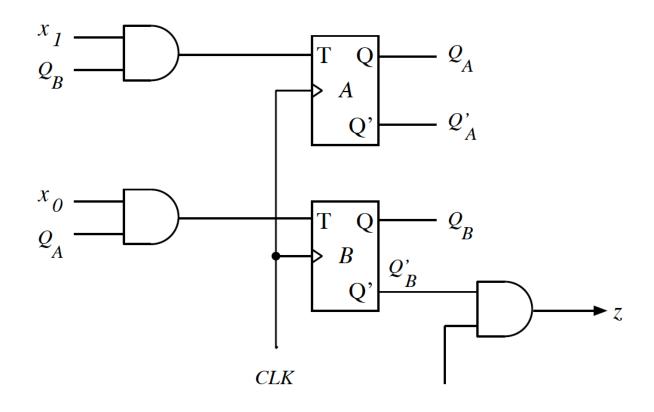
# CS M51A Logic Design of Digital Systems Winter 2021

Some slides borrowed and modified from:

M.D. Ercegovac, T. Lang and J. Moreno, Introduction to Digital Systems.

#### **EXAMPLE: ANALYSIS**



$$T_A = x_1 Q_B$$
  $Q_A(t+1) = Q_A(t) \oplus x_1 Q_B(t)$   
 $T_B = x_0 Q_A$   $Q_B(t+1) = Q_B(t) \oplus x_0 Q_A(t)$   
 $z(t) = x_1(t) Q'_B(t)$ 

## • STATE-TRANSITION AND OUTPUT FUNCTIONS

PS		Inp	out					
$Q_AQ_B$		$x_1$	$x_0$			$x_1$	$x_0$	
	00 01 10 11				00	01	10	11
00	00	00	00	00	0	0	1	1
01	01	01	11	11	0	0	0	0
10	10	11	10	11	0	0	1	1
11	11	10	01	00	0	0	0	0
		$Q_A$	$\overline{Q_B}$			2	z	
		N	S			Out	put	

## • CODING:

			_			
	$Q_B$			$x_1$	$x_0$	x
0	0	$S_0$	-	0	0	$\overline{a}$
0	1	$S_1$			1	
1	0 1 0	$S_2$		1	0	c
1	1	$S_3$		1	1	d

#### HIGH-LEVEL DESCRIPTION:

Input:  $x(t) \in \{a, b, c, d\}$ 

Output:  $z(t) \in \{0, 1\}$ 

State:  $s(t) \in \{S_0, S_1, S_2, S_3\}$ 

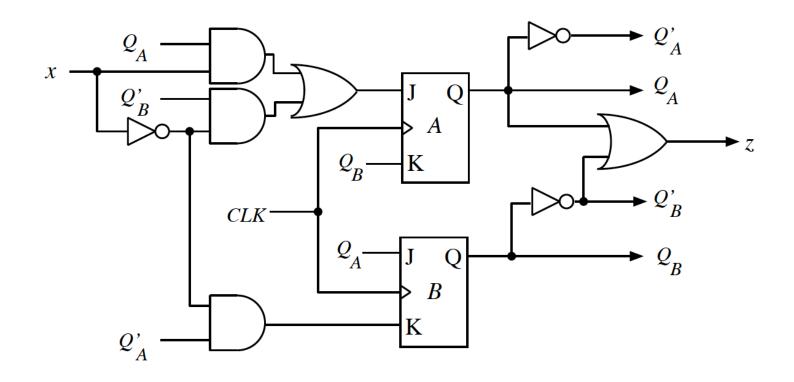
Initial state:  $s(0) = S_0$ 

Functions: The state-transition and output functions

PS		а		3	$\overline{r}$			
	a	b	c	d	a	b	c	$\overline{d}$
$S_0$	$S_0$	$S_0$	$S_0$	$S_0$	0	0	1	1
$S_1$	$S_1$	$S_1$	$S_3$	$S_3$	0	0	0	0
$S_2$	$S_2$	$S_3$	$S_2$	$S_3$	0	0	1	1
$S_3$	$S_3$	$S_2$	$S_1$	$S_0$	0	0	0	0
	NS					2	z	

