## CS 181 HW8 2021 CS181

### **CHARLES ZHANG**

**TOTAL POINTS** 

### 12 / 12

#### **QUESTION 1**

### 1 Two left-most reductions in CFG 4 / 4

- √ 0 pts Perfectly correct
  - 1.5 pts One of your reductions is wrong
  - 3 pts Both of your reductions are wrong
  - 1 pts Reduction is correct, but one of your

#### reductions is not left-most

- 2 pts Reduction is correct, but both of your reductions are not left-most
  - 4 pts Did not answer this question

#### **QUESTION 2**

## TM (mixed) Construction 8 pts

### 2.1 a. Procdure 6/6

- √ + 6 pts Correct
  - + 4 pts Partially correct
  - + 2 pts Attempted
  - + 5 pts Almost Correct
  - + 0 pts Not attempted

### 2.2 b. Brief explanation 2/2

- √ + 2 pts Correct
  - + 1 pts Attempted, partially correct
  - + 0 pts Not attempted or wrong

# CS 181 Homework 8

Charles Zhang, 305-413-659

May 26, 2021

# Problem 1

### **Leftmost Reduction #1:**

<u>b</u>aabba

B<u>a</u>abba

 $BA\underline{a}bba$ 

BAAbba

<u>BC</u>bba

Abba

AB<u>b</u>a

ABBa

<u>AD</u>a

 $\overline{Ba}$ 

<u>и</u>

<u>BA</u>

### **Leftmost Reduction #2:**

baabba

Baabba

 $BA\underline{a}bba$ 

 $BAA\underline{b}ba$ 

BAABba

B<u>AS</u>ba

BA<u>b</u>a

B<u>AB</u>a

<u>BS</u>a

B<u>a</u>

<u>BA</u>

S

### 1 Two left-most reductions in CFG 4/4

### √ - 0 pts Perfectly correct

- 1.5 pts One of your reductions is wrong
- 3 pts Both of your reductions are wrong
- 1 pts Reduction is correct, but one of your reductions is not left-most
- 2 pts Reduction is correct, but both of your reductions are not left-most
- **4 pts** Did not answer this question

# **Problem 2**

## a) Proof (by construction):

- Let  $M_P$  be a Turing Machine that recognizes  $L_P$ .
- Let  $M_A$  be a Turing Machine that decides  $L_A$ .
- Construct M for  $L_P \cup L_A$ .
- Use UTM to simulate  $M_A$  on a given input w.
  - Since  $M_A$  decides a language, it's guaranteed to halt.
- If  $M_A$  halts and accepts, M halts and accepts.
- Else ( $M_A$  has halted and rejected):
  - Use UTM to simulate  $M_P$  on w (this may enter an infinite loop).
  - If  $M_P$  halts and accepts, M halts and accepts.
  - If  $M_P$  halts and rejects, M halts and rejects.

### b) Justification:

By definition, a machine that recognizes the language  $L_P \cup L_A$ , must recognize every string in  $L_P$ . Since  $L_P$  is an RE language, we cannot guarantee that all strings recognized by  $M_P$  cause  $M_P$  to halt. As a result, we must account for the possibility that some strings in  $L_P$  cannot be decided, only recognized. Therefore, the language  $L_P \cup L_A$  cannot be assumed to be recursive, it must be RE.

### 2.1 a. Procdure 6/6

- √ + 6 pts Correct
  - + 4 pts Partially correct
  - + 2 pts Attempted
  - + 5 pts Almost Correct
  - + **0 pts** Not attempted

# 2.2 b. Brief explanation 2/2

- √ + 2 pts Correct
  - + 1 pts Attempted, partially correct
  - + O pts Not attempted or wrong