

# 21W-COMSCIM51A-1 Homework 1

CHARLES ZHANG

TOTAL POINTS

**78 / 80**

## QUESTION 1

### 1 Question 1 2 / 2

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct
- **0.5 pts** Minor error
- **1 pts** Switched analog with digital
- **2 pts** Blank

## QUESTION 2

### 2 Question 2 2 / 2

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct; **\*\*Combinational\*\*** and **\*\*Sequential\*\***
- **1 pts** Missing combinational
- **1 pts** Missing sequential

## QUESTION 3

### 3 Question 3 6 / 6

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct
- **1 pts** A. Incorrect
- **1 pts** B. Incorrect
- **1 pts** C. Incorrect
- **2 pts** A. Incorrect answer, no work
- **2 pts** B. Incorrect answer, no work
- **2 pts** C. Incorrect answer, no work

## QUESTION 4

### 4 Question 4 4 / 4

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct; (a) **\$(0001111101)\$** (b) **\$(1110000011)\$**
- (a)
  - **2 pts** (a) wrong binary
  - **1 pts** (a) not in 10 bits
- (b)
  - **2 pts** (b) wrong 2's complement
  - **1 pts** (b) not in 10 bits

## QUESTION 5

### 5 Question 5 8 / 8

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct
- **1 pts** A. Incorrect
- **1 pts** B. Incorrect
- **1 pts** C. Incorrect
- **1 pts** D. Incorrect 3 digit max base 3
- **0.5 pts** D. Incorrect base 10
- **2 pts** A. Incorrect, no work
- **2 pts** B. Incorrect, no work
- **2 pts** C. Incorrect, no work
- **2 pts** D. Incorrect, no work

## QUESTION 6

### 6 Question 6 8 / 8

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct; (a) **\$(0101101)\$** (b) **\$(00101101)\$** (c) **\$(100101)\$** (d) **\$(11100101)\$**
- (a)
  - **2 pts** (a) wrong 2's complement
  - **1 pts** (a) MSB is not 0
- (b)
  - **2 pts** (b) wrong answer
  - **1 pts** (b) not in 8 bits
- (c)
  - **2 pts** (c) wrong 2's complement
  - **1 pts** (c) MSB is not 0
- (d)
  - **2 pts** (d) wrong answer
  - **1 pts** (d) not in 8 bits

## QUESTION 7

### 7 Question 7 15 / 16

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct
- **1 pts** A. Incorrect 2's complement

- 1 pts A. Incorrect decimal
- ✓ - 1 pts A. Does not overflow
- 1 pts A. Sum should correct
- 1 pts B. Incorrect 2's complement
- 1 pts B. Incorrect decimal
- 1 pts B. Does overflow
- 1 pts B. Sum should be incorrect
- 1 pts C. Incorrect 2's complement
- 1 pts C. Incorrect decimal
- 1 pts C. Does not overflow
- 1 pts C. Sum should be correct
- 1 pts D. Incorrect 2's complement
- 1 pts D. Incorrect decimal
- 1 pts D. Does overflow
- 1 pts D. Sum should be incorrect

#### QUESTION 8

#### 8 Question 8 16 / 16

- ✓ + 16 pts Correct! [Screen\_Shot\_2021-01-15\_at\_9.18.58\_PM.png] (/files/1a31513a-bbd2-4872-bb57-2b475cbb4cbc)
- + 0 pts Placeholder; use point adjustment; 16\*1 points

#### QUESTION 9

#### 9 Question 9 8 / 8

- ✓ - 0 pts Correct
- 1 pts 1x incorrect decimal
- 1 pts 1x incorrect binary
- 1.5 pts Answers should be in 4 bit binary
- 4 pts 4x incorrect binary

#### QUESTION 10

#### 10 Question 10 9 / 10

- 0 pts Correct ! [Screen\_Shot\_2021-01-15\_at\_9.20.10\_PM.png] (/files/9e9167c2-b50c-4f05-ad15-0b733e3aa8fa)

Input set

- 0 pts Correct (with three constraints)
- ✓ - 1 pts Missing the length of vector constraint ( $n \geq 2$ )