## State Diagram

#### **EXAMPLE: ANALYSIS**



$$J_A = x'Q'_B + xQ_A$$
  
 $J_B = Q_A$   
 $Q_A(t+1) = Q_AK'_A + Q'_AJ_A$   
 $= Q_AQ'_B + Q'_A(x'Q'_B + xQ_A)$   
 $= Q'_B(Q_A + x')$   
 $X_B = x'Q'_A$   
 $Z = Q_A + Q'_B$   
 $Q_B(t+1) = Q_BK'_B + Q'_BJ_B$ 

## • STATE-TRANSITION AND OUTPUT FUNCTIONS

PS	N	Output	
	x = 0	x = 1	z
$Q_AQ_B$	$Q_AQ_B$	$Q_AQ_B$	
00	10	00	1
01	00	01	0
10	11	11	1
11	01	01	1

## • STATE CODING

$Q_B$	S
0	$S_0$
1	$S_1$
0	$S_2$
1	$S_3$
	0

#### HIGH-LEVEL DESCRIPTION

Input:  $x(t) \in \{0, 1\}$ 

Output:  $z(t) \in \{0, 1\}$ 

State:  $s(t) \in \{S_0, S_1, S_2, S_3\}$ 

Initial state:  $s(0) = S_0$ 

Functions: The state-transition and output functions

PS	Inp		
	x = 0	x = 1	
$S_0$	$S_2$	$S_0$	1
$S_1$	$S_0$	$S_1$	0
$S_2$	$S_3$	$S_3$	1
$S_3$	$S_1$	$S_1$	1
	N	z	

State Diagram

#### EXAMPLE: DESIGN MODULO-5 COUNTER

#### USE T FLIP-FLOPS

Input:  $x(t) \in \{0, 1\}$ 

Output:  $z(t) \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$ 

State:  $s(t) \in \{S_0, S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4\}$ 

Initial state:  $s(0) = S_0$ 

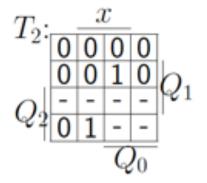
Functions: Counts modulo-5, i.e.,

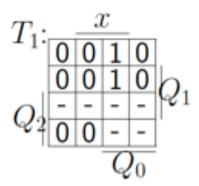
(0,1,2,3,4,0,1,2,3,4,0...),

## State Diagram:

z	$z_2$	$z_1$	$z_0$
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0
3	0	1	1
4	1	0	0

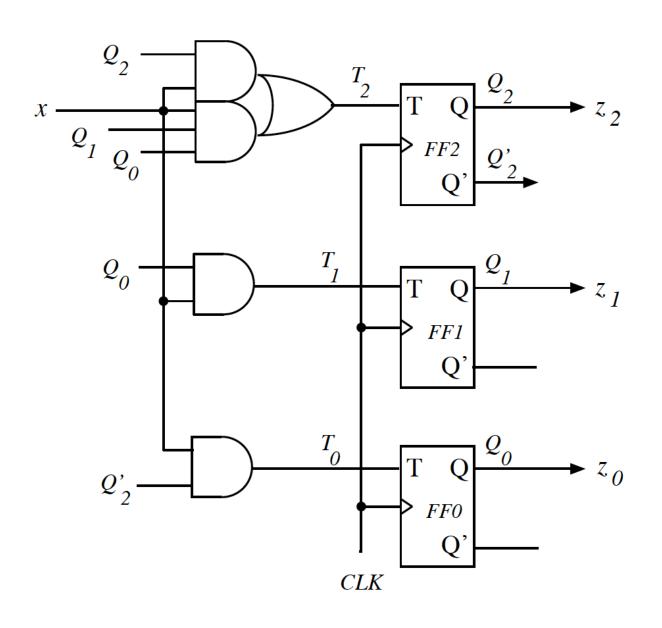
PS	Inp	out	Input		
$Q_2Q_1Q_0$	x = 0	x = 1	x = 0	x = 1	
000	000	001	000	001	
001	001	010	000	011	
010	010	011	000	001	
011	011	100	000	111	
100	100	000	000	100	
	N	S	$T_2T$	$T_1T_0$	





$$T_0: \frac{x}{0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0}$$
 $Q_2: \frac{0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0}{0 \ 0 \ - \ -}$ 
 $Q_2: \frac{0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0}{Q_0}$ 

