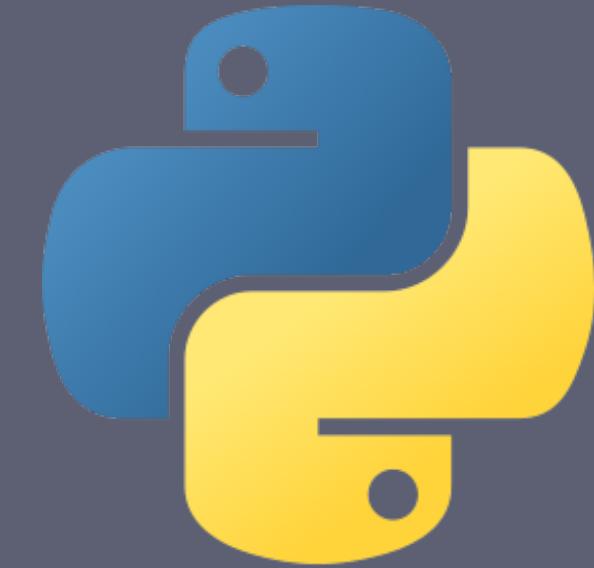
Frontend



Backend



FastAPI



Database



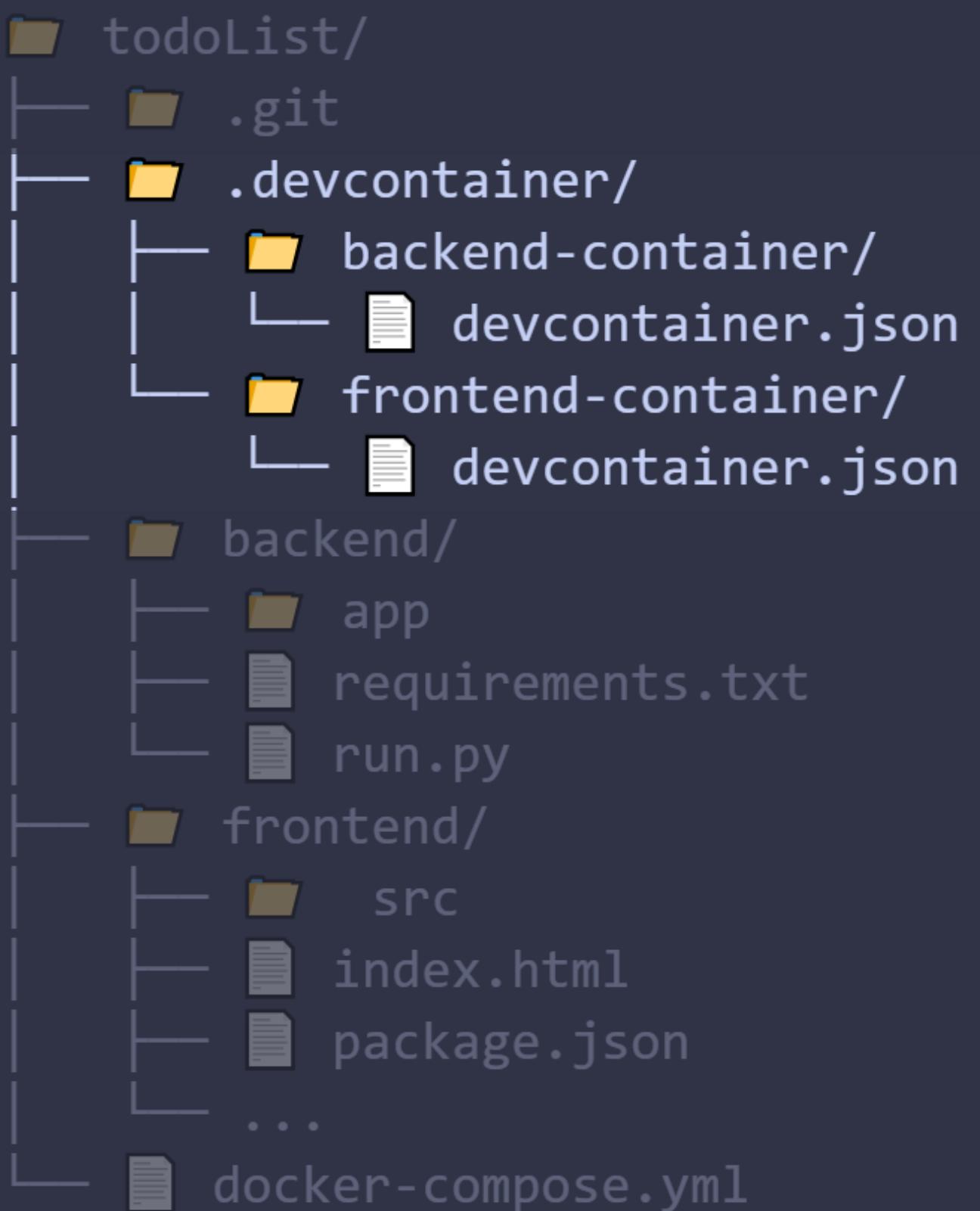
Sources: Vue: <https://github.com/vuejs/art> ; NodeJS: <https://nodejs.org/en/about/branding> ; FastAPI:<https://fastapi.tiangolo.com/> ; Python: <https://www.python.org/community/logos/> ; Postgres: <https://wiki.postgresql.org/wiki/Logo>