- 1 pts Missing there is exactly two "1"s constraint
- 1 pts Missing the item can be either 0 or 1 constraint

Output set

- ✓ - 0 pts Correct (positive number or  $[1, n-1]$ )
- 2 pts Non-negative number
- 3 pts Other answers

Input-output Function

- ✓ - 0 pts Any valid representations, inc. truth table, arithmetic expression, conditional expression, logical expression, composition of simpler function, function with textual description, python/c++/other PL implementations, etc.
- 2 pts Answer falls into the allowable representation but with slight issues (ex. ambiguity)
- 4 pts Wrong answer

#### QUESTION 11

#### 11 Academic Honesty Acknowledgement 0 / 0

- ✓ - 0 pts Correct
- 0 pts No AHA

# CS M51A, Winter 2021, Assignment 1

(Total Mark: 80 points, 8%)

Due: Wed Jan 13, 10:00 AM PT

Student Name: Charles Zhang

Student ID: 305-413-659

**Note:** You must complete the assignments entirely on your own, without discussing with others.

- ✓ 1. (2 points) Briefly outline the primary differences between digital and analog systems.  
 Digital systems have discrete inputs and outputs, like a calculator.  
 Analog systems have continuous inputs and outputs, like sound.

- ✓ 2. (2 points) What are the two types of digital systems?  
 The 2 types of digital systems are combinational and sequential.

- ✓ 3. (6 points) Given the 8-bit binary number 1101 1010, give its decimal equivalent if these eight bits are interpreted as

(a) an 8-bit unsigned number. (show your steps)

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ 1 \cdot 2^7 + 1 \cdot 2^6 + 0 \cdot 2^5 + 1 \cdot 2^4 + 1 \cdot 2^3 + 0 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 0 \cdot 2^0 & = & 218 \end{array}$$

(b) an 8-bit signed magnitude number. (show your steps)

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ - (2^6 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1) & = & -90 \end{array}$$

(c) an 8-bit 2's complement number.

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ -2^7 + 2^6 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1 & = & -38 \end{array}$$

4. (4 points) Number Representation

(a) Write the number 125 in binary, extended to 10 bits.

$$2^6 + 2^5 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0 = 64 + 32 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 1 = 125 \checkmark$$

(b) Compute the 2s complement negation of the 10-bit number in (a).

↳ complement bits, add 1

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{1110000010} + 0000000001 = \\ \text{1110000011} \end{array}$$

5. (8 points) Find x and y such that the following conditions are satisfied and show all the steps of your work.

## 1 Question 1 2 / 2

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **0.5 pts** Minor error

- **1 pts** Switched analog with digital

- **2 pts** Blank

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(b) an 8-bit signed magnitude number. (show your steps)

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4. (4 points) Number Representation

(a) Write the number 125 in binary, extended to 10 bits.

$$2^6 + 2^5 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0 = 64 + 32 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 1 = 125 \checkmark$$

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$$\begin{array}{l} \text{1110000010} + 0000000001 = \\ \text{1110000011} \end{array}$$

5. (8 points) Find x and y such that the following conditions are satisfied and show all the steps of your work.

## 2 Question 2 2 / 2

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- 1 pts Missing sequential



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(b) an 8-bit signed magnitude number. (show your steps)

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ - (2^6 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1) & = & -90 \end{array}$$

(c) an 8-bit 2's complement number.

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ -2^7 + 2^6 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1 & = & -38 \end{array}$$

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(b) Compute the 2s complement negation of the 10-bit number in (a).

↳ complement bits, add 1

$$\text{1110000010} + 0000000001 =$$

$$\boxed{1110000011}$$

5. (8 points) Find x and y such that the following conditions are satisfied and show all the steps of your work.

### 3 Question 3 6 / 6

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 1 pts A. Incorrect

- 1 pts B. Incorrect

- 1 pts C. Incorrect

- 2 pts A. Incorrect answer, no work

- 2 pts B. Incorrect answer, no work

- 2 pts C. Incorrect answer, no work



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(b) an 8-bit signed magnitude number. (show your steps)

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ - (2^6 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1) & = & -90 \end{array}$$

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$$\text{1110000010} + 0000000001 =$$

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5. (8 points) Find x and y such that the following conditions are satisfied and show all the steps of your work.