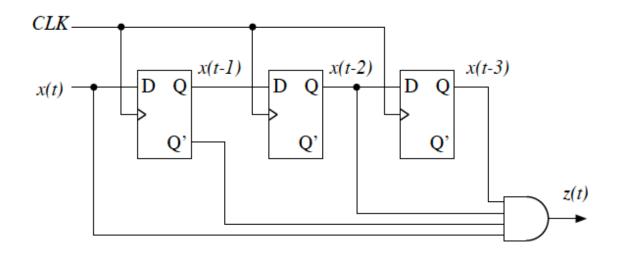
$$T_2 = T_1 = T_0 =$$



## Example: Pattern Detector

Input:  $x(t) \in \{0, 1\}$ Output:  $z(t) \in \{0, 1\}$ 

Function: 
$$z(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x(t-3,t) = 1101 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



#### **BINARY DECODERS**

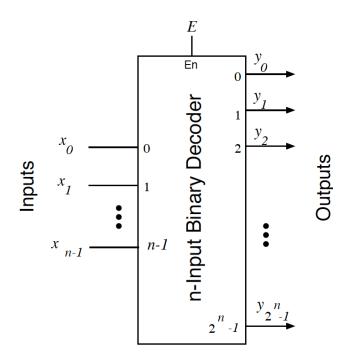
#### HIGH-LEVEL DESCRIPTION:

Inputs:  $\underline{x} = (x_{n-1}, \dots, x_0), x_j \in \{0, 1\}$ 

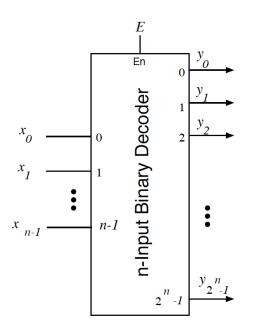
Enable  $E \in \{0,1\}$ 

Outputs:  $\underline{y} = (y_{2^{n}-1}, \dots, y_{0}), y_{i} \in \{0, 1\}$ 

Function:  $y_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } (x=i) \text{ and } (E=1) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ 



#### 3-INPUT BINARY DECODER



E	$x_2$	$x_1$	$x_0$	$\boldsymbol{x}$	$y_7$	$y_6$	$y_5$	$y_4$	$y_3$	$y_2$	$y_1$	$y_0$
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	_	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### **BINARY SPECIFICATION:**

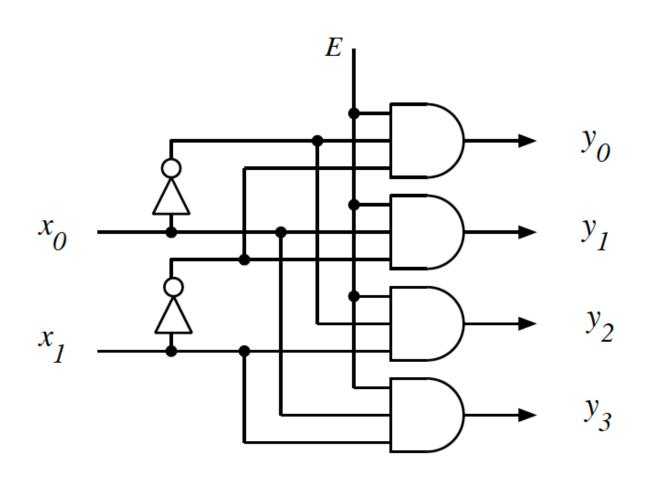
Inputs:  $\underline{x} = (x_{n-1}, \dots, x_0), x_j \in \{0, 1\}$   $E \in \{0, 1\}$ 