# Run an app with multiple containers

```
todoList/
├── .git
└── .devcontainer/
    ├── backend-container/
    │   └── devcontainer.json
    └── frontend-container/
        └── devcontainer.json
└── backend/
    ├── app
    ├── requirements.txt
    └── run.py
└── frontend/
    ├── src
    ├── index.html
    └── package.json
...
└── docker-compose.yml
```

# Run an app with multiple containers

## devcontainer.json



# devcontainer.json

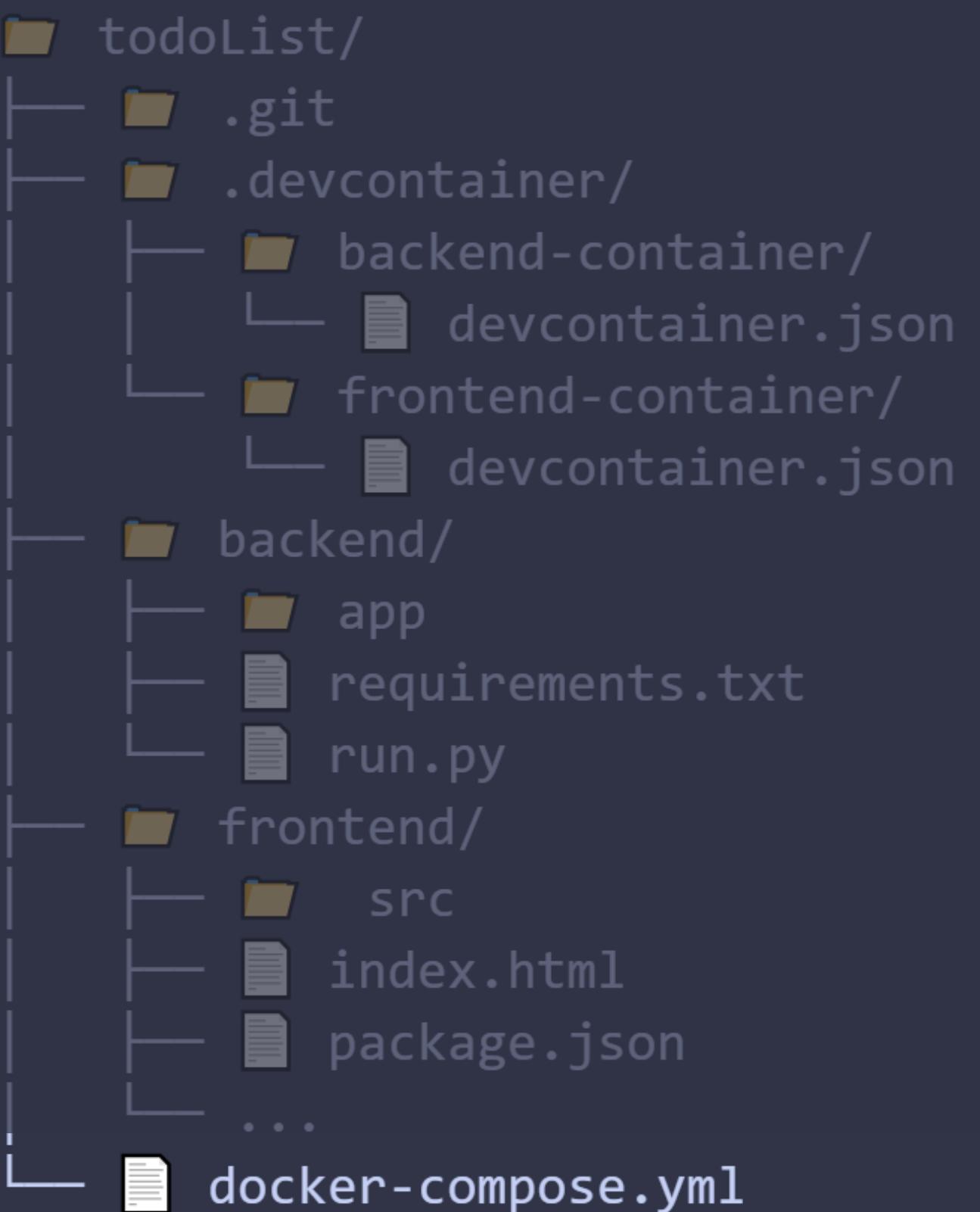
- Includes **metadata** and **settings**
  - Image/Dockerfile specific
  - Docker Compose specific
  - Lifecycle hooks
  - Minimum host requirements
  - Port attributes
- **Installed extensions**