#### 4 Question 4 4 / 4

✓ - **0 pts** Correct; (a)  $0001111101$  (b)  $1110000011$

(a)

- **2 pts** (a) wrong binary

- **1 pts** (a) not in 10 bits

(b)

- **2 pts** (b) wrong 2's complement

- **1 pts** (b) not in 10 bits



5)

- (a)  $(817)_9 = (x)_3 \rightarrow$  Every digit in  $r=9$  is 2 in  $r=3 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} (8)_9 = (22)_3 \\ (1)_9 = (01)_3 \\ (7)_9 = (21)_3 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \boxed{(220121)_3}$
- (b)  $(111)_4 = (x)_2 \rightarrow$  Every digit in  $r=4$  is 2 in  $r=2 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} (1)_4 = (01)_2 \\ (1)_4 = (01)_2 \\ (1)_4 = (01)_2 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \boxed{(10101)_2}$
- (c)  $(100)_6 = (x)_9. \quad \begin{matrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 6^2 & 6^1 & 6^0 \end{matrix} = (76)_{10} \rightarrow (9^2)_{10} > (76)_{10} > (9^1)_{10} \rightarrow 4 \times 9^1 = (36)_{10} \rightarrow \boxed{(40)_9}$
- (d) What is the largest number  $y$  that can be represented with 3 digit in radix 3.  
Show  $y$  in radix 3 and decimal..  $y = 3^3 - 1 = \boxed{26}$

$$\boxed{y = (222)_3} = (2 \times 3^2) + (2 \times 3^1) + (2 \times 3^0) = 18 + 6 + 2 = 26 \checkmark$$

6. (8 points) Two's Complement

- (a) Write 45 in two's complement representation.  $\boxed{0101101} \rightarrow 2^5 + 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0 = 45 \checkmark$
- (b) Sign extend the number in part (a) to 8 bits.  $\boxed{00101101} \rightarrow$  Add MSBs
- (c) Write -27 in two's complement representation.  $\boxed{100101} \rightarrow -2^5 + 2^2 + 2^0 = -27 \checkmark$
- (d) Sign extend the number in part (c) to 8 bits.  $\boxed{11100101} \rightarrow$  Add MSBs

7. (16 points) Add the following pairs of 8-bit two's complement binary numbers, giving a 8-bit result (i.e., throw away the carry-out). Also give the signed decimal value of the the 8-bit result. Note whether or not an overflow occurred for any addition.

	1111 1111 $(-1)$	$\rightarrow 0$
	+0000 0001 $(1)$	
2's Complement Binary:	0000 0000	
Signed Decimal:	0	
Overflow?	Yes	
Is the sum correct?	Yes	

	0110 1010 $(106)$	$\rightarrow 151$
	+0010 1101 $(45)$	
2's Complement Binary:	1001 0111	
Signed Decimal:	-105	
Overflow?	Yes	
Is the sum correct?	No	

	0010 1100 $(44)$	$\rightarrow 105$
	+0011 1101 $(61)$	
2's Complement Binary:	0110 1001	
Signed Decimal:	105	
Overflow?	No	
Is the sum correct?	Yes	

	1011 1001 $(185)$	$\rightarrow 362$
	+1011 0001 $(177)$	
2's Complement Binary:	0110 1010	
Signed Decimal:	106	
Overflow?	Yes	
Is the sum correct?	No	

## 5 Question 5 8 / 8

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 1 pts A. Incorrect
- 1 pts B. Incorrect
- 1 pts C. Incorrect
- 1 pts D. Incorrect 3 digit max base 3
- 0.5 pts D. Incorrect base 10
- 2 pts A. Incorrect, no work
- 2 pts B. Incorrect, no work
- 2 pts C. Incorrect, no work
- 2 pts D. Incorrect, no work



5)