 $E \in \{0, 1\}$ 

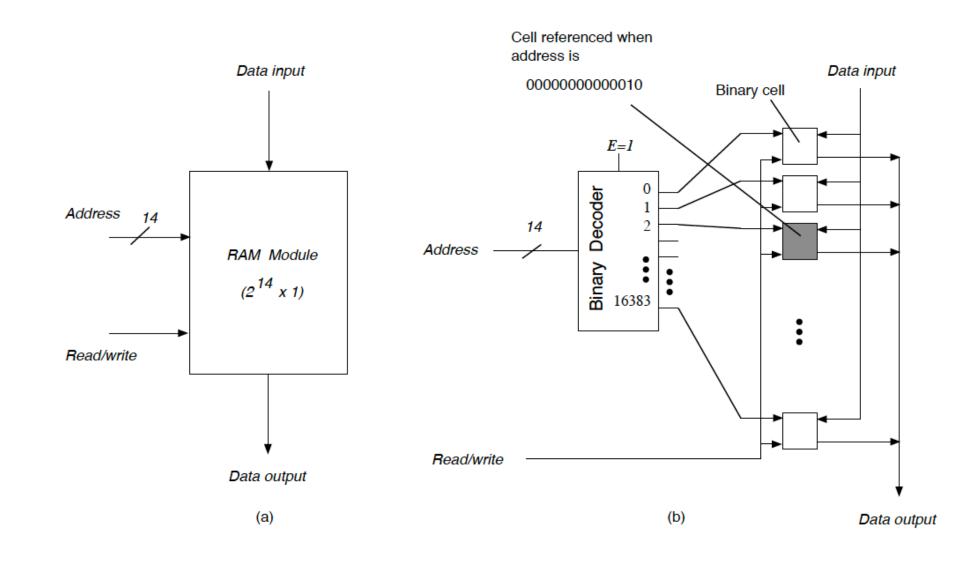
Outputs:  $\underline{y} = (y_{2^{n}-1}, \dots, y_0), y_i \in \{0, 1\}$ 

## IMPLEMENTATION OF 2-INPUT DECODER

$$y_0 = x_1' x_0' E$$
  $y_1 = x_1' x_0 E$   $y_2 = x_1 x_0' E$   $y_3 = x_1 x_0 E$ 

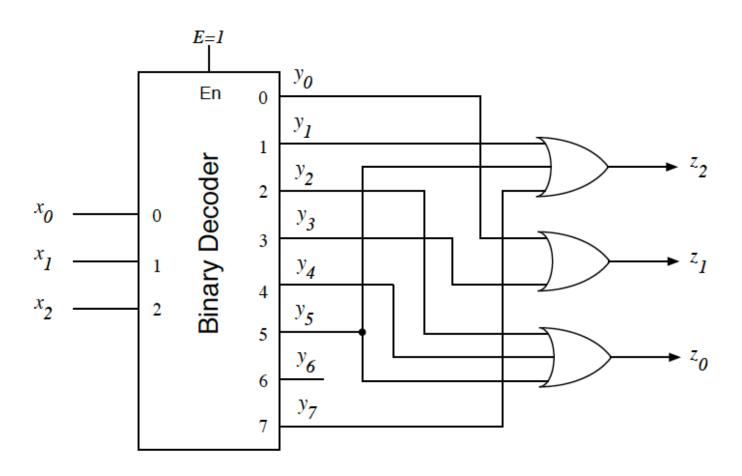


## **DECODER USES**



# Clicker Question

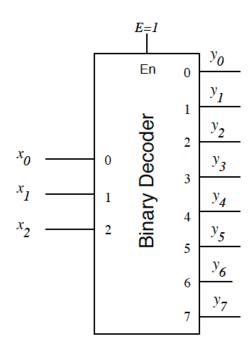
# Which one is correct?