# devcontainer.json

```
1  {
2      "name": "Backend",
3      "service": "backend",
4      "dockerComposeFile": [
5          "../../.docker-compose.yaml"
6      ],
7      "forwardPorts": [
8          8000
9      ],
10     "postCreateCommand": "cd backend ; python -m pip install -r requirements.txt",
11     "shutdownAction": "none",
12     "workspaceFolder": "/workspace"
13 }
```

# Run an app with multiple containers

## docker-compose.yml



# docker-compose.yaml

- Defines
  - Containers
  - Networks
  - Volumes
- Sets start order

# docker-compose.yaml

```
1  services:
2    backend:
3      image: mcr.microsoft.com/devcontainers/python:3.11-bookworm
4      volumes:
5        - ./:/workspace
6      command: sleep infinity
7      ports:
8        - 8000:8000
9      networks:
10     - devcontainers
11
12    postgres:
13      image: postgres:15
14      container_name: todo_postgres
15      environment:
16        POSTGRES_USER: postgres
17        POSTGRES_PASSWORD: postgres
18        POSTGRES_DB: todo_db
19      volumes:
20        - postgres_data:/var/lib/postgresql/data
21      networks:
22        - devcontainers
```

# Volumes



# Volumes

- **Persistent storage** managed by docker
- Uses cases:
  - **Caching** dependencies
  - **Local databases**
  - **Share files** between containers

# Volumes

```
21 "mounts": [  
22     "source=node_cache,target=/workspace/frontend/node_modules"  
23 ]
```

# Start everything

1. Open the folder todoList in the repo
2. Open the Command Palette (Press F1)
3. Select Dev Containers: Reopen in Container
4. Select to which container you want to connect
5. Run
  - `python run.py` for the backend
  - `npx vite dev --host` for the frontend

# Lifecycle hooks

- **Commands** that run on **a different points** in the **container lifecycle**
  - for example to install dependencies, start services, set permissions
  - e.g **postCreateCommand**, **postStartCommand**, **postAttachCommand**

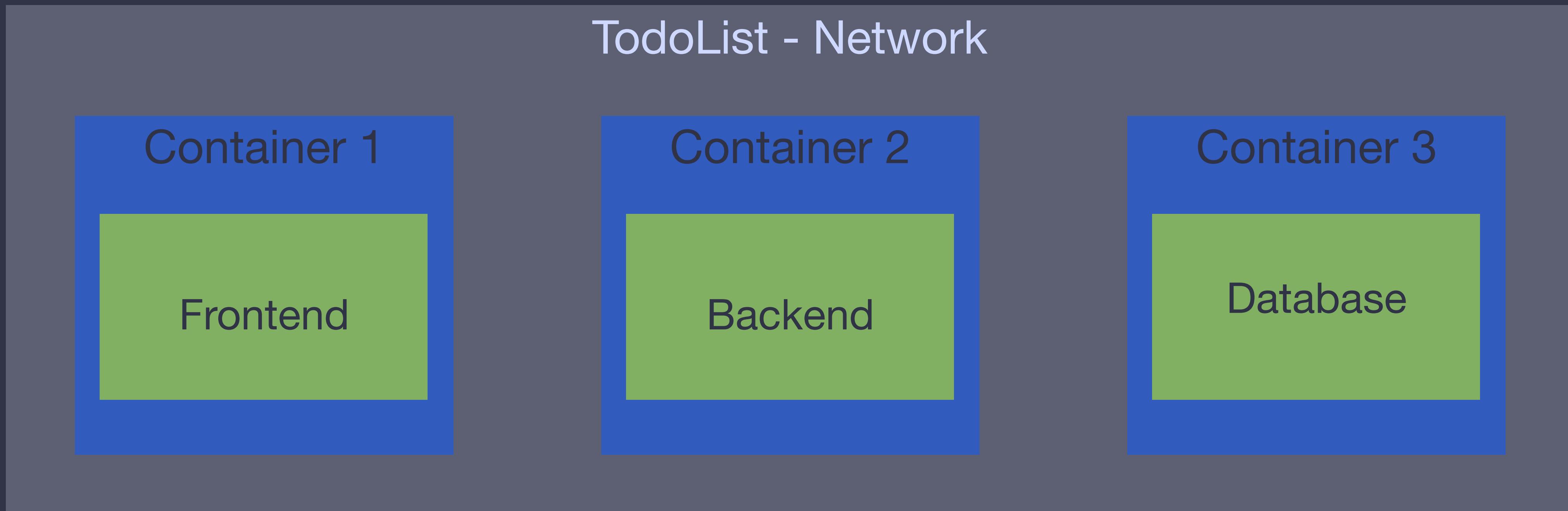
Example:

```
1  {
2    "postCreateCommand": "cd frontend/ ; npm install"
3 }
```

# Connect to multiple containers

- One VSCode window per container
- Multiple windows possible
  - File -> New Window
  - Press F1
  - Select DevContainers: Reopen in Container
  - Select the container