- (a)  $(817)_9 = (x)_3 \rightarrow$  Every digit in  $r=9$  is 2 in  $r=3 \rightarrow$   $(8)_9 = (22)_3$ ,  $(1)_9 = (01)_3$ ,  $(7)_9 = (21)_3 \rightarrow \boxed{(220121)_3}$
- (b)  $(111)_4 = (x)_2 \rightarrow$  Every digit in  $r=4$  is 2 in  $r=2 \rightarrow$   $(1)_4 = (01)_2$ ,  $(1)_4 = (01)_2$ ,  $(1)_4 = (01)_2 \rightarrow \boxed{(10101)_2}$
- (c)  $(100)_6 = (x)_9$ .  $\overset{1}{6^2} \overset{0}{6^1} \overset{0}{6^0} = (36)_{10} \rightarrow (9^2)_{10} > (36)_{10} > (9^1)_{10} \rightarrow 4 \times 9^1 = (36)_{10} \rightarrow \boxed{(40)_9}$
- (d) What is the largest number  $y$  that can be represented with 3 digit in radix 3.  
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- (c) Write -27 in two's complement representation.  $\boxed{100101} \rightarrow -2^5 + 2^2 + 2^0 = -27 \checkmark$
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7. (16 points) Add the following pairs of 8-bit two's complement binary numbers, giving a 8-bit result (i.e., throw away the carry-out). Also give the signed decimal value of the 8-bit result. Note whether or not an overflow occurred for any addition.

	1111 1111 $(-1)$	$\rightarrow 0$
	+0000 0001 $(1)$	
2's Complement Binary:	0000 0000	
Signed Decimal:	0	
Overflow?	Yes	
Is the sum correct?	Yes	

	0110 1010 $(106)$	$\rightarrow 151$
	+0010 1101 $(45)$	
2's Complement Binary:	1001 0111	
Signed Decimal:	-105	
Overflow?	Yes	
Is the sum correct?	No	

	0010 1100 $(44)$	$\rightarrow 105$
	+0011 1101 $(61)$	
2's Complement Binary:	0110 1001	
Signed Decimal:	105	
Overflow?	No	
Is the sum correct?	Yes	

	1011 1001 $(185)$	$\rightarrow 362$
	+1011 0001 $(177)$	
2's Complement Binary:	0110 1010	
Signed Decimal:	106	
Overflow?	Yes	
Is the sum correct?	No	



## 6 Question 6 8 / 8

✓ - **0 pts** Correct; (a)  $0101101_2$  (b)  $00101101_2$  (c)  $100101_2$  (d)  $11100101_2$

(a)

- **2 pts** (a) wrong 2's complement

- **1 pts** (a) MSB is not 0

(b)

- **2 pts** (b) wrong answer

- **1 pts** (b) not in 8 bits

(c)

- **2 pts** (c) wrong 2's complement

- **1 pts** (c) MSB is not 0

(d)

- **2 pts** (d) wrong answer

- **1 pts** (d) not in 8 bits

5)

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- (b) Sign extend the number in part (a) to 8 bits.  $\boxed{00101101} \rightarrow$  Add MSBs
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7. (16 points) Add the following pairs of 8-bit two's complement binary numbers, giving a 8-bit result (i.e., throw away the carry-out). Also give the signed decimal value of the the 8-bit result. Note whether or not an overflow occurred for any addition.

	1111 1111	(-1)	} > 0
	+0000 0001	(1)	
2's Complement Binary:	0000 0000		
Signed Decimal:	0		
Overflow?	Yes		
Is the sum correct?	Yes		

	0110 1010	(106)	} > 151
	+0010 1101	(45)	
2's Complement Binary:	1001 0111		
Signed Decimal:	-105		
Overflow?	Yes		
Is the sum correct?	No		

	0010 1100	(44)	} > 105
	+0011 1101	(61)	
2's Complement Binary:	0110 1001		
Signed Decimal:	105		
Overflow?	No		
Is the sum correct?	Yes		

	1011 1001	(185)	} > 362
	+1011 0001	(177)	
2's Complement Binary:	0110 1010		
Signed Decimal:	106		
Overflow?	Yes		
Is the sum correct?	No		

## 7 Question 7 15 / 16

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 1 pts A. Incorrect 2's complement
- 1 pts A. Incorrect decimal

✓ - 1 pts A. Does not overflow

- 1 pts A. Sum should correct
- 1 pts B. Incorrect 2's complement
- 1 pts B. Incorrect decimal
- 1 pts B. Does overflow
- 1 pts B. Sum should be incorrect
- 1 pts C. Incorrect 2's complement
- 1 pts C. Incorrect decimal
- 1 pts C. Does not overflow
- 1 pts C. Sum should be correct
- 1 pts D. Incorrect 2's complement
- 1 pts D. Incorrect decimal
- 1 pts D. Does overflow
- 1 pts D. Sum should be incorrect



8. (16 points) Draw and fill a truth table for a system which has three inputs (a, b, c) and two outputs (f, g). f and g functions are defined as follow.

