# Syllabus for UCLA Computer Science 131

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## **Texts**

### Required text

Adam Brooks Webber, <u>Modern Programming Languages: A Practical Introduction</u>, 2nd edition, Franklin, Beedle & Associates, ISBN 978-1-59028-250-2 (2011). <u>Errata [PDF]</u> are available.

# **Topics**

## Language design issues

- efficiency, safety, convenience
- programming categories
  - procedural
  - o functional
  - object-oriented
  - declarative
  - scripting
- scaling problems
- history and evolution of programming languages

### **functions**

- motivation
- recursion and tail recursion
- activation records
- functions as data
- closures
- debugging via divide and conquer
- persistence

amortized efficiency

#### syntax

- tokenization
- grammars

#### names

- names, binding, visibility, scope, lifetime
- static vs dynamic scope

#### types

- type, values, operations
- type checking and conversion
- elementary and structured types
- explicit vs implicit storage management
- stack vs heap

#### control

- expression evaluation
- rewrite rules
- pattern matching, unification, and backtracking
- structured programs

## objects

- object-oriented design
- encapsulation and data abstraction
- separating behavior from implementation
- classes and class hierarchies
- inheritance
- polymorphism
- collections and iteration

## exceptions

design issues

- when not to use exceptions
- case study: exceptions in Java

#### concurrency

- competition and cooperation
- synchronization
- case study: multithreading in Java

#### semantics

- lambda calculus
- program verification

## Language paradigms

#### **Java**

- primitive and reference types
- classes and instances
- variables, methods, constructors, and overloading
- inheritance, abstract classes, final classes, and interfaces
- compilation units, packages and visibility
- the Object class
- Java class library basics
- collections
- exceptions
- threads

#### **OCaml**

- type inference and annotations
- pattern matching
- polymorphism
- higher-order functions and currying
- type constructors

## **Prolog**

- propositional logic
- predicate calculus: instantiation, atoms, variables, structures
- clausal form and Horn clauses
- the resolution principle
- depth-first backward chaining with backtracking
- debugging
- memory management
- the closed world assumption

## **Python**

- the Python shell
- scripting
- functional and object-oriented programming
- modules and packages
- Python library basics
- · extending and embedding

#### Scheme

- syntax
- lists
- comparison (e.g., eq? vs equal?)
- syntactic forms: core and extension
- let and lambda
- tail recursion
- continuations

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