# Networks



# Networks

TodoList - Network

Container 1

Frontend

Container 2

Backend

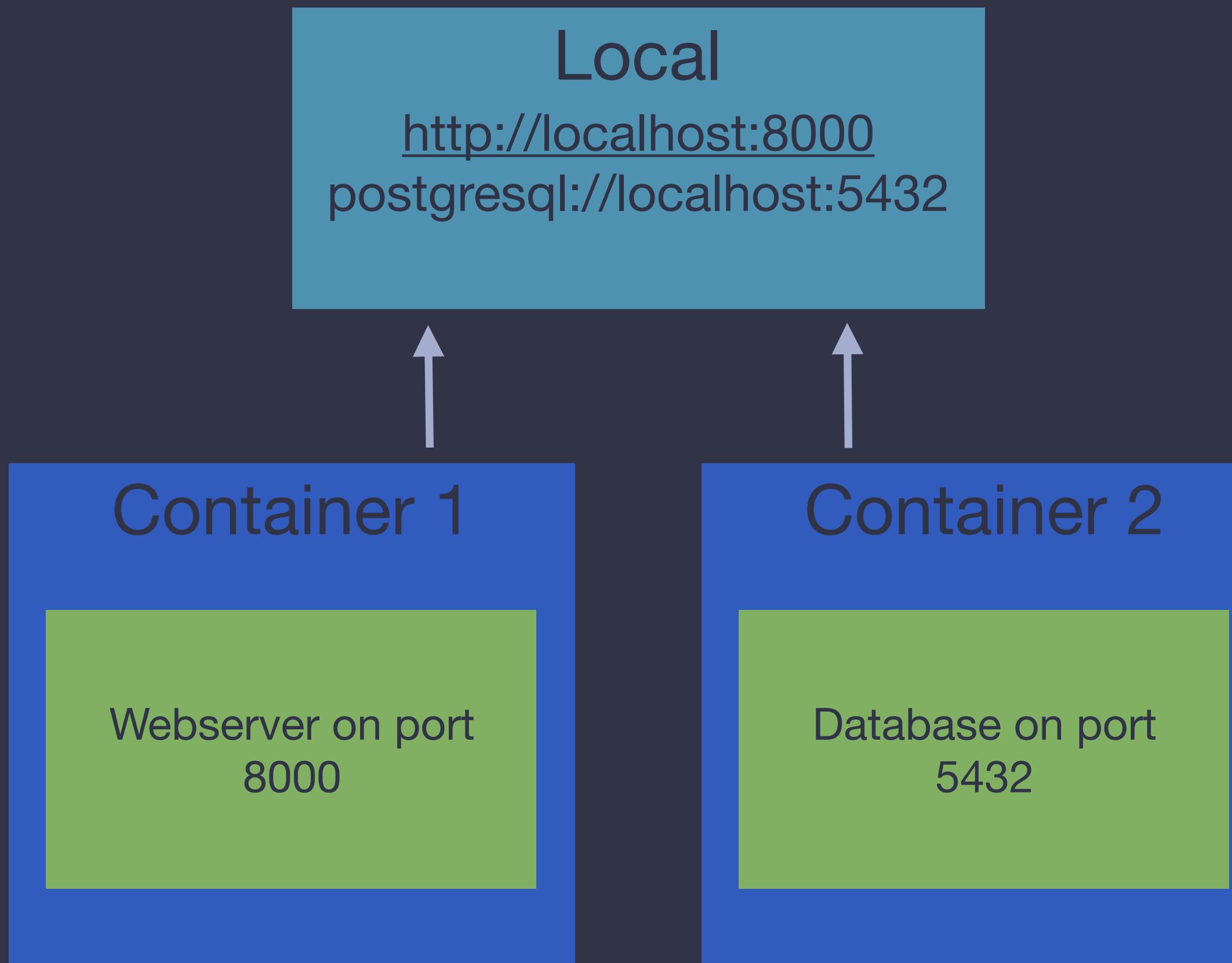