- f is a majority function (i.e. it is 1 when more than half of the inputs are 1)
- g is a minority function (i.e. it is 1 when less than half of the inputs are 1.)

(a, b, c)	f(a, b, c)	g(a, b, c)
0 0 0	0	1
0 0 1	0	1
0 1 0	0	1
0 1 1	1	0
1 0 0	0	1
1 0 1	1	0
1 1 0	1	0
1 1 1	1	0

9. (8 points) For the following high-level specification, determine the output in both decimal and 4-bits binary.  $\rightarrow$  unsigned

- Input  $x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$
- Function  $y(x) = x^2 + 2$

$$y \in (\{2, 3, 6, 11\})_{10}$$

$$y \in (\{0010, 0011, 0110, 1011\})_2$$

$$y(0) = 0 + 2 = 2 = (10)_2$$

$$y(1) = 1 + 2 = 3 = (11)_2$$

$$y(2) = 4 + 2 = 6 = (110)_2$$

$$y(3) = 9 + 2 = 11 = (1011)_2$$

10. (10 points) Find out a high-level specification (input set, output set and input-output function) for a combinational system that compute the distance between two 1's in the input bit-vector  $x = (x_{n-1}, \dots, x_0)$ . Assume  $x$  has exactly two 1's. For example, if  $x = (1, 0, 0, 1)$ , then the distance is 3.

$$\text{input: } x = \{(x_{n-1}, \dots, x_0) \mid n > 0, x_i = 0 \text{ or } 1, \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} x_i = 2\}$$

$$\text{output: } y = \mathbb{N}^+, y \leq n-1 \quad f = f(x) = i - j \text{ if } x_i = 1 \text{ and } x_j = 1 \text{ and } i > j$$

8 Question 8 16 / 16

✓ + 16 pts Correct![(Screen\_Shot\_2021-01-15\_at\_9.18.58\_PM.png)(/files/1a31513a-bbd2-4872-bb57-2b475cbb4cbc)]

+ 0 pts Placeholder; use point adjustment; 16\*1 points



8. (16 points) Draw and fill a truth table for a system which has three inputs (a, b, c) and two outputs (f, g). f and g functions are defined as follow.

- f is a majority function (i.e. it is 1 when more than half of the inputs are 1)
- g is a minority function (i.e. it is 1 when less than half of the inputs are 1.)

(a, b, c)	f(a, b, c)	g(a, b, c)
0 0 0	0	1
0 0 1	0	1
0 1 0	0	1
0 1 1	1	0
1 0 0	0	1
1 0 1	1	0
1 1 0	1	0
1 1 1	1	0

9. (8 points) For the following high-level specification, determine the output in both decimal and 4-bits binary.  $\rightarrow$  unsigned

- Input  $x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$
- Function  $y(x) = x^2 + 2$

$$y \in (\{2, 3, 6, 11\})_{10}$$

$$y \in (\{0010, 0011, 0110, 1011\})_2$$

$$y(0) = 0 + 2 = 2 = (10)_2$$

$$y(1) = 1 + 2 = 3 = (11)_2$$

$$y(2) = 4 + 2 = 6 = (110)_2$$

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$$\text{input: } x = \{(x_{n-1}, \dots, x_0) \mid n > 0, x_i = 0 \text{ or } 1, \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} x_i = 2\}$$

$$\text{output: } y = \mathbb{N}^+, y \leq n-1 \quad f = f(x) = i - j \text{ if } x_i = 1 \text{ and } x_j = 1 \text{ and } i > j$$

## 9 Question 9 8 / 8

✓ - **0 pts** Correct

- **1 pts** 1x incorrect decimal
- **1 pts** 1x incorrect binary
- **1.5 pts** Answers should be in 4 bit binary
- **4 pts** 4x incorrect binary

8. (16 points) Draw and fill a truth table for a system which has three inputs (a, b, c) and two outputs (f, g). f and g functions are defined as follow.