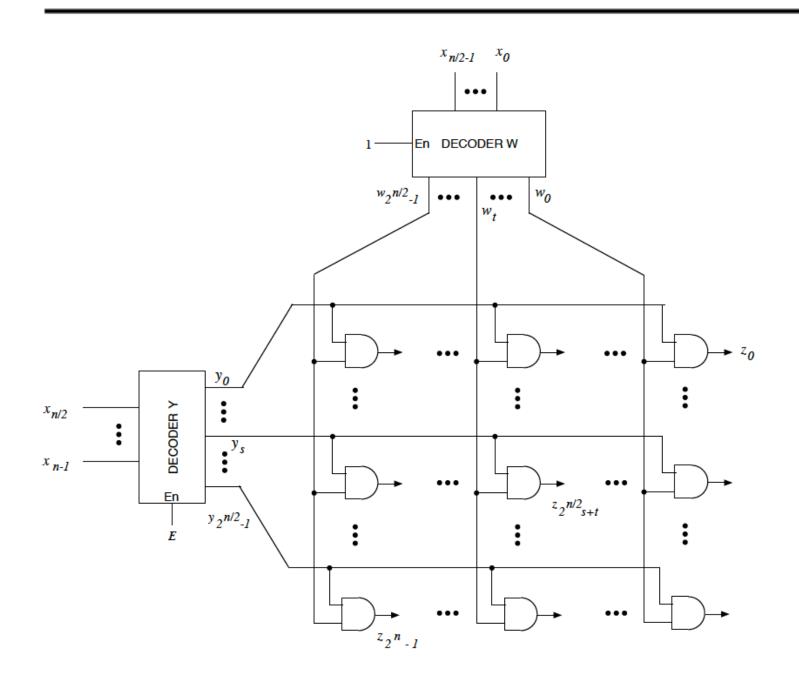
- A)  $Z_1 = x_2 x_1' x_0 + x_2 x_1 x_0$
- B)  $Z_1 = x_2' x_1 x_0 + x_2' x_1' x_0'$
- C)  $Z_0 = x_2 x_1 x_0 + x_2 x_1' x_0'$
- D)  $Z_2 = x_2' x_1' x_0 + x_2 x_1' x_0$
- E) none

## Example

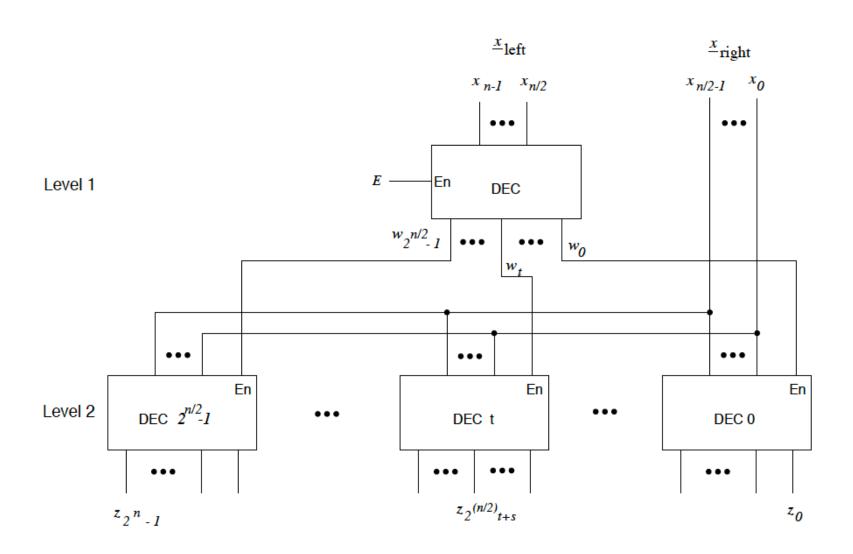
$x_2x_1x_0$	$z_2$	$z_1$	$z_0$
000	0	1	0
001	1	0	0
010	0	0	1
011	0	1	0
100	0	0	1
101	1	0	1
110	0	0	0
111	1	0	0



## Coincident Decoder



## Tree Decoder



## **EXAMPLE: 6-INPUT DECODER**