Container 3

Database

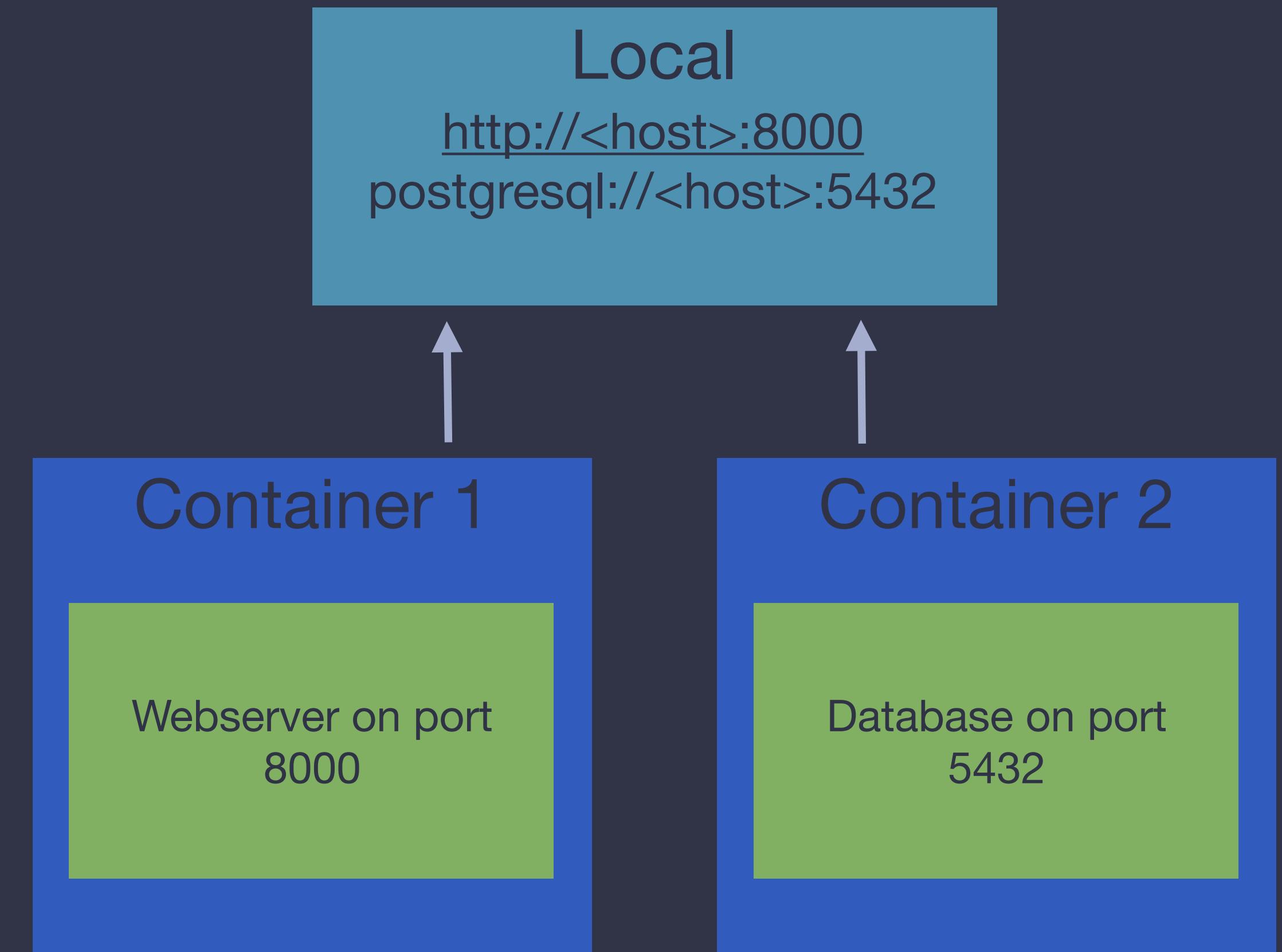
```
networks:  
  devcontainers:  
    driver: bridge
```