- f is a majority function (i.e. it is 1 when more than half of the inputs are 1)
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(a, b, c)	f(a, b, c)	g(a, b, c)
0 0 0	0	1
0 0 1	0	1
0 1 0	0	1
0 1 1	1	0
1 0 0	0	1
1 0 1	1	0
1 1 0	1	0
1 1 1	1	0

9. (8 points) For the following high-level specification, determine the output in both decimal and 4-bits binary.  $\rightarrow$  unsigned

- Input  $x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$
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$$\text{input: } x = \{(x_{n-1}, \dots, x_0) \mid n > 0, x_i = 0 \text{ or } 1, \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} x_i = 2\}$$

$$\text{output: } y = \mathbb{N}^+, y \leq n-1 \quad f = f(x) = i - j \text{ if } x_i = 1 \text{ and } x_j = 1 \text{ and } i > j$$

## 10 Question 10 9 / 10

- **0 pts** Correct ![Screen\_Shot\_2021-01-15\_at\_9.20.10\_PM.png](/files/9e9167c2-b50c-4f05-ad15-0b733e3aa8fa)

Input set

- **0 pts** Correct (with three constraints)
- ✓ - **1 pts** Missing the length of vector constraint ( $n \geq 2$ )
- **1 pts** Missing there is exactly two "1"s constraint
- **1 pts** Missing the item can be either 0 or 1 constraint

Output set

- ✓ - **0 pts** Correct (positive number or  $[1, n-1]$ )
- **2 pts** Non-negative number
- **3 pts** Other answers

Input-output Function

- ✓ - **0 pts** Any valid representations, inc. truth table, arithmetic expression, conditional expression, logical expression, composition of simpler function, function with textual description, python/c++/other PL implementations, etc.
- **2 pts** Answer falls into the allowable representation but with slight issues (ex. ambiguity)
- **4 pts** Wrong answer



# CS M51A, Winter 2021, Assignment 1

(Total Mark: 80 points, 8%)

Due: Wed Jan 13, 10:00 AM PT

Student Name: Charles Zhang

Student ID: 305-413-659

**Note:** You must complete the assignments entirely on your own, without discussing with others.

- ✓ 1. (2 points) Briefly outline the primary differences between digital and analog systems.  
Digital systems have discrete inputs and outputs, like a calculator.  
Analog systems have continuous inputs and outputs, like sound.

- ✓ 2. (2 points) What are the two types of digital systems?  
The 2 types of digital systems are combinational and sequential.

- ✓ 3. (6 points) Given the 8-bit binary number 1101 1010, give its decimal equivalent if these eight bits are interpreted as

(a) an 8-bit unsigned number. (show your steps)

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ 1 \cdot 2^7 + 1 \cdot 2^6 + 0 \cdot 2^5 + 1 \cdot 2^4 + 1 \cdot 2^3 + 0 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 0 \cdot 2^0 & = & 218 \end{array}$$

(b) an 8-bit signed magnitude number. (show your steps)

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ - (2^6 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1) & = & -90 \end{array}$$

(c) an 8-bit 2's complement number.

$$\begin{array}{cccccccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2^7 & 2^6 & 2^5 & 2^4 & 2^3 & 2^2 & 2^1 & 2^0 \\ -2^7 + 2^6 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^1 & = & -38 \end{array}$$

4. (4 points) Number Representation

(a) Write the number 125 in binary, extended to 10 bits.

$$2^6 + 2^5 + 2^4 + 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0 = 64 + 32 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 1 = 125 \checkmark$$

0001111101

(b) Compute the 2s complement negation of the 10-bit number in (a).

↳ complement bits, add 1

$$\text{1110000010} + 0000000001 =$$

1110000011

5. (8 points) Find x and y such that the following conditions are satisfied and show all the steps of your work.



## 11 Academic Honesty Acknowledgement 0 / 0

✓ - 0 pts Correct

- 0 pts No AHA