# Ports

## Port forwarding

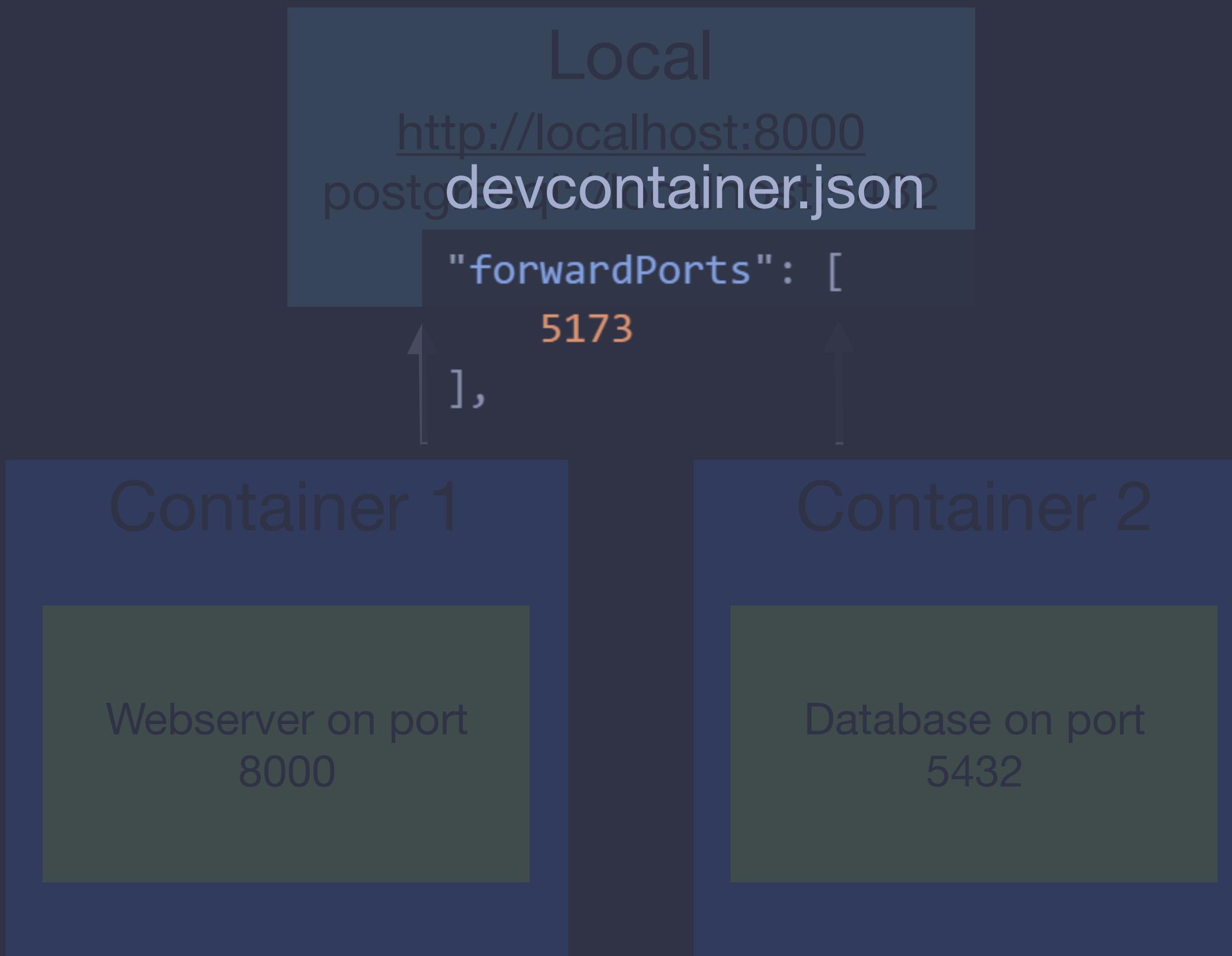


## Publishing

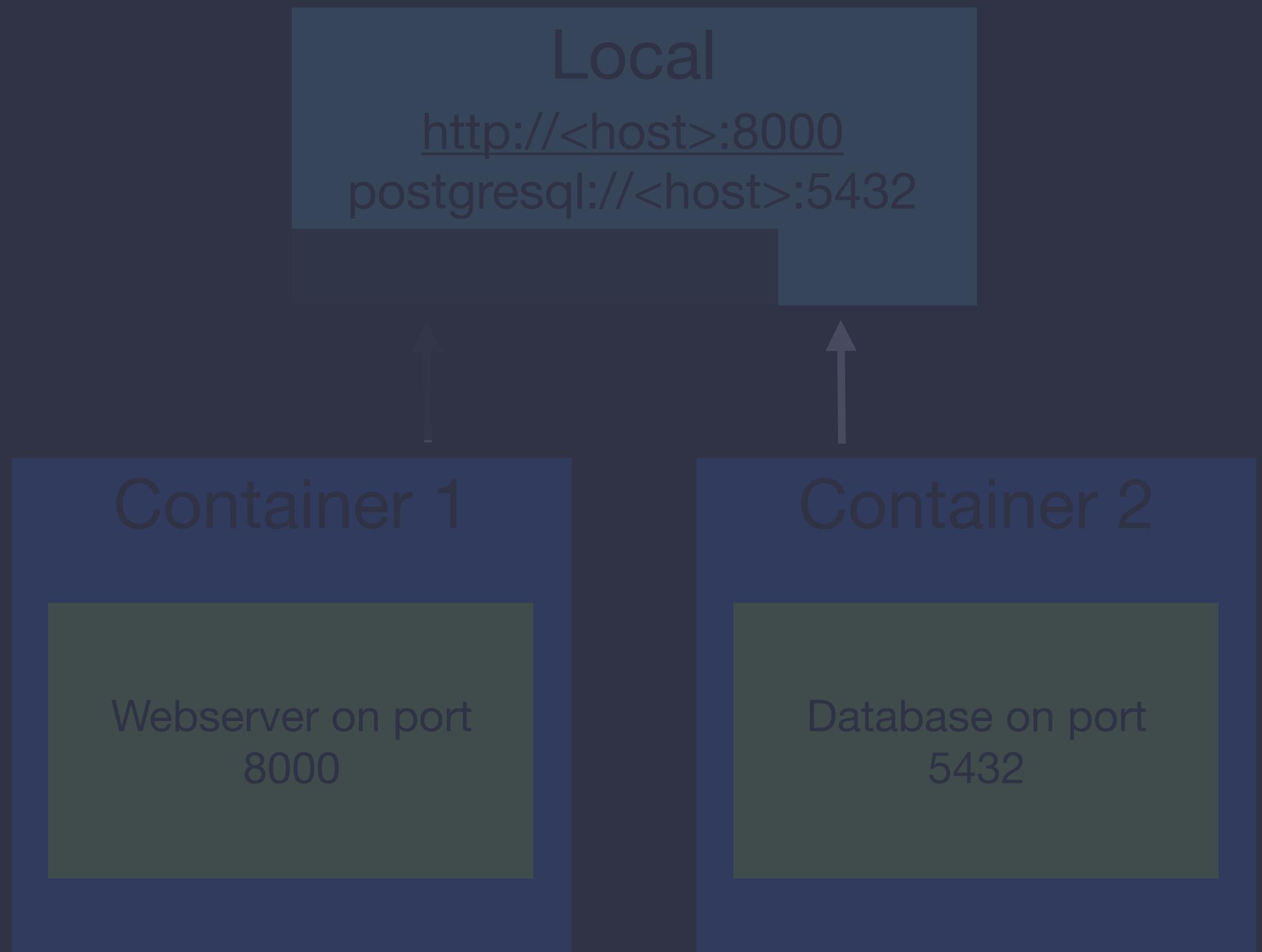


# Ports - Forwarding

## Port forwarding

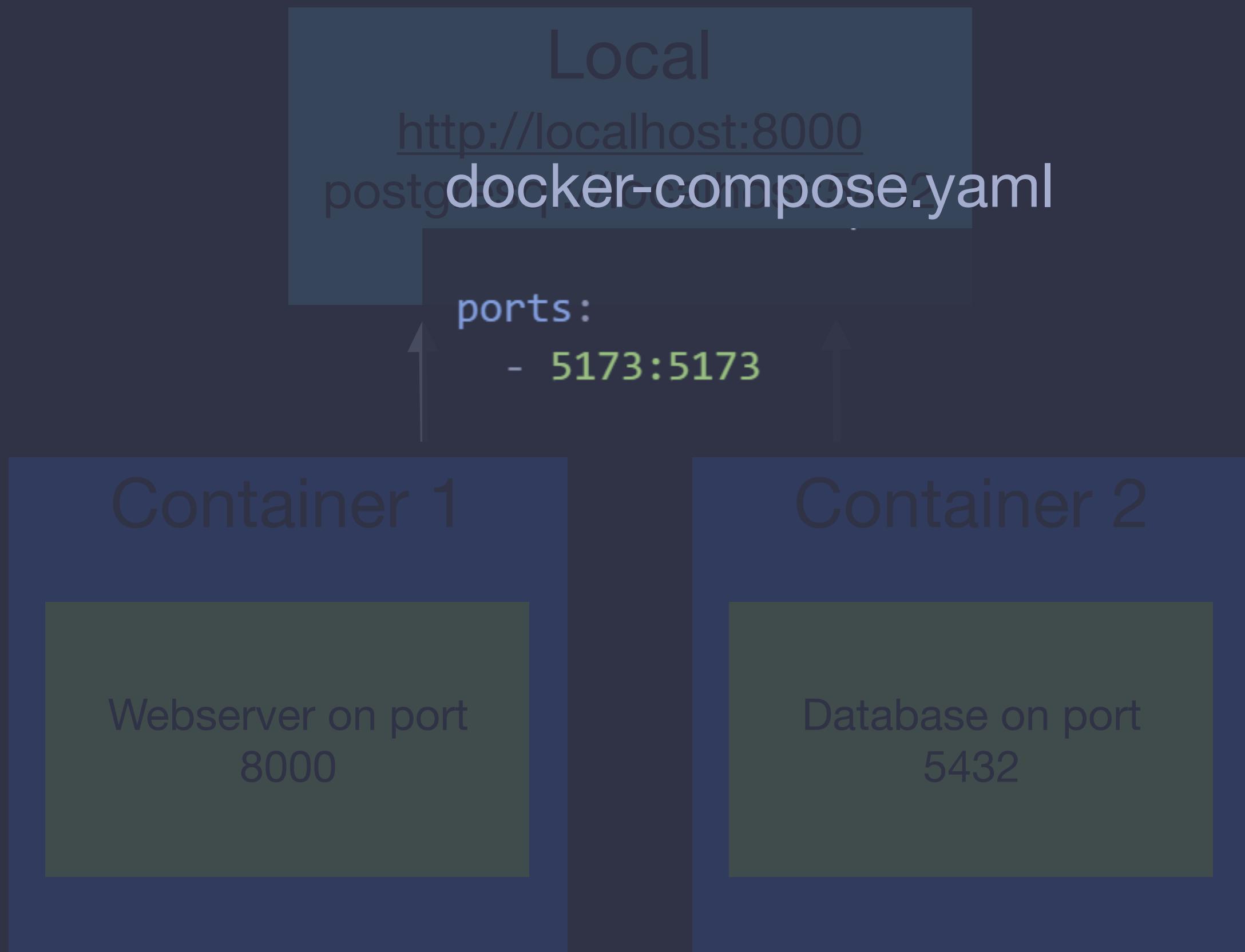


## Publishing

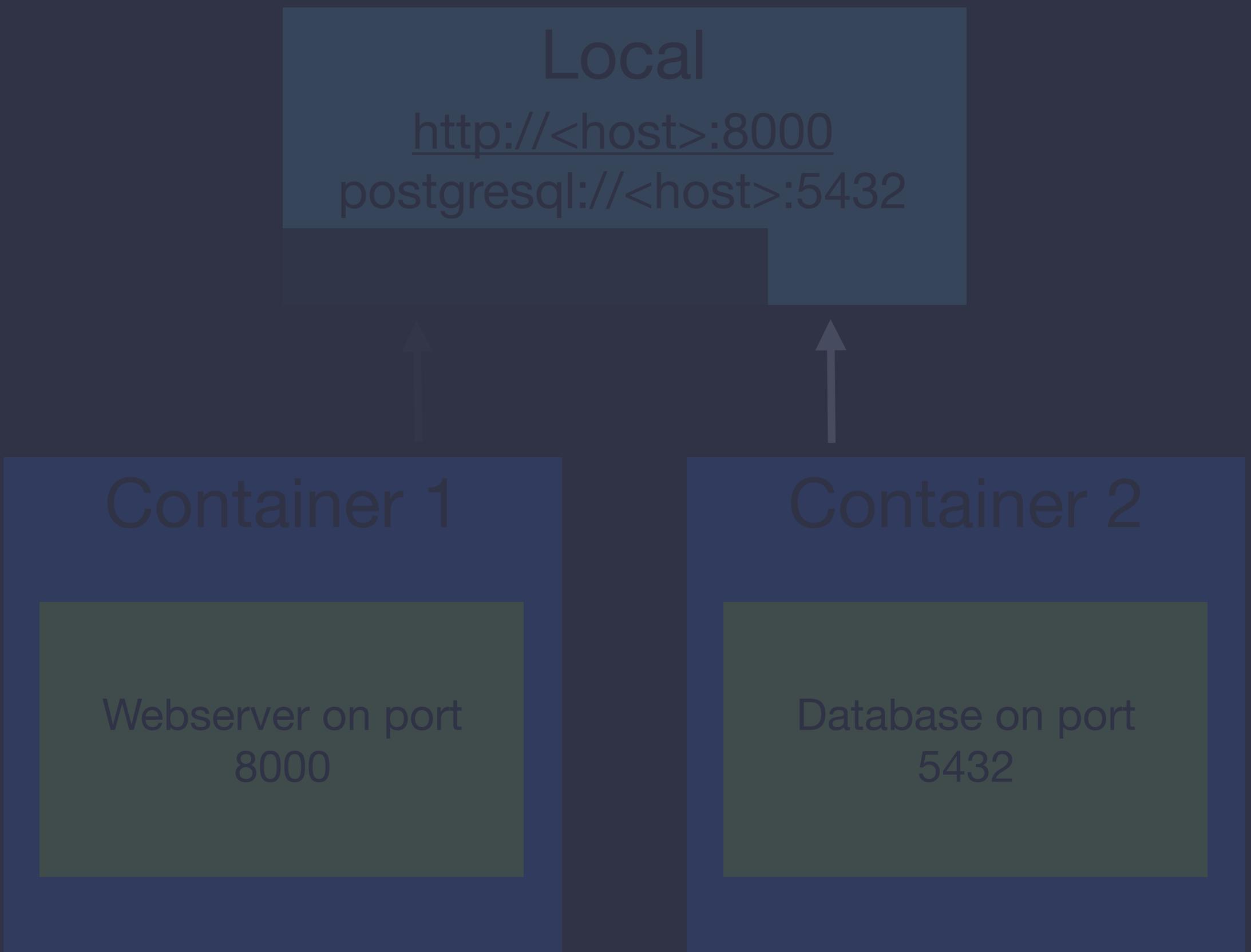


# Ports - Publishing

## Port forwarding



## Publishing





Source: Generated with Chat GPT. The prompt is on the next slide.

# Prompt for that image

- A photorealistic scene showing two laptops side by side on a dark wooden desk with soft ambient lighting. The left laptop is old and severely damaged: the screen is cracked with a bullet-like hole, the casing is dirty and scratched, and multiple keys are missing or scattered around. The screen displays a broken Node.js logo with a sad cartoon-style face drawn on top, expressing frustration or disappointment. The right laptop is new, modern, and clean, with an illuminated screen showing a smiling cartoon-style face. On its screen, there's a Node.js and Visual Studio Code logo, both encapsulated inside a stylized container or devcontainer illustration, emphasizing safety and functionality. No glass case is present. The atmosphere is professional yet fun, highlighting a clear contrast between decay and well-maintained productivity tools.
- Style:
  - Photorealistic
  - Balanced lighting with soft shadows
  - Clean, neutral background
  - Mood: optimistic, light-hearted, tech-oriented
- Visual elements:
  - Cracks, dirt, and missing parts on the broken laptop
  - A glowing screen with icons and a smile on the working one
  - Node.js and VS Code branding should be clear and centered
  - Faces on the screens should have a slight cartoon touch

[https://github.com/cz-lucas/  
vscode-devcontainers-  
workshop](https://github.com/cz-lucas/vscode-devcontainers-workshop)



# More resources

- <https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/devcontainers/containers>
- <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-ca/shows/beginners-series-to-dev-containers/introduction-1-of-8--beginners-series-to-dev-containers>
- <https://www.zweitag.de/blog/how-to-develop-with-dev-containers>
- <https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/remote/ssh>
- <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-use-visual-studio-code-for-remote-development-via-the-remote-ssh-plugin>
- <https://medium.com/@techsuneel99/docker-from-beginner-to-expert-a-comprehensive-tutorial-5efec10c82ab